#### CITY OF WILLIAMSTOWN, KENTUCKY

**JUNE 30, 2010** 

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor Members of the City Council City of Williamstown, Kentucky

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Williamstown, Kentucky as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Williamstown, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated February 22, 2011 on our consideration of the City of Williamstown, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 1 through 6 and page 26 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Williamstown, Kentucky basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a

Honorable Mayor Members of the City Council City of Williamstown, Kentucky Page Two

required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The other supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

VonLehman & Company Inc.

Fort Mitchell, Kentucky February 22, 2011

As management of the City of Williamstown, Kentucky (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2010 are as follows:

- In total, net assets increased \$1,270,000. Net assets of governmental activities decreased \$24,000, which represents less than a 1 percent decrease from fiscal year 2009. Net assets of the business-type activities, increased \$1,293,000 or 12.2 percent from fiscal year 2009.
- Governmental activities general revenues accounted for \$1.6 million in revenue or 80 percent of all governmental activity revenues. Program specific revenues, in the form of charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions, accounted for \$407,000 or 20 percent of total governmental activity revenues.
- The City had \$2.0 million in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$407,000 of these
  expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants, and
  contributions. General revenues (primarily property taxes and grants and entitlements) of \$1.6
  million were adequate to provide for these programs.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the City that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, police, public works, and sanitation. Capital assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 7 and 8 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental and proprietary funds. The proprietary funds consist of the Utility and Sewer Funds. All other activities of the City are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 9 through 12 and the proprietary funds financial statements are found on pages 13 through 15 of this report.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 26 of this report.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

The perspective of the statement of net assets is of the City as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the City's net assets for 2010 compared to 2009:

Table 1 Net Assets (In Thousands)

	Activ	nmental <u>vities</u>	Business-Type Activities	<u>Total</u>				
Acceta	2010	2009	<u>2010</u> <u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u> <u>2009</u>				
Assets Current and Other Assets Capital Assets, Net	\$ 561 3,195	\$ 469 3,330	\$ 5,002 \$ 3,170 14,09811,533	\$ 5,563 \$ 3,639 				
Total Assets	3,756	3,799	19,100 14,703	22,856 18,502				
<b>Liabilities</b> Current and Other Liabilities Long-Term Liabilities	304	323	1,830 1,561 5,384 2,549	2,134 1,884 5,384 2,549				
Total Liabilities	304	323	7,214 4,110	<u>7,518</u> <u>4,433</u>				
Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets Net of Related Debt Restricted	3,195	3,330 60	8,423 8,718 591 333	11,618 12,048 591 393				
Unrestricted	257	<u>86</u>	<u>2,872</u> <u>1,542</u>	<u>3,129</u> <u>1,628</u>				
Total Net Assets	\$ <u>3,452</u>	\$ <u>3,476</u>	<u>\$ 11,886</u> <u>\$ 10,593</u>	\$ <u>15,338</u> \$ <u>14,069</u>				

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$15.3 million as of June 30, 2010.

The largest portion of the City's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding.

The City's financial position is the product of several financial transactions, including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Total assets increased \$4,354,000, current assets increased \$1,924,000, and capital assets increased by \$2,430,000. These changes are combined with an increase in accounts payable and other current liabilities of \$250,000 and an increase in long term debt payable of \$2,835,000 resulting in an increase in net assets of \$1,269,000.

Net assets of the City's governmental activities decreased \$24,000. The net assets of the City's business-type activities increased \$1,293,000.

Table 2 reflects the change in net assets for fiscal year 2010.

Table 2
Change in Net Assets
(In Thousands)

		nmental vities 2009		ess-Type ivities 2009	To	tal 2009
Revenues						
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$ 145	\$ 152	\$ 8,834	\$ 8,426	\$ 8,979	\$ 8,578
Operating Capital Grants	•	•	,	, , ,	* -,-	• -,-
and Contributions	<u>262</u>	229	1,102	468	1,364	697
		<u> </u>				
Total Program Revenues	407	381	9,936	8,894	10,343	9,275
General Revenues						
Property Taxes	697	692	-	-	697	692
Licenses and Permits	344	365	-	-	344	365
Interest	3	2	15	9	18	11
Transfers	549	416	(549	(416)	-	-
Other Revenues	31	<u>81</u>	173	142	204	223
Total General Revenues	1,624	<u>1,556</u>	(361	<u>(265</u> )	1,263	1,291
Total Revenues	2,031	1,937	9,575	8,629	<u>11,606</u>	10,566

(Continued)

#### Table 2 (Continued) Change in Net Assets

(In Thousands)

	Governmental			Business-Type									
		Activities				Activities				Total			
	2	2010		2009		2010		2009		2010		2009	
Program Expenses													
General Government	\$	391	\$	414	\$	-	\$	-	\$	391	\$	414	
Police		626		703		-		-		626		703	
Fire		148		156		-		-		148		156	
Streets		422		380		-		-		422		380	
Cemetery		31		28		-		-		31		28	
Sanitation		121		113		-		-		121		113	
Recreation		10		7		-		-		10		7	
Main Street		35		29		-		-		35		29	
Maintenance and Repairs		81		15		-		-		81		15	
Utility Operation		-		-		7,288		6,683		7,288		6,683	
Sewer Operation		-		-		994		971		994		971	
Depreciation		190	_	192	_		_			190	_	192	
Total Expenses		2,055		2,037	_	8,282	_	7,654	_	10,337	_	9,691	
(Decrease) Increase in Net Assets	\$	(24)	\$	(100)	\$	1,293	\$	975	\$	1,269	\$ <u>_</u>	875	

#### **Governmental Activities**

The statement of activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. Table 3, for government activities, indicates the total cost of services and the net cost of services. It identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenues and unrestricted state entitlements.

Table 3
Governmental Activities
(In Thousands)

	<u>Tota</u>	al Cost	of Se	ervices .	<u>N</u> 6	et Cost o	of Se	ervices
	2	010	2	2009		2010		2009
General Government	\$	391	\$	414	\$	391	\$	414
Police		626		703		479		543
Fire		148		156		95		152
Streets		422		380		359		315
Cemetery		31		28		5		(5)
Sanitation		121		113		2		(6)
Recreation		10		7		10		7
Main Street		35		29		35		29
Maintenance and Repairs		81		15		81		15
Depreciation		190		192		190	_	192
Total Expenses	\$	2,055	\$	2,037	\$	1,647	\$	1,656

#### **Business-Type Activities**

The business-type activities of the City consisted of the utility and sewer enterprise funds. These activities had revenues of \$10.1 million and expenses and transfers of \$8.8 million for fiscal year 2010. Total revenues increased \$1.1 million and expenses and transfers increased \$762,000 from the prior fiscal year.

