CITY OF LAGRANGE LaGrange, Kentucky

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2013

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City of LaGrange, Kentucky

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis of the City of LaGrange's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. Please read in conjunction with the auditors' report beginning on page 9 and the City's financial statements, which begin on page 11.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's net position increased in the governmental activities and in the business-type activities. The net position of the governmental activities increased by \$447,438, or 24.5% percent, and the net position of the business-type activities increased by \$374,715, or 2.4%.
- In the City's governmental activities, revenues increased approximately \$372,780, or 9.6 percent, and expenses increased by \$227,950 or 6.4 percent. In the business-type activities, revenues increased by \$316,635, which is an increase of 10.8 percent, and expenses decreased by \$10,738 or .3 percent.

OVERVIEW OF THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of the management's discussion and analysis report, the independent auditors' report, the basic financial statements of the City, and the independent auditors' report on compliance. The financial statements also include notes that explain in more detail some of the information in the financial statements.

In the past, the primary focus of local government financial statements has been summarized fund type information on a current financial resource basis. This approach has been modified; the City's financial statements now present two kinds of statements, each with a different snapshot of the City's finances. The new focus is both the City as a whole (government-wide) and the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status. The fund financial statements, which have been provided in the past, focus on the individual funds of the City, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. Both perspectives (government-wide and fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden the basis of comparison (year to year or government to government) and enhance the City's accountability.

GOVERNMENT - WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City's activities in a way that will help answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenditures are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the net position of the City and the changes in them. One can think of the City's net position—the difference between assets and liabilities—as one way to measure financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health or position is improving or deteriorating. However, one will need to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions, population growth, changes in property tax rates or valuation, infrastructure asset condition, and new or changed government legislation.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

Governmental activities—Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including general government administration, police, streets, sanitation and parks. Property taxes, licenses and permits, and grants finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities—The City collects fees from customers to cover the costs of the services, which includes water and sewer and the Eagle Creek golf course.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Traditional users of government financial statements will find the fund financial statement presentation more familiar. The focus is now on the City's funds. The fund financial statements provide more information about the City's funds and not the City as a whole.

The City has two kinds of funds:

Governmental Fund—Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets, that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided at the bottom of the governmental funds statement that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

Proprietary Fund—Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds.

NET POSITION

Our analysis begins with a summary of the City's Statement of Net Position, which is presented on Table A-1 followed by an explanation of the results. Changes in net position are presented in Table A-2, which is also followed by an explanation of the results.

Table A-1

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Governmental Activities			ss-type vities	Total Primary Government		
Current and Other Assets Noncurrent and Capital Assets Total Assets	FY 2013 \$ 1,936,736 3,354,747 5,291,483	FY 2012 \$ 1,495,101 3,372,150 4,867,251	FY 2013 \$ 2,091,075 20,380,525 22,471,600	FY 2012 \$ 1,671,713 18,559,159 20,230,872	FY 2013 \$ 4,027,811 23,735,272 27,763,083	FY 2012 \$ 3,166,814 21,931,309 25,098,123	
Current Liabilities Long-Term Debt Outstanding OLDA Investment Liability Total Liabilities	243,010 1,078,285 <u>1,698,577</u> 3,019,872	317,003 1,035,000 <u>1,691,075</u> 3,043,078	655,514 6,050,121 6,705,635	546,548 4,293,074 4,839,622	898,524 7,128,406 <u>1,698,577</u> 9,725,507	863,551 5,328,074 <u>1,691,075</u> 7,882,700	
Net Position: Invested in Capital Assets, net of debt Restricted Unrestricted	2,319,747 298,554 (346,690)	2,292,150 363,059 (831,036)	13,725,614 152,748 1,887,603	14,020,263 315,678 1,055,309	16,045,361 451,302 1,540,913	16,312,413 678,737 224,273	
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 2,271,611</u>	<u>\$ 1,824,173</u>	\$ 15,765,965	<u>\$ 15,391,250</u>	\$ 18,037,576	<u>\$ 17,215,423</u>	

Net position of the City's governmental activities increased by 19.7 percent, from \$1,824,173 in 2012 to \$2,271,611 in 2013. The net position of the business-type activities increased from \$15,391,250 in 2012 to \$15,765,965 in 2013, which is a 2.4 percent increase. The net position from one activity generally cannot be used to make up for any deficits in the other activities.

NET POSITION, continued

Table A-2

Condensed Statement of Activities

	Gove	rnm tivit		Business-Type Activities					Total Pri Governi	•	
Revenues	FY 2013		FY 2012		FY 2013		FY 2012		FY 2013	FY 2012	
Program Revenues								-			
Charges for Service	\$ 357,888	\$	355,425	\$	3,240,031	\$	2,923,396	\$	3,597,919	\$ 3,278,821	
Operating Grants &											
Contributions	224,568		187,751		-		-		224,568	187,751	
Capital Grants &									-	-	
Contributions	46,328		14,958		368,660		328,500		414,988	343,458	
General Revenue									-	-	
Taxes	1,430,499		1,318,371		-		-		1,430,499	1,318,371	
License fees	2,108,019		1,827,554		-		-		2,108,019	1,827,554	
Investment Earnings	4,015		5,381		8,802		15,768		12,817	21,149	
Rents	5,575		32,195		-		-		5,575	32,195	
Community Center	889		1,101		-				889	1,10 1	
Gain on sale of assets	-		-		-		-		-	-	
Donations	633		52,578		-		-		633	52,578	
Change in OLDA Investment	(7,502)		(71,600)		-		-		(7,502)	(71,600)	
Miscellaneous	64,154		45,014		143,369				207,523	45,014	
LaGrange Fire JV Dissolution	-		-		-		-		-	-	
Total Revenue	4,235,066		3,768,728		3,760,862		3,267,664		7,995,928	7,036,392	
Program Expenses											
General Government	595,087		597,464		-		-		595,087	597,464	
Public Safety - Police	1,378,935		1,455,756		-		-		1,378,935	1,455,756	
Public Works	825,840		795,422		-				825,840	795,422	
Parks and Recreation	193,498		175,303						193,498	175,303	
Sanitation	323,473		320,921		-				323,473	320,921	
Community Development	289,418		282,954		-				289,418	282,954	
Public Safety - Fire	-		-		-		-		-	-	
Public Properties	40,023		41,142		-		•		40,023	41,142	
ABC	91,174		-						91,174		
Interest on Debt	50,180		52,250		-				50,180	52,250	
Golf Course	-		-		604,081		628,279		604,081	628,279	
Sewer and Water	-		-		2,782,066		2,675,968		2,782,066	2,675,968	
Total Program Expenses	3,787,628		3,721,212	•••••	3,386,147		3,304,247		7,173,775	7,025,459	
Change in Net Position	-,,-=0		-,		-,		-, · j= · ·		.,	.,,	
Before Transfers	447,438		47,516		374,715		(36,583)		822,153	10,933	
Transfers	-		(30,304)		•		2,490		,	(27,814)	
			(00,001)								
Change in Net Position	<u>\$ 447,438</u>	\$	17,212	\$	374,715	\$	(34,093)	\$	822,153	<u>\$ (16,881)</u>	

The City's total revenue increased from \$7,036,392 in 2012 to \$7,995,928 in 2013 or 12.1 percent. On the following page is a more in-depth description of the revenues and expenses of the governmental and business-type activities.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Next, the City analyzes the governmental activities and the changes in those activities, which is presented in Table A-3.

Table A-3

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Condensed Governmental Activities - Revenues & Expenditures

	FY 2013	FY 2012	Variance
Taxes	\$ 1,430,499	\$ 1,318,371	\$ 112,128
Licenses and permits	2,108,020	1,827,555	280,465
Intergovernmental	239,830	202,709	37,121
Charges for Services	357,888	325,965	31,923
Other Revenues	106,332	165,729	(59,397)
Total Revenues	4,242,569	3,840,329	402,240
General Administration	542,261	543,865	(1,604)
Police Protection	1,330,872	1,407,030	(76,158)
Public Works	634,776	633,981	795
Sanitation	323,473	320,921	2,552
Park and Recreation	171,908	153,713	18,195
Community Development	289,418	282,954	6,464
Fire Protection	-	-	-
Public Properties	40,023	41,142	(1,119)
ABC	91,174	-	91,174
Capital Outlay	296,141	106,420	189,721
Debt Service	95,180	97,250	(2,070)
Total Expenditures	3,815,226	3,587,276	227,950
Excess Revenues over			
Expenditures before transfers	<u>\$ 427,343</u>	<u>\$253,053</u>	<u>\$ 174,290</u>

Revenues for the City's governmental activities increased by 9.6 percent, and total expenditures increased by 6 percent. The City's major source of revenue in the governmental activities is taxes, licenses and permits, which makes up 83.4 percent of total revenues, these revenue sources increased by \$392,593 in 2013. The major expenses are for police protection which makes up 34.8 percent of total expenditures.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Looking at the business-type activities, revenues (FY 2013) for the City increased to \$3,760,826 or 10.8 percent, while total expenses decreased .3 percent. The excess of revenues over expenses increased net position by \$374,715. The City's major sources of revenue, beyond customer charges, are capital grants and contributions, which increased by \$40,160. This revenue source made up 9.8 percent of revenue in FY 2013 and 10.1 percent in FY 2012.

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

The budget contains proposed expenditures and expected revenues. A comparison of the final budget to actual amounts is presented in the tables below (Tables A-4 & A-5).

Table A-4

Condensed Governmental Activities - Revenues

	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		<u>Variance</u>
Taxes	\$ 1,438,470	\$ 1,430,499	\$	(7,971)
Licenses and permits	1,836,600	1,956,669		120,069
Intergovernmental	71,921	72,278		357
Charges for Services	353,200	357,888		4,688
Other Revenues	118,700	74,153		(44,547)
ABC Fund	-	151,351		151,351
Bus Fund	-	25,000		25,000
Foundations and Parks Fund	-	31,066		31,066
Municipal Aid Fund	 170,800	143,665	-	(27,135)
Total Revenues	\$ 3,989,691	\$ 4,242,569	\$	252,878

Table A-5

Condensed Governmental Activities - Expenditures

	Budget	Actual		Variance
General Government	\$ 550,189	\$ 542,261	\$	(7,928)
Police Protection	1,497,403	1,330,872		(166,531)
Public Works	764,792	634,776		(130,016)
Sanitation	319,000	323,473		4,473
Park and Recreation	183,700	171,908		(11,792)
Community Development	316,500	289,418		(27,082)
Public Properties	53,114	40,023		(13,091)
Capital Outlay	80,000	55,954		(24,046)
Debt Service	97,250	95,180		(2,070)
ABC Fund	-	91,174		91,174
Bus Fund	-	-		-
Foundations and Parks Fund	-	32,017		32,017
Municipal Aid Fund	 170,800	 208,170		37,370
Total Expenditures	\$ 4,032,748	\$ 3,815,226	<u>\$</u>	(217,522)

The City budgeted for a total of \$3,989,691 in revenues for 2013, but ended up having revenues of \$4,242,569 which put the City 5.7 percent over the revenue budget. A total of \$4,032,748 was budgeted for expenses, but expenditures totaled \$3,815,226 for the year 2013. The City was under budget on the expenses by \$217,522 or 5.4 percent as detailed above.

