# CITY OF LAGRANGE LaGrange, Kentucky

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

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# City of LaGrange, Kentucky

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis of the City of LaGrange's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Please read in conjunction with the auditors' report beginning on page 9 and the City's financial statements, which begin on page 11.

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's net position increased in the governmental activities and in the business-type activities. The net position of the governmental activities increased by \$1,614,029, or 71%, and the net position of the business-type activities increased by \$307,432, or 2%.
- In the City's governmental activities, revenues increased approximately \$11,941,942, or 281.9 percent, and expenses increased by \$10,775,094 or 284.4 percent. In the business-type activities, revenues increased by \$203,223, which is an increase of 5.4 percent, and expenses increased by \$250,016 or 7.3 percent.

# OVERVIEW OF THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of the management's discussion and analysis report, the independent auditors' report, the basic financial statements of the City, and the independent auditors' report on compliance. The financial statements also include notes that explain in more detail some of the information in the financial statements.

The City's financial statements present two kinds of statements, each with a different snapshot of the City's finances. The focus is both the City as a whole (government-wide) and the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status. The fund financial statements focus on the individual funds of the City, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. Both perspectives (government-wide and fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden the basis of comparison (year to year or government to government) and enhance the City's accountability.

# GOVERNMENT – WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City's activities in a way that will help answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the net position of the City and the changes in them. One can think of the City's net position—the difference between assets and liabilities—as one way to measure financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health or position is improving or deteriorating. However, one will need to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions, population growth, changes in property tax rates or valuation, infrastructure asset condition, and new or changed government legislation.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

Governmental activities—Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including general government administration, police, streets, sanitation and parks. Property taxes, licenses and permits, and grants finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities—The City collects fees from customers to cover the costs of the services, which includes water and sewer and the Eagle Creek golf course.

### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City has two kinds of funds:

Governmental Fund—Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets, that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided at the bottom of the governmental funds statement that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

Proprietary Fund—Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds.

# **NET POSITION**

Our analysis begins with a summary of the City's Statement of Net Position, which is presented on Table A-1 followed by an explanation of the results. Changes in net position are presented in Table A-2, which is also followed by an explanation of the results.

### Table A-1

### **Condensed Statement of Net Position**

		nmental vities		ess-type vities		Primary mment
	<u>FY 2014</u>	<u>FY 2013</u>	<u>FY 2014</u>	<u>FY 2013</u>	<u>FY 2014</u>	<u>FY 2013</u>
Current and Other Assets	\$ 3,151,996	\$ 1,936,736	\$ 2,406,980	\$ 2,091,075	\$ 5,558,976	\$ 4,027,811
Noncurrent and Capital Assets	3,796,838	3,354,747	22,079,101	20,380,525	25,875,939	23,735,272
OLDA Investment	8,540,481				8,540,481	
Total Assets	15,489,315	5,291,483	24,486,081	22,471,600	39,975,396	27,763,083
Current Liabilities	735,202	243,010	777,125	655,514	1,512,327	898,524
Long-Term Debt Outstanding	10,745,000	1,078,285	7,635,559	6,050,121	18,380,559	7,128,406
Other non-current liabilities	123,473	-	-	-	123,473	-
OLDA Investment Liability		1,698,577		-		1,698,577
Total Liabilities	11,603,675	3,019,872	8,412,684	6,705,635	20,016,359	9,725,507
Net Position:						
Net investment in						
capital assets	2,400,038	2,319,747	13,857,402	13,725,6 <b>1</b> 4	16,257,440	16,045,361
Restricted	738,513	298,554	33,271	152,748	771,784	451,302
Unrestricted	747,089	(346,690)	2,182,724	1,887,603	2,929,813	1,540,913
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 3,885,640</u>	<u>\$ 2,271,611</u>	<u>\$ 16,073,397</u>	\$ 15,765,965	<u>\$ 19,959,037</u>	<u>\$ 18,037,576</u>

Net position of the City's governmental activities increased by 71 percent, from \$2,271,611 in 2013 to \$3,885,640 in 2014. The net position of the business-type activities increased from \$15,765,965 in 2013 to \$16,073,397 in 2014, which is a 1.9 percent increase. The net position from one activity generally cannot be used to make up for any deficits in the other activities.

