CITY OF BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY
Financial Statements with Accompanying Information
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015
and
Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Commissioners City of Beaver Dam, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Beaver Dam, Kentucky (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions on the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. However, because of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion paragraph, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on the financial statements of the aggregate discretely presented component unit.

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion

As discussed in item 15-2 in the Schedule of Findings and Responses on page 45, the City of Beaver Dam Tourism Commision lacked support for material cash receipts and disbursements. As a result, there was insufficient evidence upon which to base an audit opinion for the aggregate discretely presented component unit.

Disclaimer of Opinion

Because of the significance of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion paragraph, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on the financial statements of the aggregate discretely presented component unit, the City of Beaver Dam Tourism Commision. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the financial statements of the aggregate discretely presented component unit, the City of Beaver Dam Tourism Commision, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Unqualified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Beaver Dam, Kentucky (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in its financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 16 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2015, the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and also GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information and Pension Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on pages 35 and 36 and the pension schedules and notes on pages 37 through 39 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has not presented the Management Discussion and Analysis that governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information shown on pages 40 through 42 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information shown on pages 40 through 42 is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information shown on pages 40 through 42 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 23, 2016 on our consideration of City of Beaver Dam, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City of Beaver Dam, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Drane & Company, PLLC Certified Public Accountants

Krane & Compan, PLLC

Hardinsburg, Kentucky

February 23, 2016

CITY OF BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

		vernmental Activities		iness-Type Activities	Total		nponent Unit
Assets			-				
Current Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	796,734	\$	1,379,120	\$ 2,175,854	\$	¥0
Accounts receivable		141,285		273,299	414,584		-
Due from component unit		43,231		-1	43,231		-
Due from primary government		-		= ;	-		89,989
Unbilled revenue		-		70,338	70,338		-
Total Current Assets		981,250		1,722,757	2,704,007		89,989
Noncurrent Assets					14 10 20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		
Restricted cash		542,193		- 2	542,193		11,532
Investments - noncurrent		1,000		-	1,000		-
Capital assets not being depreciated		376,028		53,674	429,702		-
Capital assets, net of depreciation		5,008,131		2,982,164	7,990,295		
Total Noncurrent Assets		5,927,352		3,035,838	8,963,190		11,532
Total Assets		6,908,602		4,758,595	11,667,197	(10.110.)	101,521
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
County Employees Retirement pension		48,610		53,717	102,327		-
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities							
Accounts payable		7,861		46,186	54,047		21,802
Accrued liabilities		72,803		48,269	121,072		-
Interfund payables		9,058		3,902	12,960		-
Due to component unit		89,989			89,989		
Due to primary government		-		-	-		43,231
Customer deposits		-		56,705	56,705		=
Current portion of long-term debt		85,907		29,112	115,019		:
Total Current Liabilities		265,618		184,174	449,792		65,033
Noncurrent Liabilities		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-				
Net pension liability		368,634		407,366	776,000		-
Notes and leases payable		2,222,831		372,960	2,595,791		-
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	-	2,591,465		780,326	3,371,791		-
Total Liabilities	((2,857,083	-	964,500	3,821,583		65,033
Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,007,000		501,000	0,021,000	-	
		44 000		45.074	07.000		
County Employees Retirement pension		41,329		45,671	87,000		
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets		3,075,421		2,633,766	5,709,187		-
Restricted for:		20% ASSASS			0.00000000		
Municipal roads		10,207		-:	10,207		-
Cemetery maintenance		173,067		-	173,067		-
Economic assistance		239,115		-	239,115		-
Community pride		167		-	167		~
Tourism/amphitheater		118,493		-	118,493		36,488
Unrestricted, expendable		442,330	_	1,168,375	1,610,705		•
Total Net Position	\$	4,058,800	\$	3,802,141	\$ 7,860,941	\$	36,488

CITY OF BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

					Progi	ram Revenu	ies			Net (Exp	ense)/Revenue	Cha	inges in Net	Pos	ition
			Charges Operating Capital			Primary Government						Com	ponent Unit			
				for	Gi	rants and	G	rants and	Go	vernmental	Busi	ness-Type				Tourism
Functions/Programs	Ex	penses	Se	rvices	Cor	ntributions	Cor	ntributions	F	Activities	A	ctivities		Total	Co	mmission
Governmental Activities							***			***************************************					-	
Cemetery	\$	33,284	\$	22,100	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(11,184)	\$:=	\$	(11,184)	\$	
Code enforcement		9,171		-				-		(9,171)		-		(9,171)		-
Community pride project		480		140				-		(340)		-		(340)		-
General government		168,548		4,775		.		-		(163,773)				(163,773)		-
Parks and recreation		249,868		480		24,056		-		(225,332)		-		(225,332)		-
Public safety:														105 555		
Fire		83,648		15,695		91,270		172,240		195,557		=		195,557		-
Police		420,890		*		35,447		450.070		(385,443)		-		(385,443)		-
Streets		147,721		•		•		153,972		6,251		-		6,251		-
Tourism		480,173								(480,173)		-		(480,173)		-
Total Governmental Activities	1,	593,783		43,190		150,773		326,212	((1,073,608)			_(1,073,608)		
Business-Type Activities																
Water utilities		649,746		37,683		-				-		(12,063)		(12,063)		-
Sewer services		099,714		26,594		-		2,047		-		28,927		28,927		-
Sanitation services		151,593		62,697				-				11,104		11,104		
Total Business-Type Activities	1,	901,053	1,9	26,974				2,047				27,968		27,968		
Total Primary Government	\$3,	494,836	\$1,9	70,164	\$	150,773	\$	328,259	\$ ((1,073,608)	\$	27,968	\$(1,045,640)		•
Component Unit																
Tourism Commission	\$	704,620	\$	-	\$		\$								\$	(704,620)
	Gen	eral Reve	nues													
		xes:	iiuoo.													
		d valorem	taxes						\$	36,648	\$	-	\$	36,648	\$	25
		ranchise ta								160,313		-		160,313		_
		surance p		m taxes						249,167				249,167		
		roperty tax								366,878		÷		366,878		-
	R	estaurant :	and tra	ansient ro	oom t	axes				532,969		-		532,969		<u>~</u> /
		cupational		ses						13,023		-		13,023		•
	Inte	erest incon	ne							3,777		9,113		12,890		:(=
		ner revenu								15,998		1.00		15,998		103,657
		yment fron								413,472		=		413,472		1 4
		yment fron	n prim	ary gove	rnmei	nt				-				-		480,173
		Fotal								1,792,245		9,113		1,801,358		583,830
	(Changes i	n Net	Position	ı					718,637		37,081		755,718		(120,790)
	Net !	Position -	July	1, 2014 (Resta	ated)				3,340,163	3	,765,060		7,105,223		157,278
	Net	Position -	June	30, 2015	5				\$.	4,058,800	\$ 3	,802,141	\$	7,860,941	\$	36,488

CITY OF BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

Total

		General Fund						rernmental Funds
Assets						7-77-6 as up 2		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	796,734	\$		\$	796,734		
Receivables, net		141,285		-		141,285		
Due from component unit		43,231		-		43,231		
Restricted cash		118,493		423,700		542,193		
Investments - noncurrent				1,000		1,000		
Total Assets	\$	1,099,743	\$	424,700	\$	1,524,443		
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	6,806	\$	1,055	\$	7,861		
Accrued liabilities		71,714		1,089		72,803		
Due to component unit		89,989		-		89,989		
Interfund payables		9,058				9,058		
Total Liabilities		177,567		2,144		179,711		
Fund Balance					-			
Restricted for:								
Cemetery maintenance				173,067		173,067		
Economic assistance		-		239,115		239,115		
Pension trust		36		-		36		
Municipal roads		-		10,207		10,207		
Tourism/amphitheater		118,493		-		118,493		
Assigned to community projects		-		167		167		
Unassigned		803,647		-		803,647		
Total Fund Balance		922,176		422,556		1,344,732		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	1,099,743	\$	424,700	\$	1,524,443		
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balanc	a ta Nat			141 171 1	.itiaa			
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balanc	e to net	Position of G	overr	ımentai Acti				
Total Governmental Fund Balance						1.344 732		
Total Governmental Fund Balance Amounts reported for governmental activities in the	Stateme				vities \$	1,344,732		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the because:		nt of Net Posit	ion a	re different		1,344,732		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		nt of Net Posit	ion a	re different		1,344,732 5,384,159		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the secause: Capital assets used in governmental activities are r	ot financ	nt of Net Posit	ion a	re different erefore are				
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the abecause: Capital assets used in governmental activities are root reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources for County Employee	oot finand	nt of Net Posit cial resources a ement System	ion a and th	re different erefore are on is		5,384,159		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the secause: Capital assets used in governmental activities are renot reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources for County Employed not reported in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the	es Retir	nt of Net Posit cial resources a ement System t period and, th	ion a and the pensionereform	re different erefore are on is ore, are not		5,384,159 48,610		

