CITY OF ASHLAND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

TOGETHER WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Chuck D. Charles, Mayor City Commissioners and City Manager City of Ashland Ashland, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Ashland, Kentucky's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ashland, Kentucky as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for each major fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis information, the Schedule of Employer Contributions and Investment Returns, the Schedule of Funding Progress, the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liabilities, the Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of Pension Contributions on pages 5 through 16 and on pages 60 through 66, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The statements and schedules contained on pages 67 through 73 and the Financial Data Schedule on pages 74 and 75 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental statements and schedules contained on pages 67 through 73, the Financial Data Schedule contained on pages 74 and 75 and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Killing Fallowing Smith Horpby, PSC

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 21, 2016, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ashland, Kentucky October 21, 2016

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The management discussion and analysis (MD&A) gives readers an overview and analysis of the financial position and activities of the City of Ashland ("Government") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements immediately following the analysis.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Government exceeded its liabilities at the end of the fiscal year by \$64,291,930 (net position). Governmental activities' unrestricted net position was \$(18,421,408). Business type activities' unrestricted net position was \$(9,065,437).
- The Government's total net position increased by \$1,808,223. Net position of governmental activities decreased by \$(815,703), and net position of business-type activities increased by \$2,623,926.
- At June 30, 2016, the governmental activities had \$69,507,171 in assets and \$41,819,418 in liabilities. Business type activities had \$65,796,668 in assets and \$36,232,409 in liabilities.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements.

REPORTING THE GOVERNMENT AS A WHOLE

This report is published under the standards for government financial reporting as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Statement Number 34 (GASB 34). The reporting format consists of a series of financial statements that provide an overview of all services provided by or supported by the Government (the Government—wide Statements) and provides more detailed information about major programs of the Government ("the Fund Statements").

These statements present a financial picture of the Government as a whole through the use of a consolidated statement of all funds and eliminating interfund transfers. The value of capital assets of governmental type operations is presented. The infrastructure assets for governmental type funds, including roads, bridges, sidewalks, etc., are reported and depreciated under these reporting standards. These reporting standards provide improved information to the reader.

Government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All the revenues earned and expenses incurred in the fiscal year are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the Government's assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2016. Net position is the difference between assets and liabilities. Over time an increase or decrease in net position is one indicator of whether financial health is improving or deteriorating. Information on other factors such as changes in the revenue structure and the condition of the Government's assets is also needed to assess the overall financial position of the Government.

The Statement of Activities presents the Government's annual revenues and expenses, as well as any other transactions that increase or reduce net position. Program revenues are offset by program

expenses to provide better information as to program costs financed by general government revenues.

The government-wide statements divide the Government's activities into two kinds of activities:

Governmental activities - Most of the Government's basic services are reported here, including general government, police, fire, public works and engineering. Property taxes, insurance tax and occupational license fees finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities - Activities primarily paid for from charges and fees to cover the cost of services are reported here. This includes water production, sanitary sewer services, Ashland bus system, recreation operating fund and cemetery fund.

REPORTING THE CITY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund financial statements report the Government's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Government's most significant funds. Some funds are required to be established by local law or by bond covenants. However, many other funds are established to help control and manage money for a particular purpose. These types of funds are presented in the fund financial statements: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds - Most of the Government's basic services are reported in the governmental funds. These statements provide a short-term view of general government operations and how these services are financed as well as the balances left at year end that are available for future spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash.

Proprietary funds - The Government charges fees for business-type services which are intended to cover the cost of providing those services. The governing body decides that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. The subcategories of the funds include enterprise funds, which are business-type activities, and internal service funds, which report services provided to internal units of government. The proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the government-wide statements but the fund statements provide more detail. The City considers the Utility Fund, Ashland Bus System, Recreation Operating Fund and Ashland Cemetery Fund to be its major proprietary funds.

Internal service funds - These funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the various functions or cost centers. The City uses an internal service fund to account for the employee health insurance, dental and life insurance benefits.

Notes to the financial statements - The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *Required Supplemental Information* concerning the City's contributions to certain employees' pension plans. Additionally, *Supplemental Information* includes more detail on the City's General Fund, and details of the City's capital assets, and statement of net position and revenue and expenditures for Ashland's Housing Authority.

THE GOVERNMENT AS A TRUSTEE

The Government is trustee, or fiduciary, for two employees' pension plans, the Police and Firefighter's pension fund and the Utility employee pension fund. The fiduciary activities are reported separately. These activities are excluded from the other government-wide and fund statements because the Government cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

THE GOVERNMENT AS A WHOLE

NET POSITION

As of June 30, 2016, the Government as a whole had net position greater than its liabilities by \$64,291,930. Net position of governmental activities was \$32,920,936 and decreased by \$(815,703) over the prior year. This decrease was primarily due to the change in pension liabilities of \$1,858,000 required by GASB Statement No. 68, as amended by GASB Statement No. 71. A capital purchase for a fire pumper truck of \$440,111 was made without any financing. The pumper truck replaced a 20 year old model. The City continued its concerted effort to replenish our fund balance to at least 3 months of operating expenses by budgeting \$500,000. The final Melody Mountain payment to the developer for Phase II was made for \$250,000 using reserves from prior year bond proceeds. We experienced a decrease in net position, and the total unrestricted fund balance decreased by \$(4,394,973) in comparison to Fiscal Year 2015. Net position was restated as of June 30, 2015 due to a correction in the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, as amended by GASB Statement No. 71. This restatement resulted in a total prior period adjustment of \$(990,700) in Governmental Activities Net Position. Health insurance expenses remained stable due to continued plan modifications. Of ending Governmental Activities Net Position, \$50,917,007, is invested in capital assets net of related debt, \$425,337, is restricted for capital projects and grant programs and unrestricted net position is \$(18,421,408).

The net position of the Government's business-type activities is \$31,370,994 and increased by \$2,623,926 over the prior year. The Utility Fund had budgeted \$300,000 to replenish fund balance. The City leachate revenue remained strong at \$736,509 and consistent bulk water sales to Big Sandy Water began in Fiscal Year 2016 which produced revenue of \$171,524. Boyd County Sewer revenues exceeded projections by \$229,528. Also \$136,376 was received for the water line extensions to Boyd County Schools and the project did not have substantial completion until Fiscal Utility Fund rates in all classes remained the same this fiscal year. Due to area economic uncertainty with idling of AK Steel plant, the City Commission did not raise any utility rates. Focus was placed on cost containment and capital purchases. A \$1,252,061 filter upgrade was completed at the Water Plant which increased production capacity significantly. Construction of the Water Distribution building did not begin in Fiscal Year 2016 as anticipated and this \$350,000 budget was not expended. Of this net position, \$32,498,757 is net investment in capital assets and \$(9,065,437) is unrestricted. The largest portion of the City's combined net position reflects its investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, machinery and equipment) less outstanding related debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens and as a result, these assets are not available for future spending. The City's capital asset investment is reported net of related debt, but the resources to pay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate the liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's business-type net position, \$7,937,674 represents resources that are subject to limitations on their use through legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions. The largest restricted portion, \$6,528,457, is for sewer improvements.

At the end of this fiscal year, June 30, 2016, the City has a negative unrestricted net position in its business-type activities. However, \$(3,312,976) of the ending position is due to the restatements made to June 30, 2015 ending balance from the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68. See Note (16).

ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S NET POSITION

	Govern Activ		Busines Activ	• 1	Total Primary Government			
	2016	2015*	2016	2015*	2016	2015*		
Current and other assets Capital assets Deferred outflows	\$ 10,720,906 58,786,265	\$ 9,096,723 59,574,330	\$ 15,843,148 49,953,520	\$ 14,661,880 49,829,561	\$ 26,564,054 108,739,785	\$ 23,758,603 109,403,891		
of resources	5,233,183	2,845,088	1,806,735	888,954	7,039,918	3,734,042		
Total assets and deferred outflows	74,740,354	71,516,141	67,603,403	65,380,395	142,343,757	136,896,536		
Liabilities Long-term liabilities Deferred inflows	4,463,465 37,355,953	4,328,129 31,580,467	3,948,893 32,283,516	4,126,740 31,865,493	8,412,358 69,639,469	8,454,869 63,445,960		
of resources		1,870,906		641,094	-	2,512,000		
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	41,819,418	37,779,502	36,232,409	36,633,327	78,051,827	74,412,829		
Net position								
Net investment in								
capital assets	50,917,007	51,170,584	32,498,757	31,115,457	83,415,764	82,286,041		
Restricted	425,337	204,332	7,937,674	7,388,882	8,363,011	7,593,214		
Unrestricted	(18,421,408)	(17,638,277)	(9,065,437)	(9,757,271)	(27,486,845)	(27,395,548)		
Total net position	\$ 32,920,936	\$ 33,736,639	\$ 31,370,994	\$ 28,747,068	\$ 64,291,930	\$ 62,483,707		

^{*}As restated, June 30th, 2015

ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S OPERATIONS

Governmental

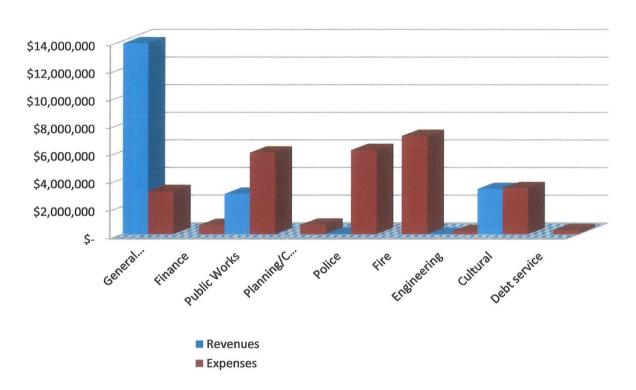
		A ct	ivities	·		A ct	ivities	-			ernmei	•
Revenues		2016	i v it ic.	2015		2016	1711103	2015		2016	CI IIIIICI	2015
Taxes		7,720,589		7,386,199	\$		\$		-\$	7,720,589	\$	7,386,199
Charges for	Ψ	1,120,307	Ψ	7,500,155	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	1,120,307	Ψ	7,500,177
Services		16,263,417		16,263,896		16,960,253		17,061,372		33,223,670		33,325,268
Operating Grants /		10,203,417		10,203,670		10,900,233		17,001,372		33,223,070		33,323,200
Contr.		3,762,391		3,420,523		378,339		351,037		4,140,730		3,771,560
Capital Grants /		3,702,391		3,420,323		370,337		331,037		4,140,730		3,771,300
Contr.				191,018		422,164		228,737		422,164		419,755
Other Income		238,240		221,588		862,432		929,650		1,100,672		1,151,238
Other mediae		238,240		221,300		002,432		929,030		1,100,072		1,131,236
Total Revenue		27,984,637	\$_	27,483,224		18,623,188		18,570,796	\$	46,607,825		46,054,020
		Gover	nman	tol		Busine	occ tv	na		Total	Prima	14K.7
			vities				ivities	-			ernmer	-
Expenses		2016	VILICS	2015*		2016	i v itites	2015*		2016		2015*
General		2010		2013		2010		2013		2010		2013
Government	\$	3,097,166	\$	2,839,164	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,097,166	\$	2,839,164
Finance	Ψ	652,648	Ψ	584,936	ψ	_	Ψ	_	ψ	652,648	Ψ	584,936
Public Works		5,890,739		5,957,303		_		_		5,890,739		5,957,303
Planning / Code		675,281		580,683		_				675,281		580,683
Police		6,074,675		4,939,354		_		-		6,074,675		4,939,354
Fire		7,104,407		6,768,252		**		-		7,104,407		6,768,252
				227,162		=		-		212,573		227,162
Engineering		212,573		227,102		-		-		212,373		227,102
Community / Cultural		2 221 202		2 107 000						2 221 202		2 127 002
		3,321,283		3,127,002		-		-		3,321,283		3,127,002
Debt Service		284,471		303,489				-		284,471		303,489
Utility Fund						14 020 050		18,496,466		14,920,959		18,496,466
Ashland Bus		-		-		14,920,959		10,490,400		14,920,939		16,490,400
						1,196,534		1 042 205		1,196,534		1,042,285
System Recreation		-		-		1,190,334		1,042,285		1,190,334		1,042,263
						1 002 006		1.040.602		1 002 996		1 040 602
Operating Fund		_		-		1,093,886		1,049,693		1,093,886		1,049,693
Cemetery			***************************************	**		274,980		289,624		274,980		289,624
Total Expense		27,313,243		25,327,345	\$_	17,486,359		20,878,068	\$	44,799,602	\$	46,205,413
Changes before								<i>.</i>				
trans fers		671,394		2,155,879		1,136,829		(2,307,272)		1,808,223		(151,393)
Trans fers		(1,487,097)		(1,482,443)		1,487,097		1,482,443		-		-
a												
Change in Net		(0.1.5.00.0)						(00.000)				/aas
Position		(815,703)		673,436		2,623,926		(824,829)		1,808,223		(151,393)
Net Position		00 = 00 000		00.000.000						<- 100 F0F		
Beginning of Year*		33,736,639		33,063,203		28,747,068		29,571,897		62,483,707		62,635,100
37 - W - 1-1												
Net Position	•	20.000.000	*	22.72.5.55	_	01.070.55	*	00.000		C	•	(0.400 ====
End of Year		32,920,936	\$	33,736,639	\$	31,370,994	\$	28,747,068		64,291,930	\$	62,483,707

Business-type

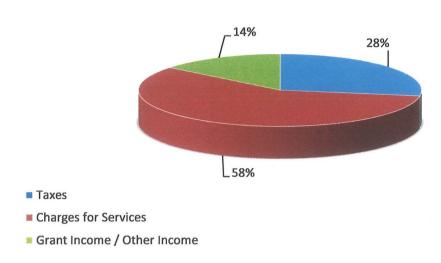
Total Primary

^{*}As restated, June 30th, 2015

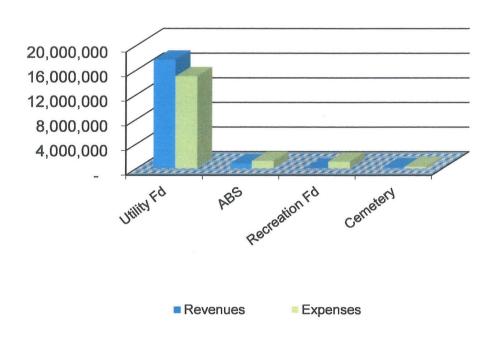
EXPENSES AND PROGRAM REVENUES-GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES



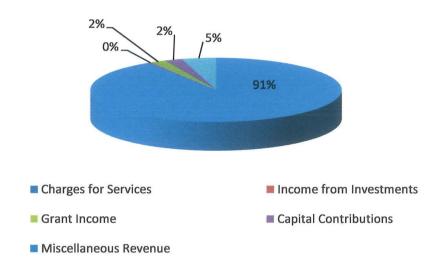
REVENUE BY SOURCE - GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES



EXPENSES AND REVENUES - BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES



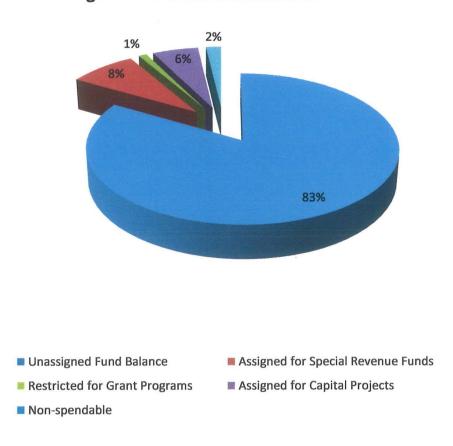
REVENUE BY SOURCE - BUSINESS - TYPE ACTIVITIES



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

A. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows or outflows and balances of spendable resources which are useful in determining the City's financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance serves as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. At the end of the fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$6,498,019. Of this total, \$5,421,637, or 83%, is unassigned fund balance. The remainder of fund balance is assigned / non-spendable / committed to indicate it is not available for new Fiscal Year 2016 reports assigned for special revenue funds at \$531,029, restricted for grant programs at \$64,265, non-spendable at \$120,016 and assigned for capital projects at \$361,072. The increase in the governmental funds assigned for capital projects is due to \$233,823 for automotive equipment. The remaining assignment is building improvements for the Transportation Center, Streetscape Lighting and Riverfront cameras. The restricted for grant programs decrease this fiscal year was also due to recognizing grant revenue for the completion of the Fire training facility. Assigned for special revenue funds increased this year as the City delayed paving and sidewalk improvements to next fiscal year. The effort for replenishing fund balance in the general fund is shown with an \$831,335 increase. This was accomplished by budgeting for replenishment of the fund balance and delaying sidewalk repair improvements due to uncertainty of economic conditions with regards to idling of the AK Steel Plant.

