CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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JESSICA K. DANIEL, CPA PSC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor Tom Moodie and Members of the City Council City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky Grand Rivers, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3-8 and 38-39 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated July 31, 2017 on our consideration of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Eddyville, Kentucky July 31, 2017

CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

The City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky ("City") offers Management's Discussion and Analysis to provide an overview and analysis of the City's primary governmental financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2016. To fully understand the entire scope of the City's financial activities, this information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements provided in this document.

The City reports its annual financial statements in a required model format issued by the Government Accounting Standards Board.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial statements, which follow the Management's Discussion and Analysis, provide these key financial highlights for fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

- The total assets of the City exceed is total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the 2016 fiscal year by \$6,735,112 (Net Position). Of this amount, a negative \$2,094 represents the unrestricted net position.
- The City's total net position increased by \$2,279,951 during the year. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$321,205 and business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$1,958,746.
- The City's governmental fund balance, a measure of current financial resources, increased in the governmental funds by \$303,002 to a June 30, 2016 fund balance of \$753,864. Of that balance \$383,723 is restricted, \$145,061 is assigned, and \$37,956 is non-spendable, leaving a \$187,124 unrestricted balance. Unrestricted fund balance is available to the City for general operations.
- The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance shows that the General Fund revenues were exceeded by expenditures by \$303,002.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's financial report includes the activities of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) Government-wide statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Statements

The **government-wide** financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Grand Rivers' finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business and, accordingly, to provide information about the City as a whole, presenting both an aggregate current view of the City's finances and longer-term view of those assets. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental fund, these statements reflect how services were financed in the short-term as well as what dollars remain for future spending. The major fund financial statements also display the City's most significant funds.

The **Statement of Net Position** presents financial information on all of the City's assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The **Statement of Activities** presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that are expected to result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public works, cemetery, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, and internet. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9-11 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into the following categories - **governmental** funds and **proprietary** funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, and provide the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information reflects financial resources available in the near future to finance the City's programs.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental fund and governmental activities.

The City of Grand Rivers maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund and Tourism Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other four funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 12-15.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are generally used to account for services for which the City charges customers; either outside customers, or internal units/divisions of the City. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City of Grand Rivers maintains the following type of proprietary funds:

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer and internet operations.

The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Fund and Sewer Fund since both are considered to be major funds of the City. Because the Internet Fund is the only remaining enterprise fund, it is being presented as a major fund even though it does not meet the criteria of a major fund established in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-18 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19-36 of this report.

Supplementary Information

In addition to basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's budgetary comparison schedules as required. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 38-39 of this report. The City also reports supplemental information for combining non-major funds which can be found on pages 41 and 42 of this report.

OVERVIEW OF THE CITY'S FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The government-wide financial statements report that during the year ending June 30, 2016, the City received \$2,244,289 in operating and capital grants. Revenue from taxes and charges for services were \$383,071 and \$1,047,689 respectively. Expenses directly related to programs offered by the City were \$1,638,453. The Statement of Activities reflects the current year gain of \$2,279,951.

- The fund financial statements report General fund ordinary revenues of \$315,300, grant revenues of \$370,000, and debt proceeds of \$500,000. Expenditures for the year ending June 30, 2016 total \$878,078.
- Tourism revenue totaled \$199,989. Expenditures from the tourism fund were \$225,980.
- The other governmental funds generated ordinary revenues of \$34,348 and debt proceeds of \$60,467, while expenditures total \$95,437.

CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY'S NET POSITION

Assets:	2016	2015								
Current and other assets	\$ 1,542,359	\$ 1,253,333								
Noncurrent assets, net	12,097,765	5,929,073								
Total Assets	13,640,124	7,182,406								
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Long-term liabilities	5,622,318	933,150								
Other liabilities	1,277,063	1,787,440								
Total Liabilities	6,899,381	2,720,590								
Deferred inflows of resources	5,631	6,655								
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,905,012	2,727,245								
Net Position:										
Invested in capital assets net of related debt	5,852,921	3,776,613								
Restricted	884,285	608,603								
Unrestricted	(2,094)	69,945								
Total Net Position	\$ 6,735,112	\$ <u>4,455,161</u>								
CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY CHANGES IN NET POSITION										
	2016	2015								
Revenues										
Program revenues:	e 1.047.600	ф. 1.0 <i>C</i> 0. 7 00								
Charges for services Grants and contributions	\$ 1,047,689									
Grants and contributions General revenues:	2,244,289	26,991								
Taxes	383,071	351,630								
Other	143,403	138,126								
Insurance proceeds	16,650	-								
Capital contributions	82,798	-								
Investment earnings	504	590								
Total revenues	3,918,404	1,586,126								
Expenses										
General government	233,157	269,681								
Public works	64,841	77,730								
Culture and recreation	301,336	277,968								
Cemetery	10,628	4,573								
Interest expense	10,863	16,615								
Business-type activities Total Expenses	1,017,628 1,638,453	1,129,589 1,776,156								
Change in net position	2,279,951	(190,030)								
Net position - beginning, restated	4,455,161	4,645,191								
Net position - ending	\$ 6,735,112	·								

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The original and final General Fund budget passed by the city council anticipated no increase or decrease in the general fund balance. The budgeted revenue exceeded actual revenue received by \$24,117 in the general fund. Actual expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures by \$567,528. The budgetary figures and actual amounts are reported in the supplementary information on page 38.

The original Tourism Fund budget passed by the council anticipated a decrease in the tourism fund balance of \$4,565. The original Tourism Fund budget was amended by the council to show no increase or decrease in fund balance. The actual revenue exceeded budgeted revenue received by \$21,791 in the tourism fund. Actual expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures by \$16,182. The budgetary figures and actual amounts are reported in the supplementary information on page 39.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2016 was \$2,548,615. The City's investment in capital assets for its business-type activities as of June 30, 2016 was \$9,549,150. This investment includes land, buildings, vehicles and equipment, net of depreciation and debt used to acquire the assets. The City acquired various assets during the year totaling \$6,468,408. Carrying values of the City's capital assets are as follows:

Governmental activities:	2016	2015
Capital assets, not being depreciated:		
Land	\$ <u>265,350</u>	\$ <u>265,350</u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	265,350	265,350
Capital assets, being depreciated (net):		
Infrastructure	151,348	163,552
Buildings and improvements	756,655	781,692
Land improvements	1,313,032	740,933
Furnishings and fixtures	59,508	66,034
Vehicles	2,722	3,182
Total capital assets, being depreciated (net)	2,283,265	1,755,393
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>2,548,615</u>	\$ <u>2,020,743</u>
Business-type activities:		
	2016	2015
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 4,761	\$ 3,561
Construction in progress	6,765,741	1,080,061
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	6,770,502	1,083,622
Capital assets, being depreciated:		
Buildings and improvements	2,662,876	2,678,903
Machinery and equipment	96,742	119,169
Vehicles	19,030	26,636
Total capital assets, being depreciated	2,778,648	2,824,708
Business-type activities capital assets, net		