CAPITAL ASSETS

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The City has a total of \$37,880,589 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including police and vehicles, buildings, land, infrastructure assets, and water and sewer lines. This amount represents an increase of \$2,637,543 (7.4 percent) from last year's total investment of \$35,243,046.

	Governmental Activities			ess-type vities	Total Primary Government	
	FY 2013	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2012	FY 2013	<u>FY 2012</u>
Land & Improvements	\$ 730,201	\$ 698,184	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 730,201	\$ 698,184
Buildings & Improvements	2,085,046	2,085,046	-		2,085,046	2,085,046
Vehicles & Equipment	2,415,754	2,267,969	-	-	2,415,754	2,267,969
Infrastructure Assets	876,020	759,681	-	-	876,020	759,681
Business-Type Assets	<u> </u>		31,773,566	29,432,166	31,773,566	29,432,166
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$ 6,107,021</u>	<u>\$ 5,810,880</u>	<u>\$31,773,566</u>	<u>\$29,432,166</u>	\$37,880,587	\$35,243,046

DEBT

This year the City has \$7,643,807 in long-term debt, a 24.7 percent increase from last year's total of \$5,761,039.

Table A-7

Debt Outstanding at Year End

	Governmental Activities			ss-type vities	Total Primary Government		
	<u>FY 2013</u>	<u>FY 2012</u>	<u>FY 2013</u>	<u>FY 2012</u>	<u>FY 2013</u>	<u>FY 2012</u>	
Capital Leases	\$ 1,035,000	\$ 1,080,000	\$ 2,835,390	\$ 3,059,314	\$ 3,870,390	\$ 4,139,314	
Bond Issues	-	-	3,581,413	1,490,000	3,581,413	1,490,000	
Capital Equipment Leases	-	-	-	11,432	-	11,432	
Customer Deposits	-	-	54,382	46,815	54,382	46,815	
Accrued Absences	70,614	62,232	12,626	11,246	83,240	73,478	
Total Debt Outstanding	\$ 1,105,614	\$ 1,142,232	\$ 6,483,811	\$ 4,618,807	\$ 7,589,425	\$ 5,761,039	

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City's elected officials consider many factors when setting the fiscal year 2014 budget. Some of the factors are the local economy, expected grant money, and anticipated tax revenue.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens of the City, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Ms. Stephanie Cooper, City Clerk, at 307 West Jefferson Street, LaGrange, KY 40031. The Utility Commission is located at 412 East Jefferson Street, LaGrange, KY 40031.

11 Ray, Foley, Hensley & Company, PLLC

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Mayor and the City Council City of LaGrange LaGrange, Kentucky

Stephen R.Allen, CPA/PFS Michael D. Foley, CPA/CGMA Lyman Hager, Jr., CPA/PFS Bradley J. Hayes, CPA/CGFM Jerry W. Hensley, CP A/CGMA T. Cory Reitz, CPA/ABV, CVA

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of LaGrange, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Utility Commission of the City of LaGrange (UCCL), which is both a major fund and 86.2%, 96.3%, and 84.0%, respectively, of the assets, net position, and operating revenues of the business-type activities. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for those activities, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City LaGrange, Kentucky as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and Kentucky Society of Certified Public Accountants

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 1-8 and 38-43 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational. economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other information

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of LaGrange, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The supplementary schedules on pages 44 and 45 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The supplementary schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit, the supplementary schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Prior-year comparative information

We have previously audited, along with other auditors, the City's 2012 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified audit opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities. business-type activities, and the aggregate remaining fund information in our report dated September 17, 2013. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated July 31, 2014 on our consideration of the City of LaGrange. Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain laws, regulations, contracts and grants. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Day, Foley, Hensley & Company Ray, Foley, Hensley & Company, PLLC

July 31, 2014

CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2013

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	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals	2012 Totals
ASSETS	Additica	Activities		101013
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,355,170	\$ 1,699,378	\$ 3,054,548	\$ 1,832,057
Receivables (net)	525,502	331,770	857,272	784,629
Interest receivable Internal balances	-	2,549	2,549	2,549
Inventory of supplies	56,064	(56,064) 113,442	- 113, 44 2	- 91,665
Total current assets	1,936,736	2,091,075		2,710,900
	1,930,730	2,091,075	4,027,811	2,710,900
Noncurrent assets				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		000 100	000 400	200.004
	-	238,108	238,108	396,994
Capital assets (Note 3)				
Construction in process	-	2,405,549	2,405,549	464,965
Land and improvements, net Plant and sewer system, net	730,201	2,830,359	3,560,560	3,585,159
Depreciable buildings, property,	-	13,875,923	13,875,923	14,131,748
and equipment, net	2,113,285	1,030,586	3,143,871	3,266,913
Infrastructure, net	511,261	-	511,261	482,524
Total noncurrent assets	3,354,747	20,380,525	23,735,272	22,328,303
Total assets	\$ 5,291,483	\$ 22,471,600	\$ 27,763,083	\$25,039,203
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 193,010	\$ 146,980	\$ 339,990	\$ 266,608
Accrued payroll liabilities	22,671	8,526	31,197	39,284
Accrued interest Unearned revenue	-	29,069 37,249	29,069 27,240	32,975
Current portion of long-term obligations	50,000	508,534	37,249 558,534	32,799 445,357
Total current liabilities	265,681	730,358	996,039	817,023
	200,001	100,000	000,000	017,020
Noncurrent liabilities Noncurrent portion of long-term				
obligations	985,000	5,908,269	6,893,269	5,195,389
Accrued leave	70,614	12,626	83,240	73,478
Customer deposits	-	54,382	54,382	4 6,815
Investment in joint venture (net equity) Oldham-LaGrange Development Authority	1,698,577		1,698,577	1,691,075
Total liabilities	3,019,872	6,705,635	9,725,507	7,823,780
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	2,319,747	13,725,614	16,045,361	16,312,413
Restricted for:	£,010,1 fr	10,120,011	10,040,001	10,012,410
Road improvements	298,554	-	298,554	363,059
Debt service	-	152,748	152,748	315,678
Unrestricted	(346,690)	1,887,603	1,540,913	224,273
Total net position	2,271,611	15,765,965	18,037,576	17,215,423
Total liabilities and net position	<u>\$ 5,291,483</u>	<u>\$ 22,471,600</u>	\$ 27,763,083	\$25,039,203

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. -11-

CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES for the year ended June 30, 2013

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		Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government			
			Operating	Capital					
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	•	2012	
<u>Functions/Programs</u>	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Totals	Totals	
Primary government					_				
Governmental activities									
General government	\$ 595,087	\$-	\$ 2,837	\$-	\$ (592,250)	\$-	\$ (592,250)	\$ (594,861)	
Public safety-Police	1,378,935	· _	54,179	15,262		*	(1,309,494)	(1,402,685)	
Public works	825,840			10,202	(683,288)				
		-	142,552	-		-	(683,288)	(648,387)	
Parks and recreation	193,498	-	-	31,066		-	(162,432)	(175,303)	
Sanitation	323,473	357,888	-	-	34,415	-	34,415	5,044	
Community development	289,418	-	•	-	(289,418)	•	(289,418)	(282,954)	
Public properties	40,023	-	-	-	(40,023)	-	(40,023)	(41,142)	
Bus	-	-	25,000	-	25,000	-	25,000	-	
ABC	91,174	-	-	-	(91,174)	-	(91,174)	-	
Interest on long-term debt	50,180	-	-	-	(50,180)	-	(50,180)	(52,250)	
-					(00,100)		(00,100)	(02,600)	
Total governmental									
activities	3,787,628	357,888	224,568	46,328	(3,158,844)	-	(3,158,844)	<u>(3,192,538</u>)	
Business-type activities									
Utility Commission	2,782,066	2,721,067		360,460	-	299,461	299,461	(287,290)	
Golf Course	604,081	518,964		8,200	-	(76,917)	(76,917)	234,939	
		010,004		0,200	<u> </u>				
Total business-type									
activities	3,386,147	3,240,031		368,660		222,544	222,544	(52,351)	
Total primary government	\$7,173,775	\$3,597,919	\$ 224,568	\$ 414,988	(3,158,844)	222,544	(2,936,300)	(3,244,889)	
iotal prinary government	<u> </u>	<u>40,001,010</u>	<u> </u>	<u>v 414,000</u>	(0,100,011)				
	General revenu Taxes	les							
					4 000 004		4 000 004	4 000 475	
		-	eneral purposes		1,263,634	-	1,263,634	1,232,475	
	Bank shares				50,410	-	50,410	50,815	
	Motor vehicl	e tax			116,455	-	116,455	111,644	
	License fees								
	Franchise fe	es			298,335	-	298,335	282,297	
	Business lice	enses			297,487	-	297,487	264,520	
	Insurance pr				1,360,846	-	1,360,846	1,183,775	
	Other fees a				151,351		151,351	20,399	
		•				0 000			
	Investment ea	mings			4,015	8,802	12,817	21,149	
	Rents				5,575	-	5,575	32,195	
	Community Ce	enter			889	-	889	1,101	
	Donations				633	-	633	52,578	
	Miscellaneous				64,154	143,369	207,523	74,474	
	Total general r				3,613,784	152,171	3,765,955	3,327,422	
	rotal general i	evenues			3,013,704	152,171	3,703,905	3,327,422	
	Decrease in jo	int venture - Ol	dham-LaGrange	l .					
	Developn	nent Authority			(7,502)	-	(7,502)	(71,600)	
	Transfers in (o	ut) É			-	•	-	(27,814)	
		''			_				
	Total gener	al and other re	venues		3,606,282	152,171	3,758,453	3,228,008	
								(10.000)	
	Change in Net	Position			447,438	374,715	822,153	(16,881)	
	Mada a Maria - 4	ماممامم محدد ا	ad		1 004 470	15 004 050	47.046.400	47 000 004	
	Net position - be	ginning, restat	ea		1,824,173	15,391,250	17,215,423	17,232,304	
	NET POSITION	- ENDING			<u>\$ 2,271,611</u>	<u>\$15,765,965</u>	\$18,037,576	<u>\$ 17,215,423</u>	
					<u> </u>				

CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2013

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	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	2012 Totals
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 845,409	\$ 509,761	\$ 1,355,170	\$ 993,848
Receivables, net	460,337	65,165	525,502	445,374
Due from other funds	141,738	_	141,738	29,460
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,447,484</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 2,022,410</u>	<u>\$ 1,468,682</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 193,010	\$-	\$ 193,010	\$ 149,877
Accrued payroll payable	22,671	-	22,671	30,434
Due to other funds	3,041	82,633	85,674	3,041
Accrued leave	70,614	-	70,614	62,232
Total liabilities	289,336	82,633	371,969	245,584
Fund balances				
Restricted				
Road improvements	-	298,554	298,554	363,059
Committed				
Debt service	-	5,118	5,118	5,113
Capital projects	-	64,426	64,426	64,417
Foundations and parks	-	39,018	39,018	39,969
ABC	-	60,177	60,177	-
Bus	-	25,000	25,000	-
Unassigned				
General fund	1,158,148		1,158,148	750,540
Total fund balances	1,158,148	492,293	1,650,441	1,223,098
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 1,447,484</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 2,022,410</u>	<u>\$ 1,468,682</u>
Amounts reported for <i>government</i> of net position are different beca Fund balances reported above Capital assets used in governm financial resources and there	\$ 1,650,441	\$ 1,223,098		
reported in the funds. Equity interests in joint ventures		resources and	3,354,747	3,372,150
therefore are not reported in reported as the net equity in Long-term liabilities, including b	the funds. The ed the joint venture's onds payable, are	quity interest is net position. • not due	(1,698,577)	(1,691,075)
and payable in the current per reported in the funds.	enoa ana ineretore	e are not	(1,035,000)	(1,080,000)
Net position of governmental ac	ctivities		<u>\$ 2,271,611</u>	<u>\$ 1,824,173</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS 13

for the year ended June 30, 20	for the	year	ended	June	30.	201
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	General		Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	2012 Totals				
REVENUES	Oeneral		i unuə	- Tunus	10(013				
Taxes	\$ 1,430,4	199	\$-	\$ 1,430,499	\$ 1,318,371				
Licenses and permits	1,956.6		151,351	2,108,020	1,827,555				
Intergovernmental	72,2		167,552	239,830	202,709				
Charges for services	357,8			357,888	325,965				
Other revenues	74,1		32,193	106,332	165,729				
Total revenues	3,891,4	<u>173</u>	351,096	4,242,569	3,840,329				
EXPENDITURES									
Current	540.0	~		540.004	5 40 005				
General administration	542,2		-	542,261	543,865				
Public safety-Police	1,330,8		-	1,330,872	1,407,030				
Public works	634,7		-	634,776	633,981				
Sanitation	323,4		-	323,473	320,921				
Parks and recreation	171,9		-	171,908 289,418	153,713				
Community development Public properties	289,4 40,0		-	40,023	282,954 41,142				
ABC	40,0	123	- 91,174	40,023 91,174	41,142				
Capital outlay	55,9	-)54	240,187	296,141	106,420				
Debt service	00,0		95,180	95,180	97,250				
					07,200				
Total expenditures	3,388,6	885	426,541	3,815,226	3,587,276				
Excess of Revenues Over									
(Under) Expenditures	502,7	<u>788</u>	(75,445)	427,343	253,053				
Other financing sources									
Transfer in (out)	(95,1	80)	95,180		(30,304)				
Net change in fund balances	407,6	808	19,735	427,343	222,749				
Fund balances-beginning, restated	750,5	540	472,558	1,223,098	1,000,349				
Fund balances-ending	<u>\$ 1,158,1</u>	48	<u>\$ 492,293</u>	<u>\$ 1,650,441</u>	\$ 1,223,098				
Reconciliation to government-wide change in ne	Reconciliation to government-wide change in net position:								
Net change in fund balances				\$ 427,343	\$ 222,749				
Add: capital outlay expenditures capitalized				296,141	106,420				
Add: debt service expenditures				95,180	97,250				
Less: depreciation on governmental activities	s assets			(313,544)	(285,357)				
Less: interest expense				(50,180)	(52,250)				
Less: decreases in the equity interest of joint	ventures			(7,502)	(71,600)				
Change in net position - governmental activities				<u>\$ 447,438</u>	<u>\$ </u>				

CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2013

	Business-Type Activities							2012
ASSETS	Water & S			olf Course		Totals		Totals
Current assets								
Cash and cash equivalents		2,207	\$	47,171	\$	1,699,378	\$	838,209
Receivables (net)		8,838		2,932		331,770		339,255
Interest receivable		2,549		-		2,549		2,549
Inventory	100	6,318		7,124		113,442		91,665
Due from the City		-		3,041		3,041	-	3,041
Total current assets	2,08	9,912		60,268		2,150,180	<u> </u>	1,274,719
Non-current assets								
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	5	7,429		180,679		238,108		396,994
Capital assets (Note 3)								
Construction in progress	2,40	5,549		-		2,405,549		464,965
Land		4,897		1,614,643		1,709,540		1,681,860
Land improvements		-		2,346,687		2,346,687		2,327,746
Plant and sewer system	23,097	7.317		-, ,		23,097,317		22,780,107
Buildings and improvements		7,893		-		857,893		857,893
Vehicle and equipment		3,367		593,213		1,356,580		1,319,595
Less: accumulated depreciation	(9,933	-		(1,698,144)		(11,631,149)		(10,873,007)
Total capital assets	17,286			2,856,399		20,142,417		18,559,159
rotal capital assets	<u> </u>			2,000,000	<u> </u>	20,142,417		10,000,100
Total assets	<u>\$ 19,433</u>	3,359	\$	3,097,346	<u>\$</u>	22,530,705	<u>\$</u>	20,230,872
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ 126	3,445	\$	20,535	\$	146,980	\$	116,731
Accrued payroll liabilities		-		8,526		8,526		8,850
Accrued interest payable		1,138		27,931		29,069		32,975
Unearned revenue		-		37,249		37,249		32,799
Due to the City	59	9,105		-		59,105		29,460
Capital equipment lease		-		-		-		11,432
Capital lease obligations	218	5,521		15,000		230,521		223,925
Bonds, notes, and loans payable	108	3,01 <u>3</u>		170,000	_	278,013		165,000
Total current liabilities	510),222		279,241	<u>-</u>	789,463	_	621,172
Non-current liabilities								
Capital lease obligations	1.509	9,869		1,095,000		2,604,869		2,835,389
Bonds, notes, and loans payable		3,400		1,155,000		3,303,400		1,325,000
Accrued compensated absences		2,626		1,100,000		12,626		11,246
Customer deposits payable		4,382		-		54,382		46,815
						·		<u> </u>
Total non-current liabilities	3,725	5,277		2,250,000		5,975,277		4,218,450
Total liabilities	4,235	5,499		2,529,241		6,764,740		4,839,622
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	13,304	1,215		421,399		13,725,614		14,020,263
Restricted for:		•						
Debt service		-		152,748		152,748		315,678
Unrestricted	1,893	3,645		(6,042)		1,887,603		1,055,309
Total net position	15,197	7,860	_	568,105		15,765,965		15,391,250
-								

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

\$ 19,433,359

Total liabilities and net position

\$ 3,097,346

\$ 22,530,705

<u>\$ 20,230,872</u>

CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION **PROPRIETARY FUNDS**

for the year ended June 30, 2013

	Busin	ess-Type Activ	2012	
	Water & Sewer		Totals	Totals
Operating revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 2,715,784	\$ 518,964	\$ 3,234,748	\$ 2,877,478
Other income	5,283	-	5,283	45,918
Total operating revenues	2,721,067	518,964	3,240,031	2,923,396
Operating expenses				
General and administrative	517,729	111,906	629,635	625,207
Rent	-	1,226	1,226	1,118
Salaries and wages	-	144,372	144,372	145,936
Repairs and maintenance	-	61,362	61,362	64,120
Cost of sales	607,305	25,844	633,149	627,857
Other operating expenses	852,005	39,320	891,325	873,301
Depreciation	633,613	124,554	758,167	792,435
Depresiditeri				
Total operating expenses	2,610,652	508,584	3,119,236	3,129,974
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	110,415	10,380	120,795	(206,578)
Non energing income (evenence)				
Non-operating income (expense) Interest and investment revenue	7,138	1,664	0 000	15,768
	(171,414)	(95,497)	8,802 (266,911)	(174,273)
Interest expense Other miscellaneous income	143,369	(95,497)	•	(174,273)
Transfers in	143,309	-	143,369	- 249,768
Transfers out	-	-	-	
Tansiers out		-		(247,278)
Total non-operating (expense)	(20,907)	(93,833)	(114,740)	(156,015)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	89,508	(83,453)	6,055	(362,593)
		(,,	_,	(,,
Capital Contributions	360,460	8,200	368,660	328,500
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	449,968	(75,253)	374,715	(34,093)
Net position - beginning of the year, restated	14,747,892	643,358	15,391,250	15,425,343
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 15,197,860</u>	<u>\$ 568,105</u>	<u>\$ 15,765,965</u>	<u>\$ 15,391,250</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. -16-

CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS for the year ended June 30, 2013