CITY OF BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Revenues	Genera Fund	110		onmajor Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Charges for services	\$ 45.	550	\$	22,240	\$	67,790
Interest income		904	Φ	873	Φ	3,777
Interest income Intergovernmental revenues	298,			153,972		452,385
Licenses and permits	07-1010 USS-5	023		100,512		13,023
Miscellaneous revenues	1.7	861		4,136		15,997
Payments from component unit	413,			4,130		413,472
Taxes	1,345,			-		1,345,975
Total Revenues	2,131,			181,221		2,312,419
Expenditures	2,101,	100		101,221	***	2,012,410
Current:						
Cemetery		-		30,777		30,777
Code enforcement	9.	171				9,171
Community Pride project		-		480		480
General government	162	,045		-		162,045
Public safety:		5.5 St				
Fire	51	,777		: ••		51,777
Police	401	,663		700		402,363
Parks and recreation	63	,811		· -		63,811
Streets		-		92,853		92,853
Tourism - payment to component unit	480	,173				480,173
Debt Service:						
Principal	115	,175		*		115,175
Interest	83	,058		-		83,058
Capital Outlay	2,426	,519		106,198		2,532,717
Total Expenditures	3,793	,392		231,008		4,024,400
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,662	,194)		(49,787)		(1,711,981)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating transfers in				113,000		113,000
Operating transfers out	(113	,000)				(113,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(113	(000,		113,000		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,775	,194)		63,213	-	(1,711,981)
Fund Balance - July 1, 2014	2,697	,370	14	359,343		3,056,713
Fund Balance - June 30, 2015	\$ 922	2,176	\$	422,556	\$	1,344,732

CITY OF BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUND WITH THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (1,711,981)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
The governmental fund reports capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays (\$2,532,717) exceeded depreciation (\$223,776).	2,308,941
In the statement of activities, the change in net pension liability is reported. Whereas the change in this liability is not reported in the governmental funds. Thus the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the amount of the increase	6 500
or decrease in this account.	6,502
Debt repayments are expensed in the governmental funds as a use of current current financial resources.	115,175

718,637

Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities

CITY OF BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	Enterprise Funds							
	Nonmajor Fund							
		Water		Sewer	Sa	anitation		Total
Assets								
Current Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	533,407	\$	578,674	\$	267,039	\$	1,379,120
Trade accounts receivable - net		90,092		167,989		15,218		273,299
Interfund receivables		-		319		-		319
Unbilled revenue	12	25,419		44,919			_	70,338
Total Current Assets		648,918		791,901		282,257		1,723,076
Noncurrent Assets					,			
Construction in progress		8,260		45,414		: - :		53,674
Land and land improvements		25,490		124,943		500		150,933
Building improvements		31,918		27,127		3,728		62,773
Office equipment		17,316		26,708		4,948		48,972
Vehicles		58,532		84,760		84,609		227,901
Machinery and equipment		319,894		269,915		-		589,809
Utility plants		1,619,241		1,402,833		-		3,022,074
Sewage disposal system		:: -		1,789,562				1,789,562
Less: accumulated depreciation		(1,318,050)		(1,499,315)		(92,495)		(2,909,860)
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	762,601		2,271,947		1,290		3,035,838
Total Assets	101	1,411,519		3,063,848		283,547		4,758,914
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
County Employees Retirement pension		23,423		22,096		8,198		53,717
Liabilities		-					-	
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable		30,687		11,240		4,259		46,186
Accrued liabilities		33,919		11,015		3,335		48,269
Interfund payables		2,218		1,695		308		4,221
Customer deposits		56,705		-		-		56,705
Current portion of long-term debt		-		29,112		•		29,112
Total Current Liabilities		123,529		53,062		7,902	\$11E	184,493
Noncurrent Liabilities								
Net pension liability		177,629		167,566		62,171		407,366
Notes and leases payable		-		372,960		, 4 ,		372,960
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	9	177,629	_	540,526		62,171	-	780,326
Total Liabilities	-	301,158	_	593,588		70,073		964,819
Deferred Inflows of Resources			-					****
County Employees Retirement pension		19,915		18,786		6,970		45,671
Net Position		10,010	_	.0,.00		0,010	-	
Net investment in capital assets		762,601		1,869,875		1,290		2,633,766
Unrestricted		351,268		603,695		213,412		1,168,375
Total Net Position	-\$	1,113,869	-\$	2,473,570	\$		\$	3,802,141
· otal itot i ooiliott		1,110,000	=	2,110,010	_	- 1,1,102	_	414441111

CITY OF BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Enterprise Funds							
-	Nonmajor							
			Fund					
	Water	Sewer	Sanitation	Total				
Operating Revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 627,817	\$ 1,098,543	\$ 159,572	\$ 1,885,932				
Miscellaneous	9,866	28,051	3,125	41,042				
Total Operating Revenues	637,683	1,126,594	162,697	1,926,974				
Operating Expenses	E H.							
Advertising	348	41	50	439				
Communications and postage	5,318	4,137	1,968	11,423				
Depreciation	59,386	80,865	181	140,432				
Dues and subscriptions	833	45	•	878				
Employee insurance	36,617	26,526	18,656	81,799				
Employee retirement	20,291	19,141	7,102	46,534				
Insurance and bonds	11,654	16,106	9,003	36,763				
Miscellaneous	-	648	970	1,618				
Motor fuel and lubricants	8,641	7,681	9,587	25,909				
Office supplies	2,496	1,846	897	5,239				
Other contractual services	61,421	-	34,823	96,244				
Other supplies	1,773	1,662	605	4,040				
Payroll tax expense	8,202	8,214	3,304	19,720				
Professional fees	37,185	2,866	2,374	42,425				
Repairs and maintenance	10,783	12,900	14,587	38,270				
Salaries	115,539	117,739	44,029	277,307				
Sewage treatment		762,846		762,846				
Technical supplies	7,616	8,780		16,396				
Travel	218	54	359	631				
Uniforms	4,851	2,741	3,098	10,690				
Utilities	12,605	19,816		32,421				
Water purchases	243,969		_	243,969				
Total Operating Expenses	649,746	1,094,654	151,593	1,895,993				
Operating Income (Loss)	(12,063)	31,940	11,104	30,981				
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(12,000)	01,040	11,101	50,001				
Grant revenue		2.047		2.047				
	4 4 4 0	2,047	- 000	2,047				
Interest income	4,110	4,200	803	9,113				
Interest expense	-,	(4,213)	•	(4,213)				
Lease executory cost		(847)		(847)				
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	4,110	1,187	803	6,100				
Changes in Net Position	(7,953)	33,127	11,907	37,081				
Net Position - July 1, 2014 (As Originally Stated)	1,299,075	2,607,654	264,834	4,171,563				
Prior period adjustment for:								
Net pension liability as of measurement								
date of June 30, 2013	(200,676)	(189,307)	(70,237)	(460,220				
Deferred outflows - City's contributions								
made during fiscal year 2014	23,423	22,096	8,198	53,717				
Net Position - July 1, 2014 (Restated)	1,121,822	2,440,443	202,795	3,765,060				
Net Position - June 30, 2015	\$ 1,113,869	\$ 2,473,570	\$ 214,702	\$ 3,802,141				