#### The City's Funds

The City's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Total governmental funds had revenues and other financing sources of \$2.0 million and expenditures and other financing uses of \$1.9 million.

#### **General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The City's budget is prepared according to City Charter and is based on accounting for certain transactions using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The only budgeted fund is the General Fund.

For the General Fund, budgeted revenues and other financing sources, in the amount of \$2.3 million, exceeded actual revenues and other financing sources by \$253,000. The major difference comes from the difference in other financing sources.

Expenditures and other financing uses were budgeted at \$2.4 million while actual expenditures were \$1.9 million.

General Fund revenues and other financing sources were greater than expenditures and other financing uses by \$100,000.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of fiscal year 2010, the City had \$17.3 million invested in capital assets.

Table 4 reflects fiscal year 2010 balances compared to fiscal year 2009.

Table 4
Capital Assets at June 30
(Net of Depreciation, In Thousands)

			overnmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total			
		2010		2009		2010		2009		2010		2009	
Land and Construction In Progress	\$	533	\$	533	\$	2,969	\$	348	\$	3,502	\$	881	
Buildings and Building Improvements		1,784		1,847		-		-		1,784		1,847	
Infrastructure		501		540		-		-		501		540	
Furniture and Fixtures		15		19		-		-		15		19	
General Equipment		362		391		-		-		362		391	
Water System		-		-		5,476		5,515		5,476		5,515	
Electric System		-		-		1,172		993		1,172		993	
Cable T.V. System		-		-		2,353		2,353		2,353		2,353	
Sewer System	_		-		_	2,128	_	2,324	_	2,128	_	2,324	
	\$	3,195	\$	3,330	\$_	14,098	\$_	11,533	\$	17,293	\$_	14,863	

#### Debt

At June 30, 2010, the City had \$5.7 million in outstanding bonds and notes payable.

#### **Current Issues**

The construction of a new Wastewater Treatment Plant is planned for the future as well as the Railroad Bridge Construction Project.

#### **Contacting the City's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to reflect the City's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions about this report or additional financial information needs should be directed to Vivian Link, the Clerk/Treasurer, City of Williamstown, 400 North Main Street, P.O. Box 147, Williamstown, Kentucky 41097.

#### CITY OF WILLIAMSTOWN, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2010

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	278,087	\$ 1,673,225	\$ 1,951,312
Accounts Receivable			
Property Taxes	32,012	-	32,012
Accounts	98,219	1,421,903	1,520,122
Intergovernmental	48,614	380,250	428,864
Accrued Interest Receivable	636	15,674	16,310
Bond Issuance Costs (Net of Accumulated		0.4 = 0.4	0.4 = 0.4
Amortization of \$48,791)	-	64,501	64,501
Due from Other Funds	103,302	855,112	958,414
Restricted Escrow Accounts	-	234,519	234,519
Reserved Assets - Cash		357,166	357,166
Total Current Assets	560,870	5,002,350	5,563,220
Capital Assets			
Land and Construction in Progress	532,769	2,968,687	3,501,456
Depreciable Capital Assets	3,809,727	27,881,450	31,691,177
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(1,147,530)	(16,752,114)	(17,899,644)
Total Capital Assets	3,194,966	14,098,023	17,292,989
Total Assets	3,755,836	19,100,373	22,856,209
<b>Liabilities</b> Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	102,704	561,404	664,108
Other Current Liabilities	25,804	46,890	72,694
Due to Other Funds	145,679	812,735	958,414
Customer Deposits	-	69,255	69,255
Accrued Interest Payable	-	9,238	9,238
Compensated Absences Payable	29,391	39,453	68,844
Current Portion of Bonds Payable	-	210,000	210,000
Current Portion of Notes Payable		81,016	81,016
Total Current Liabilities	303,578	1,829,991	2,133,569
Long-Term Liabilities			
Bonds Payable - Long-Term Portion	-	2,043,725	2,043,725
Notes Payable - Long-Term Portion		3,340,473	3,340,473
Total Long-Term Liabilities		5,384,198	5,384,198
Total Liabilities	303,578	7,214,189	7,517,767
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	3,194,966	8,422,809	11,617,775
Restricted for Debt Service		591,685	591,685
Unrestricted	257,292	2,871,690	3,128,982
Total Net Assets		\$ 11,886,184	\$ 15,338,442

#### CITY OF WILLIAMSTOWN, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2010

								Net (Expense) i	Reve	enue and Change	s ir	Net Assets			
				Program Revenue						Primary Government					
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	-	Governmental Activities	  -	Business-Type Activities	_	Total	
Primary Government															
Governmental Activities															
General Government	\$	391,317	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	(391,317)	\$	-	\$	(391,317)	
Police		625,560		-		147,063		-		(478,497)		-		(478,497)	
Fire		147,546		-		52,472		=		(95,074)		-		(95,074)	
Streets		421,816		-		62,399		=		(359,417)		-		(359,417)	
Cemetary		30,513		25,935		-		-		(4,578)		-		(4,578)	
Sanitation		120,788		118,977		-		-		(1,811)		-		(1,811)	
Recreation		10,339		-		-		-		(10,339)		-		(10,339)	
Main Street		35,206		-		-		-		(35,206)		-		(35,206)	
Maintenance and Repairs		81,304		-		-		-		(81,304)		-		(81,304)	
Depreciation - Unallocated	_	189,571							-	(189,571)	_		_	(189,571)	
Total Governmental Activities		2,053,960		144,912		261,934			_	(1,647,114)	_		_	(1,647,114)	
Business-Type Activities															
Utility Fund		7,287,987		7,779,520		_		1,102,067		_		1,593,600		1,593,600	
Sewer Fund		993,530		1,054,142		_		- 1,102,007		_		60,612		60,612	
Total Business-Type Activities		8,281,517		8,833,662				1,102,067	-		-	1,654,212	_	1,654,212	
••	_								-		_		_		
Total Government	\$_	10,335,477	\$	8,978,574	\$	261,934	\$	1,102,067	-	(1,647,114)	_	1,654,212	_	7,098	
		Seneral Revenu Property Taxes Licenses and P Unrestricted Inv Miscellaneous Operating Trans	Lev erm est	ried for Gener nits ment Earning		Purposes				697,140 343,666 2,865 30,796 549,112		- 15,118 173,142 (549,112)		697,140 343,666 17,983 203,938	
		Total Gene	ral l	Revenues					_	1,623,579		(360,852)		1,262,727	
		Change in							-	(23,535)	_	1,293,360	_	1,269,825	
		•								,					
		Net Assets		•					-	3,475,793	_	10,592,824	_	14,068,617	
		Net Assets	s Ju	ne 30, 2010					\$	3,452,258	\$_	11,886,184	\$_	15,338,442	