# **NET POSITION, continued**

# Table A-2

**Condensed Statement of Activities** 

Condensed Galenient of Ac	Gover	rnm tiviti			Busine Acti		••	Total Primary Government		•	
Revenues	FY 2014		FY 2013		FY 2014		FY 2013		FY 2014		FY 2013
Program Revenues						_					
Charges for Service	\$ 365,216	\$	357,888	\$	3,821,478	\$	3,240,031	\$	4,186,694	\$	3,597,919
Operating Grants &											
Contributions	375,030		224,568		-		•		375,030		224,568
Capital Grants &									-		-
Contributions	61,470		46,328		127,500		368,660		188,970		414,988
General Revenue									-		-
Taxes	2,557,916		1,430,499		-		-		2,557,916		1,430,499
License fees	2,405,424		2,108,019		-		-		2,405,424		2,108,019
Investment Earnings	4,920		4,015		5,312		8,802		10,232		12,817
Rents	5,300		5,575		-		-		5,300		5,575
Community Center	1,885		889		-		-		1,885		889
Donations	116,187		633		-		-		116,187		633
Change in OLDA Investment	10,239,058		(7,502)		-		-		10,239,058		(7,502)
Miscellaneous	44,602		64,154		9,795		143,369		54,397		207,523
Total Revenue	16,177,008		4,235,066		3,964,085		3,760,862		20,141,093		7,995,928
Program Expenses									· ·		
General Government	579,456		595,087		-		-		579,456		595,087
Public Safety - Police	1,410,514		1,378,935		-		-		1,410,514		1,378,935
Public Works	799,935		825,840				-		799,935		825,840
Parks and Recreation	199,540		193,498		-		-		199,540		193,498
Sanitation	329,889		323,473		-		-		329,889		323,473
Community Development	10,870,786		289,418		-		-		10,870,786		289,418
Public Safety - Fire	-		-				-		-		-
Public Properties	49,660		40,023		•		-		49,660		40,023
Bus	151,312		•		-		-		151,312		-
ABC	123,520		91,174		•		-		123,520		91,174
Interest on Debt	48,110		50,180		-		-		48,110		50,180
Golf Course	-		-		607,401		604,081		607,401		604,081
Sewer and Water	-		-		3,028,762		2,782,066		3,028,762		2,782,066
Total Program Expenses	14,562,722		3,787,628		3,636,163		3,386,147		18,198,885		7,173,775
Change in Net Position			.,								.,,
Before Transfers	1,614,286		447,438		327,922		374,715		1,942,208		822,153
Loss on sale of assets	(257)				(20,490)		- , -		(20,747)		,
2000 VII 3010 VI 033613	(201)				(20,900)	_			(20,141)		
Change in Net Position	<u>\$ 1,614,029</u>	<u>\$</u>	447,438	<u>\$</u>	307,432	<u>\$</u>	374,715	\$	1,921,461	\$	822,153

The City's total revenue increased from \$7,995,928 in 2013 to \$20,141,093 in 2014 or 60.3 percent. On the following page is a more in-depth description of the revenues and expenses of the governmental and business-type activities.

# **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

Next, the City analyzes the governmental activities and the changes in those activities, which is presented in Table A-3.

# Table A-3

### Condensed Governmental Activities - Revenues & Expenditures

	<u>FY 2014</u>	<u>FY 2013</u>	Variance
Taxes	\$ 2,557,915	\$ 1,430,499	\$ 1,127,416
Licenses and permits	2,405,426	2,108,020	297,406
Intergovernmental	387,990	239,830	148,160
Charges for Services	365,216	357,888	7,328
Other Revenues	172,950	106,332	66,618
Total Revenues	5,889,497	4,242,569	1,646,928
General Administration	523,255	542,261	(19,006)
Police Protection	1,371,302	1,330,872	40,430
Public Works	594,369	634,776	(40,407)
Sanitation	329,889	323,473	6,416
Park and Recreation	177,050	171,908	5,142
Community Development	10,870,786	289,418	10,581,368
Public Properties	49,660	40,023	9,637
ABC	117,692	91,174	26,518
Bus	136,879	-	136,879
Capital Outlay	325,825	296,141	29,684
Debt Service	98,110	95,180	2,930
Total Expenditures	14,594,817	3,815,226	10,779,591
Excess Revenues over			
Expenditures before other financing sources	<u>\$ (8,705,320</u> )	<u>\$ 427,343</u>	<u>\$ (9,132,663</u> )

Revenues for the City's governmental activities increased by 28 percent, and total expenditures increased by 283 percent. The City's major source of revenue in the governmental activities is taxes, licenses and permits, which makes up 84.2 percent of total revenues, these revenue sources increased by \$1,424,822 in 2014. The large increase in expense is the result of the refunding of the OLDA debt.