Ending Fund Balances Governmental Activities



MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ending June 30, 2016, the major governmental funds reported as follows:

The General Fund had revenues of \$24,043,352, expenditures of \$20,750,992 and net other financing uses of \$2,461,025. The total fund balance was \$5,557,634.

The Municipal Aid Road Fund had revenues of \$430,804 and expenditures of \$127,972. The total fund balance was \$392,295.

The Floodwall Operating Fund had revenues of \$239,690 and expenditures of \$193,025. The total fund balance was \$73,297.

The Community Development Fund had revenues of \$608,544 and expenditures of \$608,544. The total fund balance was \$65,437.

The Housing Assistance Fund had revenues of \$2,657,040 and expenditures of \$2,680,474. The total fund balance was \$48,284.

The Capital Purchase Improvement Fund had revenues of \$5,207, other financing sources of \$973,928 and expenditures of \$728,556. The total fund balance was \$361,072.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

The City's proprietary funds, or business-type activities, had total assets of \$66,837,907, total deferred outflows of resources of \$1,806,735 and total liabilities of \$37,273,648, leaving net position of \$31,370,994. Of the total proprietary funds' net position, the Utility Fund had \$(9,397,685) in unrestricted net position, the Ashland Bus Fund had \$(953,092) in unrestricted net position, the Recreation Fund had \$(943,273) in unrestricted net position and the Ashland Cemetery Fund had \$2,228,613 in unrestricted net position. All proprietary funds are considered major funds. Total decrease in unrestricted net position for the four proprietary funds was \$(2,621,142), including restatements detailed in Note 16.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund budget was amended during the year to reflect the following:

- ⇒ \$291,788 increase in budgeted revenues and expenditures for the General Fund. This increase includes \$268,788 for Safe Routes to School grant and \$23,000 of Coal Severance Funds.
- \Rightarrow \$250,000 increase for the 3rd and final installment payment to the developer of Melody Mountain.
- ⇒ \$3,715 increase in police expenditures and revenue for the collection of restitution money.
- ⇒ \$185,495 increase in the transfers to Ashland Bus System and Capital Purchase Improvement Fund for additional capital items. \$20,270 is included for the purchase of two buses and an engine for the trolley. The FTA grant requires a 10% contribution from the general fund. \$14,000 was allocated for a new parking enforcement vehicle and \$151,225 for the 100% pre-payment of the custom built fire pumper truck.

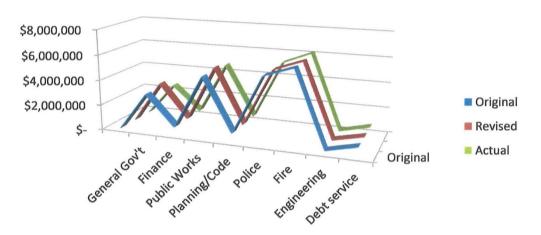
Significant budget versus actual variances include the following:

⇒ The General Fund is the primary operating governmental fund of the City. General Fund actual revenues were \$24,043,352 versus budgeted revenues of \$23,606,502. Licenses and permit revenues budget was \$11,480,625 and actual revenues were \$12,062,385 for

a variance of \$581,760. This is due to the occupational license fee and business privilege license revenue being more than projected due to business openings and job restorations in the City. Insurance premium tax collected \$115,990 of unrealized revenue due to more insurance policies being sold within the City than estimated.

⇒ General Fund had a positive variance this fiscal year. The positive variance can be attributed to the focus on fund balance replenishment established during the budget process for this fiscal year. Two departments with a negative variance were the Police Field Operations and Fire divisions. Police Field Operations past their operating parameters due to retirements, \$69,354 from the force. The significant variance in the Fire department was personnel overages of \$64,379 and "pension spiking" with Kentucky Retirement of \$107,333.

General Fund Budget vs. Actual



CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The City's investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2016 is \$108,739,785 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads and construction in progress. See Note (6) for additional discussion of the City's capital assets.

Major construction projects through June 30, 2016 include:

		approved	l / Accrued		utstanding
Project	Contract		to Date	Co	mmitment
CSO - 29th Street Storm Water	\$	189,876	\$ 131,117	\$	58,759
Backwash System Design		59,035	54,104		4,931
Pump Station Improvements		33,000	31,163		1,837
31 st Drainage		167,291	87,549		79,742
Boyd County MS Waterline		159,979	105,933		54,046
Water Pump Station		228,048	140,984		87,064
New Water & Sewer Facility		80,605	-		80,605
	\$	917,834	\$ 550,850	\$	366,984

CITY OF ASHLAND - CAPITAL ASSETS (NET OF DEPRECIATION)

	Governmental	Business-type	Total		
Asset	Activities	Activities	2016		
Land	\$ 3,883,268	\$ 435,601	\$ 4,318,869		
Buildings and improvements	12,325,455	4,574,147	16,899,602		
Automotive equipment	3,482,613	2,323,529	5,806,142		
Operating equipment	3,946,601	3,884,385	7,830,986		
Office equipment	504,437	254,921	759,358		
Capital improvements	728,820	524,539	1,253,359		
Right-of-way	15,038,909	-	15,038,909		
Infrastructure	77,459,553	-	77,459,553		
Utility plant	-	92,482,829	92,482,829		
Construction (CIP)	532,060	1,019,513	1,551,573		
	117,901,716	105,499,464	223,401,180		
Less depreciation	(59,115,451)	(55,545,944)	(114,661,395)		
Capital asset, net	\$ 58,786,265	\$ 49,953,520	\$ 108,739,785		

DEBT

At the end of fiscal year 2016, the City had governmental activities debt of \$8,749,468 compared to \$9,177,689 at June 30, 2015, which represents a decrease of \$428,221. Business-type activities had debt of \$17,593,327 compared to \$18,879,606 at June 30, 2015, which represents a decrease of \$1,286,279. See Note (8) for additional discussion of the City's long term debt. The following chart summarizes governmental and business-type activities debt.

Governmental Activities Debt	 Amount			
General obligation bond series 2015 Capital lease - police station Capital lease - Melody Mtn Phase II Premium on bonds Compensated absences obligation	\$ 2,395,000 3,938,172 1,547,917 79,273 789,106			
Total	\$ 8,749,468			
Business-Type Activities Debt	 Amount			
Revenue & Improvement Bonds 13 Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds 15 Capital lease - Radio Meters Kentucky Infrastructure Authority Loans Premium on bonds	\$ 3,654,233 3,445,000 1,430,417 8,947,299 116,378			
Total	\$ 17,593,327			

DESCRIPTION OF MUNICIPAL DEBT

⇒ General Obligation Refunding Bonds 2015 \$2,395,000.

⇒ General Obligation Bonds 2013 Melody Mountain Phase II \$1,547,917.

 \Rightarrow Premium on bonds \$79,273.

⇒ Capital Lease - Police station \$3,938,172.

⇒ Employee compensated absences payable after 60 days at \$789,106.

⇒ Utility Revenue bond issue 2013 for phase II upgrade of the water plant \$3,654,233.

⇒ K.I.A. Loans used to upgrade the utility system and correct CSO \$8,947,299.

⇒ KLC lease payable for the purchase of radio read meters \$1,430,417.

⇒ Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds 2015 – water system improvements \$3,445,000.

 \Rightarrow Premium on bonds \$116,378.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

Unemployment rate for the City of Ashland as of June 2016 is 6.7%. This rate is higher than the State of Kentucky rate at 5.0% and the national rate of 4.9%.

The following table summarizes the 2017 fiscal year budgeted expenses.

⇒ General Fund - \$23,332,132

⇒ Municipal Aid Program - \$440,015

⇒ Community Development Block Grant Fund - \$1,006,850

⇒ Section 8 Voucher - \$2,653,890

⇒ Floodwall Operating Fund - \$241,214

⇒ Utility Fund - \$19,783,430

⇒ Ashland Bus System - \$1,154,123

⇒ Recreation Operating Fund - \$1,049,353

⇒ Ashland Cemetery Fund - \$186,295

⇒ Capital Purchase Improvement Fund - \$1,121,562

Fiscal year 2017 contains three significant budget items. The Utility Fund will continue work on the second phase of construction pertaining to the Combined Sewer Overflow decree from the EPA. Also in the Utility Fund, is the construction of a new water distribution building. The third item is to continue the Streetscape project that began several years ago.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of financial data for the City of Ashland. Requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Tony D. Grubb, CGFM Director of Finance City of Ashland P.O. Box 1839 Ashland, KY 41105-1839

Email: Tdgrubb@windstream.net

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	Governm Activiti		Business-Type Activities	Total	
ASSETS				 	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,31	9,757 \$	2,147,088	\$ 8,466,845	
Accounts receivable		7,581	2,836,879	2,844,460	
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		-	(195,595)	(195,595)	
Taxes receivable		21,343	-	2,921,343	
Allowance for uncollectible taxes)5,474)	-	(505,474)	
Grants receivable		23,718	477,146	600,864	
Internal balances, net		98,333	(298,333)	-	
Receivable from fiduciary fund		94,301	-	294,301	
Program receivables	3	32,381	-	32,381	
Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(3	32,381)	-	(32,381)	
Other receivables	45	55,131	-	455,131	
Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(6	53,818)	-	(63,818)	
Prepaid expenses	4	51,300	68,400	119,700	
Inventories	ϵ	58,716	2,869,889	2,938,605	
Investments	60	0,018	-	600,018	
Restricted assets -					
Cash and cash equivalents		-	4,668,384	4,668,384	
Certificates of deposit		-	3,083,492	3,083,492	
Money market mutual fund			185,798	185,798	
Note receivable	. 15	50,000	•	150,000	
Nondepreciable capital assets	19,46	58,358	1,455,114	20,923,472	
Depreciable capital assets	98,43	33,358	104,044,350	202,477,708	
Accumulated depreciation	(59,1)	15,451)	(55,545,944)	 (114,661,395)	
Total assets	69,50	07,171	65,796,668	 135,303,839	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred savings from refunding bonds	(91,104	188,564	279,668	
Deferred differences in pension experience	44	48,866	67,686	516,552	
Deferred pension investment earnings	10	58,891	73,012	241,903	
Deferred changes in pension assumptions	2,13	89,875	821,312	3,011,187	
Deferred changes in proportionate share of liability	60	09,640	144,896	754,536	
Deferred pension contributions	1,72	24,807	511,265	 2,236,072	
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,2:	33,183	1,806,735	 7,039,918	

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONCLUDED) **JUNE 30, 2016**

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	1,777,983	633,649	2,411,632
Due to Board of Education	51,423	-	51,423
Payable to fiduciary fund	-	652,280	652,280
Other accrued expenses and liabilities	2,120,506	423,732	2,544,238
Deposits	-	651,444	651,444
Matured revenue bonds and notes	-	50,000	50,000
Accrued compensated absences, current	155,233	256,301	411,534
Current portion of long-term debt	358,320	1,281,487	1,639,807
Net pension liabilities	28,964,805	15,971,676	44,936,481
Accrued compensated absences, non-current	789,106	~	789,106
Capital lease obligations, non-current	5,257,769	1,335,417	6,593,186
Revenue and Improvement bonds, net of discounts	· · · · · -	6,630,611	6,630,611
Kentucky Infrastructure Authority loans, non-current	-	8,345,812	8,345,812
General obligation bonds, non-current, plus premiums	2,344,273		2,344,273
Total liabilities	41,819,418	36,232,409	78,051,827
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	50,917,007	32,498,757	83,415,764
Restricted			
Capital projects	361,072	-	361,072
Debt service	-	1,182,163	1,182,163
Grant programs	64,265	-	64,265
Sewer improvements	-	6,528,457	6,528,457
Other	-	227,054	227,054
Unrestricted	(18,421,408)	(9,065,437)	(27,486,845)
Total net position	\$ 32,920,936	\$ 31,370,994	\$ 64,291,930

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

			Program Revenues						Changes in Net Position						
Functions/Programs	Expenses		(Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		-	Total	
Governmental Activities		Expenses		Scivices		microditions.		itiroations		7 tetration		tetivities		Total	
General government	\$	3.097,166	\$	13,771,619	\$	38.538	\$	-	S	10,712,991	\$	_	\$	10.712.991	
Finance	•	652.648	•	-	•	-	•	_	_	(652,648)	-	_	-	(652.648)	
Public services		5.890.739		2.227,692		683.098		_		(2,979,949)		-		(2.979.949)	
Planning and code enforcement		675.281		-		-		_		(675,281)		-		(675.281)	
Police		6.074.675		-		30.894		-		(6,043,781)		-		(6.043.781)	
Fire		7,104,407		-		-		-		(7.104,407)		-		(7.104.407)	
Engineering		212,573		-		8.539		-		(204,034)		-		(204.034)	
Community and cultural		3.321.283		264,106		3.001,322		_		(55.855)		-		(55.855)	
Debt service - interest		284.471		-				-		(284,471)		-		(284,471)	
Total governmental activities		27.313,243		16,263,417		3,762,391		-		(7,287,435)		-		(7.287,435)	
Business-Type Activities							***************************************								
Utilities		14,920,959		16,725,888		-		-		-		1,804,929		1,804,929	
Recreation		1,093,886		55,835		41,607		-		-		(996,444)		(996,444)	
Cemetery		274,980		122,174		-		-		-		(152,806)		(152.806)	
Bus		1.196,534		56,356		336,732		422,164		-		(381,282)		(381,282)	
Total business-type activities	***************************************	17,486,359		16,960,253		378,339		422,164		-		274,397		274,397	
Total primary government	\$	44,799,602	\$	33,223,670	\$	4,140,730	\$	422,164	\$	(7,287,435)	\$	274,397	\$	(7,013,038)	
			Prop.	eral Revenues: erty and other lo est income r revenues	ocal taxe	s			\$	7,720,589 2,081 236,159	\$	24,270 838,162	\$	7.720.589 26,351 1.074,321	
			Tota	l general revenu	es					7,958,829		862,432		8,821,261	
			Tran	sfers						(1,487,097)		1,487,097			
			Tota	l general revenu	es and tr	ansfers				6,471,732		2,349,529		8,821,261	
			Char	nge in net positio	on					(815,703)		2,623,926		1,808,223	
			Net 1	position, June 30	0, 2015 (as restated)				33,736,639		28,747,068		62,483,707	
			Net j	position, June 30	0, 2016				\$	32,920,936	\$	31,370,994	\$	64,291,930	

CITY OF ASHLAND BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

Sherial	Revenue	Hunde
Social	IXC V CHUC	Lunus

						Special Nev	enue r	11102						
		General	Municipal Aid Road		Floodwall Operating		Community Development		Housing Assistance		Capital Projects		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets	•		•		•	04.55	•	54160	٠	76.205	Φ.		•	5.047.650
Cash	\$	5,643,194	\$	149,754	\$	24,151	\$	54,168	\$	76,385	\$	-	\$	5,947,652
Taxes receivable		2,742,139		-		179,204		-		-		-		2,921,343
Allowance for uncollectible taxes		(475,872)		20.671		(29,602)		-		-		-		(505,474)
Grants receivable		15,981		39,671		-		68,066		-		057.056		123,718
Due from other funds		1,473,847		202,870		-		-		-		857,356		2,534,073
Program receivables		32,381		-		=		=		-		=		32,381
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		(32,381)		-		-				-		-		(32,381)
Other receivables		388,234		-		774		6		66,117		-		455,131
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		_		-		-		-		(63,818)		-		(63,818)
Investments		600,018		-		-		-		-		-		600,018
Prepaid items		51,300		-		-		. -		-		-		51,300
Inventories - supplies		68,716		-						-		-		68,716
Total assets	\$	10,507,557	\$	392,295	\$	174,527	\$	122,240	\$	78,684	\$	857,356	\$	12,132,659
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:														
Accounts payable	\$	553,647	\$	-	\$	27,056	\$	9,266	\$	3,484	\$	496,284	\$	1,089,737
Due to other funds		3,534,521		-		70,252		45,667		22,387		-		3,672,827
Due to Board of Education		51,423		-		-		-		-		-		51,423
Accrued compensated absences		151,922		-		1,519		953		839		-		155,233
Accrued expenditures		658,410				2,403		917		3,690		*		665,420
Total liabilities		4,949,923		-		101,230		56,803		30,400		496,284		5,634,640
Fund Balances:														
Non-spendable		120,016		-		-		-		-		-		120,016
Restricted for grant programs		15,981		-		-		-		48,284		-		64,265
Assigned for capital projects		-		-		-		-		_		361,072		361,072
Assigned for special revenue funds		-		392,295		73,297		65,437		-		-		531,029
Unassigned		5,421,637										_		5,421,637
Total fund balances		5,557,634		392,295		73,297		65,437		48,284		361,072		6,498,019
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	10,507,557	\$	392,295	\$	174,527	\$	122,240	\$	78,684	\$	857,356	_\$_	12,132,659