# CITY OF WILLIAMSTOWN, KENTUCKY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND June 30, 2010

	General Fund			
Assets		_		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	278,087		
Accounts Receivable				
Property Taxes		32,012		
Accounts		98,219		
Intergovernmental		48,614		
Accrued Interest Receivable		636		
Due from Other Funds		103,302		
Total Assets	\$	560,870		
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$	102,704		
Other Accrued Liabilities		25,804		
Due to Other Funds		145,679		
Deferred Revenue		32,012		
Total Liabilities		306,199		
Fund Balances				
Reserved for				
Municipal Aid		76,809		
LGEA		9,359		
Unreserved		168,503		
Total Fund Balances		254,671		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	560,870		

## CITY OF WILLIAMSTOWN, KENTUCKY RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2010

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Fund		\$	254,671
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental fund.			
Cost of Capital Assets	\$ 4,342,496		
Accumulated Depreciation	(1,147,530)		
			3,194,966
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-			
period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the governmental funds.			32,012
			02,012
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in			
governmental funds.		-	(29,391)
Total Net Assets - Governmental Activities		\$	3,452,258

### CITY OF WILLIAMSTOWN, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2010

		General Fund
Revenues	•	
Property Taxes	\$	683,823
Licenses and Permits		343,666
Grants and Contributions		261,934
Charges for Services	-	144,912
Total Revenues	-	1,434,335
Expenditures		
General Government		391,580
Police		624,794
Fire		150,519
Streets		421,387
Cemetery		35,205
Sanitation		120,788
Recreation		10,339
Main Street		35,206
Maintenance and Capital Outlay		127,129
Total Expenditures	-	1,916,947
Deficit of Revenues Over Expenditures	-	(482,612)
Other Financing Sources		
Interest		2,865
Other		30,796
Operating Transfers In	-	549,112
Total Other Financing Sources	-	582,773
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Sources		100,161
Fund Balance July 1, 2009		154,510
Fund Balance June 30, 2010	\$	254,671

# CITY OF WILLIAMSTOWN, KENTUCKY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2010

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Fund			\$	100,161
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays in the current period.				
Depreciation Expense	\$	(189,571)		
Capital Outlay	_	54,497	_	(135,074)
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned.				13,317
In the Statement of Activities, compensated absences (accrued vacation and sick) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). The additional expense reported in the statement of activities is a result of the				
change in long-term accumulated vacation and sick leave.			_	(1,939)
Change in Net Assets - Governmental Activities			\$_	(23,535)

#### CITY OF WILLIAMSTOWN, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2010

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

Assets Utility Fund Sewer Fund	Total
Assets	
Current Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 942,085 \$ 731,140 \$	1,673,225
Reserved Cash 357,166 -	357,166
	001,100
Total Cash 1,299,251 731,140	2,030,391
Accounts Receivable	
Customers 1,220,405 201,498	1,421,903
Intergovernmental 380,250 -	380,250
Accrued Interest Receivable 15,674 -	15,674
•	
Due from Other Funds 676,478 178,634	855,112
Restricted Escrow Accounts 234,519 -	234,519
Bond Issuance Costs (Net of Accumulated	
Amortization of \$48,791)	64,501
Total Current Assets 3,891,078 1,111,272	5,002,350
Capital Assets	
Construction in Progress - 2,968,687	2,968,687
<del>-</del>	27,881,450
Less Accumulated Depreciation (10,932,921) (5,819,193) (7	16,752,114)
Total Capital Assets 9,001,382 5,096,641	14,098,023
Total Assets <u>12,892,460</u> <u>6,207,913</u> <u>1</u>	19,100,373
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable 525,312 36,092	561,404
•	
	46,890
, - , -	812,735
Customer Deposits 69,255 -	69,255
Accrued Interest Payable 9,238 -	9,238
Compensated Absences Payable 35,548 3,905	39,453
Current Portion of Bonds Payable 210,000 -	210,000
Current Portion of Notes Payable 81,016 -	81,016
Total Current Liabilities 1,243,975 586,016	1,829,991
Long-Term Liabilities	
Bonds Payable 2,043,725 -	2,043,725
•	
Notes Payable <u>564,774</u> <u>2,775,699</u>	3,340,473
Total Long-Term Liabilities 2,608,499 2,775,699	5,384,198
Total Liabilities 3,852,474 3,361,715	7,214,189
	,,
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 6,101,867 2,320,942	8,422,809
Reserved for Debt Service 591,685 -	591,685
Unreserved 2,346,434 525,256	2,871,690
Total Net Assets \$ 9,039,986 \$ 2,846,198 \$	11,886,184

### CITY OF WILLIAMSTOWN, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2010

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Enterprise Funds					
		Utility Fund	Sewer Fund			Total
Operating Revenues						
Charges for Services						
Electric Services	\$	5,070,258	\$	-	\$	5,070,258
Water Services		1,369,713		-		1,369,713
Cable TV Services		909,601		-		909,601
Sewer Services		-		1,054,142		1,054,142
Other Operating Revenues	_	429,948		173,142	-	603,090
Total Operating Revenues	_	7,779,520	-	1,227,284	_	9,006,804
Operating Expenses						
Personnel Services		1,254,478		268,102		1,522,580
Contractual Services		4,987,781		335,416		5,323,197
Materials and Supplies		277,255		46,344		323,599
Depreciation and Amortization		680,181		234,247		914,428
Miscellaneous	_	32,835		3,555	-	36,390
Total Operating Expenses	_	7,232,530	-	887,664	=	8,120,194
Operating Income	_	546,990	-	339,620	_	886,610
Other Income (Expense)						
Interest Income		14,647		471		15,118
Capital Grants and Contributions		1,102,067		-		1,102,067
Interest Expense		(55,457)		(105,866)		(161,323)
Fund Transfer (Out) In	_	(634,736)		85,624	-	(549,112)
Total Other Income (Expense)	_	426,521	-	(19,771)	_	406,750
Change in Net Assets		973,511		319,849		1,293,360
Net Assets July 1, 2009	_	8,066,475	•	2,526,349	-	10,592,824
Net Assets June 30, 2010	\$_	9,039,986	\$	2,846,198	\$	11,886,184

