CITY OF NEW CASTLE, KENTUCKY

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

Year Ended June 30, 2013

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Certified Public Accountants

The Honorable Dennis Benham, Mayor and Members of the City Commission of the City of New Castle
New Castle, Kentucky 40050

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of New Castle, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of New Castle, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on pages 38 and 39 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board,

The Honorable Dennis Benham, Mayor and Members of the City Commission of the City of New Castle New Castle, Kentucky 40050

who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of New Castle, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The combining and budget and actual financial statements of the proprietary fund types listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The comparative combining and budget and actual financial statements of the proprietary fund types listed in the table of contents are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the comparative combining and budget and actual financial statements of the proprietary fund types listed in the table of contents are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 28, 2013, on our consideration of the City of New Castle, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City of New Castle, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RAISOR, ZAPP & WOODS, PSC Certified Public Accountants

Raison, Zarri: Woods, PSC

Carrollton, Kentucky

August 28, 2013

CITY OF NEW CASTLE, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2013

		vernmental Activities	Ві	ısiness-type Activities		Total
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Current Assets:						
Cash, including time deposits	\$	325,796	\$	94,497	\$	420,293
Interest Receivable		-		188		188
Accounts Receivable (Net)		33,185		55,076		88,261
Due from Other Governments		2,297		-		2,297
Due from Other Funds		(29,670)		29,670		-
Prepaid Expenses		4,472		-		4,472
Total Current Assets		336,080		179,431	_\$_	515,511
Noncurrent Assets:						
Restricted Assets						
Cash	\$	1,692	\$	399,144	\$	400,836
Capital Assets (Net)		458,612		2,441,704		2,900,316
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	460,304	\$	2,840,848	\$	3,301,152
Total Assets	\$	796,384	_\$_	3,020,279	\$	3,816,663
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	8,613	\$	19,079	\$	27,692
Accrued Compensated Absences	Ψ	9,833	Ψ	29,750	Ψ	39,583
Accrued Taxes/Employee Withholding		4,766		866		5,632
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:		4,700		000		0,002
Current Portion - Long-term Debt		-		35,200		35,200
					-	
Total Current Liabilities	\$	23,212	\$	84,895	\$	108,107
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Revenue Bonds Payable	\$		\$	796,919	\$	796,919
Noncurrent Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:			•	. 00,010	. •	, 00,0.0
Customer Deposits Payable		_		15,225		15,225
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$		\$	812,144	\$	812,144
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	012,1		0,12,111
Total Liabilities	\$	23,212		897,039	\$	920,251
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	458,612	\$ '	1,609,585	\$:	2,068,197
Restricted for:						
Debt Service		-		381,522		381,522
Other Purposes		71,280		•		71,280
Unrestricted		243,280		132,133		375,413
Total Net Position	\$	773,172	\$ 2	2,123,240	\$ 2	2,896,412
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CITY OF NEW CASTLE, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Program Revenues			
			Operating	Capital	
		Charges For	Grants and	Grants and	
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	
Functions / Programs					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 135,954	\$ 17,730	\$ -	\$ -	
Public Safety	ŕ	·			
Police Department	23,875	-	-	-	
Fire Department	63,356	38,697	8,250	-	
Public Services	71,538	72,795	-	-	
Highways & Streets	58,426	-	23,163		
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 353,149	\$ 129,222	\$ 31,413	\$ -	
Business-type Activities					
Water	\$ 223,771	\$ 214,665	\$ -	\$ -	
Sewer	257,362	219,305	-	-	
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 481,133	\$ 433,970	\$	\$ -	
Total Government	\$ 834,282	\$ 563,192	\$ 31,413	\$ -	

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes
Franchise Taxes
Insurance Taxes
Unrestricted Investment Income
Miscellaneous
Total General Revenues
Change in Net Position
Net Position - July 1

Net Position - June 30

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	vernmental Activities	Bu	usiness-type Activities		Total
\$	(118,224)	\$	-	\$	(118,224)
	(23,875)		-		(23,875)
	(16,409)		-		(16,409)
	1,257		•		1,257
	(35,263)				(35,263)
\$	(192,514)	\$		\$	(192,514)
\$	-	\$	(9,106)	\$	(9,106)
:	-		(38,057)		(38,057)
\$	-	\$	(47,163)	\$	(47,163)
_\$	(192,514)		(47,163)	_\$_	(239,677)
\$	69,815 38,864 127,462	\$	- - -	\$	69,815 38,864 127,462
	260		1,313		1,573
	2,433		8,206		10,639
\$	238,834	\$	9,519	\$	248,353
\$	46,320	\$	(37,644)	\$	8,676
· · ·	726,852	~	2,160,884	•	2,887,736
\$	773,172	\$	2,123,240	\$	2,896,412

CITY OF NEW CASTLE, KENTUCKY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2013

ASSETS	Ge	eneral Fund		Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Cash, including time deposits	\$	256,612	\$	69,184	\$	325,796
Cash, restricted		1,692		-		1,692
Accounts Receivable: (net of allowance						
for uncollectibles)						
Insurance Licenses		24,552		-		24,552
Property Taxes		586		-		586
Garbage		6,249		-		6,249
Franchise Fees		1,798		-		1,798
Due from Other Governments		201		2,096		2,297
Prepaid Expenses		4,472		-	***************************************	4,472
Total Assets		296,162		71,280	\$	367,442
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	8,613	\$	-	\$	8,613
Due to Other Funds		29,670		-		29,670
Accrued Compensated Absences		153				153
Accrued Taxes / Employee Withholding		4,766		_		4,766
Total Liabilities	\$	43,202	_\$	_	_\$	43,202
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable	\$	4,472	\$	-	\$	4,472
Restricted for:						
Special Revenue Funds		-		71,280		71,280
Assigned to:						
Downtown Revitalization		1,692		-		1,692
Unassigned		246,796		-		246,796
Total Fund Balances	\$	252,960	\$	71,280	\$	324,240
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances		296,162	\$	71,280	\$	367,442

CITY OF NEW CASTLE, KENTUCKY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2013

Total Governmental Fund Balances \$ 324,240

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$820,252

Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore

not reported in the funds:

Accrued compensated absences

(9,680)

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 773,172

CITY OF NEW CASTLE, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	***	General Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go 	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$,	\$	-	\$	•
Franchise Taxes		38,864		-		38,864
Insurance Taxes		127,462		-		127,462
Charges for Services		72,795		-		72,795
Occupational Licenses		2,398		-		2,398
Interest Revenue		174		86		260
Donations		3,232		-		3,232
Rental Revenue		12,100		-		12,100
Fire Department		38,697		-		38,697
Miscellaneous Revenues		2,433		-		2,433
Proceeds from Outside Sources:						
State Fire Aid		8,250		-		8,250
Municipal Road Aid	···	-		23,163	*******	23,163
Total Revenues	\$	376,220		23,249	_\$	399,469
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General Government	\$	126,184	\$		\$	126,184
Public Safety						
Police Department		23,875		-		23,875
Fire Department		40,855		-		40,855
Public Services		71,538		_		71,538
Highways and Streets		26,007		21,768		47,775
Capital Outlay	-	58,958		-		58,958
Total Expenditures	\$	347,417	\$	21,768	\$	369,185
Excess of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	\$	28,803	\$	1,481	\$	30,284
Fund Balances - July 1		224,157		69,799		293,956
Fund Balances - June 30	\$	252,960	\$	71,280	\$	324,240

CITY OF NEW CASTLE, KENTUCKY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	30,284
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capitalized Expenditures		58,958
Depreciation Expense		(41,081)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	محلسان دومون	(1,841)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	46,320

CITY OF NEW CASTLE, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND June 30, 2013

June 30, 2013		
	W	/ater/Sewer
		Utilities
	Ente	erprise Fund
A O O STO	EIILE	rprise runu
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash, including time deposits	\$	94,497
Interest Receivable		188
Accounts Receivable (Net)		55,076
Due from Other Funds		29,670
Due from Other Funds		29,070
	•	470 404
Total Current Assets	\$	179,431
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted Assets		
Cash, including time deposits	\$	399,144
	Ψ	•
Capital Assets (Net)		2,441,704
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	2,840,848
Total Access	•	2 000 070
Total Assets	\$	3,020,279
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
	•	40.070
Accounts Payable	\$	19,079
Accrued Compensated Absences		29,750
Accrued Taxes / Employee Withholding		866
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:		
Revenue Bonds Payable		35,200
Nevenue Bonds i ayable		
Total Current Liabilities	\$	84,895
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Revenue Bonds Payable	\$	796,919
Noncurrent Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:		
Customer Deposits Payable		15,225
Customor Doposito i ayabit		10,220
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$	812,144
Total Nondarion Elabilities	<u> </u>	012,177
Total Liabilities	\$	897,039
NET DOCITION		
NET POSITION	¢	4 504 474
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	1,501,174
Restricted for:		
Debt Service		381,522
Unrestricted		240,544
Total Net Position	\$	2,123,240
		,

CITY OF NEW CASTLE, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	W	ater/Sewer Utilities
	Ente	erprise Fund
OPERATING REVENUES		
Water Sales	\$	214,665
Sewer Services		219,305
Miscellaneous		8,206
Total Operating Revenues		442,176
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries and Wages	\$	87,254
Water and Sewer Supplies		17,528
Utilities		16,394
Rent		12,000
Payroll Taxes		6,663
Retirement Benefits		17,171
Vehicle Expenses		7,521
Postage and Office Supplies		4,787
Insurance		50,995
General & Admin. Expenses		22,778
Depreciation		99,155
Water Purchases		61,610
Repairs and Maintenance		38,280
Total Operating Expenses	\$	442,136
Operating Income (Loss)	_\$	40
NON-OPERATING		
REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest Revenue	\$	1,313
Interest Expense		(38,997)
Total Non-Operating		
Revenues (Expenses):	\$	(37,684)
Net Income (Loss)	\$	(37,644)
Net Position - July 1	2	,160,884
Net Position - June 30	\$ 2	,123,240