Long-term and other debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had a total outstanding debt for the governmental and business-type activities of \$915,241 and \$5,323,972 respectively. The debt is related to equipment and improvements to existing capital assets. The City acquired new debt in the current fiscal year in the form of a line of credit from First Kentucky Bank to cover costs of the sidewalk and lighting project. Draws totaling \$500,000 were received during the year ended June 30, 2016. The City completed the community center upgrades, consisting of additional debt proceeds from First Kentucky Bank of \$60,642. The City is in the process of building a new sewer plant using funds provided through the USDA in the form of RUS Loans and RUS Grants, as well as, CDBG Grants. As of June 30, 2016, \$1,067,000 and \$3,662,000 has been received from the USDA in the form of revenue bonds. During the next fiscal year, the general fund amount due is \$543,529 and the remainder is scheduled to be paid out in 2031. Interest expense for 2016 was \$10,863. The proprietary fund debt is payable from charges for water and sewer services. The amount due during the next fiscal year for proprietary fund debt is \$73,366 and the remainder is scheduled to be paid out in 2055. Interest expense paid by the proprietary funds for 2016 was \$16,189.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designated to provide a general overview of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions or requests for additional information may be addressed to Tom Moodie, Mayor, City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky - 122 W Cumberland Ave. Grand Rivers, KY 42045.

CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Cash equivalents	\$ 427,410	\$ -	\$ 427,410
Investments	5,336	-	5,336
Accounts receivable (net):			
Fees and services	-	111,902	111,902
Taxes	21,167	-	21,167
Other	6,281	-	6,281
Grant receivables	370,000	437,814	807,814
Inventory	-	57,511	57,511
Prepaid expenses	6,993	20,629	27,622
Restricted assets:			
Cash equivalents	27,207	30,148	57,355
Investments	19,961		19,961
Total Current Assets	884,355	658,004	1,542,359
Noncurrent Assets:			
Land and construction in progress	265,350	6,770,502	7,035,852
Depreciable capital assets, net of depreciation	2,283,265	2,778,648	5,061,913
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,548,615	9,549,150	12,097,765
Total Assets	3,432,970	10,207,154	13,640,124
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	127,406	476,008	603,414
Meter deposits payable	_	26,364	26,364
Accrued interest	-	10,200	10,200
Taxes withheld and accrued	939	4,010	4,949
Accrued employee benefits	1,017	7,273	8,290
Accrued payroll	1,129	5,822	6,951
Long-term debt due in one year	543,529	73,366	616,895
Total Current Liabilities	674,020	603,043	1,277,063
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Long-term debt due after one year	371,712	5,250,606	5,622,318
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	371,712	5,250,606	5,622,318
Total Liabilities	1,045,732	5,853,649	6,899,381

CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
Deferred Inflows of Resource			
Premium on debt		5,631	5,631
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		5,631	5,631
Net Position			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,633,374	4,219,547	5,852,921
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	370,000	437,991	807,991
Debt service	13,723	29,971	43,694
Cemetery fund	32,600	-	32,600
Unrestricted	337,541	(339,635)	(2,094)
Total Net Position	\$ 2,387,238	\$ 4,347,874	\$ 6,735,112

CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Net (Expense) Revenue and

									Changes in Net Position					
					O	perating		Capital				Governme		
			C	charges for		ants and	(Grants and	Go	vernmental				
Functions/Programs	Expe	nses		Services	Con	tributions	C	ontributions		Activities		ivities		Total
Primary Government														
Governmental activities														
General government	\$ 23	3,157	\$	-	\$	19,770	\$	370,000	\$	156,613	\$	=.	\$	156,613
Culture and recreation	30	1,336		-		3,225		-		(298,111)		=.		(298,111)
Public works	6	4,841		-		-		-		(64,841)		=.		(64,841)
Cemetery maintenance	1	0,628		-		-		-		(10,628)		-		(10,628)
Interest on long-term debt	1	0,863		-		-		-		(10,863)		-		(10,863)
Total governmental activities	62	20,825		-		22,995		370,000		(227,830)				(227,830)
Business-type activities														
Water system	62	6,522		572,932		-		19,633		-		(33,957)		(33,957)
Sewer system	37	1,790		448,792		-		1,831,661		-	1,9	908,663		1,908,663
Internet	1	9,316		25,965		-		-		-		6,649		6,649
Total business-type activities	1,01	7,628		1,047,689		-		1,851,294			1,8	881,355		1,881,355
Total Primary Government	\$ 1,63	8,453	\$	1,047,689	\$	22,995	\$	2,221,294		(227,830)	1,8	881,355		1,653,525
General Revenues and Transfers														
Taxes:														
Property taxes										195,644		=.		195,644
Tourism tax										146,763		=.		146,763
Other taxes										33,570		=.		33,570
Franchise tax										7,094		=		7,094
Miscellaneous										88,904		=.		88,904
Rental income										49,999		=.		49,999
Cemetery										4,500		-		4,500
Interest income										168		336		504
Insurance proceeds										16,650		=.		16,650
Contributed capital										-		82,798		82,798
Transfers										5,743		(5,743)		-
Total General Revenues and T	ransfers									549,035		77,391		626,426
Change in Net Position										321,205	1,9	958,746		2,279,951
Net Position at Beginning of Year										2,066,033	2,3	389,128		4,455,161
Net Position at End of Year									\$	2,387,238	\$ 4,3	347,874	\$	6,735,112

CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

		General		Tourism		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash equivalents	\$	299,396	\$	127,714	\$	300	\$	427,410
Investments		-		-		5,336		5,336
Accounts Receivable:								
Taxes		2,830		18,337		-		21,167
Other receivables		2,959		3,269		53		6,281
Grant receivables		370,000		-		-		370,000
Prepaid expenses		5,356		1,637		-		6,993
Restricted assets:								
Cash equivalents		13,723		-		13,484		27,207
Investments		-		-		19,961		19,961
Total Assets	\$	694,264	\$	150,957	\$	39,134	\$	884,355
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Accounts payable	\$	119,614	\$	4,318	\$	3,474	\$	127,406
Taxes withheld and accrued	*	428	*	469	_	42	*	939
Accrued payroll		700		429		_		1,129
Accrued employee benefits		337		680		_		1,017
Total Liabilities		121,079		5,896		3,516		130,491
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid expenses		5,356		-		-		5,356
Cemetery		_		-		32,600		32,600
Restricted for:						,		,
Capital projects		370,000		-		-		370,000
Debt service		13,723		-		-		13,723
Assigned for:								
Tourism fund		-		145,061		-		145,061
Unassigned:		184,106				3,018		187,124
Total Fund Balances		573,185		145,061		35,618		753,864
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	694,264	\$	150,957	\$	39,134	\$	884,355

CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 753,864

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet:

Governmental capital assets \$ 3,928,209 Less accumulated depreciation (1,379,594) 2,548,615

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.