CITY OF BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Receipts from Operating Activities: Receipts from customers \$ 618,681 \$ 1,094,641 \$ 163,784 \$ 1,877,106 \$ Payments to employees for services \$ 618,681 \$ 1,094,641 \$ 163,784 \$ 1,877,106 \$ Payments to supployees for services \$ 618,690 \$ (171,035) \$ (72,195) \$ (424,820) \$ Payments to supployees for services \$ (181,590) \$ (171,035) \$ (72,195) \$ (424,820) \$ Payments to suppliers \$ (405,711) \$ (363,567) \$ (79,579) \$ (132,1857) \$ (118,187) \$ (11		Enterprise Funds						
Receipts from Operating Activities: Receipts from customers		1.		Nonmajor	•			
Receipts from customers Receipts from customers Receipts from customers Receipts from customers (181,590) (171,035) (72,195) (424,820) (495,711) (836,567) (79,579) (1,321,857				Fund				
Receipts from customers \$ 618,681 \$ 1,094,641 \$ 163,784 \$ 1,877,106 Payments to employees for services (181,590) (171,035) (242,620) (242,620) Payments to suppliers (405,711) (836,567) (79,579) (1,321,857) Internal activity - payments to other funds (55) (42) (382) (479) Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities 31,325 36,997 11,628 129,950 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (5,500) (36,871) - (42,371) Principal payments - (26,823) - (28,823) Interest payments - (42,377) - (28,823) Interest payments - (42,077) - (28,823) Interest payments - (42,077) - (28,823) Interest payments - (42,077) - (20,47 Lease executory cost - - (68,73) - (74,231) Cash stan Cash text textrictions - - <td< th=""><th></th><th>Water</th><th>Sewer</th><th>Sanitation</th><th>Total</th></td<>		Water	Sewer	Sanitation	Total			
Receipts from customers \$ 618,681 \$ 1,094,641 \$ 163,784 \$ 1,877,106 Payments to employees for services (181,590) (171,035) (79,579) (424,820) Payments to suppliers (405,711) (836,567) (79,579) (1,321,857) Internal activity - payments to other funds (55) (42) (382) (479) Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities 31,325 36,997 11,628 129,950 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (5,500) (36,871) - (42,371) Principal payments - (26,823) - (28,823) Interest payments - (4,237) - (28,823) Interest payments - (40,477) - (28,823) Interest payments - (40,477) - (28,823) Interest payments - (42,047) - (20,47 Lease executory cost - - (847) - (74,231) Activities - - (8,731)	Cash Flows from Operating Activities:							
Payments to employees for services (181,590) (171,035) (72,195) (424,820) Payments to suppliers (405,711) (836,567) (79,579) (1321,857) Internal activity - payments to other funds (55) (42) (382) (479) Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities 31,325 86,997 11,628 129,950 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: - (28,823) - (42,371) Principal payments - (28,823) - (28,823) Interest payments - (42,277) - (42,371) Grant revenue - (847) - (847) Lease executory cost - (847) - (847) Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing (5,500) (68,731) - (74,231) Cash Interest income 4,110 4,200 803 9,113 Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing 29,935 22,466 12,431 64,832 Cash ard Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2014 503,472		\$ 618.681	\$ 1.094.641	\$ 163.784	\$ 1.877.106			
Payments to suppliers (405,711) (836,567) (79,579) (1,321,857) Internal activity - payments to other funds (55) (42) (382) (479) (382) (479) (382) (479) (382) (479) (382) (479) (382) (479) (382) (479) (382) (479) (382) (479) (382) (479) (382) (479) (382) (479) (382) (479) (482)	91 Table 1 Tab	SAM AN UNANTRUSTED IN	50 COS 10/2 NO TRANSPORT TO THE	Section 2015 Section 2015 Section 2015	THE THE PERSON WITHOUT PROPERTY			
Internal activity - payments to other funds (55) (42) (382) (479) Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities (31,325 86,997 11,628 129,950 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: (5,500) (36,871) - (42,371) Principal payments - (28,823) - (28,823) Interest payments - (42,377) - (42,371) Grant revenue - (42,377) - (42,377) Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities (5,500) (68,731) - (74,231) Cash Flows from Investing Activities (5,500) (68,731) - (74,231) Cash Flows from Investing Activities (5,500) (68,731) - (74,231) Interest income (4,110 4,200 803 9,113 Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents 29,935 22,466 12,431 64,832 Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2014 503,472 556,208 254,608 1,314,288 Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2015 \$533,407 \$578,674 \$267,039 \$1,379,120 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: (12,063) \$31,940 \$11,104 \$30,981 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation 59,386 80,865 181 140,432 Change in assets and liabilities: (1,731) 1,570 1,087 926 Unbilled revenue (19,646) (33,523) - (53,169) Deferred outflows of resources (23,423) (22,096) (8,198) (53,717) Accounts payable 4,000 5,602 (1,258) 8,344 Accrued liabilities 2,190 3,541 1,992 7,723 Customer deposits 2,375 -		48 mm m 1 mm 1 mm 1 mm 1 mm 1 mm 1 mm 1	5)	0770				
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: 31,325 86,997 11,628 129,950 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets (5,500) (36,871) - (42,371) Principal payments - (28,823) - (28,823) Interest payments - (4,237) - (4,237) Grant revenue - 2,047 - (847) Lease executory cost - (847) - (847) Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing - (847) - (74,231) Activities (5,500) (68,731) - (74,231) Cash Flows from Investing Activities: - 4,110 4,200 803 9,113 Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents 29,935 22,466 12,431 64,832 Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2014 503,472 556,208 254,608 1,314,288 Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2015 \$ 533,407 \$ 578,674 267,039 \$ 1,379,120	Internal activity - payments to other funds							
Acquisition and construction of capital assets (5,500) (36,871) - (42,371) Principal payments - (28,823) - (28,823) Interest payments - (4,237) - (4,237) Grant revenue - (2,047 - (2,047) Lease executory cost - (847) - (847) Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities (5,500) (68,731) - (74,231) Cash Flows from Investing Activities: (5,500) (68,731) - (74,231) Interest income 4,110 4,200 803 9,113 Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents 29,935 22,466 12,431 64,832 Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2014 503,472 556,208 254,608 1,314,288 Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2015 \$533,407 \$578,674 \$267,039 \$1,379,120 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating in assets and liabilities: 59,386 80,865 181 140,432 Change in assets and liabilities: 11,044 11,044 Other Carlot of Change in assets and liabilities: 11,045 1,047 1,047 Other Carlot of Change in assets and liabilities: 12,045 1,047 1,047 Other Carlot of Change in assets and liabilities: 1,047 1,047 1,047 Other Carlot of Change in assets and liabilities: 1,047 1,047 1,047 Other Carlot of Change in assets and liabilities: 1,047 1,047 1,047 1,047 Other Carlot of Change in assets and liabilities: 1,047 1,047 1,047 1,047 Other Carlot of Change in assets and liabilities: 1,047 1,047 1,047 1,047 1,047 Other Carlot of Change in assets and liabilities: 1,047 1	Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	31,325	86,997	11,628				
Principal payments - (28,823) - (28,823) Interest payments - (4,237) - (4,237) Grant revenue - 2,047 - (2,047) Lease executory cost - (847) - (847) Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities - (847) - (74,231) Cash Flows from Investing Activities: - 4,110 4,200 803 9,113 Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents 29,935 22,466 12,431 64,832 Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2014 503,472 556,208 254,608 1,314,288 Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2015 \$533,407 \$78,674 \$267,039 \$1,379,120 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: 0 11,104 30,981 Operating income (loss) \$1,2,063 \$31,940 \$11,104 \$30,981 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to \$1,500 \$8,865 181 140,432	Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:			%% <u>***********************************</u>				
Interest payments	Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(5,500)	(36,871)		(42,371)			
Grant revenue - 2,047 - 2,047 Lease executory cost - (847) - 2,047 Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities (5,500) (68,731) - (74,231) Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest income 4,110 4,200 803 9,113 Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents 29,935 22,466 12,431 64,832 Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2014 503,472 556,208 254,608 1,314,288 Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2015 \$53,407 \$78,674 \$267,039 \$1,379,120 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: (12,063) 31,940 \$11,104 30,981 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: \$1,104 \$30,981 Depreciation 59,386 80,865 181 140,432 Change in assets and liabilities: (1,731) 1,570 1,087 926 Unbilled revenue (19,646) (33,523) - (53,16	Principal payments	-	(28,823)		(28,823)			
Lease executory cost - (847) - (847) Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities (5,500) (68,731) - (74,231) Cash Flows from Investing Activities: 4,110 4,200 803 9,113 Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents 29,935 22,466 12,431 64,832 Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2014 503,472 556,208 254,608 1,314,288 Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2015 \$53,407 \$78,674 \$267,039 \$1,379,120 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: (12,063) 31,940 \$11,104 30,981 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: \$11,104 30,981 Depreciation 59,386 80,865 181 140,432 Change in assets and liabilities: (1,731) 1,570 1,087 926 Unbilled revenue (19,646) (33,523) - (53,169) Deferred outflows of resources (23,423) (22,096) (8,198) (53	Interest payments	-	(4,237)	•	(4,237)			
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities (5,500) (68,731) - (74,231) Cash Flows from Investing Activities: 1 4,110 4,200 803 9,113 Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents 29,935 22,466 12,431 64,832 Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2014 503,472 556,208 254,608 1,314,288 Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2015 \$533,407 \$578,674 \$267,039 \$1,379,120 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: 59,386 80,865 11,104 \$30,981 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: 59,386 80,865 181 140,432 Change in assets and liabilities: (17,731) 1,570 1,087 926 Unbilled revenue (19,646) (33,523) - (53,169) Deferred outflows of resources (23,423) (22,096) (8,198) (53,717) Accounts payable 4,000 5,602 (1,258) 8,344 Accrued liabilities	Grant revenue	-	2,047	-	2,047			