CITY OF NEW CASTLE, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

			V	/ater/Sewer Utilities
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Enterprise Fund		
Receipts from Customers			\$	441,255
Payments to Suppliers				(232,952)
Payments to Employees				(81,626)
Receipts of Customer Meter Deposits				4,975
Refunds of Customer Meter Deposits				(3,875)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities			\$	127,777
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND				
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of Capital Assets			\$	(28,485)
Principal Paid on Capital Debt				(34,100)
Interest Paid on Capital Debt				(38,997)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and				
Related Financing Activities				(101,582)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest Received				
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities			\$	1,352
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and				
Cash Equivalents			\$	27,547
Balances - July 1				355,594
Balances - June 30			\$	383,141
	Ва	alances	Ва	alances
	Per Ju	ıne 30, 2013	Per Ju	ıne 30, 2013
	Stat	ement of	Stat	ement of
	Net	Position	Cas	sh Flows
Cash-Unrestricted	\$	94,497	\$	94,497
Time Deposits-Restricted		110,500		-
Cash-Restricted		288,644		288,644
Total	\$	<u>493,641</u>	\$	383,141

CITY OF NEW CASTLE, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Water/Sewer Utilities	
	Enter	prise Fund
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	40
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation Expense		99,155
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		
Receivables, Net		(921)
Accounts Payable		3,136
Due From Other Funds		19,630
Customer Meter Deposits		1,100
Accrued Compensated Absences		5,628
Accrued Taxes/Employee Withholding		9
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	127,777

SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES

At June 30, 2013, the Water/Sewer Utilities Enterprise Fund had \$4,375 outstanding obligations for the acquisition/construction of plant assets.

CITY OF NEW CASTLE, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of entity: City of New Castle, Kentucky is a rural fifth class city with population of approximately 1,000. It is operated under Kentucky Revised Statutes mayor/commission form of government. The entity serves approximately 400 water and sewer customers. The City complies with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note.

1.A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The City's financial reporting entity comprises the following:

Primary Government:

City of New Castle

Blended Component Units:

Water/Sewer Utilities of New Castle

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus" and includes all component units of which the City appointed a voting majority of the units' board; the City is either able to impose its will on the unit or a financial benefit or burden relationship exists.

Blended Component Units

Blended component units are separate entities that meet the component unit criteria described above and whose governing body is the same as or designated by the City Commission or the component unit provides services entirely to the City. These component units' funds are blended into those of the City's by appropriate activity type.

Component units that are blended into the reporting activity types of the City's report are presented below:

Component Unit

Brief Description/Inclusion Criteria

Reporting

Enterprise Fund

Water/Sewer Utilities of New Castle The City Commission operates a combined utilities system to provide residents of the City and certain outlying areas with water, sanitary sewers, and sewage treatment facilities. The City Commission approves the utility rates. The long-term debt of the Utilities is backed by the full faith and credit of the City and is, therefore, a contingent liability to the general government.

1.B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1.B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements: (Continued)

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function or program of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and always is classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain purposes.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1.B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

Proprietary Fund

Enterprise Fund

Enterprise Funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes the City of New Castle Water/Sewer Enterprise Fund.

Fiduciary Funds (Not included in government-wide statements)

None

Major and Nonmajor Funds

The funds are further classified as major or nonmajor as follows:

Fund

Brief Description

Major: General

See above for description.

Proprietary Fund:

Water and Sewer

Accounts for activities in providing water and

wastewater services to the public.

Nonmajor:

Special Revenue Funds:

Municipal Road Aid

Accounts for revenues and expenditures from the state

gasoline tax.

1.C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1.C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.
- c. Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds and agency funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

1.D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY

Cash and investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "cash, including time deposits" includes all demand, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the City. For the purpose of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is based on quoted market price.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1.D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY (Continued)

Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include insurance license taxes, franchise taxes, and amounts due from other governments. Business-type activities report utilities as their major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as insurance license tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable compose the majority of proprietary fund receivables. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

Inventories

The cost of consumable materials and supplies on hand are immaterial to the financial statements, and the City has therefore chosen to report these items as expenditures/expenses at the time of purchase.

Fixed Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (fixed assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to July 1, 1989.

Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. Only major general infrastructure assets acquired, significantly reconstructed, or significant improved in fiscal years ending after June 30, 1980 have been included. These assets have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1.D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY (Continued)

Fixed Assets (Continued)

- Buildings	25-40 years
- Improvements	20-25 years
- Machinery and Equipment	4-20 years
- Utility System	20-50 years
- Infrastructure	20-40 years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash, investments, and grant funds receivable of the general fund and proprietary fund that are legally restricted as to their use. The primary restricted assets are related to debt obligation accounts and utility meter deposits.

Long-term Debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds payable, notes/leases payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for the proprietary fund is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Compensated Absences

Under the City's policies employees accumulate vacation time. Unused vacation time can be carried into the next fiscal year. Employees are paid for accumulated sick leave upon retirement or other termination. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a current liability.

Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

a. Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1.D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (Continued)

Equity Classifications (Continued)

- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as follows:

- a. Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of an endowment fund).
- b. Restricted amounts that can be used only for specific purposes because of (a) constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or (b) externally imposed constraints.
- c. Committed amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.
- d. Assigned amounts intended to be used for specific purposes but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. This is the residual fund balance classification for all governmental funds except the general fund.
- e. Unassigned this is the residual classification for the general fund.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

1.E. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXPENSES

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, insurance license taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Insurance license taxes are recognized to the extent known in the period for which the insurance company reports the fee collected. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1.E. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXPENSES (Continued)

Property Tax

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on October 1 and are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied October 1 become delinquent January 1, of the following year.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. In the fund financial statements, property taxes are recorded as revenue in the period levied to the extent they are collected within sixty days after year end. An allowance for uncollectible delinquent property taxes is provided to the extent that their collectibility is improbable. Due to the immaterial amount of any additional property taxes receivable after the sixty-day period, no additional accrual is made in the government-wide financial statements.

Insurance License Tax

The City levies a 12% (twelve percent) license fee upon each insurance company which issues life insurance policies on the lives of persons residing within the corporate limits of the city of the first year's premiums actually collected.

The City levies a 12% (twelve percent) license fee upon each insurance company which issues any insurance policy which is not a life insurance policy of the premiums actually collected for policies on risks located within the corporate limits of the city. The tax imposed upon premium receipts is not levied upon premiums received for insuring employers against personal injuries to their employees, or death caused thereby, under the provisions of the Workers Compensation Act, and does not include premiums received on policies of health insurance. Insurance license fees are payable to the city within 30 (thirty) days after the end of each calendar quarter.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds-By Character:

Current (further classified by function)
Debt Service

Capital Outlay

Proprietary Fund-By Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

The City adheres to the use restrictions established by Kentucky Revised Statutes when expenses are incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available. The City has no policy defining which resources (restricted or unrestricted) to use first. The City also has no stabilization arrangements at this time.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1.E. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXPENSES (Continued)

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By its nature as a local government unit, the City and its component units are subject to various federal, state, and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the City's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over City resources follows.

2.A. FUND ACCOUNTING REQUIREMENTS

The City complies with all state and local laws and regulations requiring separate accounting or use of separate funds. Those funds requiring separate accounting used by the City include the following:

Fund Municipal Road Aid Required By State Law

2.B. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, LAWS AND REGULATIONS

In accordance with state law, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral valued at the lower of market or par. Acceptable collateral includes certain U.S. Government or Government Agency securities, certain State of Kentucky or political subdivision debt obligations, or surety bonds. As required by the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery and Enforcement Act of 1989, all financial institutions pledging collateral to the City must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the City to invest in obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities including repurchase agreements, through sources including national and state banks chartered in Kentucky, obligations and contracts for future delivery backed by the full faith of the United States or its Agency, certificates of deposit and interest bearing accounts in institutions insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation and other investments described therein provided that approved securities are pledged to secure those funds on deposit in an amount equal to the amount of those funds. The City may also invest in mutual funds meeting the requirements of the statute.

2.C. REVENUE RESTRICTIONS

The City has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

Revenue Source
Municipal Road Aid
Water and Sewer Revenue
State Fire Aid

Legal Restrictions of Use
Street & Alley Purposes
Debt Service and Utility Operations
Fire Equipment Expenditures

For the year ended June 30, 2013, the City complied, in all material respects, with these revenue restrictions.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

2.D. DEBT RESTRICTIONS AND COVENANTS

Utilities Depreciation Account

Under City Ordinance 1983-86, a Depreciation Account was established to provide funds for extraordinary repairs or extensions to the Water distribution system and/or make up any deficiency in the Bond and Interest Sinking Account. The original provisions of the ordinance required the sum of \$115 to be transferred monthly to the Depreciation Account "until there is accumulated" in account the sum of \$13,800, after which no further deposits need to be made into the account except to replace withdrawals.

With the issuance of the 1985 Sewer Revenue Bonds, City Ordinance 1983-86 was amended to increase the \$13,800 maximum accumulation to \$47,000. To meet this increased balance an additional monthly transfer of \$280 to the account was ordered.

With the issuance of the 2002 Water Revenue Bonds, City Ordinance 1983-86 was amended to increase the \$47,000 maximum accumulation to \$64,800. To meet this increased balance an additional monthly transfer of \$145 to the account was ordered.

With the issuance of the 2006 Sewer Revenue Bonds, City Ordinance 1983-86 was amended to increase the \$64,800 maximum accumulation to \$73,200. To meet this increased balance an additional monthly transfer of \$70 to the account was ordered.

