#### CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

# CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report.	1 - 2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3 - 8
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position.	
Statement of Activities	11
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet	12
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to Statement of Net	10
Position	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	14
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities	15
Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities	13
Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Net Position.	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	
Statement of Cash Flows	
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	19 - 35
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Budget and Actual: General Fund	27
Tourism Fund	
Tourisii runa	30
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Combining Financial Statements - Non-Major Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	40
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund	
Balances	41
Compliance and Internal Control Section:	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on	
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	42 - 43
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on	
Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with the <i>Uniform Guide</i>	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	46
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	47

#### JESSICA K. DANIEL, CPA PSC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Honorable Mayor Tom Moodie and Members of the City Council City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky Grand Rivers, Kentucky

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3-8 and 37-38 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated January 3, 2018 on our consideration of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Eddyville, Kentucky January 3, 2018

#### CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

The City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky ("City") offers Management's Discussion and Analysis to provide an overview and analysis of the City's primary governmental financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2017. To fully understand the entire scope of the City's financial activities, this information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements provided in this document.

The City reports its annual financial statements in a required model format issued by the Government Accounting Standards Board.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial statements, which follow the Management's Discussion and Analysis, provide these key financial highlights for fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

- The total assets of the City exceed is total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the 2017 fiscal year by \$8,914,366 (Net Position). Of this amount, \$250,191 represents the unrestricted net position.
- The City's total net position increased by \$2,179,254 during the year. Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$260,586 and business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$2,439,840.
- The City's governmental fund balance, a measure of current financial resources, decreased in the governmental funds by \$457,873 to a June 30, 2017 fund balance of \$295,991. Of that balance \$22,111 is restricted, \$140,463 is assigned, and \$33,951 is non-spendable, leaving a \$99,466 unrestricted balance. Unrestricted fund balance is available to the City for general operations.
- The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance shows that the General Fund revenues were exceeded by expenditures by \$457,873.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's financial report includes the activities of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) Government-wide statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-wide Statements**

The **government-wide** financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Grand Rivers' finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business and, accordingly, to provide information about the City as a whole, presenting both an aggregate current view of the City's finances and longer-term view of those assets. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental fund, these statements reflect how services were financed in the short-term as well as what dollars remain for future spending. The major fund financial statements also display the City's most significant funds.

The **Statement of Net Position** presents financial information on all of the City's assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The **Statement of Activities** presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that are expected to result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public works, cemetery, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, and internet. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9-11 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into the following categories - **governmental** funds and **proprietary** funds.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, and provide the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information reflects financial resources available in the near future to finance the City's programs.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental fund and governmental activities.

The City of Grand Rivers maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund and Tourism Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other four funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 12-15.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary funds are generally used to account for services for which the City charges customers; either outside customers, or internal units/divisions of the City. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City of Grand Rivers maintains the following type of proprietary funds:

**Enterprise funds** are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer and internet operations.

The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Fund and Sewer Fund since both are considered to be major funds of the City. Because the Internet Fund is the only remaining enterprise fund, it is being presented as a major fund even though it does not meet the criteria of a major fund established in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-18 of this report.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19-35 of this report.

#### **Supplementary Information**

In addition to basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's budgetary comparison schedules as required. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 37-38 of this report. The City also reports supplemental information for combining non-major funds which can be found on pages 40 and 41 of this report.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE CITY'S FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The government-wide financial statements report that during the year ending June 30, 2017, the City received \$2,574,668 in operating and capital grants. Revenue from taxes and charges for services were \$376,752 and \$1,033,769 respectively. Expenses directly related to programs offered by the City were \$1,942,129. The Statement of Activities reflects the current year gain of \$2,179,254.

- The fund financial statements report General fund ordinary revenues of \$314,267 and debt proceeds of \$260,000. Expenditures for the year ending June 30, 2017 total \$826,507.
- Tourism revenue totaled \$203,654. Expenditures from the tourism fund were \$207,783.
- The other governmental funds generated ordinary revenues of \$37,373, while expenditures total \$102,845.

#### CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY'S NET POSITION

Assets:	2017	2016
Current and other assets	\$ 804,255	
Noncurrent assets, net	14,238,349	
Total Assets	15,042,604	
	13,012,001	15,010,121
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Long-term liabilities	5,670,531	5,622,318
Other liabilities	449,792	
Total Liabilities	6,120,323	6,899,381
Deferred inflows of resources	7,915	5,631
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,128,238	6,905,012
Net Position:		
Invested in capital assets net of related debt	8,357,178	5,852,921
Restricted	306,997	884,285
Unrestricted	250,191	(2,094)
Total Net Position	\$ <u>8,914,366</u>	\$ <u>6,735,112</u>
CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENT	UCLV	
CHANGES IN NET POSITIO		
		2016
Davianuas	2017	2016
Revenues Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 1,033,769	\$ 1,047,689
Grants and contributions	2,574,668	
General revenues:	2,5 / 1,000	2,2 : 1,209
Taxes	376,752	383,071
Other	135,789	143,403
Insurance proceeds	-	16,650
Capital contributions	-	82,798
Investment earnings	405	504
Total revenues	4,121,383	3,918,404
Expenses		
General government	229,059	233,157
Public works	98,409	
Culture and recreation	321,597	· ·
Cemetery	7,344	10,628
Interest expense	23,439	· ·
Business-type activities	1,262,281	1,017,628
Total Expenses	1,942,129	1,638,453
Change in net position	2,179,254	2,279,951
Net position - beginning, restated	6,735,112	4,455,161
Net position - ending	\$ 8,914,366	\$ 6,735,112

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The original and final General Fund budget passed by the city council anticipated no increase or decrease in the general fund balance. The budgeted revenue exceeded actual revenue received by \$5,783 in the general fund. Actual expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures by \$506,457. The budgetary figures and actual amounts are reported in the supplementary information on page 37.