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	Business-Type Activities				2012			
	Wa	ter & Sewer		olf Course	169	Totals		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Receipts from customers	\$	2,733,078	\$	522,570	\$	3,255,648	\$	2,914,512
Receipts (refunds) of customer meter deposits		7,567		-		7,567		5,422
Payments to suppliers		(1,418,167)		(231,329)		(1,649,496)		(1,854,889)
Payments to other funds Payments for employee services and benefits		(1,877)		-		(1,877)		-
Payments for employee services and benefits		(564,225)		(157,393)		(721,618)		(484,509)
Net cash provided by operating activities		756,376		133,848		890,224		<u>580,536</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Capital contributions		360,460		8,200		368,660		328,500
Transfers in from City of LaGrange		-		-,				249,768
Transfers out to City of LaGrange		-				-		(247,278)
Purchases of capital assets		(2,266,296)		(31,624)		(2,297,920)		(402,416)
Principal paid on capital debt		(262,771)		(191,432)		(454,203)		(385,376)
Proceeds from loans		2,310,262		-		2,310,262		-
Interest paid on capital debt		(171,414)		(95,497)		(266,911)		(174,273)
Other miscellaneous income		143,369		-		143,369		
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and								
related financing activities		113,610		(310,353)		(196,743)	<u> </u>	(631,075)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest and dividends		7,138		1,664		8,802		15,768
Net cash provided by investing activities		7,138		1,664		8,802		15,768
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		877,124		(174,841)		702,283		(34,771)
Cash and cash equivalents-beginning of the year		832,512		402,691		1,235,203		1,269,974
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-END OF THE YEAR	\$	1,709,636	\$	227,850	\$	1,937,486	\$	1,235,203
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net								
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	110,415	\$	10,380	\$	120,795	\$	(206,578)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	Ŧ		•		•	,	Ŧ	(,)
provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation		633,613		124,554		758,167		792,435
Change in assets and liabilities:		000,010		144,004		100,107		192,400
Receivables, net		(17,294)		(844)		(18,138)		(33,189)
Inventory		(19,167)		(2,610)		(21,777)		15,372
Prepaid expenses		-		(2,010)		-		(4,946)
Interest receivable		(1,877)		-		(1,877)		-
Due to City of LaGrange		6,014		-		6,014		27,814
Accounts and other payables		37,105		2,148		39,253		2,788
Accrued expenses		-		(324)		(324)		(13,671)
Accrued bond and interest		-		(3,906)		(3,906)		(848)
Customer deposits payable		7,567		-		7,567		5,422
Unearned cash		-		4,450		4,450		-
Retirement payable		-		-			<u>-</u>	(4,063)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	756,376	\$	133,848	<u>\$</u>	890,224	\$	580,536

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of LaGrange, Kentucky (the City) operates under the City Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, public works, recreation and community development. The accounting policies of the City of LaGrange conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

A. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the City include the funds, account groups and entities over which the Mayor and Council exercise significant oversight responsibility. Oversight responsibility, as defined by Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, was determined on the basis of the City's ability to significantly influence operation, select the governing body, and participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. The Council has oversight responsibility for various boards and foundations included in the accompanying financial statements. The LaGrange Public Properties Corporation and Utility Commission of the City of LaGrange, Kentucky are blended component units that are subject to the City's oversight responsibility. Separately issued financial statements of the Utility Commission can be obtained by request at 203 S. Walnut Street, LaGrange, KY, 40031 or by calling (502) 222-9325. The City is involved in a joint venture with Oldham County in Oldham-LaGrange Development Authority. See footnote 12.

B. Blended Component Units

Blended component units are separate entities that meet the component unit criteria described above and whose governing body is the same as or designated by the City Council or the component unit provides services entirely to the City. These component units' funds are blended into those of the City's by appropriate activity type.

Component units that are blended into the reporting activity types of the City's report are presented below:

Component Unit	Brief Description/Inclusion Criteria	Reporting
City of LaGrange Public Properties Corporation	The Corporation is legally separate from the City, but it is reported as if it were part of the City, the primary government, because its sole purpose is to finance the acquisition of City real estate and buildings.	General Fund
Utility Commission of the City of LaGrange, Kentucky	The Commission is operated by a five member board of commissioners which includes four City of LaGrange, Kentucky, residents appointed by the Mayor and approved by the City Council. The fifth member of the board of commissioners is a member of the City Council appointed by and from the membership of the City Council. The Commission is an agency that the City Council created to supervise, control and maintain the waterworks and sewer system for the City.	Proprietary Fund Enterprise Fund

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include a statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements display information about the City as a whole. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities of the City. These financial statements include the financial activities of the City except for fiduciary activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities reflects costs of government by function for governmental activities and business-type activities. Program revenues include charges paid by recipient for the goods or services offered by the program and grants or contributions that are restricted to the program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate fiscal and accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that is comprised of its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses.

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions are financed. The governmental fund measurement focus is the determination of financial position and budgetary control over revenues and expenditures. Proprietary fund types are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to business enterprises - where intent of the governing body is that costs of providing services are to be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

The following funds are used by the City of LaGrange:

Governmental Funds

General Fund - The general operating fund of the City is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Most of the essential governmental services such as police and fire protection, community services and general administration are reported in this fund.

Debt Service Fund – Accounts for the activities of the City of LaGrange Public Properties Corporation. The Corporation was created as a non-profit, non-stock corporation to acquire, with borrowed funds, real property for use by the city.

Capital Project Fund – The Capital Project Fund is used to account for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Governmental Funds (continued)

Foundations and Parks Fund – Accounts for the activities of the City of LaGrange Foundation, Inc., which was created as a non-profit corporation to receive donations for projects for the betterment of the City of LaGrange and Oldham County.

Municipal Road Aid Fund – Special revenue fund that accounts for the money received from the Commonwealth of Kentucky under the gasoline tax distribution program. Amounts received are reserved for road maintenance.

ABC Fund – Accounts for the receipts and expenditures related to the regulation of sales of alcoholic beverages in the City.

Bus Fund – Accounts for the receipts and expenditures related to the operation of the City buses.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for the ongoing organizations and activities of the City, which are similar to those found in private business enterprises. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in cash flows.

Enterprise funds are established to account for the acquisition, operations and maintenance of the City's facilities and services which are entirely or predominantly self-supported by user charges or where the City has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The accounts are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. The City applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. The City's enterprise operations include the following:

Utility Commission of the City of LaGrange, Kentucky – Accounts for activities in providing water and wastewater services to the residents of the City of LaGrange, the operations of which are financed by user charges.

Eagle Creek Golf Course – Accounts for activities in providing golfing facilities to the public and the management of the retail pro-shop.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the City as a whole. The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for individual funds.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. Their focus is on individual funds rather than reporting funds by type. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financials resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet.

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. A period of sixty (60) days is used for property tax revenues. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term debt, are recorded when the liability is incurred.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Operating revenues include charges for service and other income, operating expenses include direct costs and depreciation. All other revenues or expenses are treated as non-operating.

Permits, fines and forfeits, and miscellaneous revenues (except for investment earnings) are recorded as revenues when received because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded when earned since they are measurable and available in all funds.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and demand deposits, both unrestricted and restricted. Certificates of deposit include all certificates owned by the City. Cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposits are stated at actual cost which approximates fair value. Kentucky Revised Statute 66.480 permits the City to invest in U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. Agency obligations, certain Federal instruments, repurchase agreements, commercial banks' certificates of deposit, savings and loan deposits, Commonwealth of Kentucky investment pool and the Kentucky League of Cities investment pool.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

G. Supplies Inventory

Inventories in the general and proprietary funds consist of expendable supplies that are stated on a first-in, first-out method. They are reported at cost which is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are used. Inventories of the special revenue funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

H. Accounts Receivable

Governmental activities accounts receivable consists of property taxes, occupational license fees, insurance premium taxes, franchise fees, ABC fees, service revenues and grant funds which are disbursed on an expenditure-reimbursement plan.

Business-type activities extend credit to substantially all of their customers.

Accounts receivable are stated at face amount, less an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$108,383 in the general fund and \$6,711 in the proprietary funds, which approximates fair market value.

The City maintains allowances for doubtful accounts based on evaluation by management and percentages applied to the various aging periods of accounts receivable. Specific accounts deemed uncollectible are charged to the allowance upon evaluation by management. Evaluation factors include familiarity with the customer, credit history and the age of the unpaid bill. Property taxes not collected within sixty (60) days of year end are fully reserved.

I. Capital Assets and Depreciation

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars. Improvements are capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Capital Assets and Depreciation (continued)

Transfers of capital assets between funds are recorded at the net book value of the transferred asset at the time of transfer.

All reported capital assets are depreciated with the exception of land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Years
Utility plant and distribution system Buildings and improvements Land improvements Infrastructure Machinery and equipment	20-50 10-40 10-40 10-25 3-15

J. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents grant revenues received but unearned. Revenues are recognized when eligible expenditures are incurred.

K. Compensated Absences

Accrued vacation pay vests as of January 1 and must be used by December 31 of each year. Unused vacation pay is payable upon termination of employment. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a current liability.

L. Long-Term Debt and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide and proprietary financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as current and long-term liabilities. In accordance with GASB 65, bond issuance costs and bond discounts or premiums are expensed in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. Fund Balances

In fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into nonspendable and spendable components, if applicable. The City has adopted GASB 54 which further breaks down both nonspendable and spendable components into the following components:

Nonspendable - amounts that must be maintained intact legally or contractually.

Restricted – amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Council.

Assigned – for all governmental funds, other than the general fund, any remaining positive amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed. For the general fund, amounts constrained, by intent, to be used for a specific purpose by the City or the elected City official given authority to assign amounts.

Unassigned – for the general fund, amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. For all other government funds, amounts expended in excess of resources that are nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned.

For resources considered to be assigned, the City has designated the Mayor to carry the intent of the City Council.

It is the policy of the City to spend restricted funds first when both restricted and unrestricted funds are available. Once restricted funds are spent, the City will use committed funds first, assigned funds second and unassigned funds last.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the City.

N. Budgeting

The City follows the procedures established pursuant to Section 91A.030 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Budgeted amounts in the financial statements are as adopted by ordinance of the City and have been revised for amendments authorized during the year.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

O. Other Accounting Policies

Interfund transactions are reflected as transfers. Transfers occur for various reasons related to the day to day operations of the funds and are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/from other fund" in the fund financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

The City considers all cash, both restricted and unrestricted, including certificates of deposit with an initial maturity of 90 days or less, as cash for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

The LaGrange Utility Commission for the purposes of the Statement of Net Position, "cash, including time deposits" includes all demand, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits. For the purpose of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposits or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

P. Management's Review of Subsequent Events

The City has evaluated and considered the need to recognize or disclose subsequent events through July 31, 2014 which represents the date these financial statements were available to be issued. Subsequent events past this date, as they pertain to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, have not been evaluated by the City.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City of LaGrange's deposits and investments at June 30, 2013, were substantially covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the custodial banks in the City's name. The book balance of the City's deposits totaled \$3,292,656 and the bank balances totaled \$3,357,803.