CITY OF ASHLAND RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Total fund balance - total governmental funds		\$ 6,498,019
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets of \$117,901,716 net of accumulated depreciation of \$59,115,45 used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	1	58,786,265
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds Note receivable	150,000	
Deferred savings from refunding bonds	91,104	241,104
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Deferred differences in pension experience Deferred pension investment earnings Deferred changes in pension assumptions Deferred changes in proportionate share of liability Deferred pension contributions	448,866 168,891 2,189,875 609,640 1,724,807	5,142,079
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Net pension liabilities Bonds payable Accrued interest payable Accrued compensated absences	(28,964,805) (2,474,273) (32,258) (789,106)	(05.514, 50.1)
Capital lease obligations	(5,486,089)	(37,746,531)
Net position, end of year - Governmental Activities		\$ 32,920,936

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

l Revenue	

						-	Total
		Municipal	Floodwall	Community	Housing	Capital	Governmental
	General	Aid Road	Operating	Development	Assistance	Projects	Funds
Revenues							
Property and other local taxes	\$ 7,480,926	\$ -	\$ 239,663	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,720,589
Licenses and permits	12,062,385		-	-	-	-	12,062,385
Charges for services	2,227,692	-	-	-	-	=	2,227,692
Fees, fines and reimbursements	1,709,234	420.700	-	- 	2 202 770	-	1,709,234
Grant income	330,277	430,792	-	608,544	2,392,778	-	3,762,391
Administration fee income	1.006	- 10	- 07	-	264,106	-	264,106
Interest income	1,886	12	27	-	156	5.007	2,081
Other income	230,952	-	_			5,207	236,159
Total revenues	24,043,352	430,804	239,690	608,544	2,657,040	5,207	27,984,637
Expenditures							
General government	2,574,262	-	=	-	-	501	2,574,763
Finance	605,840		-	-	-	-	605,840
Public services	4,703,267	127,972	193,025	-	-	-	5,024,264
Planning and code enforcement	623,160		-	-	-	-	623,160
Police	5,222,557	-	-	-	-	•	5,222,557
Fire	6,152,534	-	-	-	-	-	6,152,534
Engineering	147,025	-	-	· -	-	-	147,025
Community and cultural	-	-	-	608,544	2,680,474	-	3,289,018
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	728,055	728,055
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	437,821	-	-	-	-	-	437,821
Interest charges	284,526		-	-			284,526
Total expenditures	20,750,992	127,972	193,025	608,544	2,680,474	728,556	25,089,563
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures	3,292,360	302,832	46,665		(23,434)	(723,349)	2,895,074
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	-	-	_	-	-	973,928	973,928
Transfers out	(2,461,025)	_	-			-	(2,461,025)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,461,025)	-	-	-	-	973,928	(1,487,097)
-		202.22					
Net change in fund balances	831,335	302,832	46,665	-	(23,434)	250,579	1,407,977
Fund balances beginning of year	4,726,299	89,463	26,632	65,437	71,718	110,493	5,090,042
Fund balances end of year	\$ 5,557,634	\$ 392,295	\$ 73,297	\$ 65,437	\$ 48,284	\$ 361,072	\$ 6,498,019

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF ASHLAND

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 1,407,977
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	1,698,085 (2,480,258)	(782,173)
Generally, expenditures recognized in the fund financial statements are limited		
to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are		
recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred for the following:		
Long-term portion of accrued sick leave		(15,163)
Amortization of deferred savings from refunding bonds		(6,876)
Amortization of bond discounts and premiums		5,563
Accrued interest payable		1,368
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures when paid. However, in the		
Statement of Activities, pension expense is the cost of benefits earned, adjusted for		
member contributions, the recognition of changes in deferred outflows and inflows of		
resources related to pensions, and investment experience.		
Net change in Police & Firefighters pension liability	39,841	
CERS contributions	(1,022,301)	
CERS pension expense	(875,869)	(1,858,329)
Bond and capital lease payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statements, but are reductions of		
liabilities in the statement of net position.		437,821
Losses on disposal of capital assets are not recognized in the fund financial statements.		
However, in the statement of activities, these losses are recognized.		 (5,891)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ (815,703)

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Business-Type Activities						
	7.741114		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	C		Activity -	
	Utility Fund	Ashland Bus Fund	Recreation Fund	Cemetery Fund	Total	Internal Service Fund	
ASSETS							
Unrestricted Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,001,864	\$ 94,574	\$ 40,722	\$ 9,928	\$ 2,147,088	\$ 372,105	
Accounts receivable	2,835,504	12	126	1,237	2,836,879	7,581	
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(195,595)	-	_	-	(195,595)	-	
Due from other funds	727,444	_	_	15,462	742,906	1,731,388	
Grants receivable - capital	-	149,876	-	-	149,876	-,,	
Grants receivable - operating	_	327,270	_	_	327,270	_	
Prepaid expenses	68,400	321,210			68,400	_	
Inventories -	00,700				00,100		
Repair parts and supplies	472,527	18,012	7,670		498,209		
Lots and vaults	472,327	10,012	7,070	2 271 600	•	-	
Lots and vaults	-	-	-	2,371,680	2,371,680	-	
Total unrestricted assets	5,910,144	589,744	48,518	2,398,307	8,946,713	2,111,074	
Restricted Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	4,631,330	-	_	37,054	4,668,384	_	
Investments -	,,						
Certificates of deposit	2,893,492	-	190,000	_	3,083,492	_	
Money market mutual fund	185,798	_	-		185,798		
money market mataux rand					105,750		
Total restricted assets	7,710,620	-	190,000	37,054	7,937,674	-	
Total current assets	13,620,764	589,744	238,518	2,435,361	16,884,387	2,111,074	
Capital Assets:							
Land and easements	358,925	_	58,223	18,453	435,601	_	
Utility plant	92,482,829	_	-	,	92,482,829	_	
Buildings and improvements	662,733	1,498,076	100,529	2,312,809	4,574,147	_	
Operating equipment	4,623,166	1,121,195	921,942	66,150	6,732,453	_	
Office and computer equipment	217,772	31,829	5,320	-	254,921	_	
Construction in progress	1,019,513	31,027	5,520		1,019,513		
Construction in progress	99,364,938	2,651,100	1,086,014	2,397,412	105,499,464	-	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(52 182 065)	(1 442 254)	(573,704)	(247.921)	(55,545,944)		
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(53,182,065)	(1,442,354)	(3/3,/04)	(347,821)	(33,343,944)		
Total capital assets - net	46,182,873	1,208,746	512,310	2,049,591	49,953,520	*	
Total noncurrent assets	46,182,873	1,208,746	512,310	2,049,591	49,953,520	-	
Total assets	59,803,637	1,798,490	750,828	4,484,952	66,837,907	2,111,074	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES							
Deferred savings from refunding bonds	188,564	-	-	-	188,564	-	
Deferred differences in pension experience	53,268	7,606	5,669	1,143	67,686	-	
Deferred pension investment earnings	57,460	8,204	6,115	1,233	73,012	-	
Deferred changes in pension assumptions	646,368	92,292	68,782	13,870	821,312	-	
Deferred changes in proportionate share of liability	114,032	16,282	12,135	2,447	144,896	-	
Deferred pension contributions	402,364	57,451	42,817	8,633	511,265		
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,462,056	181,835	135,518	27,326	1,806,735	-	

		Business-T		Governmental Activity -		
	Utility	Ashland Bus	Recreation	Cemetery	· ·	Internal Service
LIABILITIES	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	Fund
Current liabilities (payable from						
current fashinges (payable from						
Accounts payable	\$ 493.503	\$ 101.126	\$ 33,688	\$ 5.332	\$ 633.649	\$ 688.246
Due to other funds	652.280		338,566	J 3,332	1.693,520	φ 000,240 -
Accrued compensated absences	193.818		27.922	5.285	256,300	
Other accrued liabilities	327.809		14,739	42,029	423,732	1,422,828
Customer deposits	130,186		14,732	42,02)	130,186	1,422,020
Total current liabilities	130,100			***************************************	130,100	
(payable from current assets)	1,797,596	872.230	414,915	52.646	3,137,387	2,111,074
(payaoto from current assets)	1,777,570	- 072,230	121,515	52,010	3,137,307	2,111,071
Current liabilities (payable from						
restricted assets):						
Matured revenue bonds and notes	50.000	_	-	_	50.000	-
Customer deposits	521,258	_	_	_	521,258	
Current portion of capital lease obligations	95.000	-	· _	_	95.000	_
Current portion of Revenue and	,				•	
Improvement bonds	585,000	-	-		585,000	-
Current portion of Kentucky Infrastructure						
Authority loans	601.487	_	-	-	601.487	-
Total current liabilities		-				
(payable from restricted assets)	1,852,745	-		-	1,852,745	-
Total current liabilities	3,650,341	872,230	414,915	52,646	4,990,132	2,111,074
Long-term liabilities:						
Capital lease obligations	1,335,417	-	-	-	1,335,417	-
Revenue and Improvement bonds, net of						
discount and premium	6,630,611	-	-	-	6,630,611	-
Kentucky Infrastructure Authority loans	8,345,812	-		-	8,345,812	-
Net pension liabilities	14,262,467	852,441	712,394	144,374	15,971,676	
Total long-term liabilities	30,574,307	852,441	712,394	144,374	32,283,516	-
Total liabilities	34,224,648	1,724,671	1,127,309	197,020	37,273,648	2,111,074
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	28,728,110	1,208,746	512,310	2,049,591	32,498,757	•
Restricted for debt service	1,182,163	-	~	-	1,182,163	-
Restricted for sewer improvements	6,528,457	-	-	-	6,528,457	-
Other	-	-	190,000	37,054	227,054	-
Unrestricted	(9,397,685)	(953,092)	(943,273)	2,228,613	(9,065,437)	-
Total net position	\$ 27,041,045	\$ 255,654	\$ (240,963)	\$ 4,315,258	\$ 31,370,994	<u> </u>

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Business-Type Activities										Governmental	
		Utility	Λc	Business-1 hland Bus		ctivities tecreation		Cemetery				ctivity - nal Service
		Fund	ris.	Fund	1	Fund		Fund		Total		Fund
OPERATING REVENUES		1 0110		1 (1)(1		1 (11)(1	-	Tuna	. —	Total	-	i dild
Residential and commercial meter sales	\$	4.142.435	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	4.142.435	\$	
Sewer service		7,387,292		-		-		-		7,387,292		-
Industrial meter sales		3,520,404		-		-		-		3,520,404		-
Other municipalities		1,569,760		-		-		~		1,569,760		-
Industrial pretreatment		28,967		-		-		-		28,967		
Water and sewer taps		77,030		-		~		-		77,030		-
Concession sales		-		-		24,684		-		24,684		-
Lot and vault sales		~		-		-		48,524		48,524		-
Opening and closing fees		-		-		-		73,650		73,650		-
Passenger fares		-		56,356		-		**		56,356		-
Admission fees		-		-		31,151		-		31,151		-
Premium charges		-		-		-		-		-	6	,152,074
Miscellaneous		866,336						12,862		879,198		_
Total operating revenues	****	17,592,224		56,356		55,835		135,036		17,839,451	6	,152,074
OPERATING EXPENSES												
Administration - Director		200.634		_				_		200,634		_
Administration - Cashier		903.673		_		_		_		903,673		_
Water - Production		2,393,336		_		_		_		2,393,336		-
Water - Distribution		3,430,624		**		_		_		3,430.624		_
Sewer - Pretreatment		1,710.694		_		_		_		1,710,694		-
Sewer - Collection		1,507,626		_		_		_		1,507,626		-
Depreciation		2,193,973		145,908		44,674		50.594		2,435,149		_
Insurance		206.187		23.617		17,793		6,158		253,755		_
Other operating expenses		1,880,896		459,681		462,465		72,268		2,875,310		6,719
Salaries		-		460.742		379,558		75,721		916.021		· <u>-</u>
Utilities		-		25,763		132,589		10.905		169,257		-
Operating supplies		-		80,823		56,807		59,334		196,964		-
Premiums and claims		-		· -				-		· <u>-</u>	6	,145,687
Total operating expenses		14,427,643		1,196,534		1,093,886		274,980		16,993,043	6	,152,406
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	w.	3,164,581	(1,140,178)	((1,038,051)		(139,944)		846,408		(332)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES												
(EXPENSES)												
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets				(41,036)						(41,036)		
Interest income		23,754		59		396		61		24,270		332
Grant income		23,734		336.732		41,607		-		378,339		-
Interest on revenue bonds and notes		(493,316)		330,732		41,007		_		(493,316)		_
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		(469,562)		295,755		42.003		61		(131,743)	•	332
Total non operating forestees (expenses)		(10),502)		275,155		12,005		- 01		(131,143)		
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS												
AND CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		2,695,019		(844,423)		(996,048)		(139,883)		714,665		-
CO A NOTE O												
TRANSFERS				440.207		017 200		100 100		1,487,097		
From General Fund				440,307		917,300	-	129,490				
Total transfers in				440.307		917,300		129,490		1,487,097		
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS												
Federal/state grants		-		422,164		_		_		422,164		-
Total capital contributions	******	-		422,164		*		-		422,164		-
INODE LOS (DEODE LOS) IN NET DOCUMON		2 (05 212		10.010		(70.7.40)		/10 000:		0.602.006		
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION		2,695,019		18,048		(78,748)	,	(10,393)		2,623,926		-
NET POSITION, JUNE 30, 2015 (as restated)	2	24,346.026		237,606		(162,215)		4,325,651		28,747,068		-
	· <u></u>											
NET POSITION, JUNE 30, 2016	\$ 2	27,041,045	\$	255,654	\$	(240,963)	\$	4,315,258	\$	31,370,994	\$	-

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Business-Type Activities							
	T Tailia.			Activity -				
	Utility Fund	Ashland Bus Fund	Recreation Fund	Cemetery Fund	Total	Internal Service Fund		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	Tunu	Tuna	- Tund	Tunu	10(0)	Tunu		
ACTIVITIES								
Cash received from customers	\$ 17,037,369	\$ 56,344	\$ 70,880	\$ 129,817	\$ 17,294,410	\$ -		
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(7,164,496)	27,879	(403,520)	(133,606)	(7,673,743)	(6,719)		
Cash payments to employees	(4,262,160)	(367,750)	(326,799)	(61,335)	(5,018,044)	(0,717)		
Other operating revenues	866,336	(307,730)	(320,777)	12,862	879,198	_		
Payments for internal services	(1,420,315)	(183,608)	(181,952)	(56,996)	(1,842,871)	-		
Cash received for internal services	(1,120,515)	(105,000)	(101,552)	(20,770)	(1,0 12,0 11)	6,033,925		
Payments for premiums and claims	_	_	_	_	_	(5,869,722)		
Net cash provided by (used for)						(3,007,722)		
operating activities	5,056,734	(467,135)	(841,391)	(109,258)	3,638,950	157,484		
								