### **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES**

Looking at the business-type activities, revenues (FY 2014) for the City increased to \$3,964,085 or 5.4 percent, while total expenses increased 7.3 percent. The excess of revenues over expenses increased net position by \$307,432. The City's major sources of revenue, beyond customer charges, are capital grants and contributions, which dropped by \$241,160. This revenue source made up 3.2 percent of revenue in FY 2014 and 9.8 percent in FY 2013.

### **BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS**

The budget contains proposed expenditures and expected revenues. A comparison of the final budget to actual amounts is presented in the tables below (Tables A-4 & A-5).

### Table A-4

### Condensed Governmental Activities - Revenues

	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance
Taxes	\$ 1,366,920	\$ 2,557,915	\$ 1,190,995
Licenses and permits	1,977,200	2,085,267	108,067
Intergovernmental	75,000	69,089	(5,911)
Charges for Services	355,000	365,216	10,216
Other Revenues	87,900	172,950	85,050
ABC Fund	-	320,159	320,159
Bus Fund	171,670	129,252	(42,418)
Foundations and Parks Fund	-	56	56
Municipal Aid Fund	 222,000	 189,593	 (32,407)
Total Revenues	\$ 4,255,690	\$ 5,889,497	\$ 1,633,807

#### Table A-5

#### Condensed Governmental Activities - Expenditures

		<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		<u>Variance</u>
General Government	\$	539,433	\$ 523,255	\$	(16,178)
Police Protection		1,397,135	1,371,302		(25,833)
Public Works		687,049	594,369		(92,680)
Sanitation		324,000	329,889		5,889
Park and Recreation		245,000	177,050		(67,950)
Community Development		487,657	10,870,786		10,383,129
Public Properties		57,437	49,660		(7,777)
Capital Outlay		326,200	135,250		(190,950)
Debt Service		98,110	98,110		-
ABC Fund		251,599	146,833		(104,766)
Bus Fund		163,670	136,880		(26,790)
Foundations and Parks Fund		-	-		-
Municipal Aid Fund	_	222,000	 <u>161,433</u>	_	(60,567)
Total Expenditures	\$	4,799,290	\$ 14,594,817	\$	9,795,527

The City budgeted for a total of \$4,255,690 in revenues for 2014, but ended up having revenues of \$5,889,497 which put the City 38.3 percent over the revenue budget. A total of \$4,799,290 was budgeted for expenses, but expenditures totaled \$14,594,817 for the year 2014. The City was over budget on the expenses by \$9,795,527 or 200 percent as detailed above. The City is over budget as a result of refinancing OLDA debt in the current year that was previously reported on the balance sheet of OLDA in prior years.

# **CAPITAL ASSETS**

The City has a total of \$40,428,206 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including police and vehicles, buildings, land, infrastructure assets, and water and sewer lines. This amount represents an increase of \$2,547,619 (6.7 percent) from last year's total investment of \$37,880,587.

### Table A-6

### Capital Assets at Year End Without Depreciation

		nmental vities		ess-type vities		Primary rnment
	FY 2014	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2013	FY 2014	<u>FY 2013</u>
Land & Improvements	\$ 730,201	\$ 730,201	\$-	\$-	\$ 730,201	\$ 730,201
Construction in progress	60,536	-	-	-	60,536	-
Buildings & Improvements	2,085,046	2,085,046	-	-	2,085,046	2,085,046
Vehicles & Equipment	2,526,868	2,415,754	-	-	2,526,868	2,415,754
Infrastructure Assets	1,037,454	876,020	-	-	1,037,454	876,020
Business-Type Assets		-	33,988,101	31,773,566	33,988,101	31,773,566
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$ 6,440,105</u>	<u>\$ 6,107,021</u>	<u>\$ 33,988,101</u>	\$ 31,773,566	\$40,428,206	<u>\$ 37,880,587</u>

# DEBT

This year the City has \$19,527,806 in long-term debt, a 157.3 percent increase from last year's total of \$7,589,425.