The original Tourism Fund budget passed by the council anticipated no increase or decrease in the tourism fund balance. The actual revenue exceeded budgeted revenue received by \$7,711 in the tourism fund. Actual expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures by \$11,840. The budgetary figures and actual amounts are reported in the supplementary information on page 38.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2017 was \$2,458,565. The City's investment in capital assets for its business-type activities as of June 30, 2017 was \$11,779,784. This investment includes land, buildings, vehicles and equipment, net of depreciation and debt used to acquire the assets. The City placed in service various assets during the year totaling \$9,364,997, of which \$6,765,741 was recognized as work in process in the prior year. Carrying values of the City's capital assets are as follows:

Governmental activities:	2017	2016
Capital assets, not being depreciated:		
Land	\$ <u>265,350</u>	\$ <u>265,350</u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	265,350	265,350
Capital assets, being depreciated (net):		
Infrastructure	132,092	144,296
Buildings and improvements	719,859	756,655
Land improvements	1,280,302	1,320,083
Furnishings and fixtures	58,700	59,508
Vehicles	2,262	2,722
Total capital assets, being depreciated (net)	2,193,215	2,283,264
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>2,458,565</u>	\$ <u>2,548,614</u>
Business-type activities:		
	2017	2016
Capital assets, not being depreciated:  Land	\$ 4,761	\$ 4,761
Construction in progress	<u> </u>	6,765,741
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	4,761	6,770,502
Capital assets, being depreciated:		
Buildings and improvements	11,664,740	2,668,985
Machinery and equipment	72,802	92,384
Vehicles	37,481	19,030
Total capital assets, being depreciated	11,775,023	2,780,399
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>11,779,784</u>	\$ <u>9,550,901</u>

#### Long-term and other debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had a total outstanding debt for the governmental and business-type activities of \$626,425 and \$5,250,138 respectively. The debt is related to equipment and improvements to existing capital assets. The City paid in full the line of credit from First Kentucky Bank that was used to cover costs of the sidewalk and lighting project. The total principal paid was \$500,000. The City has new debt with the Kentucky Bond Corporation totaling \$260,000. This loan was used to fund the sidewalk and lighting project, repaying the line of credit with First Kentucky Bank. The City is completed the building of a new sewer plant using funds provided through the USDA in the form of RUS Loans and RUS Grants, as well as, CDBG Grants. As of June 30, 2017, \$1,067,000 and \$3,662,000 has been received from the USDA in the form of revenue bonds. Principal payments on these bonds will begin in January 2018.

During the next fiscal year, the general fund amount due is \$56,410 and the remainder is scheduled to be paid out in 2037. Interest expense for 2017 was \$23,439. The proprietary fund debt is payable from charges for water and sewer services. The amount due during the next fiscal year for proprietary fund debt is \$149,622 and the remainder is scheduled to be paid out in 2055. Interest expense paid by the proprietary funds for 2017 was \$64,717.

#### **REQUEST FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designated to provide a general overview of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions or requests for additional information may be addressed to Tom Moodie, Mayor, City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky - 122 W Cumberland Ave, Grand Rivers, KY 42045.

## CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
Assets			
<b>Current Assets:</b>			
Cash equivalents	\$ 283,137	\$ -	\$ 283,137
Accounts receivable (net):			
Fees and services	-	112,869	112,869
Taxes	24,994	-	24,994
Other	7,522	-	7,522
Grant receivables	-	222,329	222,329
Inventory	-	59,970	59,970
Prepaid expenses	1,024	6,941	7,965
Restricted assets:			
Cash equivalents	23,671	29,630	53,301
Investments	32,168		32,168
Total Current Assets	372,516	431,739	804,255
Noncurrent Assets:			
Land and construction in progress	265,350	4,761	270,111
Depreciable capital assets, net of depreciation	2,193,215	11,775,023	13,968,238
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,458,565	11,779,784	14,238,349
Total Assets	2,831,081	12,211,523	15,042,604
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	69,345	60,341	129,686
Meter deposits payable	_	29,841	29,841
Accrued interest	1,479	65,355	66,834
Taxes withheld and accrued	679	3,189	3,868
Accrued employee benefits	1,920	8,303	10,223
Accrued payroll	1,274	2,034	3,308
Long-term debt due in one year	56,410	149,622	206,032
Total Current Liabilities	131,107	318,685	449,792
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Long-term debt due after one year	570,015	5,100,516	5,670,531
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	570,015	5,100,516	5,670,531
Total Liabilities	701,122	5,419,201	6,120,323

## CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resource</b>			
Premium on debt	-	4,608	4,608
Property taxes	3,307		3,307
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,307	4,608	7,915
Net Position			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,832,140	6,525,038	8,357,178
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	-	222,503	222,503
Debt service	22,111	29,456	51,567
Cemetery fund	32,927	-	32,927
Unrestricted	239,474	10,717	250,191
Total Net Position	\$ 2,126,652	\$ 6,787,714	\$ 8,914,366

## CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Net (Expense) Revenue and

										`	nges in Net Pos		
					O	perating		Capital	_	Primary Government			
				Charges for		ants and		Grants and	Go		Business-type		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services		tributions		ontributions		Activities	Activities		Total
Primary Government		•											
Governmental activities													
General government	\$	229,059	\$	-	\$	21,948	\$	-	\$	(207,111)	\$ -	\$	(207,111)
Culture and recreation		321,597		-		4,786		-		(316,811)	-		(316,811)
Public works		98,409		-		15,879		-		(82,530)	-		(82,530)
Cemetery maintenance		7,344		-		-		-		(7,344)	-		(7,344)
Interest on long-term debt		23,439		-		-		-		(23,439)			(23,439)
Total governmental activities		679,848		-		42,613		-		(637,235)	_		(637,235)
Business-type activities													
Water system		657,803		572,395		-		63,402		-	(22,006)		(22,006)
Sewer system		581,569		435,723		-		2,468,653		-	2,322,807		2,322,807
Internet		22,909		25,651		-		-		-	2,742		2,742
Total business-type activities	_	1,262,281	_	1,033,769		-	_	2,532,055	_	-	2,303,543		2,303,543
Total Primary Government	\$	1,942,129	\$	1,033,769	\$	42,613	\$	2,532,055		(637,235)	2,303,543		1,666,308
<b>General Revenues and Transfers</b>													
Taxes:													
Property taxes										198,411	-		198,411
Tourism tax										151,631	-		151,631
Other taxes										21,669	-		21,669
Franchise tax										5,041	-		5,041
Miscellaneous										79,921	-		79,921
Rental income										45,417	-		45,417
License and fees										6,951	-		6,951
Cemetery										3,500	-		3,500
Interest income										140	265		405
Transfers										(136,032)	136,032		-
Total General Revenues and T	ransf	ers								376,649	136,297		512,946
<b>Change in Net Position</b>										(260,586)	2,439,840		2,179,254
Net Position at Beginning of Year									_	2,387,238	4,347,874	_	6,735,112
Net Position at End of Year									\$	2,126,652	\$ 6,787,714	\$	8,914,366

# CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

		General		Tourism		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash equivalents	\$	154,624	\$	128,313	\$	200	\$	283,137
Accounts Receivable:								
Taxes		4,791		20,203		-		24,994
Other receivables		5,031		2,491		-		7,522
Prepaid expenses		1,024		-		-		1,024
Restricted assets:								
Cash equivalents		22,111		-		1,560		23,671
Investments		_		-		32,168		32,168
Total Assets	\$	187,581	\$	151,007	\$	33,928	\$	372,516
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
<b>Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>								
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Accounts payable	\$	58,550	\$	8,003	\$	2,792	\$	69,345
Taxes withheld and accrued		169		312		198		679
Accrued payroll		728		546		-		1,274
Accrued employee benefits		237		1,683		-		1,920
Total Liabilities		59,684		10,544		2,990		73,218
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>								
Property taxes	_	3,307	_		_		_	3,307
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid expenses		1,024		-		-		1,024
Cemetery				-		32,927		32,927
Restricted for:						,		,
Debt service		22,111		-		_		22,111
Assigned for:		,						,
Tourism fund		-		140,463		-		140,463
Unassigned:		101,455		_		(1,989)		99,466
Total Fund Balances		124,590		140,463		30,938		295,991
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,								
and Fund Balances	\$	187,581	\$	151,007	\$	33,928	\$	372,516

## CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

#### **Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds**

\$ 295,991

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet:

Governmental capital assets	\$ 4,006,595	
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,548,030)	2,458,565

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.

Accrued interest payable	(1,479)	
Debt due within one year	(56,410)	
Debt due after one year	(570,015)	(627,904)

#### Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 2,126,652

# CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		General		Tourism		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues								
Taxes:	_		_		_		_	
Property	\$	198,411	\$	-	\$	-	\$	198,411
Tourism		-		151,631		-		151,631
Other		21,669		-		-		21,669
Franchise		5,041		-		- 0.145		5,041
Miscellaneous		60,175		11,601		8,145		79,921
Rental income		-		35,622		9,795		45,417
Intergovernmental		21,948		4,786		15,879		42,613
Cemetery		- 6.051		-		3,500		3,500
License and permits		6,951		-		-		6,951
Investment income		72		14		54		140
Total Revenues		314,267	_	203,654		37,373		555,294
Expenditures Current:								
General government		112,149		-		-		112,149
Culture and recreation		53,164		178,840		36,605		268,609
Public works		98,409		-		-		98,409
Cemetery maintenance		-		-		7,327		7,327
Debt service		543,942		19,646		8,667		572,255
Capital outlay		18,843		9,297		50,246		78,386
Total Expenditures		826,507		207,783		102,845		1,137,135
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		(512,240)	_	(4,129)		(65,472)		(581,841)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Long-term debt issued		260,000		-		-		260,000
Transfers in		-		-		60,792		60,792
Transfers (out)		(196,355)		(469)		-		(196,824)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		63,645		(469)		60,792		123,968
Net Change in Fund Balances		(448,595)		(4,598)		(4,680)		(457,873)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		573,185		145,061		35,618		753,864
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	124,590	\$	140,463	\$	30,938	\$	295,991

# CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(457,873)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives:		
Expenditures for capital assets Less current year depreciation  \$ 78,386 (168,435)		(90,049)
Governmental funds report debt proceeds as income. However, debt proceeds do not affect net position in the government-wide Statement of Activities.		(260,000)
Principal payments of debt require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, principal payments of debt do not affect net position in the government-wide Statement of Activities.		548,815
Accrued interest payments on debt do not require the use of current financial resources. The change in accrued interest is reported as an expenditure in the government-wide statement of activities.	_	(1,479)

\$ (260,586)

**Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities** 

# CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	Business-type Activities							
			se Funds					
	Water	Sewer	Internet Nonmajor Fund	Total				
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Current Assets								
Customer receivables (net allowance of doubtful accounts)	\$ 65,437	\$ 44,936	\$ 2,496	\$ 112,869				
Grant receivables	\$ 65,437	222,329	\$ 2,490 -	\$ 112,869 222,329				
Inventory	49,775	10,195	_	59,970				
Prepaid expenses	3,835	3,106	-	6,941				
Restricted assets:	,	,		,				
Cash equivalents	29,456	174		29,630				
Total Current Assets	148,503	280,740	2,496	431,739				
Noncurrent Assets								
Land and work in progress	3,561	1,200	-	4,761				
Depreciable capital assets, net	1,714,837	10,042,358	17,828	11,775,023				
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,718,398	10,043,558	17,828	11,779,784				
Total Assets	1,866,901	10,324,298	20,324	12,211,523				
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable	53,967	6,374	-	60,341				
Meter deposits payable	29,841	-	-	29,841				
Accrued employee benefits	5,239	3,064	-	8,303				
Taxes withheld and accrued	1,787	1,402	-	3,189				
Accrued interest payable	3,572	61,783	-	65,355				
Accrued payroll	1,370	664	-	2,034				
Long-term debt due in one year	68,771	80,851		149,622				
Total Current Liabilities	164,547	154,138		318,685				
Noncurrent Liabilities								
Long-term debt due after one year	446,016	4,654,500		5,100,516				
Total Liabilities	610,563	4,808,638		5,419,201				
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>								
Premium on debt	4,608			4,608				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,608			4,608				
<b>NET POSITION</b>								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,199,003	5,308,207	17,828	6,525,038				
Restricted for debt service	29,456	-	<b>-</b>	29,456				
Restricted for capital projects	-	222,503	-	222,503				
Unrestricted	23,271	(15,050)	2,496	10,717				
Total Net Position	\$ 1,251,730	\$ 5,515,660	\$ 20,324	\$ 6,787,714				

# CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Business-type	Activities
Entamaiaa	Errada

	Enterprise Funds						
	Water Sewer				nternet onmajor Fund	Total	
<b>Operating Revenues</b>							
Charges for services	\$	572,395	\$	435,723	\$	25,651	\$ 1,033,769
Total Operating Revenues	_	572,395		435,723		25,651	1,033,769
Operating Expenses							
Depreciation		93,455		194,176		4,356	291,987
Purchased Water		283,645		-		-	283,645
Salaries and wages		126,150		75,079		-	201,229
Repairs and maintenance		40,246		80,523		2,233	123,002
Utilities		12,913		41,730		-	54,643
Employee benefits		25,750		27,186		-	52,936
Contracted services		17,793		18,715		16,320	52,828
Materials and supplies		2,466		44,969		-	47,435
Professional		12,156		17,222		-	29,378
Insurance		14,736		8,950		-	23,686
Taxes		9,785		5,909		-	15,694
Office supplies		1,131		6,087		-	7,218
Gasoline, oil and grease		4,452		2,354		-	6,806
Uniforms		1,865		2,040		-	3,905
Miscellaneous		1,382		662		-	2,044
Advertising		1,128		-		-	1,128
Total Operating Expenses	_	649,053		525,602		22,909	1,197,564
Income (Loss) from Operations		(76,658)		(89,879)		2,742	(163,795)
<b>Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)</b>							
Interest income		176		89		-	265
Grant revenues		63,402	2	2,468,653		-	2,532,055
Interest expense		(8,750)		(55,967)			(64,717)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		54,828		2,412,775			2,467,603
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers		(21,830)	2	2,322,896		2,742	2,303,808
Transfers (out)		_		_		(6,876)	(6,876)
Transfers in		80,294		62,614		-	142,908
Change in Net Position		58,464		2,385,510		(4,134)	2,439,840
Net Position at Beginning of Year		1,193,266		3,130,150	_	24,458	4,347,874
Net Position at End of Year	\$	1,251,730		5,515,660	\$	20,324	\$ 6,787,714

# CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds

				Enterpri	se Fu	nds		
	Internet							
						onmajor		
		Water		Carran	1,			Total
	_	Water	_	Sewer		Fund	_	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities								
Cash received from customers	\$	573,239	\$	437,612	\$	25,429	\$	1,036,280
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(374,034)		(228,981)		(18,553)		(621,568)
Cash payments to employees for services		(164,332)		(109,102)		-		(273,434)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities		34,873		99,529		6,876		141,278
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities								
Transfers in		90.204		62,614				142,908
		80,294		- )-		-		,
Transfers out			_			(6,876)		(6,876)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Noncapital Financing								
Activities		80,294	_	62,614		(6,876)	_	136,032
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities								
Principal paid on debt		(68,080)		(5,753)		_		(73,833)
Grant proceeds		75,169		2,672,371		_		2,747,540
						-		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(111,346)		(2,828,421)		-		(2,939,767)
Interest paid on debt		(11,601)		(432)				(12,033)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related								
Financing Activities		(115,858)		(162,235)		-		(278,093)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		_		_				
Income received on investments		176		89				265
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Investing Activities		176		89				265
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash Equivalents		(515)		(3)		-		(518)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		29,971		177				30,148
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	•	29,456	\$	174	¢		2	29,630
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Ital	Ψ	27,730	ψ	1/4	ψ		Ψ	27,030
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash								
Provided (Used) By Operating Activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(76,658)	\$	(89,879)	\$	2,742	\$	(163,795)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		( / /		( ) )		,		( , ,
provided (used) by operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization		93,455		194,176		4,356		291,987
Change in assets and liabilities		93,433		194,170		4,330		291,967
		(2 (22)		1 000		(222)		(0(()
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		(2,633)		1,889		(222)		(966)
Decrease (increase) in prepayments		8,218		5,470		-		13,688
Decrease (increase) in inventory		(2,041)		(418)		-		(2,459)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		13,703		(10,782)		-		2,921
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		829		(927)		-		(98)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	34,873	\$	99,529	\$	6,876	\$	141,278
Reconciliation of Total Cash								
Current assets - cash	¢		\$		\$		\$	
	\$	20.456	Ф	- 174	Ф	-	Ф	20.620
Restricted assets - cash	_	29,456	<u>~</u>	174	Φ.		_	29,630
Total cash	\$	29,456	\$	174	\$	-	\$	29,630

Non-Cash Investing, Capital and Related Financing Activities - none

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky (the City) operates under a Mayor/Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized: public works (streets and highways), culture and recreation, water distribution, wastewater treatment, cemetery maintenance, health and welfare, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The accounting and reporting policies of the City relating to the funds included in the accompanying basic financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled *Audits of State and Local Governmental Units* and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (when applicable). The City follows GASB pronouncements as codified under GASB 62. The more significant accounting policies of the City are described below:

#### A. The Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky operates under a Mayor/Council form of government. The City has adhered to the standards set forth in Statement No. 14 as amended by Statement No. 61 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board in reporting the primary government (including blended component units), discretely presented component units, the reporting entity and related relationships with the City. There are no organizations to be included in the reporting entity.

#### **B.** Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information for the City as a whole. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental and business-type activities columns, has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The City segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate statements are presented for governmental and proprietary activities. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. The City has presented the following major governmental funds:

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

#### Tourism Fund

The Tourism fund accounts for the collection of hotel/motel and restaurant taxes. These revenues are to be used to promote tourism activities in the Grand Rivers area.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The accounting objectives are determinations of net income, financial position and cash flow. All assets and liabilities are included on the Statement of Net Position. The City has presented the following major proprietary funds:

#### Water Fund

The Water Fund is used to account for the provision of water services to the residents of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, water treatment, and distribution infrastructure additions and maintenance. The department accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, long-term debt principal and interest for water system debt. All fund costs are financed through charges to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted if necessary to ensure the financial integrity of the fund.

#### Sewer Fund

The Sewer Fund is used to account for the provision of sewer services to the residents of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, wastewater treatment and collection, infrastructure additions and maintenance. The fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, long-term debt principal and interest for sewer system debt. All fund costs are financed through charges to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted if necessary to ensure the financial integrity of the fund.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the costs of personnel and contractual services, supplies and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e. when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Franchise and other taxes are considered available and are, therefore, recognized as revenues even though a portion of taxes may be collected in the subsequent year. Intergovernmental revenues received as reimbursements for specific purposes or projects are recognized based upon expenditures recorded. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

The government-wide statements and fund financial statements for proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and all liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned, including unbilled water, sewer and internet services which are accrued. Expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include: (1) timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, (2) matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and (3) expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before they can be recognized.

#### D. Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general, special revenue, and proprietary funds. Non-major governmental funds are not budgeted.

Prior to June 1 of each year, the Mayor submits a proposed budget to the City Council for the year commencing the following July1. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and request appropriations for the next fiscal year. The City Council holds public hearings to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to June 30 of each year, the City Council approves the budget by majority vote.

As required by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS) 91A.030 (2), formal budgetary integration is employed as a management device during the year for the General Fund, and Proprietary Funds. Total expenditures for a fund legally may not exceed the total appropriations as required by KRS 91A.030 (13).

Budget amendments, as allowed by ordinance, require majority approval by the City Council. There were no amendments to the General Fund original adopted budget for year ended June 30, 2017. The Tourism Fund budget for the year ended June 30, 2017, was amended during the year.

#### E. Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts of the City. For the purpose of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, "cash equivalents" include all demand checking, savings accounts, and certificates of deposit, or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Investments include certificates of deposit reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Investments also include short-term pooled municipal guaranteed securities which are valued at market value. In accordance with GASB Statement 31, quoted market price was used to determine the fair value of investments. Additional cash and investment disclosures are presented in Note 3.

#### F. Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. The major receivable balance for the governmental activities normally include taxpayer assessed revenues. Business-type activities report customer utility usages as their major receivable.