Debt due within one year (543,529)

Debt due after one year (371,712) (915,241)

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 2,387,238

CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	General	Tourism		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues						
Taxes:						
Property	\$ 195,644	\$	-	\$ -	\$	195,644
Tourism	-		146,763	-		146,763
Other	33,570		-	-		33,570
Franchise	7,094		-	-		7,094
Miscellaneous	59,111		10,249	19,544		88,904
Rental income	-		39,752	10,247		49,999
Intergovernmental	19,770		3,225	-		22,995
Cemetery	-		-	4,500		4,500
Investment income	 111		-	57		168
Total Revenues	315,300		199,989	34,348		549,637
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	111,766		-	-		111,766
Culture and recreation	41,546		180,263	70,481		292,290
Public works	64,841		-	-		64,841
Cemetery maintenance	-		-	10,150		10,150
Debt service	30,463		23,754	7,034		61,251
Capital outlay	 629,462		21,963	7,772		659,197
Total Expenditures	878,078	_	225,980	95,437		1,199,495
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	 (562,778)		(25,991)	(61,089)		(649,858)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Long-term debt issued	500,000		-	60,467		560,467
Insurance Proceeds	-		16,650	-		16,650
Grant revenue	370,000		-	-		370,000
Transfers in	-		-	26,292		26,292
Transfers (out)	 (17,740)		(2,809)			(20,549)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	852,260		13,841	86,759		952,860
Net Change in Fund Balances	289,482		(12,150)	25,670		303,002
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	283,703		157,211	9,948		450,862
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 573,185	\$	145,061	\$ 35,618	\$	753,864

CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$	303,002				
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:						
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives:						
Expenditures for capital assets \$ 659,197						
Less current year depreciation (131,282)	<u>)</u>	527,915				
Governmental funds report debt proceeds as income. However, debt proceeds do not affect net position in the government-wide Statement of Activities.		(560,467)				
Principal payments of debt require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, principal payments of debt do not affect net position in the government-wide						
Statement of Activities.		47,446				
Accrued interest payments on debt do not require the use of current financial resources. The change in accrued interest is reported as an expenditure in the						
government-wide statement of activities.		3,309				
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	321,205				

CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities									
			se Funds							
	Water	Sewer	Internet Nonmajor Fund	Total						
<u>ASSETS</u>										
Current Assets										
Customer receivables (net allowance of	Φ (2.002	Φ. 46.025	Φ 2.27.4	Φ 111.002						
doubtful accounts)	\$ 62,803	\$ 46,825	\$ 2,274	\$ 111,902						
Grant receivables	11,767 47,734	426,047 9,777	-	437,814						
Inventory Prepaid expenses	12,053	8,576	<u>-</u> -	57,511 20,629						
Restricted assets:	12,033	0,570	-	20,029						
Cash equivalents	29,971	177	-	30,148						
Total Current Assets	164,328	491,402	2,274	658,004						
Noncurrent Assets										
Land and work in progress	28,222	6,742,280	-	6,770,502						
Depreciable capital assets, net	1,670,947	1,085,517	22,184	2,778,648						
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,699,169	7,827,797	22,184	9,549,150						
Total Assets	1,863,497	8,319,199	24,458	10,207,154						
LIABILITIES										
Current Liabilities										
Accounts payable	40,262	435,746	-	476,008						
Meter deposits payable	26,364	-	-	26,364						
Accrued employee benefits	4,662	2,611	-	7,273						
Taxes withheld and accrued	2,888	1,122	-	4,010						
Accrued interest payable	4,061	6,139	-	10,200						
Accrued payroll	3,496	2,326	-	5,822						
Long-term debt due in one year	67,847	5,519		73,366						
Total Current Liabilities	149,580	453,463		603,043						
Noncurrent Liabilities										
Long-term debt due after one year	515,020	4,735,586		5,250,606						
Total Liabilities	664,600	5,189,049		5,853,649						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Premium on debt	5,631			5,631						
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,631			5,631						
NET POSITION										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,110,671	3,086,692	22,184	4,219,547						
Restricted for debt service	29,971	-	-	29,971						
Restricted for capital projects	11,767	426,224	-	437,991						
Unrestricted	40,857	(382,766)	2,274	(339,635)						
Total Net Position	\$ 1,193,266	\$ 3,130,150	<u>\$ 24,458</u>	\$ 4,347,874						

CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Enterprise Funds								
	Internet								
		Nonmajor							
	Water	Sewer	Fund	<u>Total</u>					
Operating Revenues									
Charges for services	\$ 572,932	\$ 448,792	\$ 25,965	\$ 1,047,689					
Total Operating Revenues	572,932	448,792	25,965	1,047,689					
Operating Expenses									
Purchased Water	255,241	-	-	255,241					
Salaries and wages	123,110	81,419	-	204,529					
Depreciation	92,431	69,044	4,356	165,831					
Repairs and maintenance	42,601	53,274	-	95,875					
Utilities	14,416	39,085	-	53,501					
Materials and supplies	2,639	49,457	-	52,096					
Contracted services	13,917	15,658	14,960	44,535					
Employee benefits	21,016	21,928	-	42,944					
Professional	13,549	10,863	-	24,412					
Insurance	14,925	7,862	-	22,787					
Taxes	10,023	6,673	-	16,696					
Office supplies	1,262	5,758	-	7,020					
Gasoline, oil and grease	4,190	2,242	-	6,432					
Miscellaneous	3,122	1,769	-	4,891					
Uniforms	1,653	1,818	-	3,471					
Advertising	1,178			1,178					
Total Operating Expenses	615,273	366,850	19,316	1,001,439					
Income (Loss) from Operations	(42,341)	81,942	6,649	46,250					
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)									
Interest income	210	126	-	336					
Grant revenues	19,633	1,831,661	-	1,851,294					
Interest expense	(11,249)	(4,940)		(16,189)					
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	8,594	1,826,847	_	1,835,441					
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	(33,747)	1,908,789	6,649	1,881,691					
Capital contributions	82,798	_	_	82,798					
Transfers (out)	-	(81,041)	(9,469)	(90,510)					
Transfers in	84,767	(01,041)	-	84,767					
Change in Net Position	133,818	1,827,748	(2,820)	1,958,746					
	· ·								
Net Position at Beginning of Year	1,059,448	1,302,402	<u>27,278</u>	<u>2,389,128</u>					
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 1,193,266	\$ 3,130,150	\$ 24,458	<u>\$ 4,347,874</u>					

CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Enterprise Funds							
						Internet		
					Г	Vonmajor		
		Water		Sewer		Fund		Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities								
Cash received from customers	\$	569,064	\$	444,517	\$	25,789	\$	1,039,370
	Ψ		Ψ	,	Ψ		Ψ	
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(375,872)		(179,323)		(16,320)		(571,515)
Cash payments to employees for services		(151,520)		(109,155)		-		(260,675)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities		41,672		156,039		9,469		207,180
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities								
Transfers in		84,767						84,767
		04,707		(01.041)		(0.4(0)		
Transfers out		-	_	(81,041)	_	(9,469)		(90,510)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Noncapital Financing								
Activities		84,767		(81,041)		(9,469)		(5,743)
				(0-70-1-7		(2,1,02)		(5,7,15)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities								
Proceeds from debt		-		3,662,000		-		3,662,000
Principal paid on debt		(73,144)		(6,989)		-		(80,133)
Grant proceeds		7,867		1,405,613		_		1,413,480
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(49,538)		(5,667,918)				(5,717,456)
						-		
Interest paid on debt		(12,908)		(457)		-		(13,365)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related								
Financing Activities		(127,723)		(607,751)		-		(735,474)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		(127,725)	_	(007,701)				(755,171)
Cash Flows If oil Thresting Activities								
Income received on investments		210		126		-		336
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Investing Activities		210		126		_		336
()] 8								
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash Equivalents		(1,074)		(532,627)		-		(533,701)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	_	31,045	_	532,804			_	563,849
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	29,971	\$	177	\$		\$	30,148
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash								
Provided (Used) By Operating Activities								
	Φ	(40.241)	ф	01.040	ф	6.640	ф	46.050
Operating income (loss)	\$	(42,341)	\$	81,942	\$	6,649	\$	46,250
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash								
provided (used) by operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization		92,431		69,044		4,356		165,831
Change in assets and liabilities		72,131		0,,011		1,550		105,051
		((5.4.4)		(4.075)		(170)		(10.005)
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		(6,544)		(4,275)		(176)		(10,995)
Decrease (increase) in prepayments		(8,780)		(5,953)		-		(14,733)
Decrease (increase) in inventory		(424)		(87)		-		(511)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		2,025		14,503		(1,360)		15,168
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities						(1,500)		
· /	¢.	5,305	¢	865	Ф	- 0.460	Φ.	6,170
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	41,672	\$	156,039	\$	9,469	\$	207,180
Reconciliation of Total Cash								
Current assets - cash	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_
Restricted assets - cash	•	29,971	-	177	-	_	~	30,148
Total cash	\$	29,971	\$	177	\$		\$	30,148
i otai vasii	Φ	49,971	Ф	1 / /	Φ		Φ	30,148

Non-Cash Investing, Capital and Related Financing Activities - none

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky (the City) operates under a Mayor/Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized: public works (streets and highways), culture and recreation, water distribution, wastewater treatment, cemetery maintenance, health and welfare, public improvements, planning and zoning and general administrative services.

The accounting and reporting policies of the City relating to the funds included in the accompanying basic financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled *Audits of State and Local Governmental Units* and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (when applicable). The City follows GASB pronouncements as codified under GASB 62. The more significant accounting policies of the City are described below:

A. The Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky operates under a Mayor/Council form of government. The City has adhered to the standards set forth in Statement No. 14 as amended by Statement No. 61 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board in reporting the primary government (including blended component units), discretely presented component units, the reporting entity and related relationships with the City. There are no organizations to be included in the reporting entity.

B. Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information for the City as a whole. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental and business-type activities columns, has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The City segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate statements are presented for governmental and proprietary activities. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. The City has presented the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

Tourism Fund

The Tourism fund accounts for the collection of hotel/motel and restaurant taxes. These revenues are to be used to promote tourism activities in the Grand Rivers area.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The accounting objectives are determinations of net income, financial position and cash flow. All assets and liabilities are included on the Statement of Net Position. The City has presented the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund

The Water Fund is used to account for the provision of water services to the residents of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, water treatment, and distribution infrastructure additions and maintenance. The department accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, long-term debt principal and interest for water system debt. All fund costs are financed through charges to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted if necessary to ensure the financial integrity of the fund.

Sewer Fund

The Sewer Fund is used to account for the provision of sewer services to the residents of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, wastewater treatment and collection, infrastructure additions and maintenance. The fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, long-term debt principal and interest for sewer system debt. All fund costs are financed through charges to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted if necessary to ensure the financial integrity of the fund.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the costs of personnel and contractual services, supplies and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e. when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Franchise and other taxes are considered available and are, therefore, recognized as revenues even though a portion of taxes may be collected in the subsequent year. Intergovernmental revenues received as reimbursements for specific purposes or projects are recognized based upon expenditures recorded. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

The government-wide statements and fund financial statements for proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and all liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned, including unbilled water, sewer and internet services which are accrued. Expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include: (1) timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, (2) matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and (3) expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before they can be recognized.

D. Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general, special revenue, and proprietary funds. Non-major governmental funds are not budgeted.

Prior to June 1 of each year, the Mayor submits a proposed budget to the City Council for the year commencing the following July1. The budget is prepared by fund, function and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and request appropriations for the next fiscal year. The City Council holds public hearings to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to June 30 of each year, the City Council approves the budget by majority vote.

As required by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS) 91A.030 (2), formal budgetary integration is employed as a management device during the year for the General Fund, and Proprietary Funds. Total expenditures for a fund legally may not exceed the total appropriations as required by KRS 91A.030 (13).

Budget amendments, as allowed by ordinance, require majority approval by the City Council. There were no amendments to the General Fund original adopted budget for year ended June 30, 2016. The Tourism Fun budget for the year ended June 30, 2016, was amended during the year.

E. Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts of the City. For the purpose of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, "cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit, or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Investments include certificates of deposit reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Investments also include short-term pooled municipal guaranteed securities which are valued at market value. In accordance with GASB Statement 31, quoted market price was used to determine the fair value of investments. Additional cash and investment disclosures are presented in Note 3.

F. Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. The major receivable balance for the governmental activities normally include taxpayer assessed revenues. Business-type activities report customer utility usages as their major receivable.

G. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The City established an allowance for doubtful accounts based off of past collection history. The City has determined that a fair estimate for uncollectible accounts is 4.8% of outstanding receivables.

H. Inventory

Material and supply inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Inventories consist of expendable supplies and replacement parts. Adjustments are made to cost of goods sold at year-end when physical counts are performed on inventory items.

I. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2016 are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items recorded in the governmental funds are reflected as nonspendable fund balance.