### Table A-7

### **Debt Outstanding at Year End**

		nmental vities		ss-type vities	Total P Gover	rimary nment
	<u>FY 2014</u>	<u>FY 2013</u>	<u>FY 2014</u>	<u>FY 2013</u>	<u>FY 2014</u>	<u>FY 2013</u>
Capital Leases	\$ 985,000	\$ 1,035,000	\$ 2,604,867	\$ 2,835,390	\$ 3,589,867	\$ 3,870,390
Bond Issues	10,350,635	-	5,488,667	3,581,413	15,839,302	3,581,413
Capital Equipment Leases	-	-	-	-	-	-
Customer Deposits	-	-	69,978	54,382	69,978	54,382
Accrued Absences	67,838	70,614	16,456	12,626	84,294	83,240
Total Debt Outstanding	<u>\$ 11,403,473</u>	\$ 1,105,614	\$ 8,179,968	\$ 6,483,811	<u>\$ 19,583,441</u>	\$ 7,589,425

# ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City's elected officials consider many factors when setting the fiscal year 2015 budget. Some of the factors are the local economy, expected grant money, and anticipated tax revenue.

# CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens of the City, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Ms. Stephanie Cooper, City Clerk, at 307 West Jefferson Street, LaGrange, KY 40031. The Utility Commission is located at 412 East Jefferson Street, LaGrange, KY 40031.

TTD Ray, Foley, Hensley & Company, PLLC

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Mayor and the City Council City of LaGrange LaGrange, Kentucky

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of LaGrange, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Utility Commission of the City of LaGrange (UCCL), which is both a major fund and 87.9%, 96.2%, and 86.1%, respectively, of the assets, net position, and operating revenues of the business-type activities. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for those activities, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City LaGrange, Kentucky as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 1-8 and 38-41 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inguiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other information

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of LaGrange, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The supplementary schedules on pages 42-45 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The supplementary schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit, the supplementary schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Prior-year comparative information

We have previously audited, along with other auditors, the City's 2013 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified audit opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and the aggregate remaining fund information in our report dated July 31, 2014. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated May 8, 2015 on our consideration of the City of LaGrange, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain laws, regulations, contracts and grants. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of LaGrange, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Day, Soley, Hensley & Company Ray, Foley, Hensley & Company, PLLC

May 8, 2015

# CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2014

June 30, 2014	
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	Р	rimary Governme	nt	
	Governmental	Business-type		2013
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Totals	Totals
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,010,539	\$ 1,952,366	\$ 3,962,905	\$ 3,054,548
Receivables (net)	1,114,664	378,515	1,493,179	857,272
Interest receivable	-	2,510	2,510	2,549
Internal balances	26,793	(26,793)	-	-
Inventory of supplies		34,382	34,382	113,442
Total current assets	3,151,996	2,340,980	5,492,976	4,027,811
Non-current assets				
Restricted cash and cash				
equivalents	411,800	128,165	539,965	238,108
Long-term accounts receivable	-	66,000	66,000	-
Investment in joint venture (net equity)				<i></i>
Oldham-LaGrange Development Authority	8,540,481	<u> </u>	8,540,481	(1,698,577)
Total non-current assets	8,952,281	194,165	9,146,446	(1,460,469)
Capital assets				
Construction in progress	60,536	-	60,536	2,405,549
Land and improvements, net	730,201	2,731,438	3,461,639	3,560,560
Plant and sewer system, net	-	18,207,584	18,207,584	13,875,923
Depreciable buildings, property, and equipment, net	2,023,257	1,011,914	3,035,171	3,143,871
Infrastructure, net	571,044	-	571,044	511,261
Total capital assets	3,385,038	21,950,936	25,335,974	23,497,164
Total assets	\$ 15,489,315	\$ 24,486,081	\$ 39,975,396	\$26,064,506
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	+ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities	\$ 177,909	\$ 144,233	\$ 322,142	\$ 339,990
Accounts payable Accrued payroll liabilities	22,293	5 144,233 7,122	\$ 322,142 29,415	31,197
Accrued interest	-	29,624	29,624	29,069
Unearned revenue	-	51,737	51,737	37,249
Current portion of long-term obligations	535,000	544,409	1,079,409	558,534
Total current liabilities	735,202	777,125	1,512,327	996,039
Non-current liabilities				
Non-current portion of long-term				
obligations	10,800,635	7,549,125	18,349,760	6,893,269
Accrued leave	67,838	16,456	84,294	83,240
Customer deposits		69,978	69,978	54,382
Total liabilities	11,603,675	8,412,684	20,016,359	8,026,930
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	2,400,038	13,857,402	16,257,440	16,045,361
Restricted for:				
Road improvements	326,713	-	326,713	298,554
Debt service	411,800	33,271	445,071	152,748
Unrestricted	747,089	2,182,724	2,929,813	1,540,913
Total net position	3,885,640	16,073,397	19,959,037	18,037,576
Total liabilities and net position	<u>\$ 15,489,315</u>	<u>\$ 24,486,081</u>	\$ 39,975,396	\$26,064,506