#### G. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The City established an allowance for doubtful accounts based off of past collection history. The City has determined that a fair estimate for uncollectible accounts is 4.8% of outstanding receivables.

#### H. Inventory

Material and supply inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Inventories consist of expendable supplies and replacement parts. Adjustments are made to cost of goods sold at year-end when physical counts are performed on inventory items.

#### I. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2017 are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items recorded in the governmental funds are reflected as nonspendable fund balance.

#### J. Restricted Assets

The restricted funds have been handled in accordance with the provisions of the various proprietary fund revenue bond resolutions, loan agreements, or by state or federal laws and regulations. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

#### K. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. All capital assets are valued at historical or estimated historical cost if actual historical is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Assets capitalized, not including infrastructure assets, have an original cost of \$500 or more and over three years of useful life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and Infrastructure	35-50 years
Land Improvements	10-35 years
Utility Plant	50 years
Machinery and Equipment	5-10 years
Furniture and Fixtures	5-10 years
Vehicles	5-7 years

The City has elected not to retroactively report general infrastructure assets purchased prior to July 1, 2003.

#### L. Postemployment Benefits

Postemployment benefits are those received by employees after termination of employment. The City provides no such benefits.

#### M. Compensated Absences

The City accrues vacation leave benefits as earned by its employees at June 30. Paid time off is earned for the year on January 1 and any unused time at December 31 is forfeited. These benefits are measured using the pay rates in effect at June 30, 2017. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements.

#### N. <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists of lease, note, and bond obligations payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Debt issuance costs on long-term debt are amortized over the life of the bond issues using the straight-line method.

#### O. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

**Deferred Outflows of Resources:** In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applied to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

**Deferred Inflows of Resources:** In additional to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category.

Deferred inflows related to premium on refinancing of debt is reported in the Water Fund. The City incurred a premium when refinancing their debt with Kentucky Rural Water. The balance as of June 30, 2017 was \$4,608 and will be amortized against interest expense over the remaining life of the loan.

#### P. Bond Discounts/Issuance Costs

Bond discounts and issuance costs on long-term debt are deferred and charged as nonoperating expense over the terms of the related issues.

#### Q. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both governmental and proprietary funds. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

#### R. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### S. Pensions

The City contributes to a Simple IRA plan for all eligible employees. The City will contribute a matching contribution to each eligible employee's Simple IRA equal to the employee's salary reduction contributions up to a limit of 3% of the employee's compensation for the calendar year. The plan is administered by Edward Jones and is established under Section 408(p) of the Internal Revenue Code. The City contributed \$5,671 to employee Simple IRA accounts for the year ending June 30, 2017.

#### T. Net Position

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components.

- **Net investment in capital assets** Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets net of unspent financing proceeds.
- Restricted net position Net position with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The City has implemented GASB No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The City establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by voting. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the City through adoption or amendment of the budget which is intended for specific purposes (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes). The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid expenses) or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Commission itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned fund balance amounts the City intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the City or by an official or body to which the City delegates the authority.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the city would first use committed then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

#### **U.** Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncements

#### GASB Statement No. 77

GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, was issued August 2015. The provisions of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. This Statement requires disclosure of information necessary to assess how tax abatements affect financial position and results of operations. The City has no activity requiring such disclosures.

#### **Future Accounting Pronouncements**

#### GASB Statement No. 83

GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, was issued November 2016. The provisions of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement.

#### GASB Statement No. 85

GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*, was issued March 2017. The provisions of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The objective of this Statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits [OPED]).

#### V. Subsequent Events

The City has evaluated subsequent events through January 3, 2018, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

On August 9, 2017, the City cashed \$5,300 of the Cemetery CDs.

On August 14, 2017, the City purchased new Mechron 2200 for \$11,500.

#### 2. LEGAL COMPLIANCE

#### **Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Individual Funds**

The following funds had an excess of actual expenditures and other financing uses over budget for the year ended June 30, 2017:

General Fund \$ 506,457 Due to the principal payment of debt.

Tourism Fund \$ 11,840 Due to underbudgeted operating expenses.

Fund equity and other financial sources were sufficient to offset the over expenditures in the General and Tourism Funds.

#### **Deficit Fund Balances/Net Position**

No funds had a deficit fund balance or deficit net position during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

#### 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### A. Statement of Net Position Cash Presentation

The captions on the statement of net position for cash, investments, and restricted assets enumerated as to deposits and investments and the amounts in total are as follows:

	Cas	h on Hand	Deposits		Investments			Total
Cash equivalents	\$	350	\$	282,787	\$	-	\$	283,137
Investments		-		-		-		-
Restricted assets:								
Cash equivalents		-		53,301		-		53,301
Investments		-		32,168		-		32,168
Total	\$	350	\$	368,256	\$	-	\$	368,606

#### B. Deposits

At year end, the carrying amount of the City's demand deposits and certificates of deposit was \$368,606 and the bank balance was \$372,061. These demand deposits and certificates of deposit were held in various financial institutions. Of the bank balance \$333,734 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$38,327 was covered by collateral held by the pledging financial institution's agent or trust department in the City's name.

#### C. <u>Investments</u>

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the City to invest in interest-bearing and demand deposits in national or state charted banks and insured by an agency of the U.S. Government. The City can also invest in U.S. Treasury, agencies, and instrumentalities.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The City doesn't not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### Credit Risk and Custodial Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that a government will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party if the counterparty to the transaction fails.

#### Concentrations of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer. The City does not place any limit on the amount that may be invested with one issuer.

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Investment	<u>Maturities</u>	Fa	ir Value
Certificates of Deposit:			
Cemetery Fund			
US Bank	9/13/2018		4,918
US Bank	5/16/2018		4,623
US Bank	10/13/2018		1,500
US Bank	7/8/2018		1,500
US Bank	2/26/2018		6,150
US Bank	7/7/2018		1,000
US Bank	4/12/2018		1,120
US Bank	9/13/2018		1,445
US Bank	8/4/2017		1,000
US Bank	8/4/2017		4,300
US Bank	2/14/2018		4,612
Total Investments		\$	32,168

#### 4. PROPERTY TAX

The City bills and collects its own property taxes. The City elects to use the annual property assessment prepared by Livingston County as its base to apply the property tax rate. According to Kentucky Revised Statutes, the assessment date for the City must conform to the assessment date of Livingston County, and the annual increase in the property tax levy cannot exceed 4%. For the year ending June 30, 2017, taxes were levied on July 1 and payable on December 31. The tax rate was \$0.260 per \$100 of assessed valuation for motor vehicles, \$0.248 per \$100 of assessed valuation of real property, and \$0.6809 per \$100 of assessed valuation of tangible personal property. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables in accordance with GASB Statement 1, "Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes".