J. Restricted Assets

The restricted funds have been handled in accordance with the provisions of the various proprietary fund revenue bond resolutions, loan agreements, or by state or federal laws and regulations. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. All capital assets are valued at historical or estimated historical cost if actual historical is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Assets capitalized, not including infrastructure assets, have an original cost of \$500 or more and over three years of useful life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and Infrastructure	35-50 years
Land Improvements	10-35 years
Utility Plant	50 years
Machinery and Equipment	5-10 years
Furniture and Fixtures	5-10 years
Vehicles	5-7 years

The City has elected not to retroactively report general infrastructure assets purchased prior to July 1, 2003.

L. Postemployment Benefits

Postemployment benefits are those received by employees after termination of employment. The City provides no such benefits.

M. Compensated Absences

The City accrues vacation leave benefits as earned by its employees at June 30. Paid time off is earned for the year on January 1 and any unused time at December 31 is forfeited. These benefits are measured using the pay rates in effect at June 30, 2016. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements.

N. Long-Term Debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists of lease, note and bond obligations payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Debt issuance costs on long-term debt are amortized over the life of the bond issues using the straight-line method.

O. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred Outflows of Resources: In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applied to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Deferred Inflows of Resources: In additional to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category.

Deferred inflows related to premium on refinancing of debt is reported in the Water Fund. The City incurred a premium when refinancing their debt with Kentucky Rural Water. The balance as of June 30, 2016 was \$5,631 and will be amortized against interest expense over the remaining life of the loan.

P. Bond Discounts/Issuance Costs

Bond discounts and issuance costs on long-term debt are deferred and charged as nonoperating expense over the terms of the related issues.

Q. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both governmental and proprietary funds. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

R. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

S. Pensions

The City contributes to a Simple IRA plan for all eligible employees. The City will contribute a matching contribution to each eligible employee's Simple IRA equal to the employee's salary reduction contributions up to a limit of 3% of the employee's compensation for the calendar year. The plan is administered by Edward Jones and is established under Section 408(p) of the Internal Revenue Code. The City contributed \$4,430 to employee Simple IRA accounts for the year ending June 30, 2016.

T. Net Position

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components.

- **Net investment in capital assets** Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets net of unspent financing proceeds.
- Restricted net position Net position with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The City has implemented GASB No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The City establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by voting. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the City through adoption or amendment of the budget which is intended for specific purposes (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes). The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid expenses) or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Commission itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned fund balance amounts the City intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the City or by an official or body to which the City delegates the authority.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the city would first use committed then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

U. Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 72

GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, was issued February 2015. The provisions of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements.

GASB Statement No. 73

GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting and Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, was issued June 2015. The provisions of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015.

GASB Statement No. 76

GASB Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*, was issued June 2015. The provisions of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. This Statement supersedes Statement No. 55.

GASB Statement No. 77

GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, was issued August 2015. The provisions of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. This Statement requires disclosure of information necessary to assess how tax abatements affect financial position and results of operations.

GASB Statement No. 78

GASB Statement No. 78, Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans, was issued December 2015. The provisions of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. This Statement amends the scope and applicability of Statement 68 to exclude pensions provided to employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that (1) is not a state or local governmental pension plan, (2) is used to provide defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local governmental employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employees, and (3) has no predominant state or local governmental employer (either individually or collectively with other state or local governmental employers that provide pensions through the pension plan). This Statement establishes requirements for recognition and measurement of pension expense, expenditures, and liabilities; note disclosures; and required supplementary information for pensions that have the characteristics described above.

GASB Statement No. 79

GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, was issued December 2015. The provisions of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. This Statement establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

As of June 30, 2016, the GASB has issued the following statements not yet required to be adopted by the City.

GASB Statement No. 80

GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, was issued January 2016. The provisions of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. This Statement requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The City's management has not yet determined the effect this statement will have on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 81

GASB Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*, was issued March 2016. The provisions of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2016. This Statement provides recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of a split interest agreement. The City's management has not yet determined the effect this statement will have on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 82

GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73, was issued March 2016. The provisions of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. This Statement clarifies certain issues that have been raised with previous pronouncements. The City's management has not yet determined the effect this statement will have on the financial statements.

V. Subsequent Events

The City has evaluated subsequent events through July 31, 2017, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

The City is in the process of two projects: the building of the new sewer plant and Koon Road lift station elevation. These projects are being funded through United Stated Department of Agriculture(USDA) Rural Development and Community Development Block Grants (CDBG). Over a three year period the City will receive funds totaling \$9,250,000. These funds consist of RUS Loans for \$4,729,000, RUS Grants for \$3,313,000, and CDBG grants for \$1,208,000.

In July 2016, the City received funds of \$307,000 from Kentucky Transportation Cabinet. These funds are to reimburse the sidewalk and lighting project expenses.

The City is to receive a total of \$83,280 from the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet for the water project on Paradise Road. As of June 30, 2016, \$7,867 has been received. The remaining balance will be received during the next fiscal year.

2. <u>LEGAL COMPLIANCE</u>

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Individual Funds

The following funds had an excess of actual expenditures and other financing uses over budget for the year ended June 30, 2016:

General Fund \$ 567,528 Due to underbudgeted capital outlay.

Tourism Fund \$ 16,182 Due to underbudgeted wages and repairs and maintenance.

Fund equity and other financial sources were sufficient to offset the over expenditures in the General and Tourism Funds.

Deficit Fund Balances/Net Position

No funds had a deficit fund balance or deficit net position during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Statement of Net Position Cash Presentation

The captions on the statement of net position for cash, investments, and restricted assets enumerated as to deposits and investments and the amounts in total are as follows:

	Cash	on Hand	 Deposits	Inv	estments	 Total
Cash equivalents	\$	350	\$ 427,060	\$	-	\$ 427,410
Investments		-	5,336		-	5,336
Restricted assets:						
Cash equivalents		-	57,355		-	57,355
Investments		-	 19,961		-	 19,961
Total	\$	350	\$ 509,712	\$	_	\$ 510,062

B. Deposits

At year end, the carrying amount of the City's demand deposits and certificates of deposit was \$510,062 and the bank balance was \$541,302. These demand deposits and certificates of deposit were held in various financial institutions. Of the bank balance \$332,475 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$208,827 was covered by collateral held by the pledging financial institution's agent or trust department in the City's name.

C. <u>Investments</u>

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the City to invest in interest-bearing and demand deposits in national or state charted banks and insured by an agency of the U.S. Government. The City can also invest in U.S. Treasury, agencies, and instrumentalities.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The City doesn't not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk and Custodial Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that a government will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party if the counterparty to the transaction fails.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer. The City does not place any limit on the amount that may be invested with one issuer.