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL								
FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Grant income	=	79,484	41,607	-	121,091	-		
Transfers from other funds		440,307	917,300	129,490	1,487,097	<u> </u>		
Net cash provided by noncapital								
financing activities		519,791	958,907	129,490	1,608,188	•		
OA OLL DI OLUG DD OA (OA DIWAY								
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL								
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(2.204.022)	(207.640	(00.117)	(*0.000	(2.400.404)			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(2,204,033)	(295,546)	(90,115)	(19,000)	(2,608,694)	-		
Proceeds from sale of assets	(1.001.407)	4,700	-	-	4,700	-		
Principal paid on bonds, notes, and lease obligations	(1,281,487)	-	-	-	(1,281,487)	-		
Interest paid on bonds, notes, and lease obligations	(493,316)	210.522	*	•	(493,316)	-		
Capital grants received		310,530	•		310,530			
Net cash provided by (used for) capital	(2.070.02()	10.604	(00.115)	(10.000)	(4.0(0.0(7)			
and related financing activities	(3,978,836)	19,684	(90,115)	(19,000)	(4,068,267)			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Withdrawal of investment securities	161,392	_		_	161,392	_		
Investment income	23,754	59	396	61	24,270	332		
Net cash provided by investing activities	185,146	59	396	61	185,662	332		
·								
Net increase in cash and								
cash equivalents	1,263,044	72,399	27,797	1,293	1,364,533	157,816		
		,	,	,	, ,	•		
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2015	5,555,948	22,175	12,925	45,689	5,636,737	214,289		
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2016	\$ 6,818,992	\$ 94,574	\$ 40,722	\$ 46,982	\$ 7,001,270	\$ 372,105		
DECONOR ATTON OF OBED ATTNO DICOME (LOGO)								
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Operating income (loss)	\$ 3,164,581	\$ (1,140,178)	\$ (1,038,051)	\$ (139,944)	\$ 846,408	\$ (332)		
Adjustments:								
Depreciation	2,193,973	145,908	44,674	50,594	2,435,149			
Amortization	2,193,973	143,900	44,074	30,394	2,433,149	-		
Net pension adjustment	(8,403)	66,665	50,117	10,110	118,489	-		
Changes in assets and liabilities:	(8,403)	00,005	30,117	10,110	110,402	-		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	240.761	(12)	15.045	7.642	272 427	270.201		
(Increase) decrease in inventories	249,761	(12)	15,045	7,643	272,437	370,201		
· ·	(56,188)	3,870	2,923	47,050	(2,345)	(400.350)		
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds	(286,058)	70.100	(((201)	(15,462)	(301,520)	(488,350)		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(60,598)	79,195	(66,291)	(919)	(48,613)	283,469		
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	(256,038)	351,090	147,550	(72,606)	169,996	-		
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	16,346	2,612	1,445	978	21,381	-		
Increase (decrease) in other accrued liabilities	15,492	23,715	1,197	3,298	43,702	(7,504)		
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	61,720	_		-	61,720	-		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating								
activities	\$ 5,056,734	\$ (467,135)	\$ (841,391)	\$ (109,258)	\$ 3,638,950	\$ 157,484		

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	<u>T</u>	Pension rust Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	507,644
Accrued interest receivable		912
Due from other funds		652,280
Investments, at fair value		
Certificates of deposit		2,016,128
Total assets		3,176,964
LIABILITIES		
Due to other funds		294,301
Total liabilities		294,301
NET POSITION - RESTRICTED		
FOR PENSION BENEFITS	\$	2,882,663

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Pension Trust Funds
ADDITIONS: CONTRIBUTIONS	
Employer	\$ 1,202,346
Total contributions	1,202,346
INVESTMENT INCOME	
Interest income	14,389
Total investment income	14,389
Total additions	1,216,735
DEDUCTIONS:	
Benefits	1,246,575
Administrative expenses	7,129
Total deductions	1,253,704
NET DECREASE	(36,969)
NET POSITION - RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS:	
Beginning of year	2,919,632
End of year	\$ 2,882,663

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

D	Original Budget	-		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues Property and other local taxes	\$ 7,525,432	\$ -	\$ 7.525.432	\$ 7,480,926	\$ (44,506)
Licenses and permits	11,480,625	Ф -	\$ 7,525,432 11,480,625	12,062,385	\$ (44,506) 581,760
Charges for services	2,189,338	=	2,189,338	2,227,692	38,354
Fees, fines and reimbursements	1,897,770	-	1,897,770	1,709,234	(188,536)
Interest income	2,100	-	2,100	1,886	(214)
Grant income	22,261	300,742	323,003	330,277	7,274
Other income	188,234		188,234	230,952	42,718
Other meonic	100,234	-	100,234	230,732	42,710
Total revenues	23,305,760	300,742	23,606,502	24,043,352	436,850
Expenditures					
General government	3,005,838	281,474	3,287,312	2,574,262	713,050
Finance	605,507	-	605,507	605,840	(333)
Public services	4,822,342	177,415	4,999,757	4,703,267	296,490
Planning and code enforcement	643,902	(12,000)	631,902	623,160	8,742
Police	5,243,735	(60,684)	5,183,051	5,222,557	(39,506)
Fire	6,027,415	1,600	6,029,015	6,152,534	(123,519)
Engineering	148,030	36,798	184,828	147,025	37,803
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	437,821	-	437,821	437,821	.
Interest and fiscal charges	286,722	***	286,722	284,526	2,196
Total expenditures	21,221,312	424,603	21,645,915	20,750,992	894,923
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	2,084,448	(123,861)	1,960,587	3,292,360	1,331,773
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers out	(2,084,448)	(310,959)	(2,395,407)	(2,461,025)	(65,618)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,084,448)	(310,959)	(2,395,407)	(2,461,025)	(65,618)
Net change in fund balance	-	(434,820)	(434,820)	831,335	1,266,155
Fund balance beginning of year	4,726,299		4,726,299	4,726,299	
Fund balance end of year	\$ 4,726,299	\$ (434,820)	\$ 4,291,479	\$ 5,557,634	\$ 1,266,155

CITY OF ASHLAND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MUNICIPAL AID ROAD FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Revenues	Origin Budge	Revi	sions		tevised Budget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		
Property and other local taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Licenses and permits	Ψ	-	Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
Charges for services		_		-		-		-		_
Fees, fines and reimbursements		_		_		_		_		
Grant income	535,	000		_		535,000	4	30,792		(104,208)
Administration fee income		_		-		-		-		-
Interest income		30		-		30		12		(18)
Other income	***************************************	_				_	************		*******	_
Total revenues	535,	030		-		535,030	4	30,804		(104,226)
Expenditures										
General government		-		-		-		-		=
Finance	505	-		-		-	1.	-		407.050
Public services	535,	030		-		535,030	1	27,972		407,058
Planning and code enforcement Police		_		-	,	-		-		_
Fire		_		_				_		_
Engineering		_		_		_		_		_
Community and cultural		_		~		_		_		_
Other		_		_		_		_		
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		_		-		-		_		-
Interest and fiscal charges						-		-		-
Total expenditures	535,0	030_				535,030	1:	27,972		407,058
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		<u>-</u> .					3(02,832		302,832
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out		-		-	***************************************	_	***************************************	_	******	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-				-		-
Net change in fund balance				~		-	30	02,832		302,832
Fund balance beginning of year	89,4	463		***	••••	89,463		39,463	***************************************	-
Fund balance end of year	\$ 89,4	463	\$			89,463	\$ 39	92,295		302,832

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget		Revisions		Revised Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues	Φ		ď		ď		ø		ď	
Property and other local taxes Licenses and permits	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_
Charges for services		_		_		**		-		_
Fees, fines and reimbursements		-		-		_		_		_
Grant income	1,	292,155		-		1,292,155		608,544		(683,611)
Administration fee income		-		-		-		-		-
Interest income		-				-				-
Other income	-									-
Total revenues		292,155		-		1,292,155		608,544		(683,611)
Expenditures										
General government		-		-		-		-		-
Finance		-		-		-		-		
Public services		-		-		-		-		-
Planning and code enforcement		-		-		-		•		-
Police Fire		-		-		-		-		
Engineering		-		-		-		-		-
Community and cultural	1 .	292,155		_		1,292,155		608,544		683,611
Other		-		_		-		-		-
Capital outlay		_		_		_		-		-
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges	<u> </u>	-								-
Total expenditures	1,2	292,155	***************************************	_		1,292,155		608,544		683,611
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-		-		_	-	_		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out		-					Andrewschiler Schleicher	_	Manage William Co.	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		an.				-
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-		-
Fund balance beginning of year		65,437				65,437	6	65,437		-
Fund balance end of year	\$	65,437	\$	-	\$	65,437	\$	65,437		

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HOUSING ASSISTANCE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget		Revisions			Revised Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues Property and other local taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$	_	
Licenses and permits	Φ	-	Ф	-	Ф	_	Ф	-	Φ	-	
Charges for services		_		_		_		_		-	
Fees, fines and reimbursements		_		_		_		_			
Grant income	2,453,	,042		-		2,453,042	2	2,392,778		(60,264)	
Administration fee income	249,	458		-		249,458		264,106		14,648	
Interest income		235		-		235		156		(79)	
Other income				-		_		~			
Total revenues	2,702,	735	<u></u>		<u></u>	2,702,735		2,657,040		(45,695)	
Expenditures											
General government		-		-		-		-		-	
Finance		-		-		-		-		-	
Public services	ž	-		-		-		-		-	
Planning and code enforcement Police		-		-		-		-		-	
Fire		-		_		-		-		-	
Engineering		_		_		_		_		-	
Community and cultural	2,702,	735		_		2,702,735	2	2,680,474		22,261	
Other	2,702,	-		-		-		-		-	
Capital outlay		_		_		_		_		-	
Debt service:											
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-		-	
Interest and fiscal charges				_		-	*****				
Total expenditures	2,702,	735		-		2,702,735	2	,680,474		22,261	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	•			<u></u>		, see		(23,434)		(23,434)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out		_		-		-		-		-	
Transicis out				-							
Total other financing sources (uses)				-		-					
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		(23,434)		(23,434)	
Fund balance beginning of year	71,	718		_		71,718		71,718		-	
Fund balance end of year	\$ 71,	718	\$	_	\$	71,718	\$	48,284	\$	(23,434)	

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FLOODWALL OPERATING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

n	Original Budget		Revisions		Revised Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues	ď	226 842	ø		\$	226 942	\$	239,663	\$	12,821
Property and other local taxes Licenses and permits	\$	226,842	\$	-	Þ	226,842	Ф	239,003	Ф	12,821
Charges for services		-		-		-		_		-
Fees, fines and reimbursements		-		-		-		-		
Grant income		-		-		_		_		_
Administration fee income		_		_		_		_		_
Interest income		25		_		25		27		2
Other income		-		_		-	-			
oner meome	M-10-1									
Total revenues	•	226,867		-		226,867		239,690		12,823
Expenditures										
General government		-		-		-		-		-
Finance		-		-				-		-
Public services		226,867		-		226,867		193,025		33,842
Planning and code enforcement		-		-		-		-		-
Police		-		-		-		~		-
Fire		-		-		- ,		-		-
Engineering		-		-		~		-		-
Community and cultural		-		-		-		-		-
Other		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges				-	•			-		
Total expenditures		226,867		-	***************************************	226,867_		193,025		33,842
Excess of Revenues Over								14.665		16.665
(Under) Expenditures				-				46,665		46,665
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in		135,766		-		135,766		-		(135,766)
Transfers out		-		-						-
Total other financing sources (uses)		135,766		-		135,766		_	(1103) 110 11	(135,766)
Net change in fund balance		135,766		-		135,766		46,665		(89,101)
Fund balance beginning of year		26,632		-		26,632	-	26,632		
Fund balance end of year	\$	162,398	\$	-	\$	162,398_	\$	73,297	\$	(89,101)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

(1) REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Ashland (the "City") is a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. It is governed and operated under the City Manager/Commission form of government and provides such services as public safety, transportation, recreation, streets, water, sewer, and refuse removal. The City evaluates separately administered organizations in order to determine if they are controlled by, or dependent upon the City. GASB Codification Section 2100 establishes criteria for determining which, if any, component units should be considered part of the City for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability, which includes:

1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and:

a. The ability of the government to impose its will on that organization and/or

b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the government.

2. Organizations for which the government does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally

dependent on the government.

3. Organizations for which the reporting entity's financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature and significance of the relationship.

Based on the previous criteria, the City has determined that as of June 30, 2016 there are no organizations meeting the criteria.

(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements of the City include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The City considers all governmental and proprietary funds to be major funds, due to their belief that all of these funds present financial information which is important to the financial statement users. Thus, individual governmental funds and individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and fiduciary fund financial

statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major Governmental Funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

- Municipal Aid Road Fund The Municipal Aid Road Fund is used to account for state grants restricted for road improvements.
- o Floodwall Operating Fund The Floodwall Operating Fund is used to account for taxes levied on real estate located within the floodwall. Resources may only be used for the repair and maintenance of City's floodwall.
- O Community Development Fund The Community Development Fund is used to account for entitlements to the City under the provisions of Title 1 of the Housing and Development Act of 1974. Resources may only be used for activities which are directed toward developing urban communities and economic opportunities for individuals of low and moderate income.
- O Housing Assistance Fund The Housing Assistance Fund is used to account for grant revenue provided to the City by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Section 8 rent subsidy program. Resources are used for the payment of rent subsidies to landlords on behalf of qualified tenants.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used in acquiring, constructing and maintaining major capital facilities and assets.

The City reports the following major Proprietary Funds:

- O Utility Fund The Utility Fund is used to account for water and wastewater (sewer) services for the City and surrounding communities.
- O Ashland Bus Fund This fund is used to account for the City's mass transportation system which is partially subsidized by the Federal government (Department of Transportation).
- o Recreation Fund The Recreation Fund is used to account for the City's swimming pool operations and other vending (concession) activities.
- Cemetery Fund The Cemetery Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the Ashland Cemetery.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Fund - This fund is used to account for the financing of health insurance premiums and claims payments for all eligible City employees and retirees on a premium cost only reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds - These funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. The Police and Firefighters Pension Fund and the Utility Pension Fund are the City's two Fiduciary Funds.

Pension trust funds recognize employer and participant contributions in the period in which contributions are due and the City has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Retirement benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City Utility Fund and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the City's Enterprise Funds, are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue tap fees intended to recover the costs of connecting new customers to the utility system. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from non-exchange transactions must also be available before they can be recognized.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to May 1, the City Manager obtains estimates from the department heads in order to prepare the proposed budget.
- 2. Prior to June 30, the City Manager submits to the City Commission a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The proposed budget includes proposed operating and capital expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 3. Public hearings are conducted at commission meetings in order to review the proposed budget and to obtain comments from taxpayers and other interested parties.

- 4. Prior to the first day beginning the fiscal year, the budget is legally adopted through the passage of an ordinance for the General Fund, all Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Funds and all Enterprise Funds, and a separate budgetary report is prepared for utilization by the City, and for informational purposes for the general public.
- 5. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments of any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department or fund must be approved by the City Commission. Therefore, the level of control on budgetary items is maintained at the department level.
- 6. Budgets for the General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds are adopted on the modified accrual basis. Budgets for all Enterprise Funds are adopted on the accrual basis. Both methods are consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended periodically by the City Commission. Departmental revisions were not material in relation to the original appropriations which were amended. All appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, even if encumbered.

D. Deposits and Investments

Investments, other than Pension Trust Fund investments, are stated at amortized cost which approximates fair value. Kentucky Revised Statute 66.480 permits the City to invest in U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. Agency obligations, certain Federal instruments, repurchase agreements, commercial banks' certificates of deposit, savings and loan deposits, certain mutual funds, Commonwealth of Kentucky investment pool and the Kentucky League of Cities investment pool.

At June 30, 2016, the City's investments consists of certificate of deposits and money market funds, which are valued at cost.

E. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost (first-in, first-out method). Inventory in the General and Enterprise-Utility Fund consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. Enterprise-Recreation Fund inventories consist of merchandise held for sale and consumable supplies. Enterprise-Cemetery Fund inventories consist of plots and mausoleum vaults. Costs are recorded as expenditures at the time individual inventory items are purchased.

F. Capital Assets and Depreciation

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated with the exception of land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Estimated Lives
Utility plants in service	5-50 years
Buildings and improvements	5-20 years
Operating equipment	3-10 years
Automotive equipment	3-7 years
Office furniture and equipment	3-20 years
Bus system equipment	5-10 years
Recreation equipment	5-25 years
Infrastructure	20-30 years

The City is required by GASB 34 to retroactively report all major general infrastructure assets for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2006. The City elected to adopt the requirements of GASB 34 concerning infrastructure assets in the 2006 fiscal year. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to March 10, 2006 are reported at historical estimated cost or deflated replacement cost. Infrastructure assets acquired after March 10, 2006 are reported at cost.

G. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used by the City whereby purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances in the General, Special Revenue, Enterprise and Capital Projects Funds, since the encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities, even though the City intends to honor those commitments. At June 30, 2016, there were no significant encumbrances.

H. Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets, and service debt. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such transactions as transfers.

I. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

J. Compensated Absences

The City's accrued liabilities for future compensated absences are recorded to the extent the future leaves (1) relate to rights attributable to employee services already rendered, (2) relate to rights that vest or accumulate, (3) where payment is probable, and (4) where amounts can be reasonably estimated. Amounts that normally would be paid with expendable available financial resources are recorded in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Amounts paid or payable within 60 days are deemed to be payable from expendable available financial resources. Liabilities for compensated absences are recorded in full in the Government-wide and Proprietary Fund financial statements.