#### CITY OF WILLIAMSTOWN, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2010

Business-Type Activit	ies
Enterprise Funds	

			Er	terprise Fund	ls	
	-	Utility		Sewer		
		Fund	ı	Fund	_	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities  Cash Received from Customers  Cash Paid to/for	\$	7,531,796	\$	1,251,162	\$	8,782,958
Employees		(1,251,845)		(267,789)		(1,519,634)
Contractual Services		(4,987,781)		(335,416)		(5,323,197)
Supplies	-	(7,373)		(86,076)		(93,449)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	-	1,284,797		561,881	-	1,846,678
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities Fund Transfer (Out) In	-	(606,748)	•	57,636	-	(549,112)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities						
Payments on Bonds Payable		(196,544)		-		(196,544)
Proceeds from Notes Payable		350,000		2,775,699		3,125,699
Payments on Notes Payable		(64,384)		-		(64,384)
Interest Paid		(59,811)		(105,866)		(165,677)
Increase in Restricted Escrow Account		(234,519)		-		(234,519)
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(812,774)		(2,659,309)	-	(3,472,083)
Net Cash (Used) Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities	-	(1,018,032)		10,524	-	(1,007,508)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest Income		9,270		471	_	9,741
Net Change in Cash		771,354		630,512		1,401,866
Cash and Cash Equivalents July 1, 2009		527,897		100,628	_	628,525
Cash and Cash Equivalents June 30, 2010	\$	1,299,251	\$	731,140	\$	2,030,391
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	546,990	\$	339,620	\$	886,610
Depreciation and Amortization Change in Assets and Liabilities		680,181		234,247		914,428
Accounts Receivable		(249,579)		23,878		(225,701)
Accounts Payable		302,717		(36,177)		266,540
Other Current Liabilities		2,633		313		2,946
Customer Deposits		1,855			-	1,855
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	1,284,797	\$	561,881	\$	1,846,678

The City had no non-cash financing and investing transactions during the year.

#### CITY OF WILLIAMSTOWN, KENTUCKY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **NOTE 1 – ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Kentucky Revised Statutes and Ordinances of the City Council of the City of Williamstown, Kentucky (the "City") designate the purpose, function and restrictions of the various funds. The financial statements included herein consist of the General, Utility and Sewer Enterprise Funds.

#### The Reporting Entity

The City, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds relevant to the operations of the City of Williamstown. As required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the primary government. The City has no component units or entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable.

The City of Williamstown is a Charter City, in which citizens elect the mayor at large and six council members.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The process or preparing financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the general purpose financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function or program of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

#### NOTE 1 – ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in net total assets. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The City has the following funds:

#### I. Governmental Fund Types

(A) The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any unrestricted fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the City.

#### II. Proprietary Fund Types (Enterprise Fund)

- (A) The Utility Fund is used to account for utility service activities. The Utility Fund is a major fund.
- (B) The Sewer Fund is used to account for sewer service activities. The Sewer Fund is a major fund.

The City applies all GASB pronouncements to proprietary funds as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, and grants. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, for which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, for which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from non-exchange transactions must also be available before they can be recognized.

Expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

#### **NOTE 1 – ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### **Budgets**

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Annually appropriated budgets are adopted for all government funds. All annual appropriations continue in effect until a new budget is adopted.

#### Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1) In accordance with City code, prior to June 1, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the upcoming year.
- 2) Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comment.
- 3) Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 4) The Mayor is required by Kentucky Revised Statutes to present a quarterly report to the City Council explaining any variance from the approved budget.
- 5) Appropriations continue in effect until a new budget is adopted.
- 6) The City Council may authorize supplemental appropriations during the year.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the function level. Any revisions to the budget that would alter total revenues and expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with an initial maturity date of ninety days or less.

#### **Capital Assets**

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported in both the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars with the exception of computers and real property for which there is no threshold. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value to the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

#### **NOTE 1 – ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund capital assets:

Description	<b>Estimate</b>	<b>Estimated Lives</b>			
Building and Building Improvements	10 – 40	Years			
Infrastructure	15 – 25	Years			
General Equipment	5 – 15	Years			
Water System	5 – 50	Years			
Electric System	5 - 30	Years			
Cable T.V. System	5 - 30	Years			
Sewer System	5 – 30	Years			

#### **Restricted Assets**

Certain cash accounts have been classified as restricted assets to indicate that they have been earmarked for a specific use.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Vested or accumulated vacation leave of proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees.

Employees accrue unused accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of 960 hours. Under the City's policy, employees can utilize sick leave only when sick or upon retirement. Since the employees' accumulating rights to receive compensation for unused accumulated sick leave are contingent upon the absences being caused by illnesses or retirement and such amounts cannot be reasonably estimated, a liability for unused sick leave is not recorded in the financial statements.

#### **Fund Equity**

Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

#### **Interfund Transactions**

Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

#### Advertising

All advertising costs are expensed to operations when incurred.

#### **NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS**

It is the policy of the City to invest public funds in a manner that will provide the highest investment with the maximum security of principal while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the City and conforming to all state statutes and city regulations governing the investments of public funds.

The City is authorized to invest in:

- Obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations subject to repurchase agreements, provided that delivery of these obligations subject to repurchase agreements is taken either directly or through an authorized custodian.
- 2) Obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States or a United States government agency.
- 3) Obligations of any corporation of the United States government.
- 4) Certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or similar entity or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligations permitted by the Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. For deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City maintains deposits with financial institutions insured by the FDIC. As allowed by law, the depository bank should pledge securities along with FDIC insurance at least equal to the amount on deposit at all times. As of June 30, 2010, \$500,000 of the City's deposits are insured by the FDIC, and \$1,726,025 of the City's deposits are collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent, but not in the City's name. As of June 30, 2010, the City did not have any deposits in excess of insured and/or collateralized amounts.

For purposes of the cash flows statement, cash includes cash in checking accounts and short-term deposits with an initial maturity of ninety days or less. Restricted cash held in escrow for the purpose of debt service is not included in cash for this statement.

#### **NOTE 3 – PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE**

Property taxes attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, 2009. Taxes were levied in August, 2009, and were due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied in August become delinquent January 1 of the following year.

A deferred revenue account is established for delinquent taxes to the extent that their collectability is improbable.

#### **NOTE 4 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE**

Accounts receivable are stated at their contractual outstanding balances, net of any allowance for doubtful accounts. Accounts are considered past due if any portion of an account has not been paid in full within the contractual terms of the account. The City begins to assess its ability to collect receivables that are over 90 days past due and provides for an adequate allowance for doubtful accounts based on the City's collection history, the financial stability and recent payment history of the customer, and other pertinent factors. Based on these criteria, the City has estimated no allowance for doubtful accounts at June 30, 2010 because it expects no material losses.