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

### CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES for the year ended June 30, 2014

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		P	rogram Revenu		Ch	Expense) Reve anges in Net Po	sition	
Functions/Drograms	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	rimary Governr Business-type Activities		2013 Totals
<u>Functions/Programs</u> Primary government	Expenses	Jervices	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities		Totals
Governmental activities								
General government	\$ 579,456	\$-	\$ 3,161	\$-	\$ (576,295)	\$-	\$ (576,295)	\$ (592,250
Public safety-Police	1,410,514	-	53,575	12,960	(1,343,979)	-	(1,343,979)	(1,309,494
Public works	799,935	-	189,042	-	(610,893)	-	(610,893)	(683,288
Parks and recreation	199,540	-	-	56	(199,484)	-	(199,484)	(162,432
Sanitation	329,889	365,216	-	-	35,327	-	35,327	34,415
Community development	10,870,786	-	-	-	(10,870,786)	-	(10,870,786)	(289,418
Public properties	49,660	-	-	-	(49,660)	-	(49,660)	(40,023
Bus	151,312	-	129,252	48,454	26,394	-	26,394	25,000
ABC	123,520	-	-	-	(123,520)	-	(123,520)	(91,174
Interest on long-term debt	48,110	-		-	(48,110)		(48,110)	(50,180
Total governmental activities	14,562,722	365,216	375,030	61,470	(13,761,006)	-	(13,761,006)	(3,158,844)
Business-type activities							<u></u> /	
Utility Commission	3,028,762	3,291,660	_	_		262,898	262,898	299,461
-	607,401	529,818	-	127,500		49,917	49,917	(76,917)
Golf Course	007,401	029,010		127,500		43,317	49,917	(70,917)
Total business-type				107 500		040.045	040.045	000 544
activities	3,636,163	3,821,478		127,500		312,815	312,815	222,544
Total primary government	<u>\$ 18,198,885</u>	\$4,186,694	<u>\$ 375,030</u>	<u>\$ 188,970</u>	(13,761,006)	312,815	(13,448,191)	(2,936,300
	General revenue Taxes Property taxes		neral purposes		1,279,011	-	1,279,011	1,263,634
	Bank shares				52,353	-	52,353	50,410
	Motor vehicle	tax			126,974	-	126,974	116,455
	Compensation License fees	n tax			1,099,578	•	1,099,578	-
	Franchise fees	2			347,530	-	347,530	298,335
	Business licer	-			332,635	-	332,635	297,487
	Insurance pre				1,405,100	-	1,405,100	1,360,846
	Other fees an				320,159	-	320,159	151,351
	Investment earn	•			4,920	5,312	10,232	12,817
	Rents				5,300	-	5,300	5,575
	Community Cen	ter			1,885	-	1,885	889
	Donations				116,187	-	116,187	633
	Miscellaneous				44,602	9,795	54,397	207,523
	Total general re	venues			5,136,234	15,107	5,151,341	3,765,955
	•	ase) in joint ver ent Authority	nture - Oldham-L	aGrange	10,239,058	-	10,239,058	(7,502)
	(Loss) on dispo:	sal of capital as	sets		(257)	(20,490)	(20,747)	<b>-</b>
	Total genera	and other reve	enues		15,375,035	(5,383)	15,369,652	3,758,453
	Change in Net Po	osition			1,614,029	307,432	1,921,461	822,153
	Net position - beg	inning			2,271,611	15,765,965	18,037,576	17,215,423
	NET POSITION -	ENDING			\$ 3,885,640	\$ 16,073,39 <b>7</b>	\$ 19,959,037	\$ 18,03 <b>7</b> ,576

# CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2014

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	2013 Totals
ASSETS	·····			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,698,253	\$ 724,086	\$ 2,422,339	\$ 1,355,170
Receivables, net	993,614	121,050	1,114,664	525,502
Due from other funds	167,878	-	167,878	141,738
Total assets	<u>\$ 2,859,745</u>	<u>\$845,136</u>	<u>\$ 3,704,881</u>	<u>\$ 2,022,410</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 177,909	\$-	\$ 177,909	\$ 193,010
Accrued payroll payable	22,293	* -	22,293	22,671
Due to other funds	3,041	138,044	141,085	85,674
Accrued leave	67,838	-	67,838	70,614
Total liabilities	271,081	138,044	409,125	371,969
Fund balances Restricted				
Road improvements		226 712	226 742	200 554
Debt service	- 411,800	326,713	326,713 411,800	298,554
Committed	411,000	-	411,000	5,118
Capital projects		64,429	64,429	64 406
Foundations and parks	-	39,074	39,074	64,426
ABC	-	233,503	233,503	39,018
Bus	-	43,373		60,177
Unassigned	-	43,373	43,373	25,000
General fund	2,176,864		2,176,864	1,158,148
Contrainanta			2,110,004	
Total fund balances	2,588,664	707,092	3,295,756	1,650,441
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 2,859,745</u>	<u>\$845,136</u>	<u>\$ 3,704,881</u>	<u>\$ 2,022,410</u>
Amounts reported for <i>governmenta</i> of net position are different becau Fund balances reported above Capital assets used in governme financial resources and theref		\$ 3,295,756	\$ 1,650,441	
reported in the funds. Equity interests in joint ventures		sources and	3,385,038	3,354,747
therefore are not reported in the reported as the net equity in the Long-term liabilities, including bo	ne funds. The equine joint venture's no nds payable and u	ity interest is et position. namortized	8,540,481	(1,698,577)
bond premium are not due an and therefore are not reported		ment penoa	(11,335,635)	(1,035,000)
Net position of governmental act	ivities		<u>\$ 3,885,640</u>	<u>\$ 2,271,611</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

# CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

for the year ended June 30, 2014

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	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	2013 Totals
REVENUES				101013
Taxes	\$ 2,557,915	\$-	\$ 2,557,915	\$ 1,430,499
Licenses and permits	2,085,267	320,159	2,405,426	2,108,020
Intergovernmental	69,696	318,294	387,990	239,830
Charges for services	365,216	-	365,216	357,888
Other revenues	172,335	615	172,950	106,332
Total revenues	5,250,429	639,068	5,889,497	4,242,569
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General administration	523,255	-	523,255	542,261
Public safety-Police	1,371,302	-	1,371,302	1,330,872
Public works	594,369	-	594,369	634,776
Sanitation	329,889	-	329,889	323,473
Parks and recreation	177,050	-	177,050	171,908
Community development	10,870,786	-	10,870,786	289,418
Public properties	49,660	-	49,660	40,023
ABC Bus	-	117,692	117,692	91,174
Capital outlay	125 250	136,879	136,879	-
Debt service	135,250	190,575 98,110	325,825 98,110	296,141
Debt service	·		98,110	95,180
Total expenditures	14,051,561	543,256	14,594,817	3,815,226
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(8,801,132)	95,812	(8,705,320)	427,343
Other financing sources				
Other financing source-refunding bonds	10,350,635	-	10,350,635	-
Transfer in (out)	(118,987)	118,987		-
Net change in fund balances	1,430,516	214,799	1,645,315	427,343
Fund balances-beginning	1,158,148	492,293	1,650,441	1,223,098
		-32,200	1,000,441	1,223,030
Fund balances-ending	<u>\$ 2,588,664</u>	<u>\$ 707,092</u>	<u>\$ 3,295,756</u>	<u>\$ 1,650,441</u>
Reconciliation to government-wide change in net p	osition:			
Net change in fund balances			\$ 1,645,315	\$ 427,343
Add: capital outlay expenditures capitalized			325,825	296,141
Add: contributed capital assets			48,454	-
Add: debt service expenditures			98,110	95,180
Add: increases in the equity interest of joint ver	nturues		10,239,058	(7,502)
Less: issuance of refunding bonds			(10,350,635)	-
Less: depreciation on governmental activities a	ssets		(343,731)	(313,544)
Less: interest expense			(48,110)	(50,180)
Less: loss on disposal of capital assets			(257)	
Change in net position - governmental activities			<u>\$ 1,614,029</u>	<u>\$ 447,438</u>

### CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2014

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	Bu	2013		
ASSETS	Water & Sewer	isiness-type Activit Golf Course	Totals	Totals
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,865,514	\$ 86,852	\$ 1,952,366	\$ 1,699,378
Receivables (net)	367,415	11,100	378,515	331,770
Interest receivable	2,510	-	2,510	2,549
Inventory	27,950	6,432	34,382	113,442
Due from other funds	-	3,041	3,041	3,041
Total current assets	2,263,389	107,425	2,370,814	2,150,180
Non-current assets				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	69,978	58,187	128,165	238,108
Long-term accounts receivable		66,000	66,000	
Total non-current assets	69,978	124,187	194,165	238,108
Capital assets				
Construction in progress	-	-	-	2,405,549
Land	94,897	1,614,643	1,709,540	1,709,540
Land improvements	-	2,334,539	2,334,539	2,346,687
Plant and sewer system	27,924,350		27,924,350	23,097,317
Buildings and improvements	857,893	-	857,893	857,893
Vehicle and equipment	772,569	389,210	1,161,779	1,356,580
Less: accumulated depreciation	(10,434,916)	(1,602,249)	(12,037,165)	(11,631,149)
Total capital assets	19,214,793	2,736,143	21,950,936	20,142,417
Total assets	<u>\$ 21,548,160</u>	<u>\$ 2,967,755</u>	<u>\$ 24,515,915</u>	<u>\$ 22,530,705</u>
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 129,017	\$ 15,216	\$ 144,233	\$ 146,980
Accrued payroll liabilities	φ 120,017	7,122	7,122	8,526
Accrued interest payable	4,708	24,916	29,624	29,069
Unearned revenue	-,100	51,737	51,737	37,249
Due to other funds	29,834	-	29,834	59,105
Capital lease obligations	222,326	15,000	237,326	230,521
Bonds, notes, and loans payable	132,083	175,000	307,083	278,013
Total current liabilities	517,968	288,991	806,959	789,463
Non-current liabilities				
Capital lease obligations	1,287,541	1,080,000	2,367,541	2,604,869
Bonds, notes, and loans payable	4,201,584	980,000	5,181,584	3,303,400
Accrued compensated absences	16,456	-	16,456	12,626
Customer deposits payable	69,978		69,978	54,382
Total non-current liabilities	5,575,559	2,060,000	7,635,559	5,975,277
Total liabilities	6,093,527	2,348,991	8,442,518	6,764,740
NET POSITION	13,371,259	486,143	13,857,402	13 775 614
Net investment in capital assets	13,371,239	400,143	13,057,402	13,725,614
Restricted for:		33 374	22 274	150 740
Debt service	2,083,374	33,271 99,350	33,271 2 182 724	152,748 1 887 603
Unrestricted	2,000,574	89,330	2,182,724	1,887,603
Total net position	15,454,633	618,764	16,073,397	15,765,965
Total liabilities and net position	<u>\$ 21,548,160</u>	<u>\$ 2,967,755</u>	\$ 24,515,915	\$ 22,530,705