K. Fund Balances

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

• Nonspendable fund balance-amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact;

• Restricted fund balance-amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;

• Committed fund balance-amounts constrained to specific purposes by the City Commissioners through an ordinance, using its decision-making authority; to be reported as committed,

amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Commissioners take the action to remove or change the constraint;

• Assigned fund balance-amounts the City intends to use for a specific purpose (such as encumbrances); intent can be expressed by the City Commissioners or by an official or body to which the City delegates the authority;

• Unassigned fund balance-amounts that are available for any purpose; unassigned amounts are

reported only in the General Fund.

Fund balance assigned for special revenue funds can only be expended on items that meet the specific purpose of the fund. When restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted, committed and assigned resources first, then unassigned resources as they are needed.

L. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of governments.

M. Self-Insurance

The City is self-insured for health and accident claims for employees and eligible retirees as more fully described in Notes 12 and 13.

N. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Proprietary and Internal Service Funds consider all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

O. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the recorded amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant changes relate to the determination of the allowance for uncollectible accounts and the useful lives used to depreciate capital assets, and actuarial assumptions used in determining pension costs. Actual results could differ from estimated amounts.

P. Bond Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs are expensed in the period they are incurred.

Q. Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to June 30, 2015 information to conform with the 2016 presentation.

R. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

S. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

T. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2015, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application ("GASB 72"), which addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. GASB 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes and the related disclosures. It requires a government to use valuation techniques that are appropriate under the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value and establishes a hierarchy of inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. GASB 72 also requires disclosures to be made about fair value measurements, the level of fair value hierarchy, and valuation techniques. The adoption of this standard did not have a material effect on the City's financial statements.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments ("GASB 76"). GASB 76 supersedes Statement No. 55, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments and reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP. The adoption of this standard did not have a material effect on the City's financial statements.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans ("GASB 75"). GASB 75 replaces Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans. It establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures for other postemployment benefits ("OPEB"). In addition, GASB 75 details the recognition and disclosure requirements for employers with payables to defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet the specified criteria and for employers whose employees are provided with defined contribution OPEB. GASB 75 will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending June 30, 2018.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues* ("GASB 82"). GASB 82 addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements that arose during the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68. GASB 82 will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending June 30, 2017.

(3) DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The City requires deposits to be 100% secured by collateral valued at market or par, whichever is lower, less the amount of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance (FDIC). The City does not have a formal policy regarding custodial credit risk.

At June 30, 2016, the carrying amounts of the City's deposits held in banks were \$18,737,443 and the bank balances were \$19,370,729. The total of the bank balances were insured or collateralized with securities held by the City's agents in the City's name, or by letters of credit.

Investments

At June 30, 2016, the City had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in years)									
Investment Type -	Balance				1 - 5		6 - 10	More than			
General Fund Money Market Mutual Fund	\$ 600,01	8 \$	600,018	\$	-	\$	~	\$	-		
Utility Fund Money Market Mutual Fund Certificates of Deposit	185,79 2,893,49		185,798 2,893,492		- ,		-		-		
Recreation Fund Certificates of Deposit	190,00		-		190,000		_		-		
Fiduciary Funds Certificates of Deposit	2,016,12	8	2,016,128		_		-		-		

Interest Rate Risk. The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. The City may invest their monies in interest-bearing bonds of any county, urban-county government or city in the State of Kentucky, or in any securities in which trustees are permitted to invest trust funds under the laws of the State of Kentucky, including participation in a local government pension investment fund created pursuant to KRS 95.895. The money market mutual fund invests only in U.S. Treasury Obligations, which include securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury where the payment of principal and interest is backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government.

(4) PROPERTY TAX REVENUES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible (used in business) property located in the City.

Real property, tangible and public utility property taxes are levied prior to June 30 of each year based upon the assessed value as of January 1. Per KRS 91.487, the lien date for assessed taxes is January 1 of each fiscal year. The City imposes penalties of 10% and interest of ½ % per month on taxes not paid within thirty days of mailing tax bills.

Real property and tangible property taxes are due and payable by June 30 of each year. Public utility taxes are due and payable within thirty days from the date the bills are mailed.

Assessed values are established by State Law at 100% of fair value.

Real property and tangible property taxes are recognized as revenue on the modified accrual basis. Public utility taxes and tangible property taxes were not accrued at June 30, since assessed amounts are not available until the subsequent fiscal year.

Motor vehicle property taxes are assessed as of January 1 of each year and are collected by the County Clerk and remitted to the City. These taxes are not accrued, as amounts are payable upon the birth dates of the owners of the vehicles.

The 2016 assessed value for real property and tangible property was \$874,574,783 and \$111,317,166, respectively. The tax rate adopted was \$.2898 per \$100 valuation.

(5) GRANTS RECEIVABLE

Grants receivable from other governmental units as of June 30, 2016, are as follows:

General Fund - Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Homeland Security Grant	\$ 1,381
Special Revenue Funds - Municipal Aid Road Fund Community Development Fund, program allocation	39,671 68,066 107,737
Enterprise Funds - Ashland Bus System - FTA operations Ashland Bus System - FTA capital	327,270 149,876 477,146 \$ 600,864

(6) CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in the City's capital assets is as follows:

Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Not Depreciated:		June 30, 2015		Increases		Decreases	سند نرورو	June 30, 2016
Land	\$	18,936,298	\$	_	\$	_	\$	18,936,298
Construction in progress	Ψ	194,792	Ψ	532,060	Ψ	(194,792)	Ψ	532,060
Capital Assets, Depreciated:		12.,722		232,000		(1) 1,1/2)		232,000
Buildings		8,872,607		213,166		_		9,085,773
Building improvements		3,164,358		61,203		-		3,225,561
Automotive equipment		3,512,823		73,458		(103,668)		3,482,613
Office furniture and equipment		506,651		14,101		(16,315)		504,437
Operating equipment		3,990,998		33,089		(77,486)		3,946,601
Capital improvements		603,166		125,654		-		728,820
Infrastructure		76,619,407		840,146		-		77,459,553
Totals	***************************************	116,401,100	_	1,892,877		(392,261)		117,901,716
	******		-					
Accumulated Depreciation:								
Buildings		2,062,800		181,311		_		2,244,111
Building improvements		1,969,696		92,346		-		2,062,042
Automotive equipment		2,790,406		151,175		(100,789)		2,840,792
Office furniture and equipment		428,435		13,649		(16,315)		425,769
Operating equipment		2,656,376		181,651		(74,473)		2,763,554
Capital improvements		223,633		40,632		-		264,265
Infrastructure		46,695,424		1,819,494		-		48,514,918
Totals		56,826,770		2,480,258		(191,577)		59,115,451
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, Net	\$_	59,574,330	<u>\$</u>	(587,381)	<u>\$</u>	(200,684)	\$	58,786,265
Business-type Activities								
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated:								
Land	\$	435,601	\$	_	\$	-	\$	435,601
Construction in progress	Ψ	829,856	Ψ	255,471	Ψ	(65,814)	Ψ	1,019,513
Capital Assets, Depreciated:		0227,000		200, . , 1		(05,01.)		1,012,013
Buildings		3,846,513		_		-		3,846,513
Building improvements		708,634		19,000		_		727,634
Utility and sewage plants		90,893,828		1,589,001		_		92,482,829
carry and seriage plants		- 42 -		1,505,001				, 102,02)

Automotive equipment	2,057,006	641,468	(374,945)	2,323,529
Office furniture and equipment	262,907	-	(7,986)	254,921
Operating equipment	3,547,433	114,753	(48,900)	3,613,286
Recreation equipment	329,349	-	(58,250)	271,099
Capital improvement	469,724	54,815		524,539
Totals	103,380,851	2,674,508	(555,895)	105,499,464
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	1,021,216	89,646	_	1,110,862
Building improvements	447,686	27,444	-	475,130
Utility and sewage plants	47,587,057	1,973,505	-	49,560,562
Automotive equipment	1,599,236	145,349	(329,209)	1,415,376
Office furniture and equipment	226,295	6,348	(7,986)	224,657
Operating equipment	2,223,018	159,664	(45,050)	2,337,632
Recreation equipment	274,091	5,056	(58,250)	220,897
Capital improvements	172,691	28,137		200,828
Totals	53,551,290	2,435,149	(440,495)	55,545,944
Business-type Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 49,829,561</u>	\$ 239,359	<u>\$ (115,400)</u>	\$ 49,953,520

Depreciation expense was allocated to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 494,442
Finance	367
Public services	1,577,233
Planning and code enforcement	7,570
Police	192,051
Fire	141,555
Engineering	54,495
Community and cultural	12,545
·	\$ 2,480,258
Business-type activities:	
Utilities	\$ 2,193,973
Bus	145,908
Recreation	44,674
Cemetery	 50,594
·	\$ 2,435,149

(7) RETIREMENT PLANS

Net pension liabilities of the City as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Governmental activities: Policemen and Firefighters Pension Fund County Employees Retirement System	\$ 4,397,356
Nonhazardous Hazardous	6,181,389 18,386,060
	\$ 28,964,805
Business-type activities: Utility Employees Pension Fund County Employees Retirement System	\$ 8,048,107
Nonhazardous	\$ 7,923,569 15,971,676

Single Employer Plans

Plan Descriptions, Contribution Information and Funding Policies

The City of Ashland contributes to two single-employer, public employee retirement plans. Assets are held separately and may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of the respective plans, as follows:

Utility Pension Fund (UPF)

The City of Ashland Utilities Employee's Pension Plan provides retirement benefits to City utility department employees in classified positions under civil service. The plan is closed to new participants and at June 30, 2016, there were no active employees participating in UPF. Unless otherwise indicated, UPF information in this Note is provided as of the latest actuarial valuation date, June 30, 2015, with an update to roll forward information to June 30. 2016.

Policemen and Firefighters Pension Fund (PFPF)

The City of Ashland Policemen and Firefighters Pension Plan provides retirement benefits to retirees and beneficiaries of policemen and firefighters hired prior to August 1, 1988.

The plan was frozen effective August 1, 1988. Policemen and firefighters hired after that date are required to participate in CERS. The plan is closed to new participants and at June 30, 2016, there were no active employees participating in PFPF. Unless otherwise indicated, PFPF information in this note is provided as of the latest actuarial valuation date, June 30, 2016.

Financial Statements

A separate audited financial statement is not available for the UPF and PFPF. The following is the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position for the UPF and PFPF:

		PENSION TI	JNDS			
CTATEMENT OF NET DOCUTION		Utility Pension	Fir F	icemen & refighters Pension		Total
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ASSETS		Fund	***************************************	Fund	-	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Accrued interest receivable	\$	449,131 661	\$	58,513 251	\$	507,644 912
Due from other funds Investments, at fair value -		652,280		-		652,280
Certificates of deposit Total assets	No.	1,258,064 2,360,136	***************************************	758,064 816,828	***************************************	2,016,128 3,176,964
LIABILITIES Due to other funds Total liabilities				294,301 294,301		294,301 294,301
NET POSITION - RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS	\$	2,360,136	\$	522,527	\$	2,882,663
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POS ADDITIONS	SITION					
Contributions - Employer Plan members	\$	782,736	\$	419,610	\$	1,202,346
Total contributions Investment income -		782,736		419,610		1,202,346
Interest income Total investment income		10,395 10,395		3,994 3,994		14,389 14,389
Total additions	- 44 -	793,131		423,604	r	1,216,735

DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits	768,315	478,260	1,246,575
Administrative expenses	5,102	2,027	7,129
Total deductions	773,417	480,287	1,253,704
NET INCREASE (DECREASE)	19,714	(56,683)	(36,969)
NET POSITION - RESTRICTED FOR			
PENSION BENEFITS:			
Beginning of year	2,340,422	579,210	2,919,632
End of year	\$ 2,360,136	\$ 522,527	\$ 2,882,663

Pension Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$306,067 and \$379,769 for the Utility Pension Fund and Policemen and Firefighters Pension Fund, respectively. At June 30, 2016, the effect of all changes in assumptions and difference between and expected and actual experience were recognized in pension expense due to there being no active employees participating.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations are performed bi-annually. For additional information relating to basis of accounting and reported investment values, see Notes 1 and 2. These plans are defined benefit plans. The following is a summary of funding policies, contribution methods, and benefit provisions:

Governing Authority	Utility Pension Fund City Ordinance and KRS	Policemen and Firefighters Pension Fund City Ordinance and KRS		
Determination of contribution requirements	Actuarially	Actuarially		
Contribution rates as a percentage of covered payroll: Employer Plan Members	N/A N/A	N/A N/A		
Funding of administrative costs	Investment Earnings	Investment Earnings		
Period required to vest	20	10		
Post retirement benefit increases	As approved by City Commission	As approved by City Commission		
Eligibility for distribution	Age 50, with 20 years	N/A		
Provisions for: Disability benefits Death benefits	Yes Yes	Yes Yes		
Membership of the plans are as follows: Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Active plan participants: Vested Non-Vested	27 - - - 27	24 <u>Totals</u> 51		

Actuarial assumptions and other information used to determine the actuarially determined contributions (ADC) are as follows:

	Utility Pension Fund	Policemen And Firefighters <u>Pension Fund</u>
Valuation date	06-30-15, updated through 06-30-16	06-30-16
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level % of payroll Closed	Level % of payroll Closed
Amortization	20 years	10 years
Actuarial asset valuation method	Fair market value, quoted market prices	Fair market value, quoted market prices
Actuarial assumptions Investments Rate of return Allocation Projected salary increases Post retirement benefit increases Cost of living adjustments Discount rate Mortality	4.00 % Allowed by KRS None 0.00 % 3.00 % 4.00 % RP-2000 Mortality Table	4.00 % Allowed by KRS None 0.00 % 3.00 % 4.00 % RP-2000 Mortality Table
Changes of assumptions since prior valuation	None	Discount rate reduced from 5.0% to 4.0%

Net Pension Liability

The following represents the components of the net pension liability:

Date Utility Pension		Fiduciary Net Position (a) und		Total Pension iability (TPL) Entry Age (b)		let Pension Liability (NPL) (b-a)		onded Ratio (a/b)	 Covered Payroll (c)	NPL As A Percentage Of Covered Payroll (b-a)/c)
06/30/15 06/30/16	\$	2,340,422 2,360,136	\$	10,865,198 10,408,243	\$	8,524,776 8,048,107		21.5% 22.7%	\$ ** N/A ** N/A	** N/A ** N/A
Policemen and Firefighters Pension Fund										
06/30/15 06/30/16	\$	579,210 522,527	\$	5,016,407 4,919,883	\$	4,437,197 4,397,356		11.5% 10.6%	\$ ** N/A ** N/A	** N/A ** N/A

^{**}No active employees or covered payroll.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

The following represents the changes in the net pension liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2016:

Utility Pension Fund

Balance, June 30, 2015	Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 10,865,198	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) \$ 2,340,422	Net Pension Liability (a) – (b) \$ 8,524,776
Changes for the year: Interest on total pension liability Difference in expected and actual experience Effect of changes in benefit terms Benefit payments Employer contributions Investment income, net of expenses Benefit payments Administrative expenses	417,961 205,645 (312,246) (768,315)	782,736 10,395 (768,315) (5,102)	417,961 205,645 (312,246) (768,315) (782,736) (10,395) 768,315 5,102
Net changes	(456,955)	19,714	<u>(476,669</u>)
Balance, June 30, 2016	<u>\$ 10,408,243</u>	\$ 2,360,136	\$ 8,048,107
Policemen and Firefighters Pension Fund			
Balance, June 30, 2015	Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 5,016,407	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) \$ 579,210	Net Pension Liability (a) – (b) \$ 4,437,197
Balance, June 30, 2015 Changes for the year: Interest on total pension liability Difference in expected and actual experience Effect of changes in assumptions Effect of changes in benefit terms Benefit payments Employer contributions Investment income, net of expenses Benefit payments Administrative expenses	Pension Liability (a)	Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Liability (a) – (b)
Changes for the year: Interest on total pension liability Difference in expected and actual experience Effect of changes in assumptions Effect of changes in benefit terms Benefit payments Employer contributions Investment income, net of expenses Benefit payments	Pension Liability (a) \$ 5,016,407 237,867 (100,203) 380,261 (136,189)	Fiduciary Net Position (b) \$ 579,210	Liability (a) – (b) \$ 4,437,197 237,867 (100,203) 380,261 (136,189) (478,260) (419,610) (3,994) 478,260

Discount Rate

The following represents the effect on the total pension liability using a discount rate that is one percentage point higher and a discount rate that is one percentage point lower:

Tatal manaion liability at	P	Jtility ension <u>Fund</u>	Policemen and Firefighters Pension <u>Fund</u>	
Total pension liability at assumed discount rate of 4.0%	\$	8,048,107	\$	4,397,356
Pension liability at a discount rate: 1% higher (5.0%) 1% lower (3.0%)	\$ \$	7,148,671 9,102,833	\$ \$	4,034,596 4,819,225

Reserves

There are no assets legally reserved for purposes other than the payment of plan member benefits for either plan. Each plan held two certificates of deposit at local financial institutions whose market value exceeds five percent of net position available for benefits. There are no long-term contracts for contributions.