With the issuance of the 2009 Sewer Revenue Bonds, City Ordinance 1983-86 was amended to increase the \$73,200 maximum accumulation to \$77,400. To meet this increased balance an additional monthly transfer of \$35 to the account was ordered.

In addition to the required monthly deposit indicated above, the 1983-86 ordinance also states that any connection fees or insurance proceeds of the Enterprise Funds are to be deposited into the Depreciation Account as received.

The proper transfers and/or balances within the Depreciation accounts were sufficient to comply with these requirements.

Utilities Revenue Bond & Interest Sinking Account of 1983

The Revenue Bond and Interest Sinking Account of 1983 was established with the issuance of the 1983 City of New Castle Revenue Bonds. The bond ordinance provided for monthly transfers to be calculated as follows:

- (i) Beginning with and including the month in which interest shall last be payable from Bond proceeds, a sum equal to one sixth (1/6) of the next succeeding interest installment to become due on all Bonds then outstanding; and
- (ii) Beginning in July 1985, a sum equal to one-twelfth (1/12) of the principal of all Bonds maturing on the next succeeding July 1.

Utilities Revenue Bond & Interest Sinking Account of 1985

The Revenue Bond and Interest Sinking Account of 1985 was established with the issuance of the 1985 City of New Castle Revenue Bonds. The bond ordinance provided for monthly transfers to be calculated as follows:

(i) Beginning with and including the month in which interest shall last be payable from Bond proceeds, a sum equal to one sixth (1/6) of the next succeeding interest installment to become due on all Bonds then outstanding; and

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

2.D. DEBT RESTRICTIONS AND COVENANTS (Continued)

(ii) Beginning in July 1986, a sum equal to one-twelfth (1/12) of the principal of all Bonds maturing on the next succeeding July 1.

Utilities Revenue Bond & Interest Sinking Account of 2002

The Revenue Bond and Interest Sinking Account of 2002 was established with the issuance of the 2002 City of New Castle Revenue Bonds. The bond ordinance provided for monthly transfers to be calculated as follows:

- (i) Beginning with and including the month in which interest shall last be payable from Bond proceeds, a sum equal to one sixth (1/6) of the next succeeding interest installment to become due on all Bonds then outstanding; and
- (ii) Beginning in July 2004, a sum equal to one-twelfth (1/12) of the principal of all Bonds maturing on the next succeeding July 1.

Utilities Revenue Bond & Interest Sinking Account of 2006

The Revenue Bond and Interest Sinking Account of 2006 was established with the issuance of the 2006 City of New Castle Revenue Bonds. The bond ordinance provided for monthly transfers to be calculated as follows:

- (i) Beginning with and including the month in which interest shall last be payable from Bond proceeds, a sum equal to one sixth (1/6) of the next succeeding interest installment to become due on all Bonds then outstanding; and
- (ii) Beginning in July 2006, a sum equal to one-twelfth (1/12) of the principal of all Bonds maturing on the next succeeding July 1.

Utilities Revenue Bond & Interest Sinking Account of 2009

The Revenue Bond and Interest Sinking Account of 2009 was established with the issuance of the 2009 City of New Castle Revenue Bonds. The bond ordinance provided for monthly transfers to be calculated as follows:

- (i) Beginning with and including the month in which interest shall last be payable from Bond proceeds, a sum equal to one sixth (1/6) of the next succeeding interest installment to become due on all Bonds then outstanding; and
- (ii) Beginning in July 2009, a sum equal to one-twelfth (1/12) of the principal of all Bonds maturing on the next succeeding July 1.

Transfers were made as required during the year.

A funded short lived asset account is required under the letter of conditions establishing funding for the 2009 sewer system improvement project. Under this agreement, the City must deposit \$421 monthly into the account. This account may be used as needed to replace or add short lived assets in the City's sewer system. Transfers were made as required during the year.

NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

3.A. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

City of New Castle's policies regarding deposits and investments are discussed in Note 2B. The table presented below is designed to disclose the level of custody credit risk assumed by the City based upon how its deposits were insured or secured with collateral at June 30, 2013. The categories of credit risk are defined as follows:

NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.A. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- Category 1 Insured by FDIC or collateralized with securities held by the City (public trust) or by its agent in its name.
- Category 2 Uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name.
- Category 3 Uninsured and uncollateralized; or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name; or collateralized with no written or approved collateral agreement.

	T	otal Bank		Custody Credit Risk Category						Tot	al Carrying
Type of Deposits	1	Balance	1		2		3		3		Value
Demand Deposits	\$	770,070	\$	444,300	\$	325,770	\$		-	\$	710,299
Time Deposits		110,500		-		110,500			-		110,500
Total Deposits	\$	880,570	\$	444,300	\$	436,270	\$		-	\$	820,799

Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:

Unrestricted Cash, Including Time Deposits	\$ 420,293
Restricted Cash	400,836
	\$ 821,129
Carrying Value (Above)	\$ 820,799
Plus Cash on Hand	330
	\$ 821,129

3.B. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted cash consists of the following:

	ernmental ctivities	Business-type Activities			Total
Downtown Revitalization	\$ 1,692	\$	_	\$	1,692
Bond and Interest Sinking Account of 1983	-		37,163		37,163
Bond and Interest Sinking Account of 1985	-		42,412		42,412
Bond and Interest Sinking Account of 2002	-		16,494		16,494
Bond and Interest Sinking Account of 2006	-		31,102		31,102
Bond and Interest Sinking Account of 2009	-		13,531		13,531
Short Lived Assets Account	-		55,382		55,382
Depreciation Fund	-		185,438		185,438
Customer Deposits	-		17,622		17,622
•	\$ 1,692	\$	399,144	\$	400,836

3.C. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable of the business-type activities consist of utilities receivable. Accounts receivable of the governmental activities consist of franchise tax (5%), insurance licenses (74%), property tax (2%), business licenses and other (19%) receivables. Receivables detail at June 30, 2013, is as follows:

	 ernmental ctivities		iness-type ctivities		Total
Accounts receivable Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 38,991 (5,806)	\$	57,586 (2,510)	\$	96,577 (8,316)
Net accounts receivable	\$ 33.185	_\$	55.076	_\$	88.261

NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.D. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

		Balance at July 1, 2012 Ac			Additions Dispos			Balance at ne 30, 2013
Sovernmental Activities:								······································
Land	\$	40,500	\$	5,000	\$	-	\$	45,500
Buildings & Improvements		330,905		45,906		-		376,81°
Machinery & Equipment		606,171		8,052		2,926		611,297
Infrastructure		245,256		-		-		245,256
Totals at Historical Cost	\$	1,222,832	\$	58,958	\$	2,926	\$	1,278,864
Less: Accumulated Depreciation								
Buildings & Improvements	\$	57,508	\$	8,432	\$	-	\$	65,940
Machinery & Equipment		535,880		24,124		2,926		557,078
Infrastructure		188,709		8,525		-		197,234
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	782,097	\$	41,081	\$	2,926	\$	820,252
Governmental Activities - Capital								
Assets, Net	\$	440,735	\$	17,877	\$	-	\$	458,612

Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 41,081
Infrastructure	 7,350
Highways & Streets	3,301
Fire Department	22,501
Public Safety	
General Government	\$ 7,929

	Balance at July 1, 2012 Additions			Disp	osals	Balance at June 30, 2013	
Business-type Activities:							
Land & Right of Ways	\$ 33,150	\$	-	\$	-	\$	33,150
Buildings & Improvements	69,716		-		-		69,716
Distribution System	3,775,277		30,420		-		3,805,697
Machinery & Equipment	229,314		2,440		-		231,754
Totals at Historical Cost	\$ 4,107,457	\$	32,860	\$		\$	4,140,317
Less: Accumulated Depreciation							
Buildings & Improvements	\$ 52,437	\$	1,042	\$	-	\$	53,479
Distribution System	1,388,727		85,856		-		1,474,583
Machinery & Equipment	158,294		12,257		-		170,551
Total Accumulated Depreciaton	\$ 1,599,458	\$	99,155	\$	-	\$	1,698,613
Business-type capital assets, net	\$ 2,507,999	\$	(66,295)	\$	•	\$	2,441,704

Depreciation Expense was charged to the business activities as follows:

Water	\$ 33,990
Sewer	 65,165
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 99,155

NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.E. LONG-TERM DEBT

The reporting entity's long-term debt is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities.

Governmental-type Activities:

As of June 30, 2013, the governmental long-term debt of the financial reporting entity consisted of the following:

None

Business-type Activities:

Bonds Payable:

Bonds Payable:	
City of New Castle, Kentucky, Water Utilities Revenue Bonds Series of 1983, original issue amount of \$230,000, secured by utility revenues. Interest is charged at the rate of 5% per annum. Final maturity is July 1, 2023.	\$ 108,000
Current Portion Noncurrent Portion	\$ 8,000 100,000
Total Bonds Payable	\$ 108,000
City of New Castle, Kentucky, Sewer Utilities Revenue Bonds Series of 1985, original issue amount of \$568,000, secured by utility revenues. Interest is charged at the rate of 5% per annum. Final maturity is July 1, 2024.	\$ 237,719
Current Portion Noncurrent Portion	\$ 19,000 218,719
Total Bonds Payable	\$ 237,719
City of New Castle, Kentucky, Water Utilities Revenue Bonds Series of 2002, original issue amount of \$300,000, secured by utility revenues. Interest is charged at the rate of 4.5% per annum. Final maturity is July 1, 2042.	\$ 268,000
Current Portion Noncurrent Portion	\$ 4,500 263,500
-Total Bonds Payable	\$ 268,000
City of New Castle, Kentucky, Sewer Utilities Revenue Bonds Series of 2006, original issue amount of \$147,000, secured by utility revenues. Interest is charged at the rate of 4.25% per annum. Final maturity is July 1, 2044.	\$ 134,100
Current Portion Noncurrent Portion	\$ 2,200 131,900
Total Bonds Payable	\$ 134,100

NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.E. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

City of New Castle, Kentucky, Sewer Utilities Revenue Bonds Series of 2009, original issue amount of \$90,000, secured by utility revenues. Interest is charged at the rate of 2.75% per annum. Final maturity is July 1, 2047.

annum. Final maturity is July 1, 2047.	\$ 84,300
Current Portion Noncurrent Portion	\$ 1,500 82.800
Total Bonds Payable	\$ 84,300

Changes in Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013:

Type of Debt	-	Balance ly 1, 2012	Issu	ed	Re	deemed	-	Balance ie 30, 2013	Current Portion
Business-type Activities	¢	000 040	¢		÷	24.400	ø	020 440	£ 25 200
Bonds Payable	Ð	866,219	P	_	Þ	34,100	Ф	832,119	\$ 35,200
Total Debt	\$	866,219	\$	-	\$	34,100	\$	832,119	\$ 35,200

Business Activities

City of New Castle, Kentucky, Water Utilities Revenue Bonds Series 1983

The original amount of the issue, the current amount outstanding, and the interest rate are summarized below:

Original Amount	Outstanding Balance	Interest Rate
\$230,000	\$108,000	5%

The Bonds mature on July 1, 2023, and are payable as to principal to Rural Economic and Community Development. The Bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a price of par plus accrued interest to redemption on July 1 of the years 1986 through 2023. Interest is payable semiannually (July 1, and January 1, commencing January 1, 1986).