The following is a detail of the City's cash deposit coverage at June 30, 2013:

FDIC insured	\$ 1,415,527		
Collateralized by securities held by the bank in the City's name Collateralized by securities held by the bank but not in the City's name Invested in money market funds	1,877,850 <u>64,426</u>		
Total	<u>\$ 3,357,803</u>		
Restricted assets consist of the following:	Utility Commission	Golf Course	Total
Restricted assets consist of the following: Cash – Bond and interest account Cash – Customer deposits		Golf Course \$ 180,679 	Total \$ 180,679 57,429

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital asset activity during the fiscal year follows:

	Balance July 1, 2012	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2013
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not depreciated: Land	<u>\$ 698,184</u>	<u>\$ 32,017</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 730,201</u>
Capital assets that are depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	2,085,046 2,267,969	- 147,785	- 	2,085,046 <u>2,415,754</u>
Totals	4,353,015	147,785		4,500,800
Total non-infrastructure assets	5,051,199	179,802		5,231,001
Infrastructure assets	759,681	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	876,020
Total capital assets	5,810,880	296,141	<u> </u>	<u> 6,107,021</u>
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements	677,862	59,746	_	738,594
Machinery and equipment	1,483,711	149,963	-	1,648,921
Infrastructure	277,157	103,835	<u> </u>	364,759
Totals	2,438,730	313,544		2,752,274
General capital assets, net	<u>\$ 3,372,150</u>	<u>\$ (17,403)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$_3,354,747</u>
Business-Type Activities				
Land and easements	\$ 1,681,860	\$ 27,680	\$ -	\$ 1,709,540
Buildings and improvements	3,185,639	18,942	-	3,204,581
Water tank	2,941,159	-	-	2,941,159
Mains, hydrants and new water	0.050.070	100 110		A A I T I I I A
services	3,656,670	160,442	-	3,817,112
Sewage treatment plant Sewage system lines	5,794,457	-	-	5,794,457
and pump stations	10,387,819	156,768	_	10,544,587
Transportation equipment	240,322	-	-	240,322
Machinery and equipment	580,531	12,683	-	593,214
General office equipment	498,742	24,303	-	523,045
Construction in progress	464,965	1,940,584	<u> </u>	2,405,549
Totals	29,432,164	2,341,402	-	31,773,566
Less: accumulated depreciation	10,872,993	758,167	(11)	<u> 11,631,149</u>
Business-type capital assets, net	<u>\$ 18,559,171,</u>	<u>\$ 1,583,235</u>	<u>\$ 11</u>	<u>\$ 20,142,417</u>

\$1,163,775 of golf course land is recorded under a capital lease with no accumulated depreciation.

3. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to the Governmental functions as follows:

General government Police Public Works	48	827 063 462
Parks and recreation Infrastructure	21,	590 602
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 313</u>	544

4. LONG-TERM DEBT - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Capital Lease Obligation - Kentucky Area Development Districts Financing Trusts

On March 22, 2006, the City entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$1,250,000 with the Kentucky Area Development Districts Financing Trusts for the financing and leasing of a community center and City Hall. The City may prepay principal components of lease rental payments in minimum amounts of \$50,000. The lease is to run for a term of 22 years with payments to be made semiannually. The lease carries a stated interest rate of 4.6% with bank fees of \$500 annually.

The minimum obligations of the above capital lease at June 30, 2013, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	F	Principal		Interest	B	ank Fee		Total
2014	\$	50,000	\$	47,610	\$	500	\$	98,110
2015		50,000		45,310		500		95,810
2016		55,000		43,010		500		98,510
2017		55,000		40,480		500		95,980
2018		60,000		37,950		500		98,450
2019-2023		340,000		146,280		2,500		488,780
2024-2028		425,000		60,950		2,500		488,450
Total	<u>\$ 1</u>	,035,000	<u>\$</u>	4 <u>21,590</u>	<u>\$</u>	7,500	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>,464,090</u>

The total governmental activity debt is summarized as follows:

Accrued compensated absences Current portion of capital lease obligation	\$ 70,614 50,000
Total current portion of long-term obligations	<u>\$ 120,614</u>
Long-term portion	<u>\$ 985,000</u>

A summary of changes in general government long-term debt is as follows:

	July 1, 2012	Additions	Payments June 30, 2013
Capital lease obligations Accrued compensated absences	\$ 1,080,000 <u>62,232</u>	\$ 8,382	\$ 45,000 \$ 1,035,000 70,614
Total	<u>\$ 1,142,232</u>	<u>\$ 8,382</u>	<u>\$ 45,000</u> <u>\$ 1,105,614</u>

5. LONG-TERM DEBT – BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Business-Type Activities – Utility Commission

Capital Lease Obligation – PNC Bank

On September 24, 2010, the Commission entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$2,284,645 with PNC Bank for the payoff of previous outstanding debt services to the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority (KIA), Kentucky League of Cities and Bedford Loan & Deposit Bank. The principal and interest payments are to be made from the income and revenues of the water and sewer system. PNC Bank shall hold a lien on the system's revenues until such lease and interest payments are paid in full. The lease bears interest at a rate of 3.07% with a maturity date of September 24, 2020.

The minimum obligations of the above lease at June 30, 2013, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019-2020	\$ 215,521 222,326 229,248 236,584 244,054 577,657	\$ 50,654 43,849 36,927 29,591 22,121 21,239	 \$ 266,175 266,175 266,175 266,175 266,175 266,175 598,896
Total	<u>\$ 1,725,390</u>	<u>\$ 204,381</u>	<u>\$ 1,929,771</u>

Note Payable to Kentucky Rural Water Finance Corporation

On November 13, 2012, the Commission entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Rural Water Finance Corporation to issue Public Projects Revenue Bonds Series 2012 F for the purpose of providing funds to be used for the expansion of the City's Waste Water Treatment Plant. The amount available to be drawn for project/construction costs is \$4,504,162 to include construction funds plus bond rounding. The loan has a variable rate of interest from between 2.3% to 4.3% and is payable in monthly payments to include 1/12 of the outstanding principal and 1/6 of the accrued interest balances to be withdrawn on the 20th day of each month for the following months regularly scheduled payment commencing December 20, 2012 for the January 1, 2013 payment. In addition, the loan terms call for an annual fee in the amount of \$450 to be paid to the trustee beginning February 1, 2013. The final maturity is January 1, 2037. As of June 30, 2013, the Commission had drawn down a total of \$2,256,413. The Commission had approximately \$2,247,000 available left to draw down at June 30, 2013.

The total business-type – utility commission activities long-term debt is summarized as follows:

Current portion of PNC capital leases	\$ 215,521
Current portion of revenue bonds	<u>108,013</u>
Total current portion of long-term obligations	<u>\$ 323,534</u>
Long-term portion of PNC capital lease	\$ 1,509,869
Long-term portion of revenue bonds	2,148,400
Accrued compensated absences	12,626
Customer deposits	<u>54,382</u>
Total long-term portion of long-term obligations	<u>\$ 3,725,277</u>

5. LONG-TERM DEBT – BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

Business-Type Activities – Utility Commission (continued)

A summary of changes in utility long-term debt is as follows:

	July 1, 2012	Additions	Payments J	lune 30, 2013
Capital lease obligations Revenue bonds Accrued compensated absences Customer deposits payable	\$ 1,934,314 11,246 46,815	\$	\$208,924 53,849 11,246	\$ 1,725,390 2,256,413 12,626 <u>54,382</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,992,375</u>	<u>\$_2,330,455</u>	<u>\$ 274,019</u>	<u>\$ 4,048,811</u>

Debt Restrictions and Covenants

A funded replacement reserve account is required by the Utility Commission's assistance agreement with the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority. The Commission must maintain a replacement reserve account and deposit on or before December 1, each year \$4,614 annually until such reserve account accumulates a balance of \$46,140. As of June 30, 2013, the reserve account had a balance of \$57,429. Since the reserve balance exceeds the amount specified by the loan agreement no more deposits are being made.

Business-Type Activities – Golf Course

Capital Lease Obligation – Kentucky Area Development Districts Financing Trusts

On March 28, 2007, the City entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$1,175,000 with the Kentucky Area Development Districts Financing Trusts (KADD) to purchase 80+ acres which includes the back nine holes of the Eagle Creek Golf Course. The principal and interest payments are to be made from the revenues of the golf course. The City is required to pay the extent of the portion of the principal and interest payments that the revenues of the golf course are unable to pay.

The lease is a fixed rate lease and is to run for a term of twenty years with payments to be made monthly. The lease carries a stated interest rate of 4.8% with bank fees of \$500 annually.

The future minimum obligations of the above capital lease at June 30, 2013, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Serv	vice Fee		Total
2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019-2023 2024-2027	\$ 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 370,000 <u>665,000</u>	53,280 52,560 51,840 51,120 50,400 227,760 82,560	\$	500 500 500 500 2,500 2,000	\$	68,780 68,060 67,340 66,620 65,900 600,260 749,560
Total	<u>\$ 1,110,000</u>	\$ 569,520	<u>\$</u>	7,000	<u>\$</u>	1,686,520

5. LONG-TERM DEBT – BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

Business-Type Activities – Golf Course (continued)

Bonds Payable – City of LaGrange General Obligation Bonds of 2010

The City issued bonds dated March 1, 2010 in the amount of \$1,730,000. These bonds were used to pay off a previous bond issue from 2000. The bonds mature annually from March 1, 2010 to March 1, 2020, in various amounts from \$100,000 to \$210,000. Interest at 2-3.5% per annum is payable September 1 and March 1. Bonds maturing after March 1, 2011 are subject to early redemption provisions.

The bonds are payable from, and secured by, a pledge of gross revenues derived from the operation of the golf course. If the revenues from the golf course are not sufficient to cover the annual debt service, the City has agreed to levy and collect, each year that the bonds are outsourcing, a bond tax in an amount sufficient to provide for the full payment of the principal and interest of the bonds.

The minimum obligations of the above bonds at June 30, 2013, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2014	\$ 170,000	\$ 45,385	\$ 215,385
2015	175,000	40,710	215,710
2016	180,000	35,548	215,548
2017	190,000	29,878	219,878
2018	195,000	23,322	218,322
2019-2020	415,000	24,710	439,710
Total	<u>\$ 1,325,000</u>	<u>\$ 199,553</u>	<u>\$ 1,524,553</u>

On September 18, 2008, the Golf Course entered into a 48 month capital lease for various equipment. The lease called for monthly payments of \$2,892 including interest at a rate of 5.5%. The lease was paid off during the year and a new equipment capital lease was not taken out.