#### NOTE 5 – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Capital Asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2009	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 2010</u>
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Land	\$ <u>532,769</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>532,769</u>
Depreciable Capital Assets Street Improvements Building and Building Improvements Furniture and Fixtures General Equipment	672,816 2,228,150 44,287 809,977	- - - 54,497	- - - -	672,816 2,228,150 44,287 864,474
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	3,755,230	54,497		3,809,727
Total Capital Assets at Historical Cost	4,287,999	54,497		4,342,496
Less: Accumulated Depreciation Street Improvements Building Improvements Furniture and Fixtures General Equipment  Total Accumulated Depreciation Depreciable Capital Assets, Net Governmental Activities Capital	132,744 380,982 25,025 419,208 957,959 2,797,271	38,348 64,101 4,336 82,786 189,571 (135,074)	- - - - -	171,092 445,083 29,361 501,994 1,147,530 2,662,197
Assets, Net  Business-Type Activities	\$ <u>3,330,040</u>	\$ <u>(135,074)</u>	\$	\$ <u>3,194,966</u>
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated KIA Construction Loan Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$ - <u>347,635</u> <u>347,635</u>	\$ 2,075,130 545,922 2,621,052	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 2,075,130 893,557 2,968,687
Depreciable Capital Assets Water System Electric System Cable TV System Sewer System	12,459,959 3,398,862 3,262,708 7,908,890	394,425 275,942 142,407 38,257	- - - -	12,854,384 3,674,804 3,405,115 7,947,147
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	27,030,419	<u>851,031</u>		27,881,450
Total Capital Assets at Historical Cost	<u>27,378,054</u>	3,472,083		30,850,137
Less: Accumulated Depreciation Water System Electric System Cable TV System Sewer System	6,944,318 2,405,798 909,996 5,584,946	435,666 97,671 142,472 234,247	- - - -	7,376,984 2,503,469 1,052,468 5,819,193
Total Accumulated Depreciation	15,845,058	907,056	<u> </u>	16,752,114
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	11,185,361	(56,025)		11,129,336
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ <u>11,532,996</u>	\$ <u>2,565,027</u>	\$	\$ <u>14,098,023</u>

#### NOTE 5 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Depreciation expense was not allocated to governmental functions. It appears on the statement of activities as "unallocated".

Prior to 1980, the City of Williamstown did not maintain a record of general fixed assets and proprietary fund fixed assets. The City conducted an inventory of its property, plant and equipment to determine costs or estimated costs by reviewing contracts, engineering reports, minutes of City Council meetings and actual disbursement records to the extent practical in the circumstances.

#### **NOTE 6 – NOTES/BONDS PAYABLE**

#### Utility System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2003

The City issued \$1,345,000 of "Water Revenue Bonds" dated June, 1993 bearing interest rates varying from 3.05% to 5.80% to finance the construction of the water system.

On March 1, 2004, the City issued utility revenue refunding bonds of \$1,075,000; with interest rates varying from 1.875% to 4.100% to advance refund the 1993 water revenue bonds. The new issue redeemed the outstanding 1993 bonds maturing after June 1, 2005 in the principal amount of \$930,000 on June 1, 2004 at the redemption price of 102%.

The outstanding balance at June 30, 2010 is \$330,000, payments on which are due June 1 of each year through 2013. The City incurred deferred refunding costs in the amount of \$42,288, which were capitalized and netted against the outstanding balance of the bonds. The deferred refunding costs are being written off over 10 years as a component of interest expense.

#### **Utility System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2004**

On July 1, 2004, the City issued Utility Revenue Refunding Bonds of \$2,490,000, with interest rates varying from 2.0% to 5.0%.

The Outstanding balance at June 30, 2010 is \$1,935,000, payments on which are due June 1, of each year through 2024.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity at dates and redemption premiums specified in each issue. Assuming no issues are called prior to maturity, the minimum obligations of the City at June 30, 2010 for debt service. (principal and interest) are as follows:

Fiscal						
Years Ending			Bonds			
June 30,	<u></u>	Principal	nterest	Total		
2011	\$	210,000	\$ 104,830	\$	314,830	
2012		215,000	96,640		311,640	
2013		225,000	88,040		313,040	
2014		115,000	78,930		193,930	
2015		120,000	74,100		194,100	
2016		125,000	69,000		194,000	
2017		130,000	62,750		192,750	
2018		140,000	56,250		196,250	
2019		145,000	49,250		194,250	
2020		150,000	42,000		192,000	
2021		160,000	34,500		194,500	
2022		170,000	26,500		196,500	
2023		175,000	18,000		193,000	
2024	_	185,000	 8,890		193,890	
Totals		2,265,000	\$ 809,680	\$	3,074,680	
Unamortized Deferred						
Refunding Costs	_	<u>(11,275</u> )				
Net Bonds Payable						
Business-Type Activities	\$_	2,253,725				

#### **NOTE 6 – NOTES/BONDS PAYABLE (Continued)**

The following is a summary of the City's bond transactions for the year ended June 30, 2010:

					Amounts
					Expected
					to be Paid
	Outstanding	Additions of		Outstanding	Within
	July 1, 2009	New Debt	<u>Repayments</u>	June 30, 2010	One Year
Bonds Payable	\$ 2,470,000	\$	\$ 205,000	\$ 2,265,000	\$ 210,000

#### **Other Notes Payable**

Kentucky League of Cities loan has an outstanding balance of \$300,102 as of June 30, 2010, bearing an interest rate of 3.8% with monthly principal and interest payments of \$6,345, with final maturity due November, 2014. The note is a project reimbursement note and proceeds are only obtained through reimbursed project expenses up to the maximum amount of \$455,000.

Kentucky League of Cities loan has an outstanding balance of \$2,775,699 as of June 30, 2010, bearing an interest rate of 1% with monthly principal and interest payments and final maturity yet to be determined. The note is a project reimbursement note and full principal and interest payments will commence within one year of the initiation of operation of the treatment plant for which these proceeds are to be used.

Kentucky League of Cities loan has an outstanding balance of \$345,688 as of June 30, 2010, bearing an interest rate of 1.8% with monthly principal and interest payments of \$2,563, with final maturity due February, 2025. The note is a project reimbursement note and proceeds are only obtained through reimbursed project expenses up to the maximum amount of \$350,000.