Activities (5,500) (68,731) - (74,231) Cash Flows from Investing Activities: 1,110 4,200 803 9,113 Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents 29,935 22,466 12,431 64,832 Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2014 503,472 556,208 254,608 1,314,288 Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2015 \$533,407 \$578,674 267,039 \$1,379,120 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) \$(12,063) 31,940 \$11,104 30,981 Adjustments to reconcile operating activities: Poperating income (loss) \$(12,063) 80,865 181 140,432 Change in assets and liabilities: \$9,386 80,865 181 140,432 Change in assets and liabilities: \$(1,731) 1,570 1,087 926 Unbilled revenue \$(19,646) \$(33,523) - \$(53,169) Deferred outflows of resources \$(23,423) \$(22,096) \$(8,198) \$(53,717) A	Lease executory cost	-	(847)		(847)			
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest income 4,110 4,200 803 9,113 Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents 29,935 22,466 12,431 64,832 Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2014 503,472 555,208 254,608 1,314,288 Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2015 \$533,407 \$578,674 \$267,039 \$1,379,120 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) (12,063) \$31,940 \$11,104 \$30,981 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation 59,386 80,865 181 140,432 Change in assets and liabilities: Net receivables (1,731) 1,570 1,087 926 Unbilled revenue (19,646) (33,523) - (53,169) Deferred outflows of resources (23,423) (22,096) (8,198) (53,717) Accounts payable 4,000 5,602 (1,258) 8,344 Accrued liabilities 2,190 3,541 1,992 7,723 Customer deposits 2,375 - - 2,375 Net pension liability 377 354 132 863 Deferred inflows of resources 19,915 18,786 6,970 45,671 Due to other funds (55) (42) (382) (479)	Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing							
Interest income 4,110 4,200 803 9,113 Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents 29,935 22,466 12,431 64,832 Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2014 503,472 556,208 254,608 1,314,288 Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2015 \$533,407 \$578,674 \$267,039 \$1,379,120	Activities	(5,500)	(68,731)	-	(74,231)			
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents 29,935 22,466 12,431 64,832 Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2014 503,472 556,208 254,608 1,314,288 Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2015 \$ 533,407 \$ 578,674 \$ 267,039 \$ 1,379,120 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (12,063) \$ 31,940 \$ 11,104 \$ 30,981 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: 59,386 80,865 181 140,432 Change in assets and liabilities: (1,731) 1,570 1,087 926 Unbilled revenue (19,646) (33,523) - (53,169) Deferred outflows of resources (23,423) (22,096) (8,198) (53,717) Accounts payable 4,000 5,602 (1,258) 8,344 Accrued liabilities 2,190 3,541 1,992 7,723 Customer deposits 2,375 - - 2,375 Net pension liability	Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	er the						
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2014 Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2015 503,472 556,208 254,608 1,314,288 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: 0 \$ (12,063) \$ 31,940 \$ 11,104 \$ 30,981 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: 59,386 80,865 181 140,432 Change in assets and liabilities: (1,731) 1,570 1,087 926 Unbilled revenue (19,646) (33,523) - (53,169) Deferred outflows of resources (23,423) (22,096) (8,198) (53,717) Accounts payable 4,000 5,602 (1,258) 8,344 Accrued liabilities 2,190 3,541 1,992 7,723 Customer deposits 2,375 - - 2,375 Net pension liability 377 354 132 863 Deferred inflows of resources 19,915 18,786 6,970 45,671 Due to other funds (55) (42) (382)	Interest income	4,110	4,200	803	9,113			
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2015 \$ 533,407 \$ 578,674 \$ 267,039 \$ 1,379,120 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (12,063) \$ 31,940 \$ 11,104 \$ 30,981 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: 59,386 80,865 181 140,432 Change in assets and liabilities: (1,731) 1,570 1,087 926 Unbilled revenue (19,646) (33,523) - (53,169) Deferred outflows of resources (23,423) (22,096) (8,198) (53,717) Accounts payable 4,000 5,602 (1,258) 8,344 Accrued liabilities 2,190 3,541 1,992 7,723 Customer deposits 2,375 - - 2,375 Net pension liability 377 354 132 863 Deferred inflows of resources 19,915 18,786 6,970 45,671 Due to other funds (55) (42) (38	Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	29,935	22,466	12,431	64,832			
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (12,063) \$ 31,940 \$ 11,104 \$ 30,981 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: 59,386 80,865 181 140,432 Change in assets and liabilities: (1,731) 1,570 1,087 926 Unbilled revenue (19,646) (33,523) - (53,169) Deferred outflows of resources (23,423) (22,096) (8,198) (53,717) Accounts payable 4,000 5,602 (1,258) 8,344 Accrued liabilities 2,190 3,541 1,992 7,723 Customer deposits 2,375 - - 2,375 Net pension liability 377 354 132 863 Deferred inflows of resources 19,915 18,786 6,970 45,671 Due to other funds (55) (42) (382) (479)	Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2014	503,472	556,208	254,608	1,314,288			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (12,063) \$ 31,940 \$ 11,104 \$ 30,981 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation 59,386 80,865 181 140,432 Change in assets and liabilities: Net receivables (1,731) 1,570 1,087 926 Unbilled revenue (19,646) (33,523) - (53,169) Deferred outflows of resources (23,423) (22,096) (8,198) (53,717) Accounts payable 4,000 5,602 (1,258) 8,344 Accrued liabilities 2,190 3,541 1,992 7,723 Customer deposits 2,375 - - 2,375 Net pension liability 377 354 132 863 Deferred inflows of resources 19,915 18,786 6,970 45,671 Due to other funds (55) (42) (382) (479)	Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2015	\$ 533,407	\$ 578,674	\$ 267,039	\$ 1,379,120			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (12,063) \$ 31,940 \$ 11,104 \$ 30,981 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation 59,386 80,865 181 140,432 Change in assets and liabilities: Net receivables (1,731) 1,570 1,087 926 Unbilled revenue (19,646) (33,523) - (53,169) Deferred outflows of resources (23,423) (22,096) (8,198) (53,717) Accounts payable 4,000 5,602 (1,258) 8,344 Accrued liabilities 2,190 3,541 1,992 7,723 Customer deposits 2,375 - - 2,375 Net pension liability 377 354 132 863 Deferred inflows of resources 19,915 18,786 6,970 45,671 Due to other funds (55) (42) (382) (479)	Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to							
Operating income (loss) \$ (12,063) \$ 31,940 \$ 11,104 \$ 30,981 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: 59,386 80,865 181 140,432 Depreciation 59,386 80,865 181 140,432 Change in assets and liabilities: (1,731) 1,570 1,087 926 Unbilled revenue (19,646) (33,523) - (53,169) Deferred outflows of resources (23,423) (22,096) (8,198) (53,717) Accounts payable 4,000 5,602 (1,258) 8,344 Accrued liabilities 2,190 3,541 1,992 7,723 Customer deposits 2,375 - - 2,375 Net pension liability 377 354 132 863 Deferred inflows of resources 19,915 18,786 6,970 45,671 Due to other funds (55) (42) (382) (479)	Ains As a single from a source of the transfer of the second of the seco							
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation 59,386 80,865 181 140,432 Change in assets and liabilities: Net receivables (1,731) 1,570 1,087 926 Unbilled revenue (19,646) (33,523) - (53,169) Deferred outflows of resources (23,423) (22,096) (8,198) (53,717) Accounts payable 4,000 5,602 (1,258) 8,344 Accrued liabilities 2,190 3,541 1,992 7,723 Customer deposits 2,375 2,375 Net pension liability 377 354 132 863 Deferred inflows of resources 19,915 18,786 6,970 45,671 Due to other funds (55) (42) (382) (479)		\$ (12,063)	\$ 31,940	\$ 11.104	\$ 30.981			
net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation 59,386 80,865 181 140,432 Change in assets and liabilities: Net receivables Net receivables (1,731) 1,570 1,087 926 Unbilled revenue (19,646) (33,523) - (53,169) Deferred outflows of resources (23,423) (22,096) (8,198) (53,717) Accounts payable 4,000 5,602 (1,258) 8,344 Accrued liabilities 2,190 3,541 1,992 7,723 Customer deposits 2,375 - - 2,375 Net pension liability 377 354 132 863 Deferred inflows of resources 19,915 18,786 6,970 45,671 Due to other funds (55) (42) (382) (479)	AND	· (.=,000)	Ψ 0.10.10		·			
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Change in assets and liabilities: Net receivables (1,731) 1,570 1,087 926 Unbilled revenue (19,646) (33,523) - (53,169) Deferred outflows of resources (23,423) (22,096) (8,198) (53,717) Accounts payable 4,000 5,602 (1,258) 8,344 Accrued liabilities 2,190 3,541 1,992 7,723 Customer deposits 2,375 - - 2,375 Net pension liability 377 354 132 863 Deferred inflows of resources 19,915 18,786 6,970 45,671 Due to other funds (55) (42) (382) (479)		59.386	80.865	181	140.432			
Net receivables (1,731) 1,570 1,087 926 Unbilled revenue (19,646) (33,523) - (53,169) Deferred outflows of resources (23,423) (22,096) (8,198) (53,717) Accounts payable 4,000 5,602 (1,258) 8,344 Accrued liabilities 2,190 3,541 1,992 7,723 Customer deposits 2,375 - - 2,375 Net pension liability 377 354 132 863 Deferred inflows of resources 19,915 18,786 6,970 45,671 Due to other funds (55) (42) (382) (479)	전시한2 ^및 2 10 10 10 20 10 10 20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		,	, -	,			
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Deferred outflows of resources (23,423) (22,096) (8,198) (53,717) Accounts payable 4,000 5,602 (1,258) 8,344 Accrued liabilities 2,190 3,541 1,992 7,723 Customer deposits 2,375 - - 2,375 Net pension liability 377 354 132 863 Deferred inflows of resources 19,915 18,786 6,970 45,671 Due to other funds (55) (42) (382) (479)	Unbilled revenue		VA. • No 1 Contractor					
Accounts payable 4,000 5,602 (1,258) 8,344 Accrued liabilities 2,190 3,541 1,992 7,723 Customer deposits 2,375 - - 2,375 Net pension liability 377 354 132 863 Deferred inflows of resources 19,915 18,786 6,970 45,671 Due to other funds (55) (42) (382) (479)		Side of a meaning	"The re" court office		i in a second se			
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Deferred inflows of resources 19,915 18,786 6,970 45,671 Due to other funds (55) (42) (382) (479)			354	132	A			
Due to other funds (55) (42) (382) (479)								
			93 p.C.G.Seco. 89 (b)					
	Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	A SAME NAME		The state of the s				