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Investment	Maturities	Fair Value	
Certificates of Deposit:			
Community Center Fund			
US Bank	12/12/2016	\$	5,336
Cemetery Fund			
US Bank	12/7/2016		1,000
US Bank	2/13/2017		4,918
US Bank	10/16/2016		4,623
US Bank	1/4/2017		1,000
US Bank	1/4/2017		4,300
US Bank	3/13/2017		1,500
US Bank	12/8/2016		1,500
US Bank	9/12/2016		1,120
Total Investments		\$	25,297

4. PROPERTY TAX

The City bills and collects its own property taxes. The City elects to use the annual property assessment prepared by Livingston County as its base to apply the property tax rate. According to Kentucky Revised Statutes, the assessment date for the City must conform to the assessment date of Livingston County, and the annual increase in the property tax levy cannot exceed 4%. For the year ending June 30, 2016, taxes were levied on July 1 and payable on December 31. The tax rate was \$0.260 per \$100 of assessed valuation for motor vehicles, \$0.248 per \$100 of assessed valuation of real property, and \$0.6809 per \$100 of assessed valuation of tangible personal property. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables in accordance with GASB Statement 1, "Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes".

5. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Restrictions imposed by external sources are shown as restricted net position on the government-wide financial statements. The following restrictions apply to the General, Cemetery, Water, and Sewer Funds as of June 30, 2016.

Cemetery Fund	\$ 32,600
Capital Projects - Restricted Assets	
General - Capital projects	370,000
Water - Capital projects	11,767
Sewer - Capital projects	426,224
Debt Requirement Restricted Assets	
General - Bond reserve funds	13,723
Water - Bond reserve funds	 29,971
Total	\$ 884,285

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities

A summary of capital assets at June 30, 2016 for governmental activities follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 265,350	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 265,350
Total capital assets not being depreciated	265,350			265,350
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	221,020	-	=	221,020
Land improvements	1,299,221	627,743	=	1,926,964
Buildings	1,289,652	20,178	=	1,309,830
Furnishings and fixtures	189,212	11,233	=	200,445
Vehicles	4,600			4,600
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,003,705	659,154		3,662,859
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(57,468)	(12,204)	-	(69,672)
Land improvements	(558,288)	(55,644)	=	(613,932)
Buildings	(507,960)	(45,215)	=	(553,175)
Furnishings and fixtures	(123,178)	(17,759)	=	(140,937)
Vehicles	(1,418)	(460)		(1,878)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,248,312)	(131,282)		(1,379,594)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,755,393	527,872		2,283,265
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,020,743	\$ 527,872	\$ -	\$ 2,548,615

Business-type Activities

A summary of property, plant and equipment at June 30, 2016 for business-type activities follows:

		Beginning					Ending
	_	Balance		Increases	_	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	3,561	\$	1,200	\$	-	\$ 4,761
Construction in progress	_	1,080,061		5,688,283		(2,603)	6,765,741
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	1,083,622		5,689,483		(2,603)	6,770,502
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements		5,170,155		116,467		-	5,286,622
Machinery and equipment		428,218		3,304		-	431,522
Vehicles	_	131,725		-		_	131,725
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	5,730,098		119,771			5,849,869
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements		(2,491,252)		(132,494)		-	(2,623,746)
Machinery and equipment		(309,049)		(25,731)		-	(334,780)
Vehicles	_	(105,089)		(7,606)		_	(112,695)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(2,905,390)		(165,831)		_	(3,071,221)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	2,824,708		(46,060)			 2,778,648
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	3,908,330	\$	5,643,423	\$	(2,603)	\$ 9,549,150
	_		_				

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 121,758
Culture and recreation	9,046
Cemetery	478
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 131,282

Business-type activities:

Water	\$ 92,431
Sewer	69,044
Internet	 4,356
Total depreciation expense - business type activities	\$ 165,831

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. There were no claims in excess of insurance coverage levels during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The City also did not have any claims in excess of insurance coverage levels for the prior three years. All other risks of loss are covered by commercial insurance purchased through private carriers. With regard to the insurance coverage provided by private carriers, there were no significant changes in insurance coverage for the prior three years.

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

The City's long-term debt is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities.

Governmental Activities

As of June 30, 2016, the governmental long-term debt consisted of the following:

Current portion general obligation bonds and notes	
Bond obligations	\$ 25,000
Note obligations	18,529
Line of credit	 500,000
Total current portion	 543,529
Noncurrent portion general obligation bonds and notes:	
Bond obligations	140,000
Note obligations	231 712

Note obligations	 231,712
Total noncurrent portion	371,712
Total General Bond and Note Obligations	\$ 915,241

General Bonds Payable

The City entered into a leasing agreement on March 29, 2012, with the Kentucky Bond Corporation to help finance storm damage expenses. The original amount advanced was \$255,000. The lease agreement requires monthly payments including principal, interest, and fees to be made to a sinking fund beginning May 1, 2012 (the monthly payments vary and range from \$2,625 to \$3,168). The last scheduled payments is February 1, 2022. The lease agreement provides financing rates that range from 2.5% to 3.25%. The lease is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The principal balance at June 30, 2016, is \$165,000. The lease financed various cleanup and asset improvement projects.

General Notes Payable

<u>First Kentucky Bank</u> - The City (Grand Rivers Tourist Commission) entered into an agreement on December 1, 2006, with First Kentucky Bank to help finance the Badgett Playhouse building at a variable interest rate. This loan consolidated two initial construction advances of \$200,000 and \$150,000. The note has a variable financing rate after the first ten year. The current rate is 3.375%. The note matures in 2026 and is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The principal balance at June 30, 2016 is \$174,089.

<u>First Kentucky Bank</u> - The City entered into an agreement with First Kentucky Bank to finance improvements to the community center. The agreement was entered into on June 16, 2015, with an available amount of \$80,000 with an interest rate of 4.49% and a maturity date of June 16, 2020. As of June 30, 2016 the principal balance is \$76,152.

<u>First Kentucky Bank</u> - The City entered into an agreement with First Kentucky Bank to finance the sidewalk and lighting project with a line of credit. The City took draws totaling \$500,000 during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016.

Business-Type Activities

As of June 30, 2016, the leases and notes payable from proprietary fund resources consisted of the following:

Current portion proprietary leases, notes and bonds:	
Lease obligations	\$ 11,038
Note obligations	12,328
Bond obligations	50,000
Total current portion	 73,366
Noncurrent portion proprietary leases, notes, and bonds	
Lease obligations	13,170
Note obligations	238,436
Bond obligations	 4,999,000
Total noncurrent portion	 5,250,606
Total Proprietary Lease, Note, and Bond Obligations	\$ 5,323,972

Proprietary Leases

National Rural Water Association - The City entered into a leasing agreement on December 19, 2001, with the Kentucky Rural Water Finance Corporation Area Development Districts Financing Trust to finance water improvement projects at interest rates approximating 5% per annum. This agreement was refinanced on February 27, 2013 with lower interest rates of 2.3%-2.8%. The lease agreement requires monthly payments including principal and interest to be made to a sinking fund beginning April 2013 varying from \$4,712 to \$5,437. The last scheduled payment is January 2022. The lease is backed by full faith and credit of the City. The principal balance at June 30, 2016, is \$320,000.