Bonds maturing on or after July 1, 1994, are callable in reverse chronological order on any interest payment date. Notice of redemption must be delivered to holder at least thirty (30) days in advance. At redemption, holder will receive the face amount of the bond plus accrued interest. There will be no penalty for prepayment.

Assuming no issues are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the funds at June 30, 2013, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

Fiscal Year	E	ond Due	Interest Due		Total Retirement Due for Year		Outstanding and of Year
							\$ 108,000
2014	\$	8,000	\$	5,400	\$	13,400	100,000
2015		9,000		5,000		14,000 💢	91,000
2016		9,000		4,550		13,550	82,000
2017		10,000		4,100		14,100	72,000
2018		10,000		3,600		13,600	62,000
2019-23		62,000		9,850		71,850	-
	\$	108,000	\$	32,500	\$	140,500	\$ -

NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.E. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Business Activities (Continued)

City of New Castle, Kentucky, Sewer Utilities Revenue Bonds Series 1985

The original amount of the issue, the current amount outstanding, and the interest rate are summarized below:

Original Amount	Outstanding Balance	Interest Rate
\$568,000	\$237,719	5%

The Bonds mature on July 1, 2024, and are payable as to principal to Rural Economic and Community Development. The Bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a price of par plus accrued interest to redemption on July 1 of the years 1988 through 2024. Interest is payable semiannually (July 1, and January 1, commencing July 1, 1988).

Bonds maturing on or after July 1, 1996, are callable in reverse chronological order on any interest payment date. Notice of redemption must be delivered to holder at least thirty (30) days in advance. At redemption, holder will receive the face amount of the bond plus accrued interest. There will be no penalty for prepayment. At the date of issuance of the bonds, the total cost of the project was overestimated by \$59,694. Therefore, this amount was called prior to the scheduled maturity date. An additional \$2,587 was called prior to scheduled maturity during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1988.

Assuming no issues are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the funds at June 30, 2013, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

В	ond Due	Inte	erest Due				Outstanding Ind of Year
						\$	237,719
\$	19,000	\$	11,886	\$	30,886		218,719
	20,000		10,936		30,936		198,719
	21,000		9,936		30,936		177,719
	22,000		8,886		30,886		155,719
	23,000		7,786		30,786		132,719
	132,000		20,630		152,630		719
	719		36		755		_
\$	237,719	\$	70,096	\$	307,815	\$	-
		20,000 21,000 22,000 23,000 132,000 719	\$ 19,000 \$ 20,000 21,000 22,000 23,000 132,000 719	\$ 19,000 \$ 11,886 20,000 10,936 21,000 9,936 22,000 8,886 23,000 7,786 132,000 20,630 719 36	Bond Due Interest Due \$ 19,000 \$ 11,886 20,000 10,936 21,000 9,936 22,000 8,886 23,000 7,786 132,000 20,630 719 36	\$ 19,000 \$ 11,886 \$ 30,886 20,000 10,936 30,936 21,000 9,936 30,936 22,000 8,886 30,886 23,000 7,786 30,786 132,000 20,630 152,630 719 36 755	Bond Due Interest Due for Year At E \$ 19,000 \$ 11,886 \$ 30,886 20,000 10,936 30,936 21,000 9,936 30,936 22,000 8,886 30,886 23,000 7,786 30,786 132,000 20,630 152,630 719 36 755

City of New Castle, Kentucky, Water Utilities Revenue Bonds Series 2002

The original amount of the issue, the current amount outstanding, and the interest rate are summarized below:

Original Amount	Outstanding Balance	Interest Rate
\$300,000	\$268,000	4.5%

The Bonds mature on July 1, 2042, and are payable as to principal to Rural Economic and Community Development. The Bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a price of par plus accrued interest to redemption on July 1 of the years 2005 through 2042. Interest is payable semiannually (July 1, and January 1, commencing July 1, 2003).

Bonds maturing on or after July 1, 2012, are callable in reverse chronological order on any interest payment date. Notice of redemption must be delivered to holder at least thirty (30) days in advance. At redemption, holder will receive the face amount of the bond plus accrued interest. There will be no penalty for prepayment.

NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.E. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Business Activities (Continued)

Assuming no issues are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the funds at June 30, 2013, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

Fiscal Year	E	Bond Due	Interest Due			l Retirement for Year	Bonds Outstanding At End of Year	
					****		\$	268,000
2014	\$	4,500	\$	12,060	\$	16,560		263,500
2015		4,500		11,858		16,358		259,000
2016		5,000		11,655		16,655		254,000
2017		5,000		11,430		16,430		249,000
2018		5,500		11,205		16,705		243,500
2019-23		31,000		52,156		83,156		212,500
2024-28		39,000		44,461		83,461		173,500
2029-33		50,000		34,764		84,764		123,500
2034-38		62,500		22,389		84,889		61,000
2039-42		61,000		6,976		67,976		-
	\$	268,000	\$	218,954	\$	486,954	\$	-

City of New Castle, Kentucky, Sewer Utilities Revenue Bonds Series 2006

The original amount of the issue, the current amount outstanding, and the interest rate are summarized below:

Original Amount	Outstanding Balance	Interest Rate
\$147,000	\$134,100	4.25%

The Bonds mature on July 1, 2044, and are payable as to principal to Rural Economic and Community Development. The Bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a price of par plus accrued interest to redemption on July 1 of the years 2007 through 2044. Interest is payable semiannually (July 1, and January 1, commencing July 1, 2006).

Bonds maturing on or after July 1, 2015, are callable in reverse chronological order on any interest payment date. Notice of redemption must be delivered to holder at least thirty (30) days in advance. At redemption, holder will receive the face amount of the bond plus accrued interest. There will be no penalty for prepayment.

Assuming no issues are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the funds at June 30, 2013, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

Fiscal Year	B	ond Due	Int	erest Due	То	tal Retirement for Year	s Outstanding End of Year
							\$ 134,100
2014	\$	2,200	\$	5,700	\$	7,900	131,900
2015		2,300		5,606		7,906	129,600
2016		2,400		5,508		7,908	127,200
2017		2,500		5,406		7,906	124,700
2018		2,600		5,300		7,900	122,100
2019-23		14,600		24,759		39,359	107,500
2024-28		17,900		21,387		39,287	89,600
2029-33		22,100		17,240		39,340	67,500
2034-38		27,200		12,132		39,332	40,300
2039-43		33,600		5,829		39,429	6,700
2044		6,700		285		6,985	-
	\$	134,100	\$	109,152	\$	243,252	\$ -

NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.E. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Business Activities (Continued)

City of New Castle, Kentucky, Sewer Utilities Revenue Bonds Series 2009

The original amount of the issue, the current amount outstanding, and the interest rate are summarized below:

Original Amount	Outstanding Balance	Interest Rate
\$90,000	\$84,300	2.75%

The Bonds mature on July 1, 2047, and are payable as to principal to Rural Economic and Community Development. The Bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a price of par plus accrued interest to redemption on July 1 of the years 2010 through 2047. Interest is payable semiannually (July 1, and January 1, commencing July 1, 2010).

Bonds maturing on or after July 1, 2019, are callable in reverse chronological order on any interest payment date. Notice of redemption must be delivered to holder at least thirty (30) days in advance. At redemption, holder will receive the face amount of the bond plus accrued interest. There will be no penalty for prepayment.

Assuming no issues are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the funds at June 30, 2013, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

					Tot	al Retirement	Bond	Outstanding	
Fiscal Year	B	ond Due	Interest Due			for Year		At End of Year	
							\$	84,300	
2014	\$	1,500	\$	2,319	\$	3,819		82,800	
2015		1,600		2,277		3,877		81,200	
2016		1,600		2,233		3,833		79,600	
2017		1,700		2,189		3,889		77,900	
2018		1,700		2,143		3,843		76,200	
2019-23		9,400		9,976		19,376		66,800	
2024-28		10,600		8,617		19,217		56,200	
2029-33		12,200		7,079		19,279		44,000	
2034-38		13,900		5,310		19,210		30,100	
2039-43		16,000		3,288		19,288		14,100	
2044-47		14,100		964		15,064			
	\$	84,300	\$	46,395	\$	130,695	\$	•	
2029-33 2034-38 2039-43	\$	12,200 13,900 16,000 14,100	\$	7,079 5,310 3,288 964	\$	19,279 19,210 19,288 15,064	\$	44,00 30,10	

The bonds were issued to pay a portion of the costs of water system additions and sewer improvements to the City's combined municipal water and sewer distribution system. The revenue bonds are collateralized by the revenue of the utilities and the various special funds established by the bond ordinance.

NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.E. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Annual Debt Service Requirements

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest for long-term debt as of June 30, 2013, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					Business-	s-type Activities		
Fiscal Year	Prin	cipal	int	erest	Р	rincipal	Interest		
2014	\$	-	\$	-	\$	35,200	\$	37,365	
2015		-				37,400		35,677	
2016		-		-		39,000		33,882	
2017		-		-		41,200		32,011	
2018				-		42,800		30,034	
2019-23		-		-		249,000		117,371	
2024-28		-		-		68,219		74,501	
2029-33		-		-		84,300		59,083	
2034-38		•		-		103,600		39,831	
2039-43		-		-		110,600		16,093	
2044-47		-		-		20,800		1,249	
Total	\$	-	\$	-	\$	832,119	\$	477,097	

3.F. INTEREST EXPENSE

No interest expense for the governmental funds for the year ended June 30, 2013. Interest expense for the enterprise fund for the year ended June 30, 2013, was \$38,997. No interest has been capitalized.

3.G. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2013, consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 mount	Purpose
Enterprise Fund	General Fund	\$ 29,670	Advances for operating expenditures
Total		\$ 29,670	

3.H. FUND EQUITY

Restricted Net Assets

The following table shows the restricted net assets as shown on the Statement of Net Position:

Governmental Activities (other purposes)

Activity	Restricted by		
Municipal Road Aid	State Law	\$	71,280
		\$	71,280
Business-type Activities			
Enterprise Fund:			
Restricted for Debt Service:			
1983 Water Utilities Revenue Bonds-Cash		\$	135,680
1985 Sewer Utilities Revenue Bonds-Cash			103,417
2002 Water Utilities Revenue Bonds-Cash			34,005
2006 Sewer Utilities Revenue Bonds-Cash			37,727
2009 Sewer Utilities Revenue Bonds-Cash			70,693
Total Restricted For Debt Service		\$	381,522

NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.H. FUND EQUITY (Continued)

Restricted Net Assets (Continued)

The following table shows the classifications of fund equity as shown on the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds:

The City has reported the following nonspendable amount of the general fund's fund balance at June 30, 2013, to indicate the lack of liquidity associated with the following assets:

General Fund:

Prepaid Insurance

\$ 4,472

The City has reported the following restricted portion of the other governmental fund's fund balance at June 30, 2013, to indicate the amounts restricted as to use by statute:

Other Governmental Funds: Municipal Road Aid

\$ 71,280

The City has reported \$1,692 of the general fund's fund balance as assigned at June 30, 2013, indicating amounts intended for use in downtown revitalization.

NOTE 4. OTHER NOTES

4.A. PENSION PLAN

Entry into the Commonwealth of Kentucky's County Employees' Retirement System (CERS) was authorized by the City Commission as of July 1, 1988. The most recent financial report on CERS is included in the Kentucky Retirement System's annual report, June 30, 2012. Copies of this report will be distributed to each participating employer in the Kentucky Employees Retirement System, County Employees Retirement System, and State Police Retirement System. Copies will also be available to Legislative personnel and state libraries. Information regarding total payroll for employees covered by the system for the year ended June 30, 2013, is not available.

Non-Hazardous Employees Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> - CERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of each participating county, city, and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in CERS. The plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. Prior to July 1, 2009, cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) were provided annually equal to the percentage increase in the annual average of the consumer price index for all urban consumers for the most recent calendar year, not to exceed five percent in any plan year. Effective July 1, 2009, and on July 1 of each year thereafter, the (COLA) is limited to 1.5% provided the recipient has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 months prior to the effective date of the (COLA). If the recipient has been receiving a benefit for less than twelve months prior to the effective date of COLA, the increase shall be reduced on a pro-rata basis for each month the recipient has not been receiving benefits in the twelve months preceding the effective date of the COLA. The Kentucky General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce cost-of-living adjustments if in its judgment the welfare of the Commonwealth so demands. On July 1, 2012, the COLA was not granted.

NOTE 4. OTHER NOTES (Continued)

4.A. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Contributions - For the year ended June 30, 2012, plan members were required to contribute 5% of their annual creditable compensation. Participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 61.565 (3), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last preceding the July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board. For the year ended June 30, 2012, participating employers contributed 18.96% of each employee's creditable compensation. The actuarially determined rate set by the Board for the year ended June 30, 2012 was 18.96%. Administrative costs of the Kentucky Retirement System are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings.

In accordance with House Bill 1, signed by the Governor on June 27, 2008, plan members who began participating on, or after, September 1, 2008, were required to contribute a total of 6% of their annual creditable compensation. Five percent of the contribution was deposited to the member's account while the 1% was deposited to an account created under 26 USC Section 401(h) in the Pension Fund (see Kentucky Administrative Regulation 105 KAR 1:420E). Interest is paid each June 30 on members' accounts at a rate of 2.5%. If a member terminates employment and applies to take a refund, the member is entitled to a full refund of contributions and interest; however, the 1% contribution to the 401(h) account is non-refundable and is forfeited. For plan members who began participating prior to September 1, 2008, their contributions remain at 5% of their annual creditable compensation.

For non-hazardous duty, the required contributions to the plan were as follows:

	Annual			
	Required	Actual	Retiree Drug	Percentage
	Contributions	Contributions	Subsidy Contributions	Contributed
June 30, 2012	476,185,027	447,661,027	-	94.0%
June 30, 2011	432,414,052	435,404,150	-	100.7%
June 30, 2010	453,055,709	373,682,939	9,156,991	84.5%

The Kentucky Retirement Systems Insurance Fund (Fund) was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for members receiving benefits from CERS. The Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance for current beneficiaries.

The City's General Fund total payroll for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, was \$33,896. Contributions were based on \$31,796 (eligible gross wages). The total pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2013, was \$6,216 and \$1,590 for the employer and employees, respectively. All contributions were made as required during this fiscal year. There have been no changes in the plan since inception.

The City's Proprietary Fund total payroll for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, was \$87,106. Contributions were based on \$82,906 (eligible gross wages). The total pension expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, was \$16,208 and \$4,145 for the employer and employees, respectively. All contributions were made as required during this fiscal year. There have been no changes in the plan since inception.

The City's contribution for the year ended June 30, 2012, (general fund and proprietary fund combined) was .005 percent of the System's total contribution requirements for all employers.

NOTE 4. OTHER NOTES (Continued)

4.B. RISK MANAGEMENT

Insurance and Related Activities

The City is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risks are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The City is also subject to the risks associated with employee injury. These risks are covered through premiums paid to the Kentucky League of Cities, Workers' Compensation Trust. Such coverage is retrospectively rated and premiums may be adjusted based on experience.

4.C. COMMITMENTS & CONTINGENCIES

The City receives funding from Federal, State, and Local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based on the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purposes, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced, or refuse to reimburse the City for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the City's grant programs is predicted upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

4.D. MISCELLANEOUS

Segment Information – Enterprise Fund The City maintains an enterprise fund which provides water and sewer services. Selected financial information for business segments of the enterprise fund for the year ended June 30, 2013, is presented as follows:

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

		Water			Total		
Assets:							
Due From Other Funds	\$	8,030	\$	21,640	\$	29,670	
Other Current Assets		74,048		75,713	£.	149,761	
Other Noncurrent Assets		187,307		211,837		399,144	
Capital Assets (Net)		970,023		1,471,681		2,441,704	
Total Assets	\$	1,239,408	\$	1,780,871	\$	3,020,279	
Liabilities:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Other Current Liabilities	\$	37,706	\$	47,189	\$	84,895	
Noncurrent Liabilities		378,725		433,419		812,144	
Total Liabilities	\$	416,431	\$	480,608	\$	897,039	
Net Position:							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	485,612	\$	1,015,562	\$	1,501,174	
Restricted		169,685		211,837		381,522	
Unrestricted		167,680		72,864		240,544	
Total Net Assets	\$	822,977	\$	1,300,263	\$	2,123,240	

NOTE 4. OTHER NOTES (Continued)

4.D. MISCELLANEOUS (Continued)

CONDENSED STATEMENT REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Water		Sewer	Total		
\$ 220,821	\$	221,355	\$	442,176	
(33,990)		(65,165)		(99,155)	
(171,718)		(171,263)		(342,981)	
\$ 15,113	\$	(15,073)	\$	40	
\$ 623	\$	690	\$	1,313	
(18,063)		(20,934)		(38,997)	
\$ (2,327)	\$	(35,317)	\$	(37,644)	
825,304		1,335,580		2,160,884	
\$ 822,977	\$	1,300,263	\$	2,123,240	
Water		Sewer	Total		
\$ 61,917	\$	65,860	\$	127,777	
(39,232)		(62,350)		(101,582)	
663		689		1,352	
\$ 23,348	\$	4,199	\$	27,547	
154,244		201,350		355,594	
\$ 177,592	\$	205,549	\$	383,141	
\$ \$ \$	\$ 220,821 (33,990) (171,718) \$ 15,113 \$ 623 (18,063) \$ (2,327) 825,304 \$ 822,977 Water \$ 61,917 (39,232) 663 \$ 23,348 154,244	\$ 220,821 \$ (33,990) (171,718) \$ 15,113 \$ \$ 623 \$ (18,063) \$ (2,327) \$ 825,304 \$ 822,977 \$ \$ \$ Water \$ 61,917 \$ (39,232) 663 \$ 23,348 \$ 154,244	\$ 220,821 \$ 221,355 (33,990) (65,165) (171,718) (171,263) \$ 15,113 \$ (15,073) \$ 623 \$ 690 (18,063) (20,934) \$ (2,327) \$ (35,317) 825,304 1,335,580 \$ 822,977 \$ 1,300,263 Water Sewer \$ 61,917 \$ 65,860 (39,232) (62,350) 663 689 \$ 23,348 \$ 4,199 154,244 201,350	\$ 220,821 \$ 221,355 \$ (33,990) (65,165) (171,718) (171,263) \$ 15,113 \$ (15,073) \$ \$ (18,063) (20,934) \$ (2,327) \$ (35,317) \$ 825,304 1,335,580 \$ 822,977 \$ 1,300,263 \$ \$ \$ (39,232) (62,350) 663 689 \$ 23,348 \$ 4,199 \$ 154,244 201,350	

Income Tax Status

The City is exempt from federal and state income taxes. Accordingly, the financial statements include no provision for income taxes.