CITY OF BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2015

	Agency Fund
Assets	
Due from other funds	\$ 12,960
Restricted cash	6,923_
Total Assets	19,883
Liabilities	
Payroll liabilities	19,883_
Net Position	\$ -

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Beaver Dam, Kentucky's primary government (City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City and its component unit, an entity for which the City is financially accountable. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

(A) Financial Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependence. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The other criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the City is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. There are two methods of presentation of component units:

- a. Blended component units, although legally separate entities from the City, are in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from this component unit is combined with data of the City. As of June 30, 2015, there were not any entities that met this criteria.
- b. Discretely presented component units are reported in separate columns and rows in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. Only the discretely presented component unit disclosures considered essential to the fair presentation of the reporting entity's financial statements are presented in these notes. The following entity is reported as a discretely presented component unit.

The City of Beaver Dam Tourism Commission – The City of Beaver Dam Tourism Commission (Tourism Commission) is a separate component unit of the City, as it is governed by its own seven-member commission, members of which are appointed by the mayor. The Tourism Commission prepares its own financial statements, a summary of which is included in the City's Statements of Net Position and Activities. The Tourism Commission's separately issued financial statements may be obtained at Beaver Dam City Hall, 309 West Second Street, Beaver Dam, Kentucky 42320.

(B) Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the primary government (the City) and its component unit. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain purposes.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Fund

Enterprise funds are used to account for business-type activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes the Sanitation, Water, and Sewer Funds. The Water and Sewer Funds are reported as major funds in the current year.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fiduciary Funds (Not included in government-wide statements)

Agency Funds

Agency funds account for assets held by the City in a purely custodial capacity. The reporting entity includes one agency fund – Payroll Revolving Account. Since agency funds are custodial in nature (i.e., assets equal liabilities), they do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

(C) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item 'b' below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objective of this measurement focus is the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.
- c. Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset is used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Accounting (Concluded)

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds and agency funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measureable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

(D) Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position and the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents include all demand savings accounts and certificates of deposit of the City.

Investments are carried at cost.

(E) Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as interfund receivables and payables. Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental and business-type activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

(F) Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. The City uses the direct write-off method for uncollectible accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities consist of property taxes. Business-type activities report utilities earnings as their major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as property taxes and other intergovernmental revenues, since they are usually both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable compose the majority of proprietary fund receivables.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(G) Due from/to Component Unit

Amounts owed between the primary government (City) and its component unit are classified as "due to/from primary government and "due to/from component unit" on the Statement of Net Position. At year-end, the City reported \$89,989 due to the Tourism Commission for restaurant/transient room taxes collected by the City. This amount is expected to be settled within the next fiscal year.

(H) Inventories

The cost of consumable materials and supplies on hand are immaterial to the financial statements, and the City has therefore chosen to report these items as expenditures/expenses at the time of purchase.

(I) Fixed Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant and equipment (fixed assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to June 30, 2015.

Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets (back to July 1, 1970) have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Furniture and fixtures	5-7 years
Vehicles	5-7 years
Machinery and equipment	3-20 years
Utility system	25-50 years
Infrastructure	25-50 years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(J) Compensated Absences

The City's policies regarding vacation time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred.

(K) Long-term Debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of capital lease obligations and notes payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting for the proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

(L) Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- Restricted net position Net position is considered restricted if its use is constrained to a
 particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or
 state laws or buyers of the City's bonds.
- c. Unrestricted net position Consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and are available for general use by the City.

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(L) Equity Classifications (Continued)

Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable

This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The City did not have any nonspendable resources as of June 30, 2015.

Restricted

This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The City has classified Local Government Economic Assistance (LGEA) resources as being restricted because their use is restricted by state statute for general governmental expenditures. Municipal Road Aid (MRA) resources are restricted by state statute and county laws and are legally segregated for funding of municipal road improvements. Cemetery resources are restricted by trust covenants and state statute for the general care and maintenance of the cemetery.

Committed

This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Commission. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Commission removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The City did not have any committed resources as of June 30, 2015.

Assigned

This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the City Commission or through the City Commission delegating this responsibility to the City manager through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund. The City has assigned funds for general operating expenses of the Community Pride Fund.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(L) Equity Classifications (Concluded)

Unassigned

This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

The City would typically use restricted fund balance first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

(M) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(N) Property Tax

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on October 1, and are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied October 1 become delinquent November 15. All unpaid taxes at that time are subject to a 10% penalty and 12% interest per year. The City bills and collects its own property tax.

(O) Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, non-capital financing, or investing activities.

(P) Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities. In the fund financial statements, governmental expenditures are classified as current (further classified by function), debt service, and capital outlay. Proprietary funds are classified as operating and non-operating.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

(Q) Nonexchange Transactions

The recognition of, respectively, assets, liabilities, and expenses/expenditures resulting from nonexchange transactions of the City of Beaver Dam are as follows.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(Q) Nonexchange Transactions (Concluded)

1) Imposed nonechange revenues – Property taxes are assessed January 1 of each year. The City does not have an enforceable legal claim to the taxes until one year from that date. However, tax bills are mailed October of the year they are assessed and collected before the end of that fiscal year; therefore, the asset/revenue is recognized when it is received.

The City imposes a 6.9 percent insurance premium tax on insurance premiums sold within the City limits for casualty, automobile, inland marine and fire and allied perils. The tax is due no later than thirty (30) days after the end of each calendar quarter. The City does not accrue taxes due as of the end of the fiscal year, but the revenue is recognized when it is received.

- 2) Government-mandated nonexchange transactions The City receives Municipal Road Aid and Local Government Economic Assistance funds from the state of Kentucky. These funds are required to be spent for specific purposes. Resources are recognized as revenues when received and expenses/expenditures when paid.
- 3) Voluntary nonexchange transactions The City receives various grants from federal and state agencies. Eligibility requirements have been met at the time the funds are received; therefore, the asset/revenue is recognized when it is received.

(R) Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on an accrual basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The City is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the city commissioners by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the city commission by July 1.