<u>Kentucky League of Cities</u> - The City entered into a leasing agreement on January 26, 2006, with Kentucky League of Cities to finance the acquisition of a backhoe. Monthly payments including principal and interest began march 1, 2006. The interest rate is approximately 3%. The lease was paid in full at June 30, 2016.

<u>Caterpillar Financial Services</u> - The City entered into a leasing agreement in November 2010, with Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation to finance the acquisition of an excavator. The lease calls for sixty-two monthly payments of \$222 including principal and interest. The lease was paid in full as of June 30, 2016.

Proprietary Notes Payable

National Rural Water Association - The City entered into a loan agreement on July 1, 2009, to finance the acquisition of a trencher. The original amount advanced was \$100,000. Monthly payments of \$966 including principal and interest began August 1, 2008, and continues for 119 months with a final payment of \$963 due July 1, 2018, at 3% per annum. The loan grants the lender a secured interest in the assets of the City. The principal balance at June 30, 2016 is \$24,208.

<u>First Kentucky Bank</u> - The City entered into an agreement on October 19, 2010, with First Kentucky Bank to finance the purchase of a 2011 Ford F250 at an interest rate of 6.49%. Monthly payments of \$519 including principal and interest began July 27, 2007. The note matures June 27, 2017, and is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The loan was paid in full as of June 30, 2016.

<u>Kentucky Infrastructure Authority</u> - The City entered into a loan agreement with Kentucky Infrastructure Authority for \$263,000. The project consisted of Lake City waterline improvements and water tank repairs. The project was completed in June 2015. The loan calls for semi-annual payments due June 1 and December 1 with an interest rate of .75% and was financed over 20 years. The principal balance at June 30, 2016 is \$250,764.

Revenue Bonds

<u>Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds</u> - The City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky, adopted a resolution to issue \$3,662,000 of City of Grand Rivers, Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2015A and \$1,067,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2015B for the purpose of a new sewer plant and lift station. The bonds were finalized June 6, 2016 with an interest rate of 2.25%. The bond covenants require \$1,760 per month be deposited into a "Funded Debt Reserve Account" until the account reaches \$211,200. The deposits are to be resumed any time the account falls below the \$211,200. Principal payments will begin January 1, 2018.

9. CHANGES IN GOVERNMENT-WIDE ACTIVITIES DEBT

A summary of changes in government-wide debt activities for the year ended June 30, 2016 follows:

	Balance June 30, 2015		Proceeds		Retirement/ Reductions		Balance June 30, 2016		Due in One Year	
Governmental Activities										
Line of Credit:										
1st Kentucky Bank - General	\$	-	\$	500,000	\$	-	\$	500,000	\$	500,000
Lease payable:										
Kentucky Bond Corporation		190,000		-		25,000		165,000		25,000
Notes payable:										
1st Kentucky Bank - Tourism		192,687		-		18,598		174,089		13,160
1st Kentucky Bank - Community	_	19,358		60,642		3,848	_	76,152		5,369
Total Governmental Activities		402,045		560,642		47,446		915,241		543,529
Business Type Activities										
Leases payable:										
Kentucky Rural Water	\$	370,000	\$	-	\$	50,000	\$	320,000	\$	50,000
Kentucky League of Cities		4,403		-		4,403				-
Caterpillar Financial		3,304		-		3,304		-		-
Notes Payable:										
National Rural Water Assoc		34,013		-		9,805		24,208		11,038
1st Kentucky Bank		2,040		-		2,040		-		-
Kentucky Infrastructure Authority		263,000		-		12,236		250,764		12,328
Bonds Payable:										
Series 2015B		-		1,067,000		-		1,067,000		-
Series 2015A		-		3,662,000				3,662,000		-
Total Business-Type Activities		676,760		4,729,000		81,788		5,323,972		73,366
Total Primary Government	\$	1,078,805	\$:	5,289,642	\$	129,234	\$ (6,239,213	\$	616,895

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term debt as of June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	Principal		 Interest	Total		
2017	\$	616,895	\$ 131,945	\$	748,840	
2018		196,043	127,639		323,682	
2019		189,515	122,342		311,857	
2020		251,986	117,817		369,803	
2021		194,430	110,712		305,142	
2022-2026		674,297	488,466		1,162,763	
2027-2031		569,106	419,987		989,093	
2032-2036		617,941	356,664		974,605	
2037-2041		638,500	287,167		925,667	
2042-2046		727,000	209,452		936,452	
2047-2051		827,000	121,039		948,039	
2052-2055		736,500	 25,166		761,666	
Total	\$	6,239,213	\$ 2,518,396	\$	8,757,609	

CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Total interest expensed for the year ended June 30, 2016:

Governmental activities	\$ 10,863
Business-type activities	 16,189
	\$ 27,052

10. LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The City is not aware of any pending or threatened litigation in which it is involved which would have a material effect on these financial statements.

Contingencies

The City participates in a number of federal and state assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The audits of these programs for or including the year ended June 30, 2016 have not yet been conducted. Accordingly, the City's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date.

11. COMMITMENTS

The City entered into a contract with WastePath Disposal and Recycling (Contractor) beginning May 15, 2014. The Contractor is to provide the collection and disposal of residential and commercial garbage. The Contractor is responsible for billing and collections. The Contractor has agreed to pay to the City a franchise fee of 7% of all fees collected to be paid quarterly.

The City entered into an agreement between the Grand Rivers Tourism Commission and Minihan Productions, LLC, to sublease the Badgett Playhouse. The initial agreement dated June 15, 2005, for 10 years, was renewed January 1, 2015 for an additional 10 years, through December 31, 2024. A sum of \$8,000 is due annually to be paid at a rate of 2% of gross receipts collected by Minihan until the amount is paid in full each year. Should the percentage be insufficient, a settlement is due within 30 days of the calendar yearend for the remaining balance.

The City entered into a contract with Williams Landscaping July 1, 2011 to provide mowing services for the City and Dixon Cemetery at a rate of \$3,390 per month. The terms of this contract ended July 1, 2015. At that time Williams Landscaping submitted a new bid. The new terms are \$4,625 per month for next 4 years.

The City entered into an agreement with Phillip and Brenda Colburn to sublease the land known as Lighthouse Landing. The most recent agreement was signed on January 1, 2005 for a term of 20 years. The annual lease is for \$8,800 to be paid in monthly installments.

CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

12. TRANSFERS AND INTERFUND RECEIVABLE/PAYABLE BALANCES

Transfers and payments within the reporting entity are substantially for the purposes of subsidizing operating functions, funding capital projects and asset acquisitions, or maintaining debt service on a routine basis. Resources are accumulated in a fund or component unit to support and simplify the administration of various projects or programs.