Fiscal Years Ending			Notes Payable	<del>)</del>
June 30,	Principal		Interest	Total
2011	\$	81,016	15,839	96,855
2012		84,540	13,544	98,084
2013		88,304	10,327	98,631
2014		92,165	7,670	99,835
2015		51,944	4,959	56,903
2016 – 2020		117,329	17,279	134,608
2021 – 2025	_	130,492	5,342	135,834
Subtotal		645,790	\$ <u>74,960</u>	\$ <u>720,750</u>
Undetermined				
Payment Schedule	_2	2,775,699		
Total	\$ <u>3</u>	<u>3,421,489</u>		

The following is a summary of the City's notes payable transactions for the year ended June 30, 2010:

	tstanding	dditions of lew Debt	<u>Re</u>	oayments	utstanding ne 30, 2010	Ex to	mounts  opected be Paid  Within he Year
KIA LOAN (1) KIA LOAN (2) KIA LOAN (3)	\$ 360,174	350,000 2,775,699	\$	60,072 4,312	\$ 300,102 345,688 2,775,699	\$	62,833 18,183 -
Total Notes Payable	\$ 360,174	\$ 3,125,699	\$	64,384	\$ 3,421,489	\$	81,016

#### **NOTE 7 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City Management the resolution of these matters will not result in a material uninsured liability to the City.

#### **NOTE 8 - INTEREST EXPENSE**

Interest expense for the year ended June 30, 2010 consisted of the following:

Proprietary Funds		
Interest Expense on Utility Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2003	\$	17,138
Interest Expense on Utility Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2004		95,230
Interest Expense on Kentucky League of Cities Note Payable		12,485
Interest Expense on Kentucky League of Cities Note Payable		231
Interest Expense on Kentucky League of Cities Note Payable		31,940
Deferred Refunding Costs		4,229
	\$_	161,323

#### **NOTE 9 – EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN**

Employees who work an average of 100 hours per month participate in the County Employees Retirement System of Kentucky ("CERS") which is a cost sharing multiple-employer public employee's retirement system created by and operating under Kentucky Law.

The County Employees Retirement System covers substantially all regular non-certified full-time employees of each county and school board, and any additional local agencies electing to participate.

The plan provides for retirement, disability and death benefits. CERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained in writing from the County Employee Retirement System, 1260 Louisville Road, Perimeter Park West, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601.

Participating employees contribute 5% of the creditable compensation (8% for hazardous duty participants). Employer contribution rates are intended to fund the normal cost on a current basis plus one percent (1%) of unfunded past service costs per annum plus interest at the actuarial assumed rate. Such contribution rates are determined by the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems each biennium. The City contributed 16.16% of the employees' compensation (32.97% for hazardous duty participants) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

The City of Williamstown's required contribution for pension obligations to CERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$307,308, \$273,520 and \$305,103, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2010, 2009, and 2008.

#### **NOTE 10 - CONTINGENCIES**

The City receives funding from federal, state and local government agencies. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the City for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the City's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

#### **NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT**

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The City has obtained insurance coverage through a commercial insurance company. In addition, the City has effectively managed risk through various employee education and prevention programs. All risk general liability management activities are accounted for in the General Fund. Expenditures and claims are recognized when probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated.

Management estimates that the amount of actual or potential claims against the City as of June 30, 2010 will not materially affect the financial condition of the City. Therefore, the General Fund contains no provision for estimated claims. No claim has exceeded insurance coverage amounts in the past three fiscal years.



# CITY OF WILLIAMSTOWN, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2010

		Budgete	d A	mounts				Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	-	Original		Final		Actual		(Unfavorable)
Revenues	-		-		-		•	
Property Taxes	\$	600,000	\$	600,000	\$	683,823	\$	83,823
Licenses and Permits		335,600		335,600		343,666		8,066
Grants and Contributions		279,000		279,000		261,934		(17,066)
Charges for Services	_	148,000	-	148,000	-	144,912		(3,088)
Total Revenues	_	1,362,600	-	1,362,600	-	1,434,335		71,735
Expenditures								
General Government		443,900		443,900		391,580		52,320
Police		765,700		765,700		624,794		140,906
Fire		165,600		165,600		150,519		15,081
Streets		492,900		492,900		421,387		71,513
Cemetery		-		-		35,205		(35,205)
Sanitation		113,000		113,000		120,788		(7,788)
Recreation		13,950		13,950		10,339		3,611
Main Street		35,500		35,500		35,206		294
Maintenance and Capital Outlay	-	404,500	-	404,500	-	127,129	•	277,371
Total Expenditures	_	2,435,050	-	2,435,050	-	1,916,947		518,103
(Deficit) Excess of Revenues Over								
Expenditures	_	(1,072,450)		(1,072,450)		(482,612)		589,838
Other Financing Sources								
Interest		1,000		1,000		2,865		1,865
Other		31,100		31,100		30,796		(304)
Operating Transfers In (Out)	_	875,000	-	875,000	-	549,112		(325,888)
Total Other Financing								
Sources and (Uses)	_	907,100	-	907,100		582,773		(324,327)
(Deficit) Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other								
Financing Uses		(165,350)		(165,350)		100,161		265,511
Fund Balance July 1, 2009	_	154,510	-	154,510	-	154,510		
Fund Balance June 30, 2010	\$_	(10,840)	\$	(10,840)	\$	254,671	\$	265,511