Economic Dependence

The City has a long-term contract with Henry County Water District #2 for the purchase of treated water. The contract is dated September 4, 2002, for a period of 40 years. The annual consumption limit is 73 million gallons per year.

CITY OF NEW CASTLE, KENTUCKY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Budgete Original	ed An	nounts Final	 Actual Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Favorable nfavorable)
REVENUES	•	CO ECO	*	CO 000	00.04#	•	045
Property Taxes	\$	•	\$,	\$,	\$	815
Franchise Taxes		35,000		40,000	38,864		(1,136)
Insurance Taxes		120,000		130,000	127,462		(2,538)
Charges for Services Occupational Licenses		70,935		70,935	72,795		1,860
Interest Revenue		2,500		2,327	2,398		71
Donations		500		200	174		(26)
Rental Revenue		3,000		2,000	3,232		1,232
		12,500		12,100	12,100		2 6 4 7
Fire Department Miscellaneous Revenues		35,050		35,050	38,697		3,647
Proceeds from Outside Sources:		2,400		5,400	2,433		(2,967)
State Fire Aid		8,250		8,250	8,250		
Kentucky Transportation Cabinet		250,000		0,290	6,250		-
Rentacky Transportation Cabinet	******	230,000		-	 -		
Total Revenues	\$	600,704	\$	375,262	\$ 376,220	\$	958
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General Government	\$	131,820	\$	146,000	\$ 126,184	\$	19,816
Public Safety							
Police Department		25,000		25,000	23,875		1,125
Fire Department		48,800		48,800	40,855		7,945
Public Services		70,935		70,395	71,538		(1,143)
Highways & Streets		30,200		30,500	26,007		4,493
Capital Outlay		267,287		68,444	 58,958		9,486
Total Expenditures	\$	574,042	\$	389,139	 347,417	\$	41,722
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	26,662	\$	(13,877)	\$ 28,803	\$	42,680
Fund Balances - July 1		254,174		258,878	 224,157	***************************************	(34,721)
Fund Balances - June 30	\$	280,836	<u>\$</u>	245,001	\$ 252,960	\$	7,959

CITY OF NEW CASTLE, KENTUCKY NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE June 30, 2013

Budgetary Accounting

The City Commission follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data for the general fund included in the required supplementary information.

- (1) The Mayor and City Clerk-Treasurer submit to the City Commission a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the upcoming year. Detailed line item budgets are included for administrative control. The level of control for the detailed budgets is at the department head\function level.
- (2) Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comment.
- (3) Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- (4) The City Clerk-Treasurer presents monthly financial statements to the City Commission comparing actual year to date expenditures to budgeted expenditures.
- (5) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- (6) The budget for the General Fund is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- (7) Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- (8) The City Commission may authorize supplemental appropriations during the year. The budget was amended by ordinance once during the year.

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CITY OF NEW CASTLE, KENTUCKY COMPARATIVE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES June 30, 2013, and 2012

			Ji	une 30, 2013		
	Wa	ater Utilities	Se	wer Utilities		
ASSETS	Ent	erprise Fund	Ent	erprise Fund		Totals
Current Assets:						
Cash, including time deposits	\$	45,285	\$	49,212	\$	94,497
Interest Receivable		85		103		188
Accounts Receivable - (Net)		28,678		26,398		55,076
Due from Other Funds		8,030		21,640		29,670
Total Current Assets	\$	82,078	\$	97,353	\$	179,431
Noncurrent Assets:						
Restricted Assets						
Cash, including time deposits	\$	187,307	\$	211,837	\$	399,144
Capital Assets (Net)		970,023		1,471,681		2,441,704
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	1,157,330	_\$	1,683,518	\$	2,840,848
Total Assets	\$	1,239,408	\$	1,780,871	_\$	3,020,279
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	9,635	\$	9,444	\$	19,079
Accrued Compensated Absences		14,875		14,875		29,750
Accrued Taxes / Employee Withholding		696		170		866
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:						
Revenue Bonds Payable		12,500		22,700		35,200
Total Current Liabilities	\$	37,706	\$	47,189	\$	84,895
Noncurrent Liabilities:		-				
Revenue Bonds Payable	\$	363,500	\$	433,419	\$	796,919
Noncurrent Liabilities Payable from Restricted Asse	ets:	, ,	•	, ,	•	, , ,
Customer Deposits Payable		15,225		-		15,225
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$	378,725		433,419	\$	812,144
Total Liabilities	\$	416,431	\$	480,608	\$	897,039
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	594,023	\$	1,015,562	\$	1,609,585
Restricted for:	•		*	· , = , 	•	-,,
Debt Service		169,685		211,837		381,522
Unrestricted		59,269		72,864		132,133
Total Net Position	\$	822,977	\$	1,300,263	\$	2,123,240