Primary government operating transfers at June 30, 2016 were:

	Transfers Out		_Tr	ansfers In	Tra	insfers Net
General Fund	\$	17,740	\$	-	\$	17,740
Special Revenue Funds						
Tourism		2,809		-		2,809
Cemetery		-		7,975		(7,975)
Community Center		-		18,317		(18,317)
Business-type funds						
Water Fund		-		84,767		(84,767)
Sewer Fund		81,041		-		81,041
Internet Fund		9,469				9,469
Total	\$	111,059	\$	111,059	\$	-



CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Revenues	Original Budgeted	<u>_ I</u>	Final Budgeted		Actual Amounts	Fii F	riance with nal Budget Savorable nfavorable)
Taxes							
Property	\$ 189,500	\$	189,500	\$	195,644	\$	6,144
Other	34,000		34,000		33,570		(430)
Franchise	3,000		3,000		7,094		4,094
Miscellaneous	52,950		52,950		59,111		6,161
Intergovernmental	12,000		12,000		19,770		7,770
Interest income	100		100		111		11
Total revenues	291,550		291,550		315,300		23,750
Expenditures							
General government	145,742		145,742		111,766		33,976
Public works	56,000		56,000		64,841		(8,841)
Culture and recreation	56,500		56,500		41,546		14,954
Debt service	52,308		52,308		30,463		21,845
Capital outlay	32,308		32,308		629,462		(629,462)
Total expenditures	 310,550		310,550	_	878,078		(567,528)
Total expenditures	 310,330		310,330	_	0/0,0/0		(307,328)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over	 (19,000)		(19,000)		(562,778)		(543,778)
Expenditures							
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Long-term debit issued	-		-		500,000		500,000
Grant revenue	-		_		370,000		370,000
Transfers in(out)	19,000		19,000		(17,740)		(36,740)
Total other financing sources (uses)	19,000		19,000		852,260		833,260
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 	\$			289,482	\$	289,482
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year					283,703		
Fund Balances at End of Year				\$	573,185		

CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY TOURISM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Original Budgeted]	Final Budgeted		Actual Amounts	Fina Fa	ance with al Budget avorable favorable)
Revenues	Φ	101 500	Ф	125 120	Ф	146762	Ф	21 (22
Taxes	\$	121,530	\$	125,130	\$	146,763	\$	21,633
Rental income		40,000		40,000		39,752		(248)
Intergovernmental Miscellaneous		1,500		1,500		3,225		1,725
		11,568		11,568		10,249		(1,319)
Investment income Total revenues		174 500		170 100		100.000	-	21.701
Total revenues		174,598		178,198		199,989	-	21,791
Expenditures								
Culture and recreation		161,763		156,548		180,263		(23,715)
Capital outlay		-		27,500		21,963		5,537
Debt service:		41,400		25,750		23,754		1,996
Total expenditures		203,163	_	209,798		225,980		(16,182)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over <u>Expenditures</u>		(28,565)		(31,600)		(25,991)		5,609
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Insurance proceeds		-		_		16,650		16,650
Transfers in/(out)		24,000		31,600		(2,809)		(34,409)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(4,565)	\$			(12,150)	\$	(12,150)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year						157,211		
Fund Balances at End of Year					\$	145,061		

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds									
			Gov	Local vernmental					N	Total on-Major
	N	Iunicipal Aid		conomic stance Fund	(Cemetery Fund		ommunity Center	Go	vernmental Funds
Assets										
Cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	300	\$	300
Investments								5,336		5,336
Other current assets		-		-		-		53		53
Restricted assets:						12 10 1				12.404
Cash equivalents		-		-		13,484		-		13,484
Investments	_	-				19,961		-		19,961
<u>Total Assets</u>	\$	-	\$		\$	33,445	\$	5,689	\$	39,134
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
<u>Liabilities</u>										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	803	\$	2,671	\$	3,474
Taxes withheld and accrued		-				42				42
Total Liabilities		-				845		2,671		3,516
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable:						22 (00				22 (00
Cemetery Fund		-		-		32,600		2.010		32,600
Unrestricted		-	_			-		3,018		3,018
Total Fund Balances		-	_			32,600		3,018		35,618
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	-	\$		\$	33,445	\$	5,689	\$	39,134

<u>CITY OF GRANDS RIVERS, KENTUCKY</u> <u>COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND</u>

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

				Special Re	ven	ue Funds		_
	N	ſunicipal Aid	E	Local vernmental conomic stance Fund	·	Cemetery Fund	Community Center	Total Other Governmental Funds
Revenues								
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 19,544	\$ 19,544
Rental Income		-		-		-	10,247	10,247
Cemetery		-		-		4,500	-	4,500
Interest income		-		-		48	9	57
Total Revenues		-		-		4,548	29,800	34,348
Expenditures								
Culture and recreation		-		-		-	70,481	70,481
Cemetery maintenance		-		-		10,150	-	10,150
Capital outlay		-		-		496	7,276	7,772
Debt service		-		-		-	7,034	7,034
Total Expenditures		-		-		10,646	84,791	95,437
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		-		(6,098)	(54,991)	(61,089)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Proceeds from debt		-		-		-	60,467	60,467
Operating transfers in		-	_	-		7,975	18,317	26,292
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		1,877	23,793	25,670
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		-		-		30,723	(20,775)	9,948
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	32,600	\$ 3,018	\$ 35,618

JESSICA K. DANIEL, CPA PSC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor Tom Moodie and Members of the City Council City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky Grand Rivers, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 31, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency, is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We also noted certain matters that we reported to management of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky, in a separate letter dated July 31, 2017.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Eddyville, Kentucky July 31, 2017

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JESSICA K. DANIEL, CPA PSC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor Tom Moodie and Members of the City Council City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky Grand Rivers, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Circular Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The City's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the City's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*. Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Eddyville, Kentucky July 31, 2017

ssica Warul, CPA

CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Federal	Program or	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass Through	C.F.D.A	Award	Assistance
Grantor, Program Title	Number	Amount	Expended
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through the Rural Utilities Service			
Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	10.760	\$ 4,900,896	\$ 4,900,896
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Passed through the Kentucky Department for Local Government			
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program	14.228	592,765	592,765
Total Federal Awards		\$ 5,493,661	\$ 5,493,661

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky (the City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of 2 CFR Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

г 1	C
Hinancial	Statements
1 Illanciai	Statements

Unmodified 1. Type of auditor's report issued

Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weakness(es) identified? No

b. Reportable condition(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? None noted

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards

1. Internal control over major programs:

> a. Material weakness(es) identified? No

b. Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses? None noted

2. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be 3. reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)? No

Identification of major programs: 4.

> Name of Federal Program **CFDA Numbers**

10.760 Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities

Community Development Block 14.218 Grant Program for Entitlement

Communities

5. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:

\$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee under 2 CFR Section 6. 200.516(a)?

No

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS -MAJOR FEDERAL AWARDS PROGRAMS AUDIT

None

D. PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

None