#### 5. <u>RESTRICTED NET POSITION</u>

Restrictions imposed by external sources are shown as restricted net position on the government-wide financial statements. The following restrictions apply to the General, Cemetery, Water, and Sewer Funds as of June 30, 2017.

<u>Cemetery Fund</u>	\$ 32,927
<u>Capital Projects - Restricted Assets</u> Sewer - Capital projects	222,503
Debt Requirement Restricted Assets	
General - Bond reserve funds	22,111
Water - Bond reserve funds	 29,456
Total	\$ 306,997

#### 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

#### **Governmental Activities**

A summary of capital assets at June 30, 2017 for governmental activities follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 265,350	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 265,350
Total capital assets not being depreciated	265,350			265,350
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	221,020	-	-	221,020
Land improvements	1,926,964	53,519	-	1,980,483
Buildings	1,309,830	9,590	=	1,319,420
Furnishings and fixtures	200,445	15,277	=	215,722
Vehicles	4,600			4,600
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,662,859	78,386		3,741,245
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(76,724)	(12,204)	-	(88,928)
Land improvements	(606,881)	(93,300)	=	(700,181)
Buildings	(553,175)	(46,386)	=	(599,561)
Furnishings and fixtures	(140,937)	(16,085)	=	(157,022)
Vehicles	(1,878)	(460)		(2,338)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,379,595)	(168,435)		(1,548,030)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,283,264	(90,049)		2,193,215
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,548,614	\$ (90,049)	\$ -	\$ 2,458,565

#### **Business-type Activities**

A summary of property, plant and equipment at June 30, 2017 for business-type activities follows:

	Beginning			•	•	Ending
	Balance		Increases	_	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 4,76	1 \$	-	\$	-	\$ 4,761
Construction in progress	6,765,74	·1			(6,765,741)	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	6,770,50	2			(6,765,741)	4,761
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	5,288,36	7	9,252,323		(141,652)	14,399,038
Machinery and equipment	431,52		5,862		-	437,384
Vehicles	131,72	.5	28,426			160,151
Total capital assets being depreciated	5,851,61	4	9,286,611		(141,652)	14,996,573
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements	(2,619,38	2)	(256,568)		141,652	(2,734,298)
Machinery and equipment	(339,13	8)	(25,444)		-	(364,582)
Vehicles	(112,69		(9,975)			(122,670)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,071,21	5)	(291,987)		141,652	(3,221,550)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,780,39	9	8,994,624			 11,775,023
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 9,550,90	1 \$	8,994,624	\$	(6,765,741)	\$ 11,779,784

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 115,792
Culture and recreation	52,626
Cemetery	17
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 168,435

Business-type activities:

Water	\$ 93,455
Sewer	194,176
Internet	4,356
Total depreciation expense - business type activities	\$ 291,987

#### 7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. There were no claims in excess of insurance coverage levels during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The City also did not have any claims in excess of insurance coverage levels for the prior three years. All other risks of loss are covered by commercial insurance purchased through private carriers. With regard to the insurance coverage provided by private carriers, there were no significant changes in insurance coverage for the prior three years.

#### 8. LONG-TERM DEBT

The City's long-term debt is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities.

25,000

#### Governmental Activities

As of June 30, 2017, the governmental long-term debt consisted of the following:

Current portion general	obligation bonds and notes	,
Pand obligation	g	

Total General Bond and Note Obligations

Bolid obligations	Ф	23,000
Note obligations		31,410
Total current portion		56,410
Noncurrent portion general obligation bonds and notes:		
Bond obligations		360,833
Note obligations		209,182
Total noncurrent portion		570,015

#### General Bonds Payable

The City entered into a leasing agreement on March 29, 2012, with the Kentucky Bond Corporation to help finance storm damage expenses. The original amount advanced was \$255,000. The lease agreement requires monthly payments including principal, interest, and fees to be made to a sinking fund beginning May 1, 2012 (the monthly payments vary and range from \$2,625 to \$3,168). The last scheduled payments is February 1, 2022. The lease agreement provides financing rates that range from 2.5% to 3.25%. The lease is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The principal balance at June 30, 2017, is \$140,000. The lease financed various cleanup and asset improvement projects.

The City entered into a leasing agreement on November 30, 2016, with the Kentucky Bond Corporation to help finance the sidewalk and streetlight project. The total amount financed was \$260,000. The lease agreement requires monthly payments including principal, interest, and fees to be made to a sinking fund beginning February 1, 2017 (the monthly payments vary and range from \$1,624 to \$1,729). The last scheduled payment is January 1, 2037. The lease agreement provides financing rates of approximately 4.2\$. The lease is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The principal balance at June 30, 2017, is \$255,833.

#### General Notes Payable

<u>First Kentucky Bank</u> - The City (Grand Rivers Tourist Commission) entered into an agreement on December 1, 2006, with First Kentucky Bank to help finance the Badgett Playhouse building at a variable interest rate. This loan consolidated two initial construction advances of \$200,000 and \$150,000. The note has a variable financing rate after the first ten year. The current rate is 3.375%. The note matures in 2026 and is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The principal balance at June 30, 2017 is \$159,748.

<u>First Kentucky Bank</u> - The City entered into an agreement with First Kentucky Bank to finance improvements to the community center. The agreement was entered into on June 16, 2015, with an available amount of \$80,000 with an interest rate of 4.49% and a maturity date of June 16, 2020. As of June 30, 2017 the principal balance is \$70,844.

<u>First Kentucky Bank</u> - The City entered into an agreement with First Kentucky Bank to finance the sidewalk and lighting project with a line of credit. The City took draws totaling \$500,000 during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016. This line of credit was paid in full during December 2016.

#### Business-Type Activities

As of June 30, 2017, the leases and notes payable from proprietary fund resources consisted of the following:

Current portion proprietary leases, notes and bonds:	
Lease obligations	\$ 12,702
Note obligations	62,420
Bond obligations	 74,500
Total current portion	 149,622
Noncurrent portion proprietary leases, notes, and bonds	
Lease obligations	-
Note obligations	446,016
Bond obligations	 4,654,500
Total noncurrent portion	 5,100,516
Total Proprietary Lease, Note, and Bond Obligations	\$ 5,250,138

#### Proprietary Leases

National Rural Water Association - The City entered into a leasing agreement on December 19, 2001, with the Kentucky Rural Water Finance Corporation Area Development Districts Financing Trust to finance water improvement projects at interest rates approximating 5% per annum. This agreement was refinanced on February 27, 2013 with lower interest rates of 2.3%-2.8%. The lease agreement requires monthly payments including principal and interest to be made to a sinking fund beginning April 2013 varying from \$4,712 to \$5,437. The last scheduled payment is January 2022. The lease is backed by full faith and credit of the City. The principal balance at June 30, 2017, is \$270,000.