The total business-type - golf course activities debt is summarized as follows:

Current portion of capital lease	\$ 15,000
Current portion of bond	<u> 170,000</u>
Total current portion of long-term obligations	<u>\$ 185,000</u>
Long-term portion of capital lease	\$ 1,095,000
Long-term portion of bonds	<u>1,155,000</u>
Total long-term obligations	<u>\$.2,250,000</u>

A summary of changes in golf course long-term debt is as follows:

	July 1, 2012	Additions	Payments	June 30, 2013
Capital lease Bond issue Capital equipment lease	\$ 1,125,000 1,490,000 <u>11,432</u>	\$ - - -	\$ 15,000 165,000 <u>11,432</u>	\$ 1,110,000 1,325,000
Total	<u>\$_2,626,432</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$191,432</u>	<u>\$ 2,435,000</u>

6. OPERATING LEASE

On January 7, 2013, the golf course entered into an operating lease with PNC Equipment Finance, LLC to lease 58 golf carts. The lease terms call for 24 payments of \$8,526. The payments are made six months at a time from May through October. The future lease obligations at June 30, 2013, are as follows:

Fiscal Year

2014	\$ 51,156
2015	51,156
2016	51,156
2017	<u>34,104</u>
Total	<u>\$ 187,572</u>

Operating lease expense for the year ended June 30, 2013, totaled \$ 38,902.

7. RETIREMENT PLAN

The City of LaGrange is a participating employer of the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS). Under the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statute 61.645, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems administers the CERS. The plan issues separate financial statements which may be obtained by request from Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601.

Plan Description – CERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in positions of each participating county, city, and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the System. The plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. Cost-of-living (COLA) adjustments are provided at the discretion of state legislature.

Contributions – For the year ended June 30, 2013, plan members were required to contribute 8.00% of wages for hazardous and 5.00% for non-hazardous job classifications and 6% for non-hazardous employees hired after September 1, 2008. Participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statue Section 61.565(3), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last proceeding the July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contributions rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial basis adopted by the Board.

For the year ended June 30, 2013, participating employers contributed 37.60% of each hazardous employee's and 19.55% of each non-hazardous employee's wages, which is equal to the actuarially determined rate set by the Board. Administrative costs of Kentucky Retirement System are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings.

The required contribution (employee and employer) and the actual percentage contributed for the City for the current and previous year are as follows:

Year	Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
2013	\$ 518,448	100%
2012	\$ 489,119	100%
2011	\$ 453,645	100%

8. PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

Property taxes for fiscal year 2013 were levied in September 2012 on the assessed property located in the City of LaGrange as of the preceding January 1. The assessments are determined by the County Property Valuation Administrator in accordance with Kentucky Revised Statutes. The due date collection periods for all taxes exclusive of vehicle taxes are as follows:

Description

Due Date

Upon receipt

November 15

December 15

December 16

- 1. Due date for payment
- 2. Discount of 2%
- 3. Face value payment period
- 4. 10% penalty delinquent date

These taxes are collected by the City Clerk. Vehicle taxes are collected by the County Clerk of Oldham County and are due and collected in the birth month of the licensee.

9. PROPERTY LEASE

The City and Baptist Healthcare Affiliates, Inc. entered into a lease agreement to park two ambulances at the fire station (Fire Station No. 1), that covers the periods from December 3, 2012 through December 3, 2013. The monthly payment for the lease is \$200. The lease was not renewed on December 3, 2013 for an additional year.

10. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

The Commission purchases water at wholesale from the Oldham County Water District, which in turn is sold to the Commission's customers. The Commission purchased water at a rate of \$1.70 per 1,000 gallons during 2013.

11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City of LaGrange is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. In addition to its general liability insurance, the city also carries commercial insurance for all other risks of loss such as worker's compensation and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

12. INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE -- OLDHAM-LAGRANGE DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

Oldham-LaGrange Development Authority (OLDA) was formed as a non-profit, non-stock corporation as provided by the Local Industrial Development Authority Act under KRS 154.50. The City of LaGrange, Kentucky and the County of Oldham, Kentucky formed the Development Authority by an interlocal Cooperation Agreement. The purpose of the Development Authority is to promote economic development and create jobs within the boundaries of the City and County by financing through the Government Authority the acquisition and development of property.

The City of LaGrange issued General Obligation Lease Revenue Notes, 2005 Series A, 2005 Series B, 2005 Series C, and 2005 Series D dated July 1, 2005 for \$10,000,000 for the purchase of land and infrastructure improvements thereto, by way of the Development Authority. The proceeds were turned over to the Oldham-LaGrange Development Authority. The Lease Revenue Notes are to be paid with the proceeds from the sale and use of property managed by the Development Authority.

On December 1, 2008, OLDA, through the City of LaGrange, issued \$5,215,000 of general obligation lease revenue refunding bonds. The bonds were issued to (1) purchase an escrow scheduled to mature at such times and in such amounts as are necessary and will be adequate, with investment or reinvestment thereof, to meet the currently scheduled interest requirements of the 2005 Series C bonds and (2) pay or refund in advance of maturity, the remaining principal, accrued interest and premium of the City of LaGrange bonds, Series of 2005 A and B, dated August 3, 2005 and (3) pay the bond issuance expenses.

On January 21, 2010, the Oldham-LaGrange Development authority through the City of LaGrange, issued \$7,555,000 of general obligation lease revenue refunding bonds. The bonds were issued to (1) purchase an escrow scheduled to mature at such times and in such amounts as are necessary and will be adequate, with investment or reinvestment thereof, to meet the currently scheduled interest requirements of the 2010 series bonds and (2) pay or refund in advance of maturity, the remaining principal, accrued interest and premium of the City of LaGrange bonds, Series of 2005 C, dated August 3, 2005 and Series 2008 bonds dated December 1, 2008 and (3) pay the bond issuance expenses.

On May 25, 2012, OLDA, through the City, issued \$8,100,000 of 2012 Series A general obligation lease revenue refunding bonds to replace the City 2010 Series A general obligation lease refunding bonds. The bonds were issued to (1) purchase an escrow scheduled to mature at such times and in such amounts as are necessary and will be adequate, with investment or reinvestment thereof, to meet the currently scheduled interest requirements of the 2012 Series bonds and (2) pay or refund in advance of maturity, the remaining principal, accrued interest, and premium of the City 2010 Series A general obligation lease revenue refunding and (3) pay the bond issuance expenses.

Oldham-LaGrange Development Authority issues separate financial statements available through its administrative office at 412 East Main Street, LaGrange, KY 40031 or by telephone at (502) 225-6420. Summarized totals for the Development Authority from its separately audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2013, are as follows:

Total assets	\$ 16,619,170
Total liabilities	\$ 12,774,185
Total net position	\$ 3,844,985

CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2013

12. JOINT VENTURE - OLDHAM-LAGRANGE DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (CONTINUED)

The net equity investment in Oldham-LaGrange Development Authority for the City of LaGrange at June 30, 2013, is \$1,698,577. The net equity is determined by the following:

	OLDA Audit	City	County
	6/30/2013	Allocation	Allocation
Beginning net equity, July 1, 2012	\$ 3,854,099	(\$ 1,691,075)	\$ 5,545,174
Operating loss before transfers in	(432,126)	(216,063)	(216,063)
Principal payments transfers in	<u>423,012</u>	<u>208,561</u>	214,451
Ending net equity, June 30, 2013	<u>\$ 3,844,985</u>	<u>(\$ 1,698,577)</u>	<u>\$ 5,543,562</u>

At June 30, 2013, the City guaranteed \$10,415,000 of the \$12,730,000 general obligation lease revenue bonds and notes outstanding.

13. TRANSFERS

The purpose of transfers is to move resources between the General Fund and other funds, for budgetary purposes, to the funds that will expend them. During fiscal year 2013 the General Fund transferred \$95,180 to the Debt Service Fund.

14. INTERFUND BALANCES

This table shows interfund balances as of June 30, 2013:

	Gener	al Fund		r & Sewei Fund	C Fund	Golf Co	ourse	Total Due From)
General Fund Water & Sewer Fund ABC Fund	\$	-	\$	59,105 -	\$ 82,633 -	\$	-	\$ 141,738 -	
Golf Course		<u>3,041</u>	_		 			3.041	
Total Due To	<u>\$</u>	<u>3,041</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>59,105</u>	\$ 82,633	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$ 144,779</u>	

Interfund balances result from goods and services type transactions that have occurred between individual funds that have resulted in amounts owed between funds.

15. COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES AND SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Sick Leave

The City's sick leave policy permits the accumulation of twelve sick days per year up to a maximum of 70 days for full time employees. Employees are not paid for unused sick leave days upon termination of employment. However, if an employee (who was hired after October 5, 1998) retires from the City with 15 years (20 years for the utility commission) or more of service, the City will contribute the employer match percent (currently 19.55% for non-hazardous duty and 37.60% for hazardous duty) of the unused sick days monetary amount to the County Employees Retirement System. The employee does not receive any remuneration for sick time credit upon termination. Accordingly, sick pay is charged to expenditures when taken. No provision has been made in the financial statements for any contingent liabilities associated with estimated unused sick leave. At June 30, 2013, the City and Utility Commission had an unrecorded sick pay liability to its employees of \$261,630 and \$74,187, respectively. The estimated liability includes required salary related payments.

CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2013

15. COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES AND SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial Reporting for Pension Plans

In June 2012, the GASB approved a pair of related Statements that reflect substantial changes to the accounting and financial reporting of state and local government employers and pension plans. Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, addresses financial reporting for state and local government pension plans. Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, addresses financial reporting for state and local government employers whose employees are provided with pensions through pension plans that are covered under Statement No. 67.

The guidance contained in these Statements will change how governments calculate and report the costs and obligations associated with pensions in important ways. It is designed to improve the decision usefulness of reported pension information and to increase the transparency, consistency, and comparability of pension information across governments. Under the pension standards now in effect, cost-sharing employers have not been required to present actuarial information about pensions. Instead, information has been required to be presented in the pension plan's own financial statements for all of the participating governments combined.

Through its research, the GASB concluded that the needs of users of information regarding cost-sharing employers do not differ significantly from those interested in single and agent employers. Therefore, the GASB believes it is important to give users of the financial statements of cost-sharing employers access to better, more transparent financial information. Consequently, under the new standards the GASB is requiring that cost-sharing governments report a net pension liability, pension expense, and pension related deferred inflows and outflows of resources based on their proportionate share of the collective amounts for all the governments in the plan.

Statement No. 68 will take effect for pension plan employers in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014, (that is, for years ended June 30, 2015, or later). The City is currently evaluating the effects of this statement on its financial statements. The Kentucky League of Cities (KLC) prepared estimates of the financial statement impact for all cities participating in CERS. KLC estimated that the City of LaGrange's unfunded liability would be approximately \$3,343,140 based on the 2011 actuarial analysis. The actual liability for June 30, 2015, could be considerably different due to changes in system assumptions and liabilities.

16. RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE

General Fund

The beginning fund balance of the General Fund has been restated on the fund basis financial statements to record a prior period adjustment to record a liability related to an Interlocal Cooperation Agreement with Oldham County, Kentucky and transfers that were related to periods prior to the year ended June 30, 2013, as follows:

Beginning fund balance	\$ 856,563
Adjustment for Interlocal Agreement	(76,563)
Adjustment to correct transfers	 (29,460)
Beginning fund balance, as restated	\$ 750,540

CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2013

16. RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities

The beginning net position of the Governmental Activities in the government-wide Statement of Net Position has been restated to record a prior period adjustment to record a liability related to an Interlocal Cooperation Agreement with Oldham County, Kentucky and transfers that were related to periods prior to the year ending June 30, 2013, as follows:

Beginning net position Adjustment for Interlocal Agreement	\$ 1,930,196 (76,563)
Adjustment to correct transfers	(29,460)
Beginning net position, as restated	<u>\$ 1,824,173</u>

Proprietary Funds

The prior year beginning net position of the proprietary funds in the fund basis financial statements as well as on the government-wide Statement of Net Position been restated to record a prior period adjustment related to debt issuance costs for the golf course as follows:

Beginning net position	\$ 15,450,043
Adjustment debt issuance cost	(24,700)
Beginning net position, as restated	<u>\$ 15,425,343</u>

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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	Enacted Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance	
REVENUES					
TAXES					
General property taxes	\$ 1,274,170	\$ 1,274,170	\$ 1,242,166	\$ (32,004)	
Bank shared tax	54,000	54,000	50,410	(3,590)	
Omitted tangibles	3,000	3,000	21,468	18,468	
Motor vehicle taxes	107,300	107,300	116,455	9,155	
Total municipal taxation	1,438,470	1,438,470	1,430,499	(7,971)	
LICENSES, PERMITS AND BILLINGS					
Business licenses	263,000	263,000	297,487	34,487	
Insurance premiums	1,283,400	1,283,400	1,360,846	77,446	
Franchise fees	290,200	290,200	298,336	8,136	
Total licenses, permits and billings	1,836,600	1,836,600	1,956,669	120,069	
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES					
Grants	16,364	16,364	15,262	(1,102)	
KLEFPF	39,000	39,000	40,118	1,118	
Federal overtime	12,000	12,000	14,061	2,061	
LGEAF	4,557	4,557	2,837	(1,720)	
Total intergovernmental	71,921	71,921	72,278	357	
CHARGES FOR SERVICE					
Sanitation fees	353,200	353,200	357,888	4,688	
OTHER REVENUE					
Donations	-	-	633	633	
Interest	5,000	5,000	2,888	(2,112)	
Penalties	20,000	20,000	2,212	(17,788)	
Encroachment fees	3,200	3,200	3,900	700	
Rent	4,500	4,500	5,575	1,075	
Miscellaneous	86,000	86,000	58,931	(27,069)	
Total other	118,700	118,700	74,139	(44,561)	
TOTAL REVENUE	<u>\$ 3,818,891</u>	<u>\$3,818,891</u>	<u>\$ 3,891,473</u>	<u>\$ 72,582</u>	

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	Enacted Amended Budget Budget		Actual	Variance	
EXPENDITURES					
General Government					
Salaries	\$ 87,502	\$ 87,502	\$ 77,554	\$ (9,948)	
Overtime	2,060	2,060	1,222	(838)	
Employee Insurance	31,985	31,985	21,901	(10,084)	
Employer portion FICA	9,303	9,303	8,227	(1,076)	
Employer portion Medicare	2,176	2,176	1,929	(247)	
Mayor/Council	60,480	60,480	60,480	•	
Employer portion retirement	14,685	14,685	14,574	(111)	
Unemployment insurance	20,000	20,000	-	(20,000)	
Computer maintenance	19,000	19,000	25,682	6,682	
Tax preparation (PVA)	35,000	35,000	33,332	(1,668)	
Ordinance codification	5,000	5,000	3,291	(1,709)	
Workers compensation	7,000	7,000	4,667	(2,333)	
Property/liability insurance	61,000	61,000	57,607	(3,393)	
Auditing Gas/electric/telephone	22,000	22,000	22,383	383	
Legal fees	83,000 50,000	83,000 50,000	109,271 53,150	26,271 3,150	
Legal advertisements	7,000	7,000	7,741	741	
Legal fees - delinquent taxes	7,000	7,000	(5,495)	(5,495)	
Office supplies	7,000	7,000	4,862	(2,138)	
Repair and maintenance	5,000	5,000	1,342	(3,658)	
Seminars/education	6,000	6,000	6,773	773	
Miscellaneous	12,000	12,000	11,104	(896)	
Small equipment purchases	2,000	2,000	3,425	1,425	
Board of adjustments and appeals	1,000	1,000	700	(300)	
Welcome center	-,	.1	2,227	2.227	
Christmas fund	-	-	2,002	2,002	
Renaissance fund	-	-	12,310	12,310	
Total administration	550,189	550,189	542,261	(7,928)	
Police					
Police salaries	613,018	613,018	585,742	(27,276)	
Overtime salaries	18,540	18,540	16,815	(1,725)	
Part-time salaries	64,244	64,244	40,114	(24,130)	
KLEFPF	40,300	40,300	40,108	(192)	
Employee insurance	149,500	149,500	124,529	(24,971)	
Employer portion FICA	43,140	43,140	38,618	(4,522)	
Employer portion Medicare	10,089	10,089	9,034	(1,055)	
Employer portion Retirement	239,789	239,789	236,833	(2,956)	
Workers compensation	43,700	43,700	24,659	(19,041)	
Automobile insurance	37,950	37,950	25,539	(12,411)	
Liability insurance	47,150	47,150	21,706	(25,444)	
Radio maintenance	6,000	6,000	4,082	(1,918)	
Computer maintenance	15,050	15,050	14,229	(821)	
Seminars and education	8,000	8,000	5,818	(2,182)	
Uniform expense	18,000	18,000	10,965	(7,035)	
Miscellaneous	30,683	30,683	23,270	(7,413)	
Crime prevention	4,000	4,000	3,567	(433)	
Criminal investigations	4,000	4,000	3,050	(950)	
Firing range expense	2,500	2,500	40	(2,460)	
Small equipment purchases	4,000	4,000	4,981	981	
Gas and oil	47,000	47,000	46,906	(94)	
Equipment repairs	28,000	28,000	26,195	(1,805)	
Drug enforcement funds	1,500	1,500	-	(1,500)	
Dry cleaning	2,000	2,000	1,700	(300)	
Telephone/cellular/pagers	7,000	7,000	10,122	3,122	
Oldham County dispatch	12,250	12,250	12,250	/////	
Total police department	1,497,403	1,497,403	1,330,872	(166,531)	

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	Enacted Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance
Public Works				
Salaries	314,338	314,338	311,260	(3,078)
Overtime salaries	10,506	10,506	6,230	(4,276)
Employee insurance	129,950	129,950	87,049	(42,901)
Employer portion FICA	20,140	20,140	18,365	(1,775)
Employer portion Medicare	4,710	4,710	4,295	(415)
Employer portion Retirement	62,725	62,725	60,900	(1,825)
Workers Compensation	30,000	30,000	20,509	(9,491)
Vehicle insurance	30,723	30,723	26,247	(4,476)
Utilities	10,500	10,500	11,273	773
Seminars/Education	1,000	1,000	-	(1,000)
Uniforms	6,000	6,000	5,936	(64)
Small equipment purchases	2,500	2,500	2,681	181
Gas and oil	17,000	17,000	19,479	2,479
Equipment/vehicle repairs	14,000	14,000	15,324	1,324
Computer maintenance	1,000	1,000	-	(1,000)
Crushed rock	2,500	2,500	1,194	(1,306)
Signs and posts	7,000	7,000	4,718	(2,282)
Sidewalks	5,000	5,000	1,521	(3,479)
Drainage	10,000	10,000	10	(9,990)
Paving material	10,000	10,000	90	(9,910)
Street paint	4,500	4,500	599	(3,901)
Snow removal	10,000	10,000	516	(9,484)
Grounds maintenance	10,000	10,000	4,890	(5,110)
Building maintenance	12,000	12,000	3,791	(8,209)
Equipment rental	2,000	2,000	571	(1,429)
Tires and batteries	2,500	2,500	4,080	1,580
Miscellaneous	2,000	2,000	845	(1,155)
CDL license	1,000	1,000	591	(409)
Contract help	26,000	26,000	18,200	(7,800)
Safety	3,200	3,200	2,324	(876)
Street lighting	2,000	2,000	1,288	(712)
Total public works	764,792	764,792	634,776	(130,016)
Sanitation	319,000	319,000	323,473	4,473
Parks and Recreation	183,700	183,700	171,908	(11,792)
Community Development				
Main street	5,000	5,000	1,242	(3,758)
Discover downtown LaGrange	28,000	28,000	28,000	(0,100)
Economic development, OLDA	241,000	241,000	224,664	(16,336)
Historic preservation	2,500	2,500	957	(1,543)
Tree replacement	1,500	1,500	001	(1,500)
•	3,500	3,500	2,500	(1,000)
GIS and surveying Mayor's discretionary	1,000	1,000	2,560	(744)
Elementary school - library	2,000	2,000	2,000	(144)
	2,000 6,000	6,000	5,972	(28)
Festivals - Christmas, OC Day				• •
HDB bus transportation Total special appropriations	<u>26,000</u> 316,500	<u> </u>	<u>23,827</u> 289, 4 18	<u>(2,173</u>) (27,082)
τοται ορεσιαι αρμιορπατισπο	510,000	510,000		(21,002)