Payables

The following represents amounts due to the Utility Pension Fund and the Policemen and Firefighters Pension Fund as of June 30, 2016:

Governmental activities:

Policemen and Firefighters Pension Fund

\$

Business-type activities: Utility Pension Fund

\$ 652,280

Cost - Sharing, Multiple Employer Plan - County Employees Retirement System

Plan description

Substantially all full-time employees of the City participate in the County Employees Retirement System ("CERS"). This system consists of two plans — *Nonhazardous* and *Hazardous*. Each plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all regular full-time members employed in nonhazardous or hazardous positions of each participating county, city, and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in CERS. The plans provide for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members.

CERS issues a publicly available financial report included in the Kentucky Retirement Systems Annual Report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, or by calling (502) 564-4646 or at https://kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits provided

Benefits under the plans will vary based on final compensation, years of service and other factors as fully described in the plan documents.

Contributions

Funding for CERS is provided by members, who contribute 5% nonhazardous and 8% hazardous (6.00% and 9.00% for employees hired after September 1, 2008, respectively) of their salary through payroll deductions and by employers of members who contribute 17.06% nonhazardous (12.42% - pension, 4.64% insurance) and 32.95% hazardous (20.26% - pension, 12.69% insurance) of the member's salary. The contribution requirements of CERS are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees.

At June 30, 2016, the City reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to CERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. At June 30 2015, the City's proportion for nonhazardous and hazardous was 0.328% and 1.198%, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,033,000 and \$1,460,000 for nonhazardous and hazardous, respectively. At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Nonhazardous	(Deferred Outflows Resources	In	ferred flows esources
Differences between expected				
actual experience	\$	117,217	\$	_
Changes of assumptions	•	1,422,331	•	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		126,440		
Changes in proportion and differences		120,440		-
between City contributions and		252 222		
proportionate share of contributions City contributions subsequent to		250,928		-
the measurement date		885,400		***
	\$	2,802,316	\$	_
Hazardous				
Differences between expected				
actual experience	\$	399,335	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		1,588,856		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		115,463		_
Changes in proportion and differences		115,405		
between City contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		503,608		-
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,350,672		_
me measurement date	\$	3,957,934	\$	

At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources for City contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$885,400 and \$1,350,672 for nonhazardous and hazardous, respectively. These contributions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016.

Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five year period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are amortized over the average service life of all members. These will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Nonhazardous</u>	Hazardous
2017	\$ 670,693	\$ 582,605
2018	670,693	582,605
2019	321,158	696,825
2020	254,372	745,227
	<u>\$ 1,916,916</u>	2,607,262

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Valuation Date Experience Study Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Remaining Amortization Period Asset Valuation Method Inflation Salary Increase Investment Rate of Return	June 30, 2015 July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2013 Entry Age Normal Level percentage of payroll, closed 28 years 5-year smoothed market 3.25% 4.00%, average, including inflation 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
--	--

The following represents the changes in assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2015:

The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%.

The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%.

The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%.

Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%.

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).

For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. The assumed rates of Retirement, Withdrawal and Disability were updated to more accurately

reflect experience.

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years for CERS. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2008 through 2013 is outlined in a report dated April 30, 2014. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Combined Equity	44.0%	5.40%
Combined Fixed Income	19.0%	1.50%
Real Return (Diversified		
Inflation Strategies)	10.0%	3.50%
Real Estate	5.0%	4.50%
Absolute Return (Diversified		
Hedge Funds)	10.0%	4.25%
Private Equity	10.0%	8.50%
Cash Equivalent	2.0%	-0.25%
	$\overline{100.0\%}$	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longterm assumed investment return of 7.50%. The long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 %, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current discount rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
City's proportionate share of the			
net pension liability			
Nonhazardous	\$ 18,010,000	\$ 14,104,958	\$ 10,760,000
Hazardous	\$ 23,530,000	\$ 18,386,060	\$ 14,120,000

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report which is publically available at https://kyret.ky.gov.

Payables to the pension plan

At June 30, 2016, there was \$359,965 in payables to CERS for nonhazardous and hazardous.

(8) DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt (including current portions) of the City for the year ended June 30, 2016:

Governmental Activities	Balance June 30, 2015	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2016
General Obligation Bond Series 2015	\$ 2,520,000	\$ -	\$ 125,000	\$ 2,395,000
Capital lease - Police Station	4,095,576	-	157,404	3,938,172
Capital lease – Refinancing	90,417	-	90,417	-
Capital lease – Melody Mtn. Phase II	1,612,917	-	65,000	1,547,917
Premium on bonds	84,836	-	5,563	79,273
Compensated absences obligation	773,943	15,305	142	789,106
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 9,177,689	<u>\$ 15,305</u>	<u>\$ 443,526</u>	\$ 8,749,468
Business-type Activities Revenue & Improvement	Balance June 30, 2015	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2016
Bond Series 2013	\$ 4,085,000	\$ -	\$ 410,000	\$ 3,675,000
Water & Sewer Revenue Bond Series 2015	3,620,000	-	175,000	3,445,000
Capital lease - Radio Meters	1,525,417	-	95,000	1,430,417
Kentucky Infrastructure Authority Loan	1,020,073	-	119,956	900,117

Kentucky Infrastructure Authority Loan	2,295,592	-	200,039	2,095,553
Kentucky Infrastructure Authority Loan	6,233,121	-	281,492	5,951,629
Premium on bonds	124,137	-	7,759	116,378
Discount on bonds	(23,734)		(2,967)	(20,767)
Total Business-type Activities	<u>\$ 18,879,606</u>	\$	\$ 1,286,27 <u>9</u>	<u>\$ 17,593,327</u>

At June 30, 2016, the City was required to have \$805,163 for the Revenue and Improvement Bonds of 2013 and 2015, in sinking fund reserve accounts. Additionally, under the KIA loan agreements, the City was required to have \$377,000 set aside for the costs of extensions, improvements, renewals and replacements to the sewer system. As of June 30, 2016, the City had reserve funds of \$1,124,163.

Governmental Activities

General Obligation Refunding Bond Series 2015

On March 17, 2015, the City issued \$2,520,000 in refunding bonds with an average rate of 3.0% to advance refund \$2,460,000 of the series 2005 bonds with an average rate of 4.0%. The proceeds of the refunding bonds were used to purchase U.S. government securities, which were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future payments on the refunded bonds. Thus, the refunded bonds in the amount of \$2,460,000 are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the general long-term debt account group.

The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$103,137. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources, is being charged to operations through the year 2030 using the straight-line method. Additionally, the City reduced its total debt service payments over the following 25 years by \$269,000 and obtained an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments of the old and new bonds) of \$224,000.

The 2015 Series bonds were sold at a premium of \$89,008, which is being amortized over the life of the bonds.

The annual requirements to amortize the indebtedness at June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Pr	ncipal	 Interest	Total
2017	\$	130,000	\$ 69,900	\$ 199,900
2018		130,000	66,000	196,000
2019		135,000	62,025	197,025
2020		140,000	57,900	197,900
2021		145,000	53,625	198,625
2022-2026		815,000	195,975	1,010,975
2027-2031		900,000	69,000	969,000
	\$ 2	,395,000	\$ 574,425	\$ 2,969,425

Capital Lease - Police Station

On December 23, 2008, the City entered into an agreement with the Kentucky League of Cities Funding Trust Program to finance the construction of a police station. Proceeds of the fixed rate (3.035%) lease agreement totaled \$5,000,000.

Future minimum annual lease payments under this agreement are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest and fees	Total
2017	\$ 163,320	\$ 148,392	\$ 311,712
2018	169,439	142,099	311,538
2019	175,804	135,553	311,357
2020	182,356	128,813	311,169
2021	189,204	121,771	310,975
2022-2026	1,057,800	493,886	1,551,686
2027-2031	1,271,348	274,250	1,545,598
2032-2034	728,901	41,242	770,143
	\$ 3,938,172	\$ 1,486,006	\$ 5,424,178

Capital Lease - Melody Mountain Phase II

On May 2, 2014, the City entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Bond Corporation to finance the development of the Melody Mountain Project Phase II. Proceeds of the variable rate (2.0% to 3.5%) lease agreement totaled \$1,710,000.

Future minimum annual lease payments under this agreement are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest and fees	Total
2017	\$ 65,000	\$ 51,409	\$ 116,409
2018	67,084	49,947	117,031
2019	70,000	48,438	118,438
2020	70,000	46,862	116,862
2021	72,084	44,996	117,080
2022-2026	399,168	188,132	587,300
2027-2031	473,332	117,100	590,432
2032-2035	331,249	27,628	358,877
	\$ 1,547,917	\$ 574,512	\$ 2,122,429

Compensated Absences Obligation

Compensated absences of Governmental Fund Types payable within 60 days from the balance sheet date are deemed to be payable from expendable available financial resources. Compensated absences earned by employees which are payable after 60 days are reflected as general long-term obligations of the City.

The estimated liabilities for accrued compensated absences as of June 30, 2016, are as follows:

	Accrued		Total
	Long-Term	Current	Compensated
	Obligation	Obligation	Absences
General Fund	\$ 772,272	\$ 151,922	\$ 924,194
Community Development Fund	4,843	953	5,796
Housing Assistance Fund	4,267	839	5,106
Floodwall Fund	7,724	1,519	9,243
Ashland Bus System		29,275	29,275
Recreation Fund	-	27,922	27,922
Cemetery Fund	-	5,285	5,285
Utility Fund		193,818	193,818
•	<u>\$ 789,106</u>	<u>\$ 411,533</u>	<u>\$_1,200,639</u>

Refer to Note 2 for additional information regarding compensated absences.

Conduit Debt Obligations

From time to time, the City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying loan agreements. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the state, nor

any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of June 30, 2016, there was one series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of approximately \$120 million.

Business-Type Activities

Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds Series 2013

On April 1, 2013, the City issued \$4,890,000 in refunding bonds with an average rate of 5.3% to advance refund \$4,410,000 of the series 1999 bonds with an average rate of 6.8%. The proceeds of the refunding bonds were used to purchase U.S. government securities, which were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future payments on the refunded bonds. Thus, the refunded bonds in the amount of \$4,410,000 are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from Utility Fund liabilities.

The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$269,378. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources, is being charged to operations through the year 2024 using the straightline method. Additionally, the City reduced its total debt service payments over the following 25 years by \$416,000 and obtained an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments of the old and new bonds) of \$354,000.

The 2013 Series bonds were sold at a discount of \$29,668, which is being amortized over the life of the bonds.

The annual requirements to amortize the indebtedness at June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Year ending					
June 30,	P	rincipal]	nterest	Total
2017	\$	420,000	\$	65,130	\$ 485,130
2018		430,000		61,980	491,980
2019	•	435,000		58,755	493,755
2020		445,000		50,055	495,055
2021		465,000		41,155	506,155
2022-2024		1,480,000		65,585	 1,545,585
	\$	3,675,000	\$	342,660	\$ 4,017,660

Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds Series 2015

On March 11, 2015, the City issued \$3,620,000 in revenue bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 3.25%, to finance improvements for the waterworks, water distribution, wastewater treatment and collection facilities.

The annual requirements to amortize the indebtedness at June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 185,000	\$ 104,725	\$ 289,725
2018	190,000	99,175	289,175
2019	195,000	93,475	288,475
2020	205,000	87,625	292,625
2021	210,000	81,475	291,475
2022-2026	1,140,000	309,425	1,449,425
2027-2031	1,320,000	127,250	1,447,250
	\$ 3,445,000	\$ 903,150	\$ 4,348,150

Capital Lease – Radio Meters

On July 30, 2013, the City entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Bond Corporation to finance the acquisition and installation of radio read meters. Proceeds of the variable rate (4.125% to 4.625%) lease agreement totaled \$1,710,000.

Future minimum annual lease payments under this agreement are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest and fees	Total
2017	\$ 97,084	\$ 54,557	\$ 151,641
2018	102,084	51,402	153,486
2019	105,000	48,084	153,084
2020	107,083	44,672	151,755
2021	112,083	41,192	153,275
2022-2026	615,416	143,119	758,535
2027-2029	291,667	21,737	313,404
	\$ 1,430,417	\$ 404,763	\$ 1,835,180

Kentucky Infrastructure Authority Loan

On October 1, 2001, the City entered into an Assistance Agreement with the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority ("KIA") for a water system renovation project. The loan bears interest at a rate of 3.8% with a maturity date of December 1, 2022. A loan serving fee of 0.025% of the annual outstanding loan balance shall be payable to KIA as a part of each interest payment. In accordance with the Agreement, the City received the proceeds from the loan as eligible expenses were incurred.

The annual requirements to amortize the loan as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Year ending				
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Fees	Total
2017	\$ 124,558	\$ 33,032	\$ 2,173	159,763
2018	129,336	28,254	1,859	159,449
2019	134,297	23,293	1,532	159,122
2020	139,449	18,141	1,193	158,783
2021	144,799	12,792	842	158,433
2022-2023	227,678	8,706	573	236,957
	\$ 900,117	\$ 124,218	\$ 8,172	\$ 1,032,507

Kentucky Infrastructure Authority Loan

On November 1, 2004, the City entered into an Assistance Agreement with the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority ("KIA") for a water system renovation project. The loan bears interest at a rate of 3.0%. A loan serving fee of 0.025% of the annual outstanding loan balance shall be payable to KIA as a part of each interest payment. In accordance with the Agreement, the City received the proceeds from the loan as eligible expenses were incurred.

The annual requirements to amortize the indebtedness at June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Year ending				
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Fees	Total
2017	\$ 206,084	\$ 61,332	\$ 5,111	\$ 272,527
2018	212,313	55,104	4,592	272,009
2019	218,730	48,686	4,057	271,473
2020	225,342	42,075	3,506	270,923
2021	232,153	35,264	2,939	270,356
2022-2025	1,000,931	68,737	5,729	1,075,397
	<u>\$ 2,095,553</u>	\$ 311,198	\$ 25,934	\$ 2,432,685

Kentucky Infrastructure Authority Loan

On May 1, 2010, the City entered into an Assistance Agreement with the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority ("KIA") to finance capacity upgrades at the Roberts Drive Pump Station and the Sixth Street Pump Station as part of the CSO abatement projects in the Long-Term Control Plan (See Note 11). The loan bears interest at a rate of 2.0% with a maturity date of December 1, 2033. A loan serving fee of 0.001% of the annual outstanding loan balance shall be payable to KIA as a part of each interest payment. In accordance with the Agreement, the City received the proceeds from the loan as eligible expenses were incurred.

The annual requirements to amortize the loan as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Year ending				
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Fees	Total
2017	\$ 287,151	\$ 117,604	\$ 11,760	\$ 416,515
2018	292,922	111,832	11,183	415,937
2019	298,810	105,945	10,594	415,349
2020	304,816	99,938	9,994	414,748
2021	310,943	93,812	9,381	414,136
2022-2026	1,651,014	372,758	37,276	2,061,048
2027-2031	1,823,748	200,026	20,003	2,043,777
2032-2034	982,225	29,662	2,966	1,014,853
	\$ 5,951,629	\$ 1,131,577	\$ 113,157	\$ 7,196,363

(9) INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Receivable and Payables

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Ashland Bus System	\$ 702,674
General Fund	Recreation Fund	338,566
General Fund	Housing Assistance	22,387
General Fund	Floodwall Operating Fund	70,252
General Fund	Community Development	45,667
General Fund	Police and Fire Fighters Pension	294,301
Utility Fund	General Fund	727,444
Cemetery Fund	General Fund	15,462
Municipal Aid Road Fund	General Fund	202,870
Capital Project	General Fund	857,356
Internal Service Fund	General Fund	1,731,388
Utility Pension Fund	Utility Fund	652,280
Total	•	\$ 5,660,647

Interfund Transfers

The following transfers were made during the year:

<u>Type</u> Operating	From Fund	<u>To Fund</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	Amou	ınt
Operating	General	Ashland Bus System	Matching	\$ 440	,307
Operating	General	Recreation	Operations	917	,300
Operating	General	Capital Projects	Câpital Purchases	973	,928
Operating	General	Cemetery	Operations	129	,490

(10) LEGAL CONTINGENCIES

The City is a defendant in various legal actions arising from normal business operations. The City's legal counsel believes these actions are without merit, adequately covered by insurance, or that the ultimate liability, if any, will not materially affect the City's financial position or results of operations.