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. 11	Ine	30	20	17

Enterprise Fund Enterprise Fund Totals \$ 31,176 \$ 51,421 \$ 82,597 125 102 227 26,255 27,900 54,155 18,000 31,300 49,300 \$ 75,556 \$ 110,723 \$ 186,279 \$ 178,068 \$ 205,429 \$ 383,497 995,344 1,512,655 2,507,999 \$ 1,173,412 \$ 1,718,084 \$ 2,891,496 \$ 1,248,968 \$ 1,828,807 \$ 3,077,775 \$ 8,286 \$ 3,282 \$ 11,568 12,061 12,061 24,122 692 165 857 12,500 21,600 34,100 \$ 33,539 \$ 37,108 \$ 70,647 \$ 376,000 \$ 456,119 \$ 832,119 14,125 - 14,125 \$ 423,664 \$ 493,227 \$ 916,891 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,335,580 \$ 2,160,884	W	ater Utilities	Sewer Utilities							
\$ 31,176 \$ 51,421 \$ 82,597				Totals	Totale					
125 102 227 26,255 27,900 54,155 18,000 31,300 49,300 \$ 75,556 \$ 110,723 \$ 186,279 \$ 178,068 \$ 205,429 \$ 383,497 995,344 1,512,655 2,507,999 \$ 1,173,412 \$ 1,718,084 \$ 2,891,496 \$ 1,248,968 \$ 1,828,807 \$ 3,077,775 \$ 8,286 \$ 3,282 \$ 11,568 12,061 12,061 24,122 692 165 857 12,500 21,600 34,100 \$ 33,539 \$ 37,108 \$ 70,647 \$ 376,000 \$ 456,119 \$ 832,119 14,125 - 14,125 \$ 390,125 \$ 456,119 \$ 846,244 \$ 423,664 \$ 493,227 \$ 916,891 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780		terprise i una	Litter prise r unu	iotais						
125 102 227 26,255 27,900 54,155 18,000 31,300 49,300 \$ 75,556 \$ 110,723 \$ 186,279 \$ 178,068 \$ 205,429 \$ 383,497 995,344 1,512,655 2,507,999 \$ 1,173,412 \$ 1,718,084 \$ 2,891,496 \$ 1,248,968 \$ 1,828,807 \$ 3,077,775 \$ 8,286 \$ 3,282 \$ 11,568 12,061 12,061 24,122 692 165 857 12,500 21,600 34,100 \$ 33,539 \$ 37,108 \$ 70,647 \$ 376,000 \$ 456,119 \$ 832,119 14,125 - 14,125 \$ 390,125 \$ 456,119 \$ 846,244 \$ 423,664 \$ 493,227 \$ 916,891 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780	\$	31.176	\$ 51.421	\$ 82.5	597					
26,255 18,000 27,900 31,300 54,155 49,300 \$ 75,556 \$ 110,723 \$ 186,279 \$ 178,068 995,344 \$ 205,429 1,512,655 \$ 383,497 2,507,999 \$ 1,173,412 \$ 1,718,084 \$ 2,891,496 \$ 1,248,968 \$ 1,828,807 \$ 3,077,775 \$ 8,286 12,061 692 \$ 3,282 165 \$ 11,568 857 12,061 692 12,061 165 24,122 857 12,500 21,600 34,100 \$ 33,539 \$ 37,108 \$ 70,647 \$ 376,000 \$ 456,119 \$ 832,119 14,125 - 14,125 \$ 390,125 \$ 456,119 \$ 846,244 \$ 423,664 \$ 493,227 \$ 916,891 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 \$ 606,842 \$ 57,467 \$ 95,215 152,682	•									
18,000 31,300 49,300 \$ 75,556 \$ 110,723 \$ 186,279 \$ 178,068 \$ 205,429 \$ 383,497 995,344 1,512,655 2,507,999 \$ 1,173,412 \$ 1,718,084 \$ 2,891,496 \$ 1,248,968 \$ 1,828,807 \$ 3,077,775 \$ 8,286 \$ 3,282 \$ 11,568 12,061 12,061 24,122 692 165 857 12,500 21,600 34,100 \$ 33,539 \$ 37,108 \$ 70,647 \$ 376,000 \$ 456,119 \$ 832,119 14,125 - 14,125 \$ 390,125 \$ 456,119 \$ 846,244 \$ 423,664 \$ 493,227 \$ 916,891 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 \$ 606,842 \$ 57,467 95,215 152,682										
\$ 75,556 \$ 110,723 \$ 186,279 \$ 178,068 \$ 205,429 \$ 383,497 995,344										
\$ 178,068 \$ 205,429 \$ 383,497 995,344 1,512,655 2,507,999 \$ 1,173,412 \$ 1,718,084 \$ 2,891,496 \$ 1,248,968 \$ 1,828,807 \$ 3,077,775 \$ 8,286 \$ 3,282 \$ 11,568 12,061 24,122 692 165 857 12,500 21,600 34,100 \$ 33,539 \$ 37,108 \$ 70,647 \$ 376,000 \$ 456,119 \$ 832,119 14,125 - 14,125 \$ 390,125 \$ 456,119 \$ 846,244 \$ 423,664 \$ 493,227 \$ 916,891 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 160,993 205,429 366,422 57,467 95,215 152,682										
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\$ 1,173,412 \$ 1,718,084 \$ 2,891,496 \$ 1,248,968 \$ 1,828,807 \$ 3,077,775 \$ 8,286 \$ 3,282 \$ 11,568 12,061 12,061 24,122 692 165 857 12,500 21,600 34,100 \$ 33,539 \$ 37,108 \$ 70,647 \$ 376,000 \$ 456,119 \$ 832,119 14,125 - 14,125 \$ 390,125 \$ 456,119 \$ 846,244 \$ 423,664 \$ 493,227 \$ 916,891 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 160,993 205,429 366,422 57,467 95,215 152,682	\$	178,068	\$ 205,429	\$ 383,4	197					
\$ 1,248,968 \$ 1,828,807 \$ 3,077,775 \$ 8,286 \$ 3,282 \$ 11,568 12,061 12,061 24,122 692 165 857 12,500 21,600 34,100 \$ 33,539 \$ 37,108 \$ 70,647 \$ 376,000 \$ 456,119 \$ 832,119 14,125 - 14,125 \$ 390,125 \$ 456,119 \$ 846,244 \$ 423,664 \$ 493,227 \$ 916,891 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 160,993 205,429 366,422 57,467 95,215 152,682		995,344	1,512,655	2,507,9	999					
\$ 8,286 \$ 3,282 \$ 11,568 12,061 24,122 692 165 857 12,500 21,600 34,100 \$ 33,539 \$ 37,108 \$ 70,647 \$ 376,000 \$ 456,119 \$ 832,119 14,125 - 14,125 \$ 390,125 \$ 456,119 \$ 846,244 \$ 423,664 \$ 493,227 \$ 916,891 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 160,993 205,429 366,422 57,467 95,215 152,682	\$	1,173,412	\$ 1,718,084	\$ 2,891,4	196					
\$ 8,286 \$ 3,282 \$ 11,568 12,061 24,122 692 165 857 12,500 21,600 34,100 \$ 33,539 \$ 37,108 \$ 70,647 \$ 376,000 \$ 456,119 \$ 832,119 14,125 - 14,125 \$ 390,125 \$ 456,119 \$ 846,244 \$ 423,664 \$ 493,227 \$ 916,891 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 160,993 205,429 366,422 57,467 95,215 152,682	æ	4 249 069	¢ 4.020.007	¢ 2077.7	77E					
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12,061 692 12,061 165 24,122 857 12,500 21,600 34,100 \$ 33,539 \$ 37,108 \$ 70,647 \$ 376,000 \$ 456,119 \$ 832,119 14,125 - 14,125 \$ 390,125 \$ 456,119 \$ 846,244 \$ 423,664 \$ 493,227 \$ 916,891 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 160,993 205,429 366,422 57,467 95,215 152,682										
692 165 857 12,500 21,600 34,100 \$ 33,539 \$ 37,108 \$ 70,647 \$ 376,000 \$ 456,119 \$ 832,119 14,125 - 14,125 \$ 390,125 \$ 456,119 \$ 846,244 \$ 423,664 \$ 493,227 \$ 916,891 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 \$ 160,993 205,429 366,422 57,467 95,215 152,682	\$	8,286	\$ 3,282							
12,500 21,600 34,100 \$ 33,539 \$ 37,108 \$ 70,647 \$ 376,000 \$ 456,119 \$ 832,119 14,125 - 14,125 \$ 390,125 \$ 456,119 \$ 846,244 \$ 423,664 \$ 493,227 \$ 916,891 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 \$ 160,993 205,429 366,422 57,467 95,215 152,682		12,061	12,061	24,1	22					
\$ 33,539 \$ 37,108 \$ 70,647 \$ 376,000 \$ 456,119 \$ 832,119 14,125 - 14,125 \$ 390,125 \$ 456,119 \$ 846,244 \$ 423,664 \$ 493,227 \$ 916,891 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 160,993 205,429 366,422 57,467 95,215 152,682		692	165	8	357					
\$ 376,000 \$ 456,119 \$ 832,119 14,125	•	12,500	21,600	34,1	00					
14,125 - 14,125 \$ 390,125 \$ 456,119 \$ 846,244 \$ 423,664 \$ 493,227 \$ 916,891 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 160,993 205,429 366,422 57,467 95,215 152,682	\$	33,539	\$ 37,108	\$ 70,6	47					
14,125 - 14,125 \$ 390,125 \$ 456,119 \$ 846,244 \$ 423,664 \$ 493,227 \$ 916,891 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 160,993 205,429 366,422 57,467 95,215 152,682	e	376 000	\$ AEC 110	¢ 922.4	10					
\$ 390,125 \$ 456,119 \$ 846,244 \$ 423,664 \$ 493,227 \$ 916,891 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 160,993 205,429 366,422 57,467 95,215 152,682	Ψ	370,000	р 450,115	φ 632, i	19					
\$ 423,664 \$ 493,227 \$ 916,891 \$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 160,993 205,429 366,422 366,422 57,467 95,215 152,682		14,125		14,1	25					
\$ 606,844 \$ 1,034,936 \$ 1,641,780 160,993 205,429 366,422 57,467 95,215 152,682	\$	390,125	\$ 456,119	\$ 846,2	44					
160,993 205,429 366,422 57,467 95,215 152,682	\$	423,664	\$ 493,227	\$ 916,8	91					
57,467 95,215 152,682	\$	606,844	\$ 1,034,936	\$ 1,641,7	80					
\$ 825,304 \$ 1,335,580 \$ 2,160,884										
	<u>\$</u>	825,304	<u>\$ 1,335,580</u>	<u>\$ 2,160,8</u>	84					

CITY OF NEW CASTLE, KENTUCKY COMPARATIVE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2013 and 2012

		Yea	ar E	Ended June 3	0, 2	2013		Year Ended June 30, 2012								
			s S	Sewer Utilitie		Totals				s S	ewer Utilities					
		Enterprise		Enterprise	(1	Memorandu	m	E	Enterprise		Enterprise	(Memorandum			
OPERATING REVENUES		Fund		Fund		Only)			Fund	-	Fund		Only)			
Water Sales	\$	214,665		\$ -		\$ 214,665	;	\$	207,523		\$ -	\$	207,523			
Sewer Services		-		219,305		219,305			•		219,932		219,932			
Miscellaneous		6,156		2,050		8,206	_	_	7,653		2,050		9,703			
Total Operating Revenues	s <u></u>	220,821	:	\$ 221,355		442,176	_		215,176	_	221,982	_\$	437,158			
OPERATING EXPENSES																
Salaries and Wages	\$	43,634	,	43,620	\$	87,254		\$	42,784	\$	42,778	\$	85,562			
Water and Sewer Supplies		2,627		14,901		17,528			3,037		12,958		15,995			
Utilities		855		15,539		16,394			708		12,400		13,108			
Rent		6,000		6,000		12,000			6,000		6,000		12,000			
Payroll Taxes		3,332		3,331		6,663			3,270		3,270		6,540			
Retirement Benefits		8,587		8,584		17,171			8,275		8,274		16,549			
Vehicle Expenses		3,780		3,741		7,521			3,410		3,414		6,824			
Postage and Office Supplies		2,489		2,298		4,787			2,107		1,933		4,040			
Insurance		25,207		25,788		50,995			24,936		27,117		52,053			
General & Admin. Expenses	198	11,438		11,340		22,778			12,235		11,817		24,052			
Depreciation		33,990		65,165		99,155			33,463		64,549		98,012			
Miscellaneous		-				-			622		1,064		1,686			
Water Purchases		61,610		-		61,610			58,488		-		58,488			
Repairs and Maintenance		2,159		36,121		38,280	.s -		1,627		25,208		26,835			
Total Operating Expenses	\$	205,708	\$	236,428	\$	442,136	_	\$	200,962	\$	220,782	\$	421,744			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	15,113	\$	(15,073)	\$	40	_	\$	14,214	\$	1,200	\$	15,414			
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)	S															
Interest Revenue	\$	623	\$	690	\$	1,313		\$	1,030	\$	1,046	\$	2,076			
Interest Expense		(18,063)		(20,934)		(38,997)	_		(18,593)		(21,907)		(40,500)			
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):	\$	(17,440)	\$	(20,244)	\$	(37,684)	_	\$	(17,563)	\$	(20,861)	\$	(38,424)			
Net Income (Loss)	\$	(2,327)	\$	(35,317)	\$	(37,644)		\$	(3,349)	\$	(19,661)	\$	(23,010)			
Net Position - July 1		825,304		1,335,580		2,160,884	_		828,653		1,355,241		2,183,894			
Net Position - June 30	\$	822,977	\$	1,300,263	\$	2,123,240		\$	825,304	\$	1,335,580	\$	2,160,884			