	Enacted Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance
Public Properties				
Salaries	24,452	24,452	20,454	(3,998)
Overtime	1,030	1,030	· -	(1,030)
Employer portion FICA	1,580	1,580	1,176	(404)
Employer portion Medicare	370	370	277	(93)
Employer portion Retirement	4,982	4,982	4,093	(889)
Health insurance	6,600	6,600	5,166	(1,434)
Workers compensation	1,100	1,100	1,100	-
Tools and equipment	2,500	2,500	736	(1,764)
Gas and oil	2,000	2,000	2,141	141
Truck repairs	2,000	2,000	368	(1,632)
Repairs/maintenance on blue house	1,000	1,000	1,034	34
Electric/telephone on blue house	2,500	2,500	2,038	(462)
Repairs/maintenance 208/210 Main St	3,000	3,000	1,440	(1,560)
Total public properties	53,114	53,114	40,023	(13,091)
Capital Outlay				
General - equipment	5,000	5,000	-	(5,000)
Police - equipment	55,000	55,000	39,776	(15,224)
Public works - equipment	20,000	20,000	16,178	(3,822)
Total capital outlay	80,000	80,000	55,954	(24,046)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>\$ 3,764,698</u>	<u>\$ 3,764,698</u>	<u>\$ 3,388,685</u>	<u>\$ (376,013</u>)

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MUNICIPAL ROAD AID FUND	Enacted Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance	
REVENUES	•				
Fund Payments Interest	\$ 120,000 2,300		\$ 142,552 1,113	\$ 22,552	
Carryover	48,500		1,113	(1,187) (48,500)	
Canyoton	40,000	40,000		(48,500)	
TOTAL REVENUE	<u>\$ 170,800</u>	<u>\$ 170,800</u>	<u>\$ 143,665</u>	<u>\$ (27,135</u>)	
EXPENDITURES					
Street repair and maintenance	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 170,800</u>	<u>\$ 208,170</u>	<u>\$ </u>	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>\$ 170,800</u>	<u>\$ 170,800</u>	<u>\$ 208,170</u>	<u>\$ 37,370</u>	
DEBT SERVICE FUND					
REVENUES	•	•	• -	•	
Interest Transfers in	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5	\$ 5	
	97,250	97,250	95,180	(2,070)	
TOTAL REVENUE	<u>\$ 97,250</u>	<u>\$ 97,250</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ (2,065</u>)	
EXPENDITURES					
Debt service	<u>\$ 97,250</u>	<u>\$ 97,250</u>	<u>\$ 95,180</u>	<u>\$ (2,070</u>)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>\$ 97,250</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 95,180</u>	<u>\$ (2,070</u>)	
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND REVENUES					
Interest	\$-	\$-	\$ 9	\$ 9	
Transfers in	• -	* -	• ·	Ψ J	
TOTAL REVENUE	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$9</u>	<u>\$9</u>	
EXPENDITURES					
Capital outlay	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
Debt service	-	-	-	-	
Transfers out					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$. </u>	
PARKS BOARD FUND					
REVENUES					
Other revenues	\$-	\$-	\$ 31,066	\$ 31,066	
Transfers in					
TOTAL REVENUE	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$31,066</u>	<u>\$ 31,066</u>	
EXPENDITURES	¢	¢	¢ 20.017	¢ 22.047	
Capital outlay	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 32,017</u>	<u>\$ 32,017</u>	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 32,017</u>	<u>\$ 32,017</u>	

ABC FUND REVENUES	Enacted Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance
Licenses and permits	<u>\$</u> 21,358	<u>\$21,358</u>	<u>\$ 151,351</u>	<u>\$ 129,993</u>
TOTAL REVENUE	<u>\$21,358</u>	<u>\$21,358</u>	<u>\$ 151,351</u>	<u>\$ 129,993</u>
EXPENDITURES ABC	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 91,174</u>	<u>\$ 91,174</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$91,174</u>	<u>\$91,174</u>
BUS FUND REVENUES				
Intergovernmental revenue:	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$25,000</u>	<u>\$ 25,000</u>
TOTAL REVENUE	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$25,000</u>	<u>\$25,000</u>
EXPENDITURES Bus operations	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$	<u>\$-</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -

CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR FUNDS June 30, 2013

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ASSETS	Municipal Road Aid Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Foundations and Parks Fund	ABC Fund	Bus Fund	Total
Assets Cash Accounts receivable Due from other fund Total assets	\$ 285,905 12,649 \$ 298,554	\$ 5,118 \$ 5,118	\$ 64,426 \$ 64,426	\$ 39,018 	\$ 90,294 52,516 \$ 142,810	\$ 25,000 \$ 25,000	\$ 509,761 65,165 \$ 574,926
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	<u> </u>	<u>φ 0, 110</u>	φ <u>04,425</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 014,020</u>
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other fund	\$ 	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ - <u>82,633</u>	\$ - 	\$ - <u>82,633</u>
Total liabilities Fund balance	- 298,554	5,118	64,426	<u>39,018</u>	82,633 <u>60,177</u>	25,000	82,633 <u>492,293</u>
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 298,554</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 64,426</u>	\$ 39,018	<u>\$ 142,810</u>	<u>\$ 25,000</u>	<u>\$ 574,926</u>

CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL NONMAJOR FUNDS for the year ended June 30, 2013

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	Municipal Road Aid Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Foundations and Parks Fund	ABC Fund	Bus Fund	Total
REVENUES		•	^	¢	*	* • • • • • • • •	¢ 407 550
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 142,552	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ 25,000	\$ 167,552
Licenses and permits	- 1,1 1 3	-	- 9	-	151,351	-	151,351
Other revenues	1,113	5	9	31,066			32,193
Total revenues	143,665	5	9	31,066	151,351	25,000	351,096
EXPENDITURES							
ABC	-	-	-	-	91,174	-	91,174
Capital outlay	208,170	-	-	32,017	-	-	240,187
Debt service		95,180					95,180
Total expenditures	208,170	95,180		32,017	91,174		426,541
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures before other sources (uses)	(64,505)	(95,175)	9	(951)	60,177	25,000	<u>(75,445</u>)
Other financing sources							
Transfers in (out)		95,180	-		<u> </u>		95,180
Total other financing sources		95,180					95,180
Excess revenues and other sources over (under)							
expenditures	(64,505)	5	9	(951)	60,177	25,000	19,735
Fund balances, July 1, 2012	363,059	5,113	64,417	39,969			472,558
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30, 2013	<u>\$ 298,554</u>	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 64,426	<u>\$ 39,018</u>	<u>\$ 60,177</u>	\$ 25,000	\$ 492,293

may, Foley, Hensley & Company, PLLC

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Mayor and City Council City of LaGrange, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of LaGrange, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of LaGrange, Kentucky 's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 31, 2014. Our opinion on the financial statements and this report, insofar as they relate to the Utility Commission of the City of LaGrange are based solely on the report of other auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of LaGrange, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of LaGrange, Kentucky's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of LaGrange, Kentucky's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency (2013-001) described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies (2013-002 and 2013-003) described in the accompany schedule of findings and responses to be a significant deficiency.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of LaGrange, Kentucky's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses (2013-004 and 2013-005).

The City of LaGrange, Kentucky's Response to Findings

The City of LaGrange, Kentucky's responses to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City of LaGrange, Kentucky's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lay, Toley, Hensley and Company

Ray, Foley, Hensley and Company, PLLC July 31, 2014

CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES June 30, 2013

2013-001 (Entity-wide)

Criteria: The City is required to have internal controls in place that enable it to apply generally accepted accounting principles to its transactions. Specifically, this includes interfund transactions, payments-on-behalf of the City, accounting for property taxes and year-end accrual transactions.

Cause: The City executes basic and routine transactions throughout the year, however, the City does not apply generally accepted accounting principles to certain non-routine transactions recorded during the year and in making its year-end accruals.

Effect: Management relied on the auditor's year-end adjustments to bring the City's accounting records into compliance with generally accepted accounting principles. Management reviewed, approved and accepted responsibility for the adjusting journal entries prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

Recommendation: We recommend management review the costs and benefits involved to retain a consultant with the required expertise to advise the City during the year concerning non-routine transactions and to assist the City with its year-end close so that the City's accounting records will be in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Management's Response: This is an ongoing finding. Management has determined that it is the most cost effective to continue to rely on the auditor's adjustments to bring the City's accounting records into compliance with generally accepted accounting principles.

2013-002 (Entity-wide)

Criteria: The City is required to have internal controls in place that enable it to prepare complete financial statements, including note disclosures, in compliance with generally accepted accounting principle.

Cause: The City lacks personnel with the expertise to apply generally accepted accounting principles in preparing its financial statements including note disclosures and thus, does not have the internal control procedures required to take responsibility for the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Effect: Management engaged the auditor to prepare draft financial statements, including the related notes to the financial statements. Management reviewed, approved and accepted responsibility for the financial statements prior to their issuance.

Recommendation: We recommend management review the costs and benefits involved to retain a consultant with the required expertise to prepare the financial statements or review the financial statements as prepared by the auditor for compliance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Management's Response: This is an ongoing finding. Management has determined that it is the most cost effective to continue to engage the auditor to draft the financial statements and related notes.

CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES June 30, 2013

2013-003 (Utility Commission)

Criteria: Significant accounts in the general ledger should be reconciled.

Cause: A proper reconciliation was not performed.

Effect: The general ledger was adjusted to the proper balances upon completion of the annual audit.

Recommendation: The general ledger should be reconciled on a monthly basis to the checking account transactions.

Management's Response: We concur with this recommendation.

2013-004 (Utility Commission)

Criteria: Procedures should be in place to provide adequate control over the fixed assets of the Commission to confirm with reasonable assurance existence and completeness.

Cause: No provision has been made for the recording of acquisition, divestiture, and retirement of assets or recognition of depreciation.

Effect: Because of the lack of resources devoted to fixed asset control the Commission underreported income in the previous year by \$30,945 and \$83,447 for the current fiscal year prior to adjustment.

Recommendation: The outsourcing of this service is not unusual for a Utility Commission this size and is a result of management's cost benefit decision to use others' accounting expertise rather than incur internal resource costs. However, procedures should be implemented and resources deployed to verify and provide reasonable if not absolute assurance of the existence and proper accounting for depreciation of fixed assets of the Commission.

Management's Response: We concur with this recommendation and will continue to improve our overall knowledge in performing our oversight responsibilities.

2013-005 (Utility Commission)

Criteria: Procedures should be in place to provide reasonable, if not absolute assurance, that the value recorded by the Commission represents the cost basis to the developers as required by generally accepted accounting principles.

Cause: No reconciliation of the developers cost was provided to reconcile with the value recorded by the Commission.

Effect: The value of assets of the Commission detailed in schedules to the financial statements as water and sewer lines contributed by developers is not supported with cost basis documentation.

Recommendation: On a periodic basis and prior to recording as a contribution to the Commission the Commission should reconcile the amount represented as the cost of water and/or sewer lines of developers to actual costs incurred by the developers.

Management's Response: We concur with this recommendation and will implement procedures to properly document the cost of water/sewer lines contributed to the Commission by developers.