#### Proprietary Notes Payable

National Rural Water Association - The City entered into a loan agreement on July 1, 2009, to finance the acquisition of a trencher. The original amount advanced was \$100,000. Monthly payments of \$966 including principal and interest began August 1, 2008, and continues for 119 months with a final payment of \$963 due July 1, 2018, at 3% per annum. The loan grants the lender a secured interest in the assets of the City. The principal balance at June 30, 2017 is \$12,702.

<u>Kentucky Infrastructure Authority</u> - The City entered into a loan agreement with Kentucky Infrastructure Authority for \$263,000. The project consisted of Lake City waterline improvements and water tank repairs. The project was completed in June 2015. The loan calls for semi-annual payments due June 1 and December 1 with an interest rate of .75% and was financed over 20 years. The principal balance at June 30, 2017 is \$238,436.

#### Revenue Bonds

Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds - The City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky, adopted a resolution to issue \$3,662,000 of City of Grand Rivers, Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2015A and \$1,067,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2015B for the purpose of a new sewer plant and lift station. The bonds were finalized June 6, 2016 with an interest rate of 2.25%. The bond covenants require \$1,760 per month be deposited into a "Funded Debt Reserve Account" until the account reaches \$211,200. The deposits are to be resumed any time the account falls below the \$211,200. Principal payments will begin January 1, 2018.

#### 9. CHANGES IN GOVERNMENT-WIDE ACTIVITIES DEBT

A summary of changes in government-wide debt activities for the year ended June 30, 2017 follows:

	roceeds		etirement/ eductions		Balance June 30, 2017	C	Due in One Year
ω ¢		Ф	500.000	¢		¢	
о э	-	Ф	300,000	Ф	-	Ф	-
00	_		25,000		140,000		25,000
	260,000		*		*		10,000
	,		,		,		,
39	-		14,341		159,748		15,853
<u> </u>		_	5,308		70,844	_	5,557
<u>1</u>	260,000		548,816		626,425		56,410
00 \$	-	\$	50,000	\$	270,000	\$	50,000
_					4.5 - 0.5		4
)7	-		11,505		12,702		12,702
. 1	-		12 220		220 126		- 12 420
94	-		12,328		238,430		12,420
00	_		_	1	1 067 000		15,500
	-		-				59,000
	_		73,833				149,622
	260,000	\$	622,649			\$	206,032
	00 \$ 00 39 52 11	Proceeds  00 \$ - 260,000  39 - 52 - 11 260,000  00 \$ - 07 - 54 - 00 - 00 - 71 -	Proceeds R  Procee	Proceeds Reductions  00 \$ - \$ 500,000  00 - 25,000 260,000 4,167  89 - 14,341 52 - 5,308  11 260,000 548,816  00 \$ - \$ 50,000  07 - 11,505	Proceeds         Reductions           00         \$ 500,000           260,000         \$ 500,000           260,000         \$ 4,167           39         \$ 14,341           52         \$ 5,308           41         260,000         548,816           00         \$ 50,000         \$           54         \$ 12,328           00         \$ 7         \$ 73,833	Proceeds         Reductions         2017           00         -         \$ 500,000         -           00         -         25,000         140,000           260,000         4,167         255,833           39         -         14,341         159,748           52         -         5,308         70,844           41         260,000         548,816         626,425           00         \$         -         11,505         12,702           -         -         -         -           54         -         12,328         238,436           00         -         -         1,067,000           3,662,000         -         73,833         5,250,138	Proceeds         Reductions         2017         Control           00         \$ 500,000         \$ -         \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term debt as of June 30, 2017, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	 Principal Int		Interest	Total	
2018	\$ 206,058	\$	131,029	\$	337,087
2019	196,978		128,086		325,064
2020	207,900		119,821		327,721
2021	260,776		111,591		372,367
2022	207,076		105,749		312,825
2023-2027	648,078		500,842		1,148,920
2028-2032	649,443		427,381		1,076,824
2033-2037	692,254		350,631		1,042,885
2038-2042	655,500		272,419		927,919
2043-2047	746,000		192,668		938,668
2048-2052	848,500		101,948		950,448
2053-2055	 558,000		12,611		570,611
Total	\$ 5,876,563	\$	2,454,776	\$	8,331,339

Total interest expensed for the year ended June 30, 2017:

Governmental activities	\$ 23,439
Business-type activities	 64,717
	\$ 88,156

#### 10. <u>LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES</u>

#### <u>Litigation</u>

The City is not aware of any pending or threatened litigation in which it is involved which would have a material effect on these financial statements.

#### **Contingencies**

The City participates in a number of federal and state assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The audits of these programs for or including the year ended June 30, 2017 have not yet been conducted. Accordingly, the City's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date.

#### 11. **COMMITMENTS**

The City entered into a contract with WastePath Disposal and Recycling (Contractor) beginning May 15, 2014. The Contractor is to provide the collection and disposal of residential and commercial garbage. The Contractor is responsible for billing and collections. The Contractor has agreed to pay to the City a franchise fee of 7% of all fees collected to be paid quarterly.

The City entered into an agreement between the Grand Rivers Tourism Commission and Minihan Productions, LLC, to sublease the Badgett Playhouse. The initial agreement dated June 15, 2005, for 10 years, was renewed January 1, 2015 for an additional 10 years, through December 31, 2024. A sum of \$8,000 is due annually to be paid at a rate of 2% of gross receipts collected by Minihan until the amount is paid in full each year. Should the percentage be insufficient, a settlement is due within 30 days of the calendar yearend for the remaining balance.

The City entered into a contract with Williams Landscaping July 1, 2011 to provide mowing services for the City and Dixon Cemetery at a rate of \$3,390 per month. The terms of this contract ended July 1, 2015. At that time Williams Landscaping submitted a new bid. The new terms are \$4,625 per month for next 4 years.

The City entered into an agreement with Phillip and Brenda Colburn to sublease the land known as Lighthouse Landing. The most recent agreement was signed on January 1, 2005 for a term of 20 years. The annual lease is for \$8,800 to be paid in monthly installments.

#### CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

#### 12. TRANSFERS AND INTERFUND RECEIVABLE/PAYABLE BALANCES

Transfers and payments within the reporting entity are substantially for the purposes of subsidizing operating functions, funding capital projects and asset acquisitions, or maintaining debt service on a routine basis. Resources are accumulated in a fund or component unit to support and simplify the administration of various projects or programs.