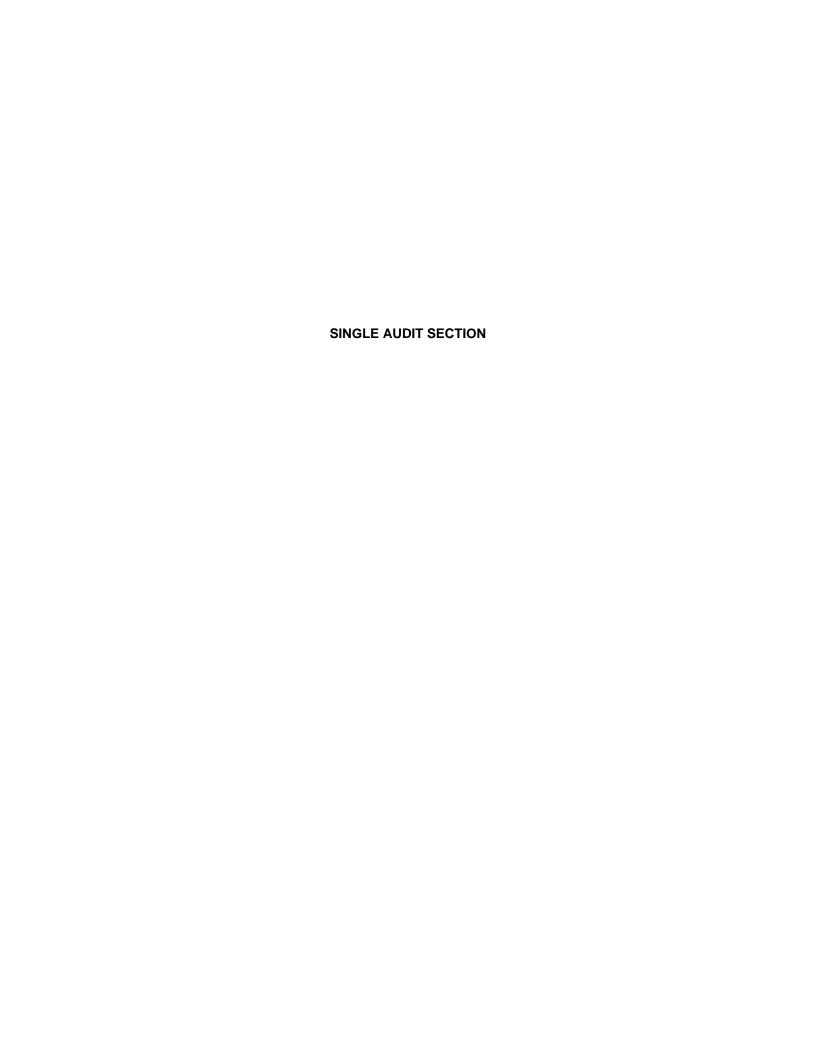


#### CITY OF WILLIAMSTOWN, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF CURRENT EXPENDITURES GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2010

	G	General Sovernment	Police	Fire		Streets	Cam	etery	Sanitation	Recreation	Main Street	Maintenance and Capital Outlay	Total
Expenditures		<u> </u>	1 Olice	1116		Oliceis	Cent	ctery	Janitation	Recreation	Ollect	Outlay	Total
Salaries	\$	157,399 \$	358,464 \$	37,555	\$	195,436	\$	-	\$ -	\$ - :	\$ 29,208	\$ - \$	778,062
Medical Insurance		23,799	57,231	9,258		53,254		-	· -	-	-	·	143,542
FICA		16,623	26,386	2,862		14,307		-	-	-	2,187	-	62,365
Employee Retirement		11,176	118,635	13,395		27,947		-	-	-	570	-	171,723
Workers Compensation		171	4,303	_		2,893		-	_	-	-	-	7,367
Advertising and Printing		1,860	· -	-		-		-	_	-	-	-	1,860
Professional Fees		60,677	-	_		-		-	_	-	-	-	60,677
Insurance		662	(734)	19,850		-		-	-	-	-	-	19,778
Economic Development		18,553		_		-		-	-	-	-	-	18,553
Planning and Zoning		21,769	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	21,769
Other Contractual Services		5,273	480	9,260		4,250		-	-	605	-	-	19,868
Education and Training		3,145	5,709	2,992		490		-	-	-	229	-	12,565
Repairs and Maintenance		576	29	6,626		39,020	14	,185	-	1,420	-	-	61,856
Travel and Lodging		9,028	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	9,028
Utilities		25,517	-	10,696		-		-	-	5,809	-	-	42,022
Communications and Postage		5,061	6,559	1,863		1,820		-	-	861	-	-	16,164
Dues and Subscriptions		7,585	-	-		-		-	-	-	228	-	7,813
Office Supplies		8,522	2,100	-		-		-	-	-	2,178	-	12,800
City Festivals		7,692	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	7,692
Contributions		1,500	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	1,500
Miscellaneous		4,085	11,269	3,571		8,064		-	-	344	606	-	27,939
Vehicle Maintenance		907	29,295	14,259		16,161		-	-	-	-	-	60,622
Technical Supplies		-	1,532	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	1,532
Uniforms		-	3,536	5,661		1,247		-	-	-	-	-	10,444
Equipment Parts		-	-	11,365		2,453		-	-	533	-	-	14,351
Other Material and Supplies		-	-	1,306		17,413		-	-	767	-	-	19,486
Municipal Aid/LGEA		-	-	-		36,632		-	-	-	-	-	36,632
Graves		-	-	-		-	12	2,050	-	-	-	-	12,050
Cemetery Sexton		-	-	-		-	(	6,600	-	-	-	-	6,600
Trustee Fees		-	-	-		-	2	2,370	-	-	-	-	2,370
Waste Collection		-	-	-		-		-	120,788	-	-	-	120,788
Maintenance and Capital Outlay		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>			-						127,129	127,129
Total General Fund Current Expenditures	\$ <u></u>	391,580 \$	624,794 \$	150,519	_ \$ _	421,387	\$ <u>3</u>	5,205	\$ <u>120,788</u>	\$ <u>10,339</u>	\$ <u>35,206</u>	\$ <u>127,129</u> \$	1,916,947