The City may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the City may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

(S) Impairment of Long-lived Assets

The City reviews its property for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. For assets held and used, if the undiscounted cash flows estimated to be generated by those assets are less than the carrying amounts of the asset, an impairment loss has occurred. The amount of the impairment loss is equal to the excess of the asset's carrying value over its estimated fair value. No impairment loss has been recognized during the year ended June 30, 2015.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(T) Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports the deferred amounts related to pensions in the Statement of Net Position in this category. Deferred amounts related to pensions include pension contributions made during the current fiscal year but applicable to a future measurement period of the net pension liability.

(U) Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The City reports the deferred charge on refunding and deferred amount related to pensions in the Statement of Net Position in this category.

(V) Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By its nature as a local governmental unit, the City is subject to various federal, state, and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the City's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over City resources follows.

(A) Fund Accounting Requirements

The city complies with all state and local laws and regulations requiring the use of separate funds. The legally required funds used by the City include the Road and LGEA Funds restricted by state law

(B) Deposits and Investments Laws and Regulations

In accordance with state law, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral valued at the lower of market or par. Acceptable collateral includes certain U.S. Government or Government Agency securities, certain Commonwealth of Kentucky or political subdivision debt obligations, or surety bonds. As required by Kentucky Revised Statutes 66.480(1)(d) and 41.240(4), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the City must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee. Investments of the City consist of one share of Ohio County Industrial Foundation stock stated at cost.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONCLUDED)

(C) Debt Restrictions and Covenants - General Obligation Debt

Kentucky Revised Statutes limits the amount of outstanding general obligation bonded debt of the municipality for non-utility or non-street purposes to no more than 10 percent of net assessed valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City incurred no such additional debt.

(D) Fund Equity Restrictions - Deficit Prohibition

Kentucky Revised Statutes prohibits the creation of a deficit fund balance in any individual fund. The City complied with this statute in all material respects for the year ended June 30, 2015.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's cash was \$2,724,969 and the bank balance was \$2,729,304. Of the total bank balance, \$573,612 was covered by federal depository insurance, \$118,493 was covered by federally guaranteed securities, and the remaining balance of \$2,037,199 would require collateralization. As of June 30, 2015, \$3,024,704 was pledged with securities held by the pledging banks' trust departments but not in the name of the City.

The deposits in excess of insurance coverage must be fully collateralized. All balances held are considered acceptable and compliant per Kentucky Revised Statutes, however, to be considered fully collateralized by Governmental Accounting Standards, any securities held in a pledging financial institution must be held in the City's name.

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The government follows the requirements of KRS 41.240 (4) and does not have a deposit policy for custodial risk.

NOTE 4 - RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted assets consisted of the following as of June 30, 2015:

Cash and Cash Equivalents
\$ 11,356
173,062
239,115
167
118,493
\$ 542,193

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

		Primary Go	overnment	
	Beginning		_	Ending
21 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental Activities				
Non-Depreciable Assets				
Construction in progress	\$ 498,462	\$2,150,076	\$(2,648,538)	\$ -
Land	370,028	6,000		376,028
Total Non-Depreciable Assets	868,490	2,156,076	(2,648,538)	376,028
Capital Assets				
Buildings	432,057	2,818,074	-	3,250,131
Land improvements	656,030	68,937		724,967
Furniture and fixtures	9,716	-	-	9,716
Vehicles	634,937	4,000	2	638,937
Machinery and equipment	786,363	58,961	(10,376)	834,948
Infrastructure	2,578,064	75,207		2,653,271
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	5,097,167	3,025,179	(10,376)	8,111,970
Less Accumulated Depreciation for Buildings Land improvements Furniture and fixtures	(193,758) (49,857) (9,716)	(68,147) (30,270)	2	(261,905) (80,127) (9,716)
Vehicles	(458,313)	(34,568)	0	(492,881)
Machinery and equipment	(524,667)	(34,963)	10,376	(549,254)
Infrastructure	(1,654,128)	(55,828)	-	(1,709,956)
	(1,1001,110)	(00)000		
Total Accumulated Depreciation Governmental Activities Capital	(2,890,439)	(223,776)	10,376_	(3,103,839)_
Assets, Net	\$ 3,075,218	\$4,957,479	\$(2,648,538)	\$ 5,384,159
Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense General government Public safety Streets Cemetery Parks and recreation Total Depreciation Expense – Gov	vernmental Activities	8		\$ 7,727 55,675 54,868 2,507 102,999 \$223,776

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONCLUDED)

		Primary G	iovernment	
	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Business-Type Activities			1	+
Non-Depreciable Assets				
Construction in progress	\$ 50,435	\$ 3,239	\$	\$ 53,674
Capital Assets				
Utility plants				
Waterworks	1,619,241	-	-	1,619,241
Wastewater treatment plant	1,402,833	-		1,402,833
Sewage disposal system	1,774,181	15,380	-	1,789,561
Land and land improvements	132,681	18,252	-	150,933
Machinery and equipment	588,254	5,500	(3,944)	589,810
Vehicles	227,901	•	-	227,901
Building improvements	62,773		-	62,773
Office equipment	48,972	<u> </u>		48,972
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	5,856,836	39,132	(3,944)	5,892,024
Less Accumulated Depreciation for Utility plants				
Waterworks	(894,983)	(42,616)	-	(937,599)
Wastewater treatment plant	(646,770)		-	(681,034)
Sewage disposal system	(397,721)		-	(435,615)
Land and land improvements	(5,030)			(6,055)
Machinery and equipment	(536,489)		3,944	(551,938)
Vehicles	(211,833)		-	(215,338)
Building improvements	(31,574)	5	-	(33,308)
Office equipment	(48,972)	6 100 VOCANO	•	(48,972)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(2,773,372)	_	3,944	(2,909,860)
Business-Type Activities Capital				
Assets, Net	\$3,133,899	\$(98,061)	\$	\$3,035,838
Business-Type Activities Depreciation Expense				
Water				\$ 59,386
Sewer				80,865
Sanitation				181
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-	Type Activities			\$ 140,432

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Governmental Activities

As of June 30, 2015, the governmental long-term debt of the financial reporting entity consisted of the following:

	Current Portion	Noncurrent Portion	Total
Kentucky League of Cities – 3.75% interest rate, maturity date – March 1, 2028	\$ 10,907	\$ 172,831	\$ 183,738
Kentucky Bond Corporation – 2.00%–4.00% variable interest rate, maturity date – February 1, 2041	55,000	2,050,000	2,105,000
Darby Township – 0% interest rate, maturity date – July 31, 2015 Total Long-Term Debt	20,000 \$ 85,907	\$2,222,831	20,000 \$2,308,738

Governmental activities include a note payable issued March 1, 2008, for the purchase of land for a park, a bonded lease agreement issued May 2, 2014 for the construction of an amphitheater, and a note issued June 25, 2014 for a 1999 Pierce Rescue Pumper.

Business-type Activities

As of June 30, 2015, the long-term debt payable from proprietary fund resources consisted of the following:

	Current Portion	Noncurrent Portion	Total
Kentucky Infrastructure Authority – 1% interest rate, maturity date – June 1, 2028	\$ 29,112	\$ 372,960	\$402,072

Changes in Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities	-				
Kentucky Bond Corporation	\$2,145,000	\$ -	\$ 40,000	\$2,105,000	\$55,000
Darby Township	44,000	-	24,000	20,000	20,000
Kentucky League of Cities	194,179	-	10,441	183,738	10,907
Musco Finance, LLC	40,734	-	40,734	· ·	-
Net Pension Liability	416,464	780_	48,610	368,634	
Total	\$2,840,377	\$780	\$163,785	\$2,677,372	\$85,907
Business-Type Activities					
KY Infrastructure Authority	\$430,895	\$ -	\$28,823	\$402,072	\$29,112
Net Pension Liability	460,220	863_	53,717	407,366	
Total	\$891,115	\$863	\$82,540	\$809,438	\$29,112

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Capital Lease Obligations

The City has entered into a capital lease agreement under which the related asset (amphitheater) will become the property of the City when all terms of the lease agreement are met. The interest rate varies from 2% to 4%. The schedule of future minimum lease payments on the capital lease as of June 30, 2015 is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Governmental Activities
2016	\$ 123,981
2017	122,881
2018	121,781
2019	120,681
2020	124,581
Thereafter	2,633,451
Future Minimum Payments	3,247,356
Less Interest	(1,142,356)
Present Value of Future Minimum Payments	\$2,105,000
willing a yments	Ψ2, 105,000

Property and related accumulated depreciation under the capital lease are as follows:

	Governmental
	Activities
Amphitheater	\$2,029,107
Less: accumulated depreciation	(38,046)
Net Value	\$1,991,061

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for long-term debt as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 85,907	\$ 72,563	\$ 158,470
2017	66,433	71,228	137,661
2018	66,946	69,901	136,847
2019	67,496	68,557	136,053
2020	73,059	67,207	140,266
2021-2025	394,929	307,299	702,228
2026-2030	428,968	247,885	676,853
2031-2035	475,000	177,438	652,438
2036-2040	590,000	83,688	673,688
2041	60,000	2,400	62,400
	\$2,308,738	\$1,168,166	\$3,476,904

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONCLUDED)

Business-type Activities

e 1 3/		Sewer Fund	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 29,112	\$ 3,948	\$ 33,060
2017	29,403	3,656	33,059
2018	29,698	3,362	33,060
2019	29,996	3,064	33,060
2020	30,297	2,763	33,060
2021-2025	156,100	9,198	165,298
2026-2028	97,466	1,713	99,179
	\$402,072	\$ 27,704	\$429,776

NOTE 7 - CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The City extends credit to all citizens who live within the City limits and who utilize the utility system. Credit losses may be minimal and are generally within management's expectations.