(11) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Ashland Bus System

The City is committed to provide financial assistance to the Ashland Bus System (ABS). During the year ended June 30, 2016, the City paid \$393,399 to the ABS under this agreement. Remaining operating costs are to be funded through grants from the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT). The City has estimated it is due \$327,270 from DOT for the current year's operating grant. It is management's opinion that all operating grants due from DOT will be received in full. City management does not expect its cost of operating the ABS to decrease in the near future.

Combined Sewer Overflow Improvements

In 2007, the City entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Energy and Environment Cabinet to comply with federal Clean Water Act standards that are applicable to the City's sewer system. The City's system is considered a combined sewer system due to the sewers collecting rainwater, runoff, domestic sewage and industrial wastewater. During heavy rains or melting snow, the system can create Combined Sewer Overflow (CSO), when waste and storm water overflow from the sewer system into local bodies of water and the Ohio River. Under the agreement, the City is required to create a Long Term Control Plan to reduce the number of overflows and complete improvements to the sewer system by December 26, 2017. The improvements are expected to cost approximately \$60 million.

On February 18, 2010, the Board of Commissioners approved an additional surcharge for sewer customers of the City to pay for the improvements. Beginning April 1, 2010, sewer customers are charged a \$2.50 fee per 1,000 gallons of water used. The charge increased to \$3.50 per 1,000 gallons during 2015 and will end in 2035. All monies collected for this surcharge are placed in a separate account and only used for CSO improvements as outlined in the City's Long Term Control Plan. At June 30, 2016, the City has \$6,528,457 restricted for the sewer improvements.

Construction Projects

The City is obligated on commitments for various contracts in progress at June 30, 2016. A summary of these commitments is as follows:

		Total		Paid or		Out-
		Approved	A	accrued to	S	tanding
Fund	Project Description	Contract		Date	Cor	nmitment
Utility Fund	CSO-29 th St. Storm Water	\$ 189,876	\$	131,117	\$	58,759
Utility Fund	Backwash System Design	59,035		54,104	,	4,931
Utility Fund	Pump Station Improvements	33,000		31,163		1,837
Utility Fund	31 st St. Drainage	167,291		87,549		79,742
Utility Fund	Boyd Co. MS Waterline	159,979		105,933		54,046
Utility Fund	Water Pump Station	228,048		140,984		87,064
Utility Fund	New Water & Sewer Facility	80,605		<u>-</u>		80,605
•	•	\$ 917,834	\$	550,850	\$	366,984

(12) RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has established an employee's health insurance fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risk of loss. Under this program, the employees' health insurance fund provides coverage up to a maximum of \$100,000 per covered full-time employee and his or her dependents and eligible retirees. The City purchases commercial insurance for the health and accident claims in excess of coverage provided by the

fund and for all other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

All full-time employees are eligible to participate in the City's Health Benefit Plan. The claims liability of \$688,246 reported in the Internal Service Fund at June 30, 2016, is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10 which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the funds claims liability amount in fiscal years 2015 and 2016 were:

	Be	ginning of				Balance
	Fi	scal Year		Current	Claim	At Fiscal
]	Liability	Y	ear Claims	Payments	Year End
2015	\$	656,119	\$	5,242,102	\$ 5,493,444	\$ 404,777
2016		404,777		5,525,815	5,242,346	688,246

Effective July 1, 2006, the City established a Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) on behalf of employees enrolled in the Health Benefit Plan. Employees are eligible to participate in the HRA on the thirty-first day of employment. Participants enrolled in the Health Benefit Plan with single coverage are credited with \$900 per year into their HRA account, while participants enrolled in the Health Benefit Plan with family coverage are credited with \$1,800 per year. Participants in the HRA can use their account balances to reimburse the Health Benefit Plan deductibles and co-insurance expenses. Amounts charged to Internal Service Fund operating expenses under the provisions of the HRA for the year ended June 30, 2016 totaled \$386,666.

(13) OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In addition to UPF and PFPF pension benefits described in Note 7, the City provides pursuant to City ordinance, post-retirement health care benefits to all employees who retire from the City and are receiving benefits from a retirement plan which the City sponsors. The City has determined the post-employment health care benefits provided to retirees are immaterial. Therefore, the City has elected not to adopt the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45, Accounting and Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

Currently four retirees and eligible survivors meet the eligibility requirements. The City pays claims up to \$100,000 per individual. Funding is provided by billings to retirees. Expenditures for post-retirement health care benefits are recognized as retirees report claims. Management has no knowledge of unreported claims incurred for which a liability has not been recognized. During the year, expenditures of \$9,320 were recognized for post-retirement health care.

In addition to the CERS pension benefits described in Note 7, recipients of CERS retirement benefits may elect to participate in a voluntary hospital/medical group insurance plan for themselves and their dependents. The cost of participation for their dependents is borne by the retiree. The retirement system will pay a portion of the cost of participation for the retiree based on years of service as follows: Less than 4 years - 0%, 4-9 years - 25%, 10-14 years - 50%, 15-19 years - 75% and 20 or more years - 100%.

If a hazardous member is disabled in the line of duty, the retirement system will pay 100% of the insurance cost of the member, spouse and eligible dependents. If a hazardous member dies in the line of duty, the retirement system will pay 100% of the insurance cost of the beneficiary and eligible dependents as long as they remain eligible for a monthly benefit payment.

As of June 30, 2015, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, the plan had 92,157 active plan participants.

Contribution requirements for medical benefits are a portion of the actuarially determined rates of covered payroll for non-hazardous and hazardous employees, respectively, as disclosed in Note 7.

The unfunded medical benefit obligation of the CERS, based upon the entry age normal cost method, as of June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Total medical benefit obligation
Net position available for benefits
at actuarial value
Unfunded medical benefit obligation

000's omitted \$ 4,411,843 (3,085,164) \$ 1,326,679

(14) NOTE RECEIVABLE

On September 23, 2008, the City entered into an agreement with Harbor Hill, LLLP to loan \$150,000 from its Community Development Block Grant Funds for the rehabilitation of a building to increase the number of affordable rental housing units available for the benefit of low and very low income persons. The note bears no interest and is due and payable on September 30, 2038.

(15) FUND DEFICIT

As of June 30, 2016, the Recreation Fund had a negative net position of \$240,963. This deficit resulted from the adoption of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* and the recording of the fund's proportionate share of net pension liability. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

(16) PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

Net position as of June 30, 2015, has been restated for an error in the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. The deferred outflows for changes of assumptions in calculating the City's pension liability for the City's single employer pension plans described in Note 7 should not have been recorded as of June 30, 2015. These amounts should have been recognized in pension expense due to all participants of the plans being retired.

Net position as of June 30, 2015 has been restated as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Utility Fund		Total siness-Type Activities		Total
Net position as previously reported at June 30, 2015		34,727,339	\$ 27,659,002	\$	32,060,044	\$	66,787,383
Reversal of Deferred Outflows	P-9-11-12-1-2-1-2-1-2-1-2-1-2-1-2-1-2-1-2	(990,700)	(3,312,976)		(3,312,976)	•	(4,303,676)
Net position as restated, June 30, 2015	\$.	33,736,639	\$ 24,346,026	_\$_	28,747,068	\$	62,483,707



CITY OF ASHLAND DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION TRUSTS SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS AND INVESTMENT RETURNS JUNE 30, 2016

UTILITY EMPLOYEES PENSION FUND

POLICEMEN AND FIREFIREFIGHTERS PENSION FUND

			Contribution	-	Percentage of Covered Payroll		Annual* M-W			Contribution	-	Percentage Pay	Annual* M-W	
	Amount		Deficiency	Covered		Amount	Rate of	Amount		Deficiency	Covered	Payroll	Amount	Rate of
	Contributed	ADC	(Excess)	Payroll	ARC	Contributed	Return, net	Contributed	ADC	(Excess)	Payroll	ARC	Contributed	Return, net
2007	\$ 410,483	\$316,858	\$ (93,625)	\$40,408	784%	1016%	*N/A	\$ 288,463	\$293,551	\$ 5,088	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	*N/A
2008	504,621	325,015	(179,606)	40,458	803%	1247%	*N/A	355,128	293,551	(61,577)	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	*N/A
2009	684,266	325,025	(359,241)	43,264	751%	1582%	*N/A	481,553	267,003	(214,550)	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	*N/A
2010	608,977	309,647	(299,330)	44,414	697%	1371%	*N/A	448,250	267,003	(181,247)	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	*N/A
2011	570,018	309,647	(260,371)	44,541	695%	1280%	*N/A	367,165	270,665	(96,500)	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	*N/A
2012	567,529	316,165	(251,364)	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	*N/A	367,165	270,665	(96,500)	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	*N/A
2013	567,529	567,529	-	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	*N/A	367,165	342,502	(24,663)	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	*N/A
2014	650,912	383,103	(267,809)	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	0.17%	316,277	425,142	108,865	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	0.18%
2015	728,300	383,103	(345,197)	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	0.61%	411,220	564,043	152,823	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	0.50%
2016	782,736	603,145	(179,591)	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	0.81%	419,610	564,043	144,433	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	0.53%

^{*} The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. Information is only shown for years available.

^{**} No active employees or covered payroll.

CITY OF ASHLAND DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION TRUSTS SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS JUNE 30, 2016

UTILITY EMPLOYEES PENSION FUND

Actuarial Valuation Date	uation Position		Fiduciary Pe Net Liabil Position Ent		Total Pension Net Pension Liability (TPL) Liability Entry Age (NPL) (b) (b-a)			Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	NPL As A Percentage Of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
06/30/07	* (2,832,267	\$	7,978,693	\$	5,146,426		35.5%	\$ 40,408	12736.2%
06/30/08		2,812,041		8,062,839		5,250,798		34.9%	40,458	12978.4%
06/30/09	*	2,882,283		7,776,949		4,894,666		37.1%	43,264	11313.5%
06/30/10		2,867,735		7,863,170		4,995,435		36.5%	44,414	11247.4%
06/30/11	*	2,761,148		7,744,771		4,983,623		35.7%	44,541	11188.8%
06/30/12		2,618,017		7,696,263		5,078,246		34.0%	**N/A	**N/A
06/30/13	*	2,449,372		7,462,369		5,012,997		32.8%	**N/A	**N/A
06/30/14		2,362,804		7,823,259		5,460,455		30.2%	**N/A	**N/A
06/30/15	*	2,340,422		10,865,198		8,524,776		21.5%	**N/A	**N/A
06/30/16		2,360,136		10,408,243		8,048,107		22.7%	**N/A	**N/A
POLICEME	EN A	AND FIREFIGH	HTERS	PENSION FU	ND					
06/30/07	9	2,133,702	\$	6,104,576	\$	3,970,874		35.0%	**N/A	**N/A
06/30/08	*	2,005,460		5,499,260		3,493,800		36.5%	**N/A	**N/A
06/30/09		1,914,668		5,302,131		3,387,463		36.1%	**N/A	**N/A
06/30/10	*	1,775,017		5,316,734		3,541,717		33.4%	**N/A	**N/A
06/30/11		1,492,443		5,201,210		3,708,767		28.7%	**N/A	**N/A
00/50/12	*	1,246,072		4,693,041		3,446,969		26.6%	**N/A	**N/A
06/30/13		999,893		4,299,041		3,299,148		23.3%	**N/A	**N/A
00/20/1	*	731,401		4,338,361		3,606,960		16.9%	**N/A	**N/A
06/30/15		579,210		5,016,407		4,437,197		11.5%	**N/A	**N/A
06/30/16	*	522,527		4,919,883		4,397,356		10.6%	**N/A	**N/A

^{*}Biannual actuarial valuation performed.

^{**}No active employees or covered payroll.

CITY OF ASHLAND DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION TRUSTS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		LITY EMPLOYE PENSION FUND	ES	POLICEMEN AND FIREFIREFIGHTERS PENSION FUND					
	2016	2015	2014	2016	2015	2014			
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY									
Service cost Interest on total pension liability Effect of changes in benefit terms	\$ - 417,961 (312,246)	\$ - 482,003	\$ - 353,293 848,025	\$ - 237,867 (136,189)	\$ - 249,990 -	\$ - 199,178 436,571			
Difference in expected and actual experience Effect of changes in assumptions Benefit payments	205,645 - (768,315)	66,792 3,246,184 (753,040)	(108,429) - (731,999)	(100,203) 380,261 (478,260)	24,498 966,202 (562,644)	(28,280) 14,282 (582,431)			
Net change in total pension liability	(456,955)	3,041,939	360,890	(96,524)	678,046	39,320			
Total pension liability, beginning of year	10,865,198	7,823,259	7,462,369	5,016,407	4,338,361	4,299,041			
Total pension liability, end of year (a)	10,408,243	10,865,198	7,823,259	4,919,883	5,016,407	4,338,361			
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION									
Employer contributions Member contributions	\$ 782,736	\$ 728,300	\$ 650,912	\$ 419,610	\$ 411,220	\$ 316,277			
Investment income, net of investment expenses Benefit payments and refund of contributions Administrative expenses	10,395 (768,315) (5,102)	4,570 (753,040) (2,212)	879 (731,999) (6,360)	3,994 (478,260) (2,027)	3,787 (562,644) (4,554)	857 (582,431) (3,195)			
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	19,714	(22,382)	(86,568)	(56,683)	(152,191)	(268,492)			
Fiduciary net position, beginning of year	2,340,422	2,362,804	2,449,372	579,210	731,401	999,893			
Fiduciary net position, end of year (b)	2,360,136	2,340,422	2,362,804	522,527	579,210	731,401			
Net pension liability, ending = (a)-(b)	\$ 8,048,107	\$ 8,524,776	\$ 5,460,455	\$ 4,397,356	\$ 4,437,197	\$ 3,606,960			

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF ASHLAND COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)

	(Wedstrement Date)									
	20 (20)		2015 (2014)							
	Nonhazardous	Hazardous	Nonhazardous	Hazardous						
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.33%	1.20%	0.32%	1.15%						
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 14,104,958	\$ 18,386,060	\$ 10,328,000	\$ 13,818,000						
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,627,360	\$ 6,041,405	\$ 7,271,891	\$ 5,782,361						
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	184.926%	304.334%	142.026%	238.968%						
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	59.97%	57.52%	66.80%	63.46%						

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF ASHLAND COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	2016				2015				2014			
	Nonhazardous		Hazardous		Nonhazardous		Hazardous	Nonhazardous		Hazardous		
Contractually required contribution	\$	966,485	\$	1,255,795	\$	972,488	\$ 1,252,383	\$	999,158	\$ 1,258,820		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u></u>	966,485	Maria de colonia	1,255,795	*******	972,488	1,252,383		999,158	1,258,820		
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-				-	-		-	-		
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	7,781,684	\$	6,198,395	\$	7,627,360	\$ 6,041,405	\$	7,271,891	\$ 5,782,361		
City's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		12.42%		20.26%		12.75%	20.73%		13.74%	21.77%		

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(1) CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

UTILITY EMPLOYEES PENSION FUND

In the 2015 valuation, the expected investment rate of return was reduced from 5.0% to 4.0%, which was the estimated yield for a 20 year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bond with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. Additionally, an estimated ad-hoc cost of living adjustment of 3% was included in the calculation of the total pension liability due to the adjustments being considered "substantively automatic" under the guidelines of GASB No. 67.

POLICEMEN AND FIREFIGHTERS PENSION FUND

In the 2015 valuation, the expected investment rate of return was reduced from 5.0% to 4.0%, which was the estimated yield for a 20 year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bond with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

In the 2014 valuation update, an estimated ad-hoc cost of living adjustment of 3% was included in the calculation of the total pension liability due to the adjustments being considered "substantively automatic" under the guidelines of GASB No. 67.