### CITY OF WILLIAMSTOWN, KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES Year Ended June 30, 2010

			1 14:11:		All Proprieta	ry I	Fund Types		0		
	Electric	Utility Fund Electric Water Cable T.V.		Sewer Fund							
	System	_	System	_	System	_	Total	_	Total	_	Total
Operating Revenues	<b>A</b> 5 070 050	•	4 000 740	•	000 004	•	7.040.570	•	4.054.440	•	0 400 744
Charges for Services	\$ 5,070,258	\$	1,369,713	\$	909,601	\$	7,349,572 9,183	\$	1,054,142	\$	8,403,714
Tap In Fees Lift Station	-		9,183		-		9,103		5,392 40,686		14,575 40,686
Reconnects	1,605		-		_		1,605		-0,000		1,605
Miscellaneous	419,160		-		-		419,160		127,064		546,224
Total Operating Revenues	5,491,023	_	1,378,896		909,601	_	7,779,520	_	1,227,284	_	9,006,804
Operating Expenses											
Personnel Services											
Salaries	249,393		383,058		241,389		873,840		181,878		1,055,718
Medical Insurance	53,848		71,337		44,643		169,828		43,831		213,659
FICA	22,933		28,023		18,437		69,393		14,710		84,103
Employee Retirement	36,077		60,923		39,524		136,524		26,434		162,958
Workers' Compensation	(3,168)	-	1,511	-	6,550	-	4,893	-	1,249	-	6,142
Total Personnel Services	359,083	-	544,852	-	350,543	-	1,254,478	-	268,102	-	1,522,580
Contractual Services	0.050		00 557		4.500		00.400		44.000		00.000
System Repairs/Maintenance	9,953		23,557		4,593		38,103		41,996		80,099
Utilities Other Contract Service	4,097,193 30,089		116,543 1,263		31,918 215,032		4,245,654 246,384		198,066 38,852		4,443,720 285,236
Education and Training	2,116		2,063		4,253		8,432		1,250		9,682
Lab Tests	2,110		22,645		-,200		22,645		(6,371)		16,274
Communications and Postage	13,217		6,028		12,290		31,535		6,796		38,331
Insurance	1,200		525		3,161		4,886		4,375		9,261
Advertising and Printing	-		866		-		866		-		866
Professional Fees	36,767		15,103		(1,537)		50,333		27,784		78,117
Royalties	-		-		299,233		299,233		-		299,233
Vehicle Maintenance	10,097	_	20,248	_	9,365	-	39,710	_	22,668	_	62,378
Total Contractual Services	4,200,632	_	208,841	_	578,308	-	4,987,781	-	335,416	-	5,323,197
Materials and Supplies											
Equipment Parts	8,992		3,911		8,136		21,039		13,382		34,421
Technical Supplies	8,978		69,343		14,700		93,021		2,987		96,008
Uniforms	2,155		416		370		2,941		1,234		4,175
Chemicals and Chlorine	-		106,672		-		106,672		17,579		124,251
Lab Materials Construction Materials	- 25 550		12,775		2 270		12,775 28,836		11,162		23,937 28,836
Office Supplies	25,558 8,660		_		3,278 3,311		11,971		_		11,971
Total Materials and Supplies	54,343	-	193,117	-	29,795	-	277,255	-	46,344	-	323,599
Depreciation and Amortization	97,671	-	440,038	-	142,472	-	680,181	-	234,247	-	914,428
Miscellaneous	37,071	-	440,030	-	172,772	-	000,101	-	204,247	-	314,420
Dues and Subscriptions	1,321		655		2,221		4,197		50		4,247
Safety Committee	3,263		-		_,		3,263		-		3,263
Miscellaneous	8,998	_	4,588	_	11,789	_	25,375	_	3,505	_	28,880
Total Miscellaneous	13,582	_	5,243	_	14,010	-	32,835	-	3,555	-	36,390
Total Operating Expenses	4,725,311	_	1,392,091	_	1,115,128	-	7,232,530	_	887,664	_	8,120,194
Operating Income (Loss)	765,712	-	(13,195)	-	(205,527)	-	546,990	_	339,620	-	886,610
Non-Operating Revenues											
and (Expenses)											
Interest Income	14,647		-		-		14,647		471		15,118
Capital Grants and Contributions	-		1,102,067		-		1,102,067		-		1,102,067
Interest Expense		-	(55,457)	-		-	(55,457)	-	(105,866)	=	(161,323)
Total Non-Operating Revenues	14,647	-	1,046,610	-	(205 527)	-	1,061,257	-	(105,395)	-	955,862
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	780,359		1,033,415		(205,527)		1,608,247		234,225		1,842,472
Operating Transfers (Out) In	(307,851)	φ.	(164,784)	_	(162,101)	Φ.	(634,736)	φ.	85,624	φ.	(549,112)
Change in Net Assets	\$ 472,508	\$	868,631	\$_	(367,628)	\$	973,511	\$	319,849	\$	1,293,360



#### CITY OF WILLIAMSTOWN, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2010

Federal Grantor/Program Title		Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	 Fund Balance at Disbursements	
Environmental Protection Agency Passed Through State of Kentucky Infrastructure Authority Capitalization Grant for Clean Water State Revolving Funds - ARRA	*	66.458		\$ 2,775,699	(1)
Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program)		20.205		209,523	(2)
Department of Homeland Security Homeland Security Grant Program		97.067		45,253	(2)
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance		97.036		108,000	(2)
Pre-Disaster Mitigation Program		97.047		125,803	(2)
				\$ 3,264,278	

#### **Note - Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Williamstown, Kentucky and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements

- \* Denotes a major program
- (1) Type A Programs (\$300,000 and greater)
- (2) Type B Programs (all others)



### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor Members of the City Council City of Williamstown, Kentucky

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of City of Williamstown, Kentucky as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City of Williamstown, Kentucky's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 22, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Williamstown, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Williamstown, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Williamstown, Kentucky' internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatement on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above. We consider the deficiency identified in the schedule of finding and questioned costs as Finding 2010-2 to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Williamstown, Kentucky's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The City of Williamstown, Kentucky's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the City of Williamstown, Kentucky's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Honorable Mayor Members of the City Council City of Williamstown, Kentucky Page Two

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, City Council, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

VonLehman & Company Inc.

Fort Mitchell, Kentucky February 22, 2011



### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Honorable Mayor Members of City Council City of Williamstown, Kentucky

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Williamstown, Kentucky with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. The City of Williamstown, Kentucky's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City of Williamstown, Kentucky's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on City of Williamstown, Kentucky's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Williamstown, Kentucky's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City of Williamstown, Kentucky's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Williamstown, Kentucky complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010.

#### Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City of Williamstown, Kentucky is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Williamstown, Kentucky's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Williamstown, Kentucky's internal control over compliance.

Honorable Mayor Members of the City Council City of Williamstown, Kentucky Page Two

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding 2010 – 1. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

The City of Williamstown's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the City of Williamstown's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, City Council, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties

VonLehman & Company Inc

Fort Mitchell, Kentucky February 22, 2011

### CITY OF WILLIAMSTOWN, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2010

#### **SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
Were there any significant deficiencies in	
internal control reported at the financial	
statements level (GAGAS)?	Yes
Were there any material weaknesses reported	
at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
Was there any reported material	
noncompliance at the financial statement level	
(GAGAS)?	No
FEDERAL AWARDS	
Were there any significant deficiencies in	
internal control reported for major federal	
programs?	Yes
Were there any material weaknesses reported	
for major federal programs?	None Reported
Type of Major Programs Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
Is there any audit findings disclosed that are	
required to be reported in accordance with	
Circular A-133, Section .510?	No
Major Programs (list):	Capitalization Grant for Clean Water State
	Revolving Funds (CFDA #66.458)
Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000
	Type B: > all others
Low Risk Auditee?	No

#### **SETION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

#### Finding 2010-2

Management has requested that we prepare the City's financial statements including footnotes. Although we have prepared the financial statements, the financial statements still remain the responsibility of management. A proper system of internal controls over financial reporting is essential in order to prevent, detect, and correct, misstatements. We noted that the City does not have the necessary expertise in order to prepare the financial statements, including footnotes in accordance with the complex requirements of the U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our firm has implemented the appropriate controls over the financial statement preparation; however, our controls cannot be considered as the City's internal controls. Accordingly, a significant deficiency in the City's internal controls exists in regards to the financial statement reporting function.

### CITY OF WILLIAMSTOWN, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2010

#### Management's Response

We agree with the above finding and have designated a competent employee to oversee those services. In addition, we have taken responsibility for the financial statements.

#### SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### Finding 2010-1

Procedures in accordance with the A-133 audit identified instances where the City did not have specific grant documents for each of its federal programs that would allow them to properly monitor compliance with each grant. Although we did not identify any instances of non-compliance during our audit, we recommend that the City, upon receipt of a federal grant, obtain the proper documentation needed to monitor their compliance with each grant.

#### Management's Response

We agree with the above finding and have designated a competent employee to obtain and maintain the proper documentation.