NOTE 8 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The commission voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.275 to provide administration of tax shelter supplementary retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate. These deferred compensation plans permit all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

County Employees Retirement System

General Information about the County Employees Retirement System

<u>Plan Description</u> – Full-time employees are covered by the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute (KRS) Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. The report may be obtained by writing to the Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601 or from the KRS website at www.kyret.ky.gov.

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

General Information about the County Employees Retirement System (Continued)

<u>Benefits Provided</u> – CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 27 years service or 65 years old At least 5 years service and 55 years old At least 25 years service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date Unreduced retirement	September 1, 2008 – December 31, 2013 At least 5 years service and 65 years old Age 57+ and sum of service years plus age = 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date Unreduced retirement	After December 31, 2013 At least 5 years service and 65 years old Age 57+ and sum of service years plus age = 87
	Reduced retirement	Not available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and the hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay, and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits.

<u>Contributions</u> – Employees in all tiers contribute 5% of their salaries, and those in Tiers 2 and 3 also contribute an additional 1% of their salaries for insurance. Participating employers contributed 17.67% of members' non-hazardous compensation for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Medical Insurance Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – In addition to the pension benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 61.702 requires CERS to provide post-retirement healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the Kentucky Retirement Systems' Board of Trustees and the General Assembly. Additional information can be obtained in the aforementioned financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS.

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the City reported a liability of \$776,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actual contributions of the City relative to the total contributions of all participating members of CERS during the measurement period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014. At June 30, 2014, the City's proportion was 0.023916%.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$88,643 for CERS. The City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferre Outflows Resource	of	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	_	\$87,000
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	102,	327	-
	\$102,	327	\$87,000

\$102,327 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30,	Amount
2016	\$(21,750)
2017	\$(21,750)
2018	\$(21,750)
2019	\$(21,750)

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment Rate of Return	7.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Projected Salary Increases	4.5%, average, including inflation
Inflation Rate	3.50%

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Mortality rates for the period after service retirement are according to the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table for all retired employees and beneficiaries as of June 30, 2006 and the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table for all other employees. The Group Annuity Mortality Table set forward five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 - June 30, 2008.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2005 through 2008, is outlined in a report dated August 25, 2009. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	TargetAllocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	30.0%	8.45%
International Equity	22.0%	8.85%
Emerging Market Equity	5.0%	10.50%
Private Equity	7.0%	11.25%
Real Estate	5.0%	7.00%
Core US Fixed Income	10.0%	5.25%
High Yield US Fixed Income	5.0%	7.25%
Non US Fixed Income	5.0%	5.50%
Commodities	5.0%	7.75%
TIPS	5.0%	5.00%
Cash	1.0%	3.25%
Total	100.0%	

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONCLUDED)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Concluded)</u>

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining twenty-nine year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The actuarial determined contribution rate is adjusted to reflect the phase-in of anticipated gains on actuarial value of assets over the first four years of the projection period.

<u>Sensitivity of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> – The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	6.75%	7.75%	8.75%
City's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$876,129	\$776,000	\$675,871

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

NOTE 10 - JOINT VENTURE

The City of Beaver Dam, Kentucky, has entered into a joint venture with the City of Hartford, Kentucky, to form a joint planning and zoning commission. The City of Beaver Dam contributes \$3,500 annually toward the operating expenses of the commission. Complete financial information for the Planning and Zoning Commission can be obtained from Nancy Hoover, Planning and Zoning Administrator at 309 West 2nd Street, P.O. Box 408, Beaver Dam, KY 42320. The City does not have an equity interest in this organization.

NOTE 11 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The City in conjunction with Ohio County, City of Centertown, and City of Hartford, created the Ohio County Regional Wastewater District. The Ohio County Regional Wastewater District is a joint sewer agency created to own, manage, control and operate a comprehensive wastewater treatment facility within Ohio County, Kentucky. The District's board is comprised of two members of each participating municipality. The District completed construction during 2008 and began facility operations at that time.

NOTE 12 - BUDGET VIOLATIONS

During the current fiscal year, the City's general fund incurred line item expenditures in excess of budget. The General and Community Pride Funds experienced a reduction in fund balance, and the Water Fund had a decline in net position for the fiscal year.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employees health and life; and natural disasters. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, City of Beaver Dam, Kentucky, was a member of the Kentucky League of Cities Insurance Service (KLCIS). KLCIS is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, members are responsible for payment of the excess losses. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the City. Settled claims have not exceeded this insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of operations, the City participates in various federal and state grant programs from year to year. The grant programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting agency, the purpose of such is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant. Any liability for reimbursement that may arise as a result of these audits cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.

NOTE 15 - INTERFUND BALANCES/TRANSFERS OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year:

From Fund	To Fund	Amount	Purpose	
General	MRA	\$ 95,000	Operations	
General	Cemetery	18,000	Operations	
		\$113,000	\$	

At year-end, the City's interfund balances were as follows:

From Fund	To Fund	Amount	Purpose
General	Payroll	\$ 9,058	Payroll
Sanitation	Payroll	308	Payroll
Sewer	Payroll	1,695	Payroll
Water	Payroll	1,899	Payroll
Water	Sewer	319	Advance for operations

NOTE 16 - NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement 27, improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for pensions with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency. This Statement was implemented during the current fiscal year.

NOTE 16 - NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS (CONCLUDED)

GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, was released to address an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of GASB Statement No. 68. The issue relates to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or nonemployer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability. This Statement amends paragraph 137 of Statement 68 to require that, at transition, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions, if any, made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability. The provisions of this Statement are required to be applied simultaneously with the provisions of Statement 68 and were implemented during the current fiscal year.

NOTE 17 - RESTAURANT AND TRANSIENT ROOM TAX

Effective April 1, 2013, the City established The City of Beaver Dam Tourism Commission for the purpose of promoting and developing tourist activities and facilities. Pursuant to KRS 91A.350 through KRS 91A.390, the City imposed a 3% restaurant and 1% transient room tax on entities doing business within the city limits to fund the operations of the Commission. All monies collected from the taxes are to be turned over to the Tourism Commission, as required by state statute. The City receives an administrative fee of 10% of the funds collected for the costs of collecting and processing the transient room tax and the restaurant tax. At year-end, the City owed the Tourism Commission \$89,989 for taxes collected and accrued.

NOTE 18 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As explained in Note 1, The City of Beaver Dam Tourism Commission is a component unit of the City of Beaver Dam, Kentucky. The City paid \$480,173 to the Commission during the current year for the restaurant and transient room taxes that were collected. The City received \$413,472 from the Tourism Commission for park maintenance and development and various capital projects.

Per Note 11, the City is a member of the Ohio County Regional Wastewater District (District). During the year ended June 30, 2015, the City paid the District \$762,846 for sewer disposal.

NOTE 19 - RESTATEMENT

The implementation of GASB Statements No. 68 and 71 (see Note 16) resulted in the restatement of the beginning net position of the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The restatement of the Proprietary Fund net position is stated on the face othe financial statement.