CERS

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2015:

- The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%.
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%.
- The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).
- For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.
- The assumed rates of Retirement, Withdrawal and Disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

(2) METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

UTILITY EMPLOYEES PENSION FUND

The actuarially determined contribution amount in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated biennially. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution amounts reported in the most recent year of that schedule:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 20 years

Asset Valuation Method Fair market value, quoted prices

Cost of living adjustments 3.0% Salary Increase None

Investment Rate of Return 4.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONCLUDED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

POLICEMEN AND FIREFIGHTERS PENSION FUND

The actuarially determined contribution amount in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated biennially. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution amounts reported in the most recent year of that schedule:

Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization Method

Remaining Amortization Period

Asset Valuation Method

Cost of living adjustments

Salary Increase

Investment Rate of Return

Entry Age Normal

Level percentage of payroll, closed

10 years

Fair market value, quoted prices

3.0% None

4.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

CERS

The actuarially determined contribution rates are determined on a biennial basis beginning with the fiscal years ended 2016 and 2017, determined as of July 1, 2015. The amortization period of the unfunded liability has been reset as of July 1, 2013 to a closed 30-year period. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule:

Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization Method

Remaining Amortization Period

Asset Valuation Method

Inflation

Salary Increase

Investment Rate of Return

Entry Age Normal

Level percentage of payroll, closed

28 years

5-year smoothed market

3.25%

4.00%, average, including inflation

7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS (3)

CERS

There were no changes in benefit terms for CERS.

UTILITY EMPLOYEES PENSION FUND

The most recent valuation was prepared with the assumption of a "substantively automatic" 3% cost of living adjustment. However, the Commissioners elected not to provide a cost of living adjustment for fiscal year 2017.

POLICEMEN AND FIREFIGHTERS PENSION FUND

The most recent valuation was prepared with the assumption of a "substantively automatic" 3% cost of living adjustment. However, the Commissioners elected not to provide a cost of living adjustment for fiscal year 2017.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Dayayyaa	Original Budget			Revisions		Revised Budget		Actual		Variance Positive Negative)
Revenues Property and other local taxes	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Licenses and permits	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		-
Fees, fines and reimbursements		_		-		-		-		-
Grant income		-		_		-		-		-
Administration fee income		-		-		-		-		_
Interest income		-		-		-		-		
Other income		-		5,207		5,207		5,207		_
Other meome				3,207		3,201		3,207		
Total revenues				5,207		5,207		5,207	***************************************	
Expenditures										
General government		250		-		250		501		(251)
Finance		-		-		-		-		-
Public services				-		-		-		-
Planning and code enforcement		~		-		-		-		-
Police		-		~		-		-		-
Fire		-		-		_		-		-
Engineering		-		-		-		-		-
Community and cultural		-		-		-		-		-
Other		-		-		-		-		
Capital outlay		571,691		463,425		1,035,116		728,055		307,061
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges				-				-		
Total expenditures		571,941		463,425	Emwan	1,035,366	***************************************	728,556		306,810
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(571,941)		(458,218)		(1,030,159)		(723,349)		306,810
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	<u></u>	571,941		371,172		943,113		973,928		30,815
Total other financing sources (uses)		571,941		371,172		943,113		973,928		30,815
Net change in fund balance		-		(87,046)		(87,046)		250,579		337,625
Fund balance beginning of year		110,493		-		110,493		110,493		**
Fund balance end of year	\$	110,493	\$	(87,046)	\$	23,447	\$	361,072	\$	337,625

GENERAL FUND

BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2016

ASSETS

Cash Taxes receivable Allowance for uncollectible taxes Grants receivable Due from other funds Other receivables Allowance for uncollectible accounts Investments Inventories - supplies Prepaid items	\$ 5,643,194 2,742,139 (475,872) 15,981 1,473,847 420,615 (32,381) 600,018 68,716 51,300
Total assets	\$ 10,507,557
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 553,647
Due to other funds	3,534,521
Due to Board of Education	51,423
Accrued compensated absences	151,922
Accrued expenses	 658,410
Total liabilities	 4,949,923
Fund Balance:	
Non-spendable	120,016
Restricted for grant programs	15,981
Committed	-
Unassigned	 5,421,637
Total fund balance	 5,557,634
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 10,507,557

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES:			-			
Taxes -						
General property taxes	\$	2,750,982	\$	2,591,460	\$	(159,522)
Penalties and interest		21,935		28,633		6,698
Delinquent taxes		196,750		176,274		(20,476)
Vehicle property taxes		415,000		441,093		26,093
Bank franchise taxes		88,140		90,948		2,808
Other franchise taxes		154,125		138,028		(16,097)
Insurance premiums taxes		3,898,500		4,014,490		115,990
Total taxes		7,525,432	·····	7,480,926		(44,506)
Licenses and permits -					:	
Occupational license fees		9,405,475		9,690,716		285,241
Business privilege licenses		1,420,000		1,674,687		254,687
Alcoholic beverage licenses		610,000		611,787		1,787
Construction permit fees		44,000		84,510		40,510
Other licenses and permits		1,150		685		(465)
Total licenses and permits		11,480,625		12,062,385		581,760
Charge for services -						
Garbage collection fee		2,114,488		2,146,692		32,204
Greyhound ticket sales		19,500		12,648		(6,852)
Rental revenue		55,350		68,352		13,002
Total charges for services		2,189,338		2,227,692		38,354
Fees, fines and reimbursements -						
Parking meter fees and fines		20,000		9,488		(10,512)
Taxes collection fees		130,000		136,313		6,313
State rebate - District Court		28,300		29,248		948
Street lighting franchise		1,055,250		971,873		(83,377)
Telecommunication franchise		273,600		276,187		2,587
Other		390,620		286,125		(104,495)
Total fees, fines and reimbursements		1,897,770		1,709,234		(188,536)
Other revenues -						
Police grants		19,620		30,894		11,274
Miscellaneous grants		303,383		299,383		(4,000)
Coal severance - LGEA		23,000		21,553		(1,447)
Interest earned		2,100		1,886		(214)
Other		165,234		209,399		44,165
Total other revenues		513,337		563,115		49,778
Total revenues		23,606,502		24,043,352	*******	436,850

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

	Budget	Actual	Variance
EXPENDITURES:			
General Government -			
Mayor and Commissioners	128,361	128,480	(119)
City Manager	175,696	152,809	22,887
City Clerk/Legal	189,472	189,419	53
Economic Development	126,668	122,609	4,059
Human Resources	165,546	168,652	(3,106)
Unclassified	2,501,569	1,812,293	689,276
	3,287,312	2,574,262	713,050
Department of Finance -			
Director of Finance	569,026	569,399	(373)
Data Processing	36,481	36,441	40
<u> </u>	605,507	605,840	(333)
Department of Public Services -			
Director of Public Services	245,184	245,018	166
Street maintenance	2,863,153	2,676,269	186,884
Sanitation services	1,450,082	1,332,322	117,760
Central garage	365,659	379,262	(13,603)
Animal control	75,679	70,396	5,283
	4,999,757	4,703,267	296,490
Department of Planning and			
Code Enforcement	631,902	623,160	8,742
Department of Police -			
Technical services	1,547,308	1,536,778	10,530
Field operations	3,635,743	3,685,779	(50,036)
	5,183,051	5,222,557	(39,506)

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONCLUDED)

	Budget	Actual	Variance
Department of Fire	6,029,015	6,152,534	(123,519)
Department of Engineering	184,828	147,025	37,803
Debt Service	724,543	722,347	2,196
Total expenditures	21,645,915	20,750,992	894,923
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,960,587	3,292,360	1,331,773
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer to Capital Projects Fund Transfer to Recreation Fund Transfer to Ashland Bus Fund Transfer to Ashland Cemetery Fund Total other financing sources (uses)	(943,113) (937,136) (430,512) (84,646) (2,395,407)	(973,928) (917,300) (440,307) (129,490) (2,461,025)	(30,815) 19,836 (9,795) (44,844) (65,618)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(434,820)	831,335	1,266,155
FUND BALANCE, June 30, 2015	4,726,299	4,726,299	_
FUND BALANCE, June 30, 2016	\$ 4,291,479	\$ 5,557,634	\$ 1,266,155

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

JUNE 30, 2016

	Land & Buildings	Building Improvements	Automotive Equipment	Operating Equipment	Office Furniture & Equipment	Capital Improvements	Infrastructure	CIP	Total
Dept of General Gov't	\$ 2,822,024	\$ 1,946,772	\$ 19,960	\$ 86,741	\$ 183,566	\$ 39,275	\$ 11,904,209	\$ 91,949	\$ 17,094,496
Dept of Finance	-	-	=	56,244	14,836	· <u>-</u>	-	-	71,080
Dept of Public Services	15,978,343	725,840	482,631	2,803,656	6,299	595,738	64,105,955	-	84,698,462
Dept of Planning &									
Community Development	-	13,033	93,220	6,799	-	-	-	-	113,052
Department of Police	4,949,556	246,711	653,302	608,597	129,051	19,350	-		6,606,567
Department of Fire	3,869,125	172,047	2,073,007	251,972	53,246	-	-	440,111	6,859,508
Department of Engineering	•	-	98,782	-	79,170	74,457	1,257,664	-	1,510,073
Floodwall Operations	15,121	5,150	61,711	132,592	-	-	-	-	214,574
Community Development	237,869	103,058	-	-	18,623	-	191,725	-	551,275
Housing Assistance Programs	150,033	12,950	-	-	19,646	-	-	-	182,629
	\$ 28,022,071	\$ 3,225,561	\$ 3,482,613	\$ 3,946,601	\$ 504,437	\$ 728,820	\$ 77,459,553	\$ 532,060	\$ 117,901,716

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BY SOURCE

JUNE 30, 2016

Land and buildings Building improvements Automotive equipment	\$ 28,022,071 3,225,561 3,482,613
Operating equipment	3,946,601
Office furniture and equipment	504,437
Capital improvements	728,820
Infrastructure	77,459,553
Construction in progress	532,060
Total	<u>\$ 117,901,716</u>
Investment in capital assets by source	
General Fund	\$ 91,435,209
Special Revenue Funds	5,906,814
Capital Projects Fund	20,559,693
Total	\$ 117,901,716

CITY OF ASHLAND HOUSING AUTHORITY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2016

	Rental Vouchers
ASSETS	
Cash - unrestricted	\$ 76,385
Accounts receivable	2,299
Building and equipment, net	93,353
Total assets	<u>\$ 172,037</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts payable	\$ 3,484
Accounts payable - other governmental	22,387
Accrued expenses	3,690
Accrued compensated absences - current	839
Accrued compensated absences - noncurrent	4,267
Total liabilities	34,667
NET POSITION:	
Invested in capital assets	93,353
Unrestricted	44,017
Restricted	-
	137,370
Total liabilities and net position	<u>\$ 172,037</u>

CITY OF ASHLAND HOUSING AUTHORITY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES

	Rental Vouchers
REVENUES	
Housing assistance payments	\$ 2,392,778
Administrative fee revenue	264,106
Interest income	156
Total revenues	2,657,040
EXPENSES	
Administrative salaries	136,598
Audit	8,426
Employee benefit contributions	19,147
Travel	5,832
Other administrative	9,650
Utilities	1,654
Maintenance	13,043
Property insurance	195
General liability insurance	2,273
Workers compensation	299
Other insurance	41,852
Other general	18,918
Compensated absences	(142)
Housing assistance payments	2,415,432
Depreciation	3,955
Total expenses	2,677,132
EXCESS OF EXPENSES OVER REVENUES	<u>\$ (20,092)</u>

CITY OF ASHLAND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	CFDA Grantor's		Passed Through to Subrecipients		spenditures
U.S. Department of HUD						
Direct Programs:	-					
CDBG Entitlement	14.218	-	\$	54,600	\$	608,544
Housing Choice Voucher Program	14.871	-		-		2,680,474 *
Total U.S. Department of HUD						3,289,018
U.S. Department of Transportation	_					
Direct Programs:						
Federal Transit Cluster						
FTA - Operating Assistance Grant	20.507	-		-		336,732
FTA - Capital Assistance Grant	20.507	-		-		375,257
						711,989
Passed through Kentucky Transportation Cabinet:						
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	PO2-628		-		8,539
Dept of State Police Highway Safety Program	20.600	AL-14-02		-		176
Dept of State Police Highway Safety Program	20.600	PF-15-01		-		248
Dept of State Police Highway Safety Program	20.600	M2HVE-16-01		-		2,354
						11,317
Total U.S. Department of Transportation						723,306
U.S. Department of Homeland Security						
Passed through Kentucky Department	•					
of Homeland Security:						
Public Assistance Program	97.036	FEMA-DR-4216-KY		-		217,688
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	EMW-2015-SS-0032		-		14,600
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security						232,288
Total expenditures of Federal awards					\$	4,244,612

^{*} Denotes major program.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Ashland under the programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Ashland, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City.

NOTE B - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State and Local Governments, or the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The City of Ashland has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Chuck D. Charles, Mayor City Commissioners and City Manager City of Ashland Ashland, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ashland, Kentucky (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 21, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be a significant deficiency. [2016-001].

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2016-002.

The City's Response to Findings

The City's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ashland, Kentucky October 21, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Chuck D. Charles, Mayor City Commissioners and City Manager City of Ashland Ashland, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ashland, Kentucky (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kelley Dullowny Smith Gerfely, PSC Ashland, Kentucky October 21, 2016

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
□ Material weakness(es) identified?	YesX_ No
□ Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	_X_Yes No
Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> None reported
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major federal programs:	
□ Material weakness(es) identified?	YesXNo
□ Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	YesX No
Identification of Major Programs: Housing Choice Voucher Program	<u>CFDA No.</u> 14.871
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low risk auditee?	Yes <u>X</u> No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

B. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

2016-001 UTILITY FUND INVENTORY

Condition: While performing our observation of the physical inventory as of June 30, 2016, we noted that 16 of the 67 items we observed were counted incorrectly. Additionally, we noted that several item costs used to value inventory were incorrect or documentation of prices could not be provided.

Criteria: Inventory should be properly counted and valued as of the end of the fiscal year.

Cause: The primary cause appears to be the lack of attention on the part of the employees performing the inventory count and preparing the final inventory listing.

Effect: Increased risk of inventory not being properly valued.

Recommendation: We recommend that employees responsible for the inventory counts and inventory valuation be reminded of the proper procedures.

Management's Response and Corrective Action Plan: Our current practice is to have two separate individuals count inventory separately then supply the count sheets to the inventory control clerk. The clerk currently checks many of the items to verify accuracy then types all results into the inventory control sheet. In the future, the inventory control clerk will count all items in addition to the other two individual counts. All three counts will be provided separately to the Supervisor to confirm all three counts match. All three raw counts will be kept on file for a few months. The Supervisor will also verify that all the counts are accurately typed into the final inventory sheet accurately. Also the count will begin by June 15th in order to not have a rushed count.

The prices for all inventory will have a note indicating the source of the price (including date & vendor). If the inventory is very old and the price has been carried through a number of years, a new price will be obtained for the material's current replacement value. The source of the replacement value will be indicated.

Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action: Ryan Eastwood, Director of Engineering and Utilities..

Anticipated Completion Date: June 30, 2017

2016-002 COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT

Condition: During our testing of disbursements under the Community Development Block Grant ("CDBG") program, we noted payments totaling approximately \$16,000 as part of the homeowner rehabilitation for an individual that did not meet the income requirements of the program.

The program administrator estimated the individuals' annual gross income based on a check history report for June 2015. A Verification of Employment form was properly completed by the payroll department on July 22, 2015. This form stated a gross base pay that included a raise as of July 1, 2015, and stated overtime and bonuses are expected to be earned over the next year. Based on the information on this form, we estimated annual gross income, including estimated overtime and bonuses, to be greater than the amount allowed.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONCLUDED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Criteria: In order to receive assistance through the CDBG program, an individual's annual gross income must be within HUD's income guidelines. For the CDBG program, annual gross income is defined as "the gross amount of income of all adult household members that is anticipated to be received during the coming 12-month period." Bonuses and overtime should be included in the calculation if they are expected to be earned. Based on the individual's family size of two, annual gross income had to be lower than \$34,600.

Cause: Annual gross income was not calculated based on the information provided on the Verification of Employment form.

Effect: Noncompliance with CDBG program requirements.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City contact HUD to determine the procedures to be taken to properly correct this error.

Management's Response and Corrective Action Plan: Management has provided additional guidance to employee calculating income. Also, in instances that the income is within 15% of the Low to Mod Max income, a second party will verify the income. City will contact HUD to determine the procedures to be taken to properly correct this error.

Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action: Mike D. Miller, Director of Planning and Community Development Department

Anticipated Completion Date: June 30, 2017

C. FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None noted in current year.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Findings/Noncompliance **Findings**

We recommend that employees responsible for the inventory counts and inventory valuation be reminded of the proper procedures. 2015-001

Status: Repeat finding (2016-001)

Person Responsible for Corrective Action: Ryan Eastwood, Director of Engineering & Utilities.