Primary government operating transfers at June 30, 2017 were:

	Transfers Out		Transfers In		Tra	nsfers Net
<b>General Fund</b>	\$	196,355	\$	-	\$	196,355
<b>Special Revenue Funds</b>						
Municipal Aid		-		2,969		(2,969)
Tourism		469		-		469
Cemetery		-		4,458		(4,458)
Community Center		-		53,365		(53,365)
Business-type funds						
Water Fund		-		80,294		(80,294)
Sewer Fund		-		62,614		(62,614)
Internet Fund		6,876		-		6,876
Total	\$	203,700	\$	203,700	\$	-



### CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY GENERAL FUND

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Revenues	Original Budgeted	_ <u>F</u>	Final Budgeted	 Actual Amounts	Fii F	riance with nal Budget Pavorable nfavorable)
Taxes						
Property	\$ 200,100	\$	200,100	\$ 198,411	\$	(1,689)
Other	23,500		23,500	21,669		(1,831)
Franchise	7,000		7,000	5,041		(1,959)
Miscellaneous	61,350		61,350	60,175		(1,175)
Intergovernmental	28,000		28,000	21,948		(6,052)
License and permits	-		-	6,951		6,951
Interest income	 100		100	72		(28)
Total revenues	 320,050		320,050	314,267		(5,783)
Expenditures						
General government	134,100		134,100	112,149		21,951
Public works	69,300		69,300	98,409		(29,109)
Culture and recreation	32,500		32,500	53,164		(20,664)
Debt service	84,150		84,150	543,942		(459,792)
Capital outlay	-			18,843		(18,843)
Total expenditures	320,050		320,050	826,507		(506,457)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 			 (512,240)		(512,240)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Long-term debit issued	_		_	260,000		260,000
Transfers in(out)	-		_	(196,355)		(196,355)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		-	63,645		63,645
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 	\$	-	(448,595)	\$	(448,595)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year				 573,185		
Fund Balances at End of Year				\$ 124,590		

# CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY TOURISM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Original Budgeted	_ <u>F</u>	Final Budgeted		Actual Amounts	Fin Fa	iance with al Budget avorable favorable)
Revenues	¢	121 200	Φ	121 200	ф	151 (21	¢.	20.221
Taxes	\$	131,300	\$	131,300	\$	151,631	\$	20,331
Rental income		40,000		40,000		35,622		(4,378)
Intergovernmental		3,225		3,225		4,786		1,561
Miscellaneous		21,400		21,400		11,601		(9,799)
Investment income	_	18		18		14		(4)
Total revenues	_	195,943	_	195,943	_	203,654		7,711
Expenditures								
Culture and recreation		163,743		163,743		178,840		(15,097)
Capital outlay		10,000		10,000		9,297		703
Debt service:		22,200		22,200		19,646		2,554
Total expenditures		195,943		195,943		207,783		(11,840)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over <u>Expenditures</u>		-		-		(4,129)		(4,129)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in/(out)						(469)		(469)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$		\$	_		(4,598)	\$	(4,598)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year						145,061		
Fund Balances at End of Year					\$	140,463		

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

# CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Municipal Aid		Cemetery Fund		Community Center		Total on-Major vernmental Funds
Assets							
Cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	200	\$ 200
Restricted assets:							
Cash equivalents		-		1,560		-	1,560
Investments		-		32,168			 32,168
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	33,728	\$	200	\$ 33,928
<b>Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>							
<b>Liabilities</b>							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	801	\$	1,991	\$ 2,792
Other current liabilities		-	_	-		198	198
Total Liabilities		-		801		2,189	2,990
Fund Balances Nonspendable:							
Cemetery Fund		-		32,927		-	32,927
Unrestricted		-				(1,989)	(1,989)
Total Fund Balances		-		32,927		(1,989)	 30,938
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$	-	\$	33,728	\$	200	\$ 33,928

#### <u>CITY OF GRANDS RIVERS, KENTUCKY</u> <u>COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND</u>

### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Municipal Aid			Cemetery Fund	Community Center	Total Other Governmental Funds	
Revenues							
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 8,145	\$ 8,145	
Intergovernmental		15,879		-	-	15,879	
Rental Income		-		-	9,795	9,795	
Cemetery		-		3,500	-	3,500	
Interest income		-		45	9	54	
Total Revenues		15,879		3,545	17,949	37,373	
Expenditures							
Culture and recreation		_		_	36,605	36,605	
Cemetery maintenance		-		7,327	<u>-</u>	7,327	
Capital outlay		18,848		349	31,049	50,246	
Debt service		-		-	8,667	8,667	
Total Expenditures		18,848		7,676	76,321	102,845	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(2,969)	)	(4,131)	(58,372)	(65,472)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Operating transfers in		2,969		4,458	53,365	60,792	
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		327	(5,007)	(4,680)	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		-		32,600	3,018	35,618	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	-	\$	32,927	\$ (1,989)	\$ 30,938	

#### JESSICA K. DANIEL, CPA PSC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor Tom Moodie and Members of the City Council City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky Grand Rivers, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 3, 2018.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency, is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We also noted certain matters that we reported to management of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky, in a separate letter dated January 3, 2018.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Eddyville, Kentucky January 3, 2018

psica Danul, CPA

#### JESSICA K. DANIEL, CPA PSC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor Tom Moodie and Members of the City Council City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky Grand Rivers, Kentucky

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Circular Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The City's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### **Management's Responsibility**

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the City's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*. Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2017.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in

140 COMMERCE ST. PO BOX 909 EDDYVILLE, KY 42038 accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Eddyville, Kentucky January 3, 2018

psica Danul, CPA

### CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/Pass Through	Federal C.F.D.A	Program or Award	Federal Assistance
Grantor, Program Title	Number	Amount	Expended
<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture</u> Passed through the Rural Utilities Service			
Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	10.760	\$ 1,852,818	\$ 1,852,818
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Passed through the Kentucky Department for Local Government			
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program	14.218	615,235	615,235
Total Federal Awards		\$ <u>2,468,053</u>	\$ <u>2,468,053</u>

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### **NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky (the City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of 2 CFR Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*.

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The City of Grand Rivers, Kentucky has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### CITY OF GRAND RIVERS, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial	Statements
1 Illanciai	Statements

1. Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weakness(es) identified?

b. Reportable condition(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

#### Federal Awards

1. Internal control over major programs:

a. Material weakness(es) identified?

b. Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?

None noted

2. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

3. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?

4. Identification of major programs:

<u>CFDA Numbers</u> Name of Federal Program

10.760 Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities

14.218 Community Development Block

Grant Program for Entitlement

None noted

Communities

No

5. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee under 2 CFR Section

200.516(a)?

#### **B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT**

None

6.

#### C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS -MAJOR FEDERAL AWARDS PROGRAMS AUDIT

None

#### D. PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

None