Net Position at June 30, 2014, Previously Reported	\$3,708,017
Prior period adjustment for:	
Net pension liability as of measurement date of June 30, 2013	(416,464)
Deferred outflows - City's contributions made during fiscal year 2014	48,610
Net Position at June 30, 2014, Restated	\$3,340,163



CITY OF BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

								iance from
	Budgeted Amounts							al Budget
		520 Y21 Y22 Y		2_51 2		er non		avorable
Water State Control of the Control o	<u>Original</u>			Final	Actual		(Ur	favorable)
Revenues	ă.	Plog			_			
Charges for services	\$	108,450	\$	108,450	\$	45,550	\$	(62,900)
Interest income		2,000		2,000		2,904		904
Intergovernmental revenues		113,100		113,100		298,413		185,313
Licenses and permits		14,500		14,500		13,023		(1,477)
Miscellaneous revenues		150,000		150,000		11,861		(138,139)
Payments from component unit		1,800,000		1,800,000		413,472		(1,386,528)
Taxes		1,224,400		1,224,400		,345,975		121,575
Total Revenues		3,412,450		3,412,450	2	2,131,198	(1,281,252)	
Expenditures								
Current:								
Code enforcement		18,770		18,770		9,171		9,599
General government		184,350		184,350		162,045		22,305
Parks and recreation		1,917,590		2,135,990		63,811		2,072,179
Public safety:								
Fire		159,425		378,425		51,777		326,648
Police		455,200		455,200		401,663		53,537
Tourism-payment to component unit	432,000		0 432,000		480,173			(48, 173)
Debt Service:								
Principal		7,000		7,000		115,175		(108,175)
Interest		1,000		1,000		83,058		(82,058)
Capital Outlay		<u></u>		_		2,426,519		(2,426,519)
Total Expenditures	_	3,175,335		3,612,735		3,793,392	1	(180,657)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			7.	200	Printer.	111,000,000		
Over Expenditures		237,115		(200, 285)	(1,662,194)		(1,461,909)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*					
Operating transfers out		(121,000)		(121,000)		(113,000)		8,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(121,000)	her.	(121,000)		(113,000)		8,000
Net Changes in Fund Balance		116,115		(321,285)	(1,775,194)		(1,453,909)
Fund Balance - July 1, 2014		2,697,370		2,697,370	- 5	2,697,370		-
Fund Balance - June 30, 2015	\$	2,813,485	\$	2,376,085	\$	922,176	\$	(1,453,909)

CITY OF BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY NOTE TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - BUDGET

The City prepares both its financial statements and budget using accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Accordingly, there is no difference in revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance between the financial statements and its budget presentation.

CITY OF BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability	(0.023916%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	776,000
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	585,123
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll		132.62%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		66.80%

Note: The data provided in this schedule is based on the measurement date of the CERS net pension liability, which is as of June 30th of the prior fiscal year.

* This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See accompanying notes to pension schedules.

CITY OF BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	102,327
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	(102,327)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	579,100
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		17.67%

See accompanying notes to pension schedules.

^{*} This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY NOTES TO PENSION SCHEDULES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - CHANGES IN BENEFIT TERMS

There were no changes of benefit terms.

NOTE 2 - CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

There were no changes of assumptions.



CITY OF BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Cemetery Fund		Community Pride Fund		LGEA Fund		MRA Fund			Total onmajor Funds
Assets										
Restricted cash	\$	173,062	\$	167	\$239	9,115	\$	11,356	\$	423,700
Investments - noncurrent		1,000		14		-				1,000
Total Assets	\$	174,062	\$	167	\$239	9,115	\$	11,356	\$	424,700
Liabilities		- Million								
Accounts payable	\$	521	\$	-	\$	-	\$	534	\$	1,055
Accrued liabilities		474		-	4			615	_	1,089
Total Liabilities		995		-				1,149		2,144
Fund Balance			·							
Restricted for:										
Cemetery maintenance		173,067		•		-0		-		173,067
Economic assistance		-		-	239	9,115		-		239,115
Municipal roads		-		-		-		10,207		10,207
Assigned to community projects				167						167
Total Fund Balances		173,067		167	239	9,115		10,207		422,556
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	174,062	\$	167	\$23	9,115	\$	11,356	\$	424,700

CITY OF BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Cemetery Fund		Community Pride Fund		LGEA Fund		MRA Fund			Total onmajor Funds
Revenues										
Charges for services	\$	22,100	\$	140	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,240
Interest income		609		· .		256		8		873
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-		80,560	1	73,412		153,972
Miscellaneous revenue		2,500						1,636		4,136
Total Revenues		25,209		140		80,816		75,056		181,221
Expenditures										
Current:										
Cemetery		30,777		-		· =		-		30,777
Community Pride project		-		480		-		-		480
Public safety		-		-		700		-		700
Streets		-		-		-	1	92,853		92,853
Capital Outlay		-				30,991		75,207		106,198
Total Expenditures		30,777		480		31,691	10	68,060		231,008
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								•		-
Expenditures		(5,568)		(340)		49,125	(93,004)		(49,787)
Other Financing Sources										
Operating transfers in		18,000				_		95,000		113,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		12,432	V	(340)		49,125		1,996	2011.	63,213
Fund Balance - July 1, 2014		160,635		507		189,990		8,211		359,343
Fund Balance - June 30, 2015	\$	173,067	\$	167	\$ 2	239,115	\$	10,207	\$	422,556

CITY OF BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF CHARGES FOR SERVICES PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Ente	rprise Funds		
	Water		Sewer	onmajor Fund anitation	Total
Charges for Services:					
Water collections	\$ 548,076	\$	-	\$ > =	\$ 548,076
Sewer collections	-		1,085,407	, #	1,085,407
Sanitation collections	-		-	156,261	156,261
Public fire protection	8,590		:•	- :	8,590
Meter charges	5,200		-	-	5,200
Reconnect fees	12,990		9=		12,990
Tapping charges	-		1,250	-	1,250
Lift station maintenance fee	-		4,000	-0.5	4,000
Penalties	10,754		7,886	3,311	21,951
Aqualine billing	42,207		3=1	-8	42,207
	\$ 627,817	\$	1,098,543	\$ 159,572	\$ 1,885,932

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY

GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



DRANE & COMPANY, PLLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

209 East Third Street - P. O. Box 577 Hardinsburg, Kentucky 40143

Telephone (270) 756-5704 FAX (270) 756-5927

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Commissioners City of Beaver Dam, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Beaver Dam, Kentucky (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 23, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as items 15-1 and 15-2 to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Beaver Dam, Kentucky's Responses to Findings

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The City's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Drane & Company, PLLC
Certified Public Accountants

Hardinsburg, Kentucky

February 23, 2016

CITY OF BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Finding: 15-1

Condition:	The Tourism Commission Clerk's responsibilities include the cash receipts and cash disbursement functions, collections and deposits, preparing bank reconciliations, and general accounting.						
Criteria:	Inadequate segregation of duties is an example of a material weakness in the design of controls.						
Cause:	Budgetary constraints allow only a limited office staff.						
Effect:	Significant controls over transaction processing were absent.						
Recommendation:	The Tourism Commission should utilize other City office staff members where possible to segregate incompatible duties.						
Management Response:	As an immediate response, we will transfer the duties of preparing bank reconciliations to another party within the office. A long term response is that we hope to fill a management position within the tourism/parks department by the end of 2016. That will further segregate the responsibilities of accounting.						

Finding: 15-2

Condition:	Limited support was provided for material Tourism Commission cash receipts and disbursements.
Criteria:	Effective internal controls require that cash receipts be processed with supporting documentation indicating the source and nature of the transaction and cash disbursements be made only from approved original vendor invoices supported by a purchase order and receiving report if applicable.
Cause:	There is no system in place specifying the supporting documentation required to properly account for cash received and disbursed.
Effect:	Financial statement amounts may be misstated. Failure to implement effective processes and procedures could increase the risks of fraud, violations of appropriation laws, and mismanagement of funds.
Recommendation:	A purchase order system should be initiated to approve purchases in advance where possible. Cash disbursements should be paid only from a vendor invoice and proof of receipt. Controls should be established to support all special event receipts.
Management Response:	On the disbursement side, a PO [purchase order] system is being implemented to track all checks written on the Commission's account. The PO will include the date of disbursement, check number, payee, purpose of payment and a line for a signature or initial of City/Tourism personnel. An invoice will be required to be attached to the PO or, in absence of an invoice, a receipt listing the payee, the amount of payment, purpose of payment and a signature of the payee will be required to be attached.
	On the receipt side, a voucher will be required to accompany each deposit other than those from the City forwarding the proceeds of the restaurant tax. The voucher will include pertinent information as to where receipts [were] generated and purpose of the receipt. In the case of local ticket sales, the voucher will include the number of tickets provided to the local vendor and upon receipt by the tourism commission, the number of unsold tickets being returned plus the amount of funds being returned from sales of tickets. A signature of local ticket vendors will also be required.