CITY OF NEW CASTLE, KENTUCKY COMPARATIVE COMBINING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

For the Years Ended June 30, 2013, and 2012

		Ye	ar En	ded June 30	, 20°	13		Year Ended June 30, 2012							
				ewer Utilitie: Iterprise Fun		Totals		ater Utilities erprise Fun		ewer Utilitie: terprise Fun		Totals			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•	<u> </u>							-						
Receipts from Customers Payments to Suppliers Payments to Employees Receipts of Customer Meter Deposits	\$	218,398 (116,761 (40,820 4,975)	222,857 (116,191 (40,806		441,255 (232,952) (81,626) 4,975		215,563 (125,211) (40,689) 6,075		220,317 (110,303 (40,683)		435,880 (235,514) (81,372) 6,075			
Refunds of Customer Meter Deposits		(3,875	<u>) </u>	-		(3,875)		(5,450)				(5,450)			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	61,917	\$	65,860	\$	127,777	\$	50,288	\$_	69,331	\$	119,619			
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES															
Purchases of Capital Assets Principal Paid on Capital Debt Interest Paid on Capital Debt	\$	(8,669) (12,500) (18,063)		(19,816) (21,600) (20,934)	\$	(28,485) (34,100) (38,997)	\$	(7,875) (11,000) (18,593)	\$	(7,875) (20,400) (21,907)	\$	(15,750) (31,400) (40,500)			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$	(39,232)	\$	(62,350)	_\$	(101,582)	_\$_	(37,468)	_\$_	(50,182)	_\$_	(87,650)			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES															
Interest Received Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	\$ s_\$	663 663	\$	689 689	<u>\$</u>	1,352 1,352	<u>\$</u> \$	1,063 1,063	<u>\$</u>	1,083 1,083	\$	2,146 2,146			
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Balances - July 1	\$	23,348 154,244	\$	4,199 201,350	\$	27,547 355,594	\$	13,883 140,361	\$	20,232 181,118	\$	34,115 321,479			
Balances - June 30	\$	177,592	\$	205,549	\$	383,141	\$	154,244	\$	201,350	\$	355,594			
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>S)</u>														
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	\$	15,113	\$	(15,073)	\$	40	\$	14,214	\$	1,200	\$	15,414			
Depreciation Expense		33,990		65,165		99,155		33,463		64,549		98,012			
Change in Assets and Liabilities: Receivables, Net		(2,423)		1,502		(921)		387		(1,665)		(1,278)			
Accounts Payable		1,349		1,787		3,136		(235)		(216)		(451)			
Due from Other Funds Customer Meter Deposits Payable		9,970		9,660		19,630 1,100		(280) 625		3,383		3,103 625			
Accrued Compensated Absences		1,100 2,814		- 2,814		5,628		2,095		2,095		4,190			
Accrued Taxes/Employee Withholding		4		5		9		19		(15)		4			
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	61,917	\$	65,860	\$	127,777	\$	50,288	\$	69,331	\$	119,619			

SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES

At June 30, 2013, the Waterworks Enterprise Fund had no outstanding obligations and the Sewer Utilities Enterprise Fund had \$4,375 outstanding obligations for the acquisition/construction of plant assets. At June 30, 2012, the Waterworks Enterprise Fund had no outstanding obligations and the Sewer Utilities Enterprise Fund had no outstanding obligations for the acquisition/construction of plant assets.

CITY OF NEW CASTLE, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 BUDGET AND ACTUAL ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

			W	ater Utilitie	es		Sewer Utilities							
	Budget			Actual		Variance Favorable Unfavorable)		Budget		Actual	(Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
OPERATING REVENUES	-					-		7				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Water Sales Sewer Services	\$	224,000	\$	214,665	; ;	\$ (9,335) -	\$	- 224,900	\$	- 219,305		\$ - (5,595)		
Miscellaneous		7,405		6,156		(1,249)		21,962		2,050		(19,912)		
Total Operating Revenues	_\$	231,405		220,821		\$ (10,584)	_\$	246,862	\$	221,355		\$ (25,507)		
OPERATING EXPENSES														
Salaries and Wages	\$	42,150	\$	43,634	9	(1,484)	\$	42,150	\$	43,620	\$	(1,470)		
Water and Sewer Supplies		18,000		2,627		15,373		20,000		14,901		5,099		
Utilities		800		855		(55)		16,200		15,539		661		
Rent		6,000		6,000		-		6,000		6,000				
Payroll Taxes		3,200		3,332		(132)		3,200		3,331		(131)		
Retirement Benefits		8,200		8,587		(387)		8,200		8,584		(384)		
Vehicle Expenses		4,632		3,780		852		4,632		3,741		891		
Postage and Office Supplies		2,000		2,489		(489)		2,000		2,298		(298)		
Insurance		28,680		25,207		3,473		28,680		25,788		2,892		
General & Admin. Expenses		15,900		11,438		4,462		15,900		11,340		2,692 4,560		
Depreciation		•						•						
Miscellaneous		26,190		33,990		(7,800)		48,820		65,165		(16,345)		
Water Purchases		2,000		- 04 040		2,000		1,000		-		1,000		
		62,000		61,610		390				-		45.000		
Repairs and Maintenance	·	5,500		2,159		3,341		51,391		36,121		15,270		
Total Operating Expenses		225,252	\$	205,708	_\$	19,544		248,173	\$	236,428	_\$	11,745		
Operating Income (Loss)	_\$_	6,153	\$	15,113	_\$	8,960	\$_	(1,311)	\$	(15,073)	_\$	(13,762)		
NON-OPERATING														
REVENUES (EXPENSES):														
Interest Revenue	\$	500	\$	623	\$	123	\$	500	\$	690	\$	190		
Interest Expense	***	(17,093)		(18,063)		(970)		(20,708)		(20,934)		(226)		
Total Non-Operating														
Revenues (Expenses):	_\$	(16,593)	\$	(17,440)	\$	(847)	\$	(20,208)	\$	(20,244)	\$	(36)		
Net Income (Loss)	\$	(10,440)	\$	(2,327)	\$	8,113	\$	(21,519)	\$	(35,317)	\$	(13,798)		
Net Position - July 1		208,992		825,304		616,312		256,950	1	,335,580		1,078,630		
Net Position - June 30	\$	198,552	\$	822,977	\$	624,425	\$	235,431	\$ 1	,300,263	\$	1,064,832		

Certified Public Accountants

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The Honorable Dennis Benham, Mayor and Members of the City Commission of the City of New Castle New Castle, Kentucky 40050

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of New Castle, Kentucky as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of New Castle, Kentucky's basis financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 28, 2013.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of New Castle, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of New Castle, Kentucky's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of New Castle, Kentucky's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be material weaknesses (Items 13-1 and 13-2).

The Honorable Dennis Benham, Mayor and Members of the City Commission of the City of New Castle Page Two

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of New Castle, Kentucky's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as Item 13-3.

CITY OF NEW CASTLE, KENTUCKY'S RESPONSE TO FINDINGS

City of New Castle, Kentucky's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. City of New Castle, Kentucky's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Raison, Zapp & Woods, PSC

Certified Public Accountants
Carrollton, Kentucky

August 28, 2013

CITY OF NEW CASTLE, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditors' report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of City of New Castle, Kentucky.
- Two deficiencies in internal control related to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Items 13-1 and 13-2 were reported as material weaknesses.
- 3. One instance of noncompliance material to the financial statements of City of New Castle, Kentucky, which would be required to be reported in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, was disclosed during the audit as Item 13-3.

B. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

DEFICIENCIES IN INTERNAL CONTROL

13-1 SIZE OF ENTITY

CONDITION:

Due to the size of administrative staff, internal control is limited. This condition was also cited as a material weakness in the Schedule of Findings and Responses for the year ended June 30, 2012 as item 12-1.

CRITERIA:

Internal controls should be in place to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition.

CAUSE:

The staff size of the City limits the ability to rotate duties and implement checking procedures.

EFFECT:

The limitations on rotation of duties and checking procedures may affect the City's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data.

RECOMMENDATION:

Management should strive to separate duties as staff and cost benefits allow.

RESPONSE:

We concur with the recommendation. Management believes adequate resources have been expended and control procedures implemented, that are commensurate with the size and responsibility of financial personnel.

13-2 FAILURE TO PREPARE A COMPLETE SET OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INCLUDING REQUIRED NOTE DISCLOSURES

CONDITION:

City financial statements, including the required disclosures, are prepared as part of the annual audit. This condition was cited as a material weakness in the Schedule of Findings and Responses for the year ended June 30, 2012 as item 12-2.

CRITERIA:

Internal controls should be in place to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that financial statements and required notes are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

CITY OF NEW CASTLE, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT (Continued)

DEFICIENCIES IN INTERNAL CONTROL (Continued)

13-2 FAILURE TO PREPARE A COMPLETE SET OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INCLUDING REQUIRED NOTE DISCLOSURES (Continued)

CAUSE:

Management of the City are not sufficiently familiar with all accounting, financial reporting and disclosure requirements to prepare internal financial statements. The draft accrual basis (government-wide) financial statements and disclosures are prepared during the audit process. Entries are not entered into the City's general ledger and financial reports.

EFFECT:

Management engaged auditor to prepare the draft of the financial statements, including the related notes to the financial statements. Management reviewed, approved, and accepted responsibility for the financial statements prior to their issuance.

RECOMMENDATION:

Management should continue to be aware of its responsibilities in the preparation of its financial statements and continue to increase its involvement in and understanding of that process.

RESPONSE:

We concur with the recommendation and will continue our efforts to improve our overall accounting knowledge.

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

13-3 VIOLATION OF KRS 424,260

CONDITION:

The City of New Castle did not advertise for bid on certain materials, supplies, equipment, or services. This condition was also cited as a noncompliance item in the Schedule of Findings and Responses for the year ended June 30, 2012 as item 12-3.

CRITERIA.

KRS 424.260 requires cities to implement procedures to ascertain that any qualified purchase greater than \$20,000 is properly bid.

CAUSE:

Procedures were not followed regarding Kentucky Revised Statutes.

EFFECT:

Goods and services may not be purchased at the most competitive price.

RECOMMENDATION:

Review purchases for any bid requirements.

RESPONSE:

We concur with the recommendation.