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

### CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS for the year ended June 30, 2014

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	Busir	ess-type Activ	s-type Activities		
	Water & Sewer		Totals	Totals	
Operating revenues	6				
Charges for services	\$ 3,238,017	\$ 529,818	\$ 3,767,835	\$ 3,234,748	
Other income	53,643		53,643	5,283	
Total operating revenues	3,291,660	529,818	3,821,478	3,240,031	
Operating expenses					
General and administrative	654,538	132,435	786,973	629,635	
Rent	-	1,275	1,275	1,226	
Salaries and wages	-	136,773	136,773	144,372	
Repairs and maintenance	-	38,800	38,800	61,362	
Cost of sales	592,869	32,236	625,105	633,149	
Other operating expenses	913,163	51,398	964,561	891,325	
Depreciation	646,271	125,031	771,302	758,167	
Total operating expenses	2,806,841	517,948	3,324,789	3,119,236	
OPERATING INCOME	484,819	11,870	496,689	120,795	
Non-operating income (expense)					
Interest and investment revenue	4,570	742	5,312	8,802	
Interest expense	(221,921)	(89,453)	(311,374)	(266,911)	
Other miscellaneous income	9,795	-	9,795	143,369	
Loss from disposal of capital asset(s)	(20,490)		(20,490)		
Total non-operating (expense)	(228,046)	(88,711)	(316,757)	(114,740)	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	256,773	(76,841)	179,932	6,055	
Capital Contributions		127,500	127,500	368,660	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	256,773	50,659	307,432	374,715	
Net position - beginning of the year	15,197,860	568,105	15,765,965	15,391,250	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 15,454,633</u>	<u>\$_618,764</u>	<u>\$ 16,073,397</u>	<u>\$ 15,765,965</u>	

# CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS for the year ended June 30, 2014

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	Business-type Activities						2013		
	Wa	ter & Sewer		olf Course		Totals		Totals	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments for employee services and benefits Receipts of customer meter deposits Other receipts	\$	3,253,083 (1,511,269) (590,235) 15,596 39	\$	473,153 (242,579) (159,384) - -	\$	3,726,236 (1,753,848) (749,619) 15,596 39	\$	3,259,554 (1,649,496) (721,618) 7,567 (1,877)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,167,214		71,190		1,238,404		894,130	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital contributions Purchases of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt Proceeds from loans Interest paid on capital debt		(2,595,534) (326,674) 2,188,406 (221,921)		127,500 (4,775) (185,000) - (92,468)		127,500 (2,600,309) (511,674) 2,188,406 (314,389)		368,660 (2,297,920) (454,203) 2,310,262 (270,817)	
Other miscellaneous income		9,795		-		9,795	-	143,369	
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends		(945,928) 4,570		(154,743) 742	<u> </u>	(1,100,671) 5,312		(200,649) 8,802	
Net cash provided by investing activities		4,570		742		5,312		<u>8,802</u>	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		225,856		(82,811)		143,045		702,283	
Cash and cash equivalents-beginning of the year		1,709,636		227,850		1,937,486		1,235,203	
· · · ·	·								
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$</u>	1,935,492	\$	145,039	\$	2,080,531	<u>\$</u>	1,937,486	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	484,819	\$	11,870	\$	496,689	\$	120,795	
Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities: Receivables, net Inventory Interest receivable Due to other funds and compensated leave Accounts and other payables Accrued expenses Customer deposits payable Unearned revenue		646,271 (38,577) 78,368 39 (25,443) 6,141 - 15,596 		125,031 (74,168) 692 - (5,319) (1,404) - 14,488		771,302 (112,745) 79,060 39 (25,443) 822 (1,404) 15,596 14,488		758,167 (18,138) (21,777) (1,877) 6,014 39,253 (324) 7,567 4,450	
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	1,167,214	<u>\$</u>	71,190	<u>\$</u>	1,238,404	<u>\$</u>	894,130	

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of LaGrange, Kentucky (the City) operates under the City Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, public works, recreation and community development. The accounting policies of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the City include the funds, account groups and entities over which the Mayor and Council exercise significant oversight responsibility. Oversight responsibility, as defined by Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, was determined on the basis of the City's ability to significantly influence operation, select the governing body, and participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. The Council has oversight responsibility for various boards and foundations included in the accompanying financial statements. The LaGrange Public Properties Corporation and Utility Commission of the City of LaGrange, Kentucky are blended component units that are subject to the City's oversight responsibility. Separately issued financial statements of the Utility Commission can be obtained by request at 203 S. Walnut Street, LaGrange, KY, 40031 or by calling (502) 222-9325. The City is involved in a joint venture with Oldham County in Oldham-LaGrange Development Authority. See footnote 13.

### B. Blended Component Units

Blended component units are separate entities that meet the component unit criteria described above and whose governing body is the same as or designated by the City Council or the component unit provides services entirely to the City. These component units' funds are blended into those of the City's by appropriate activity type.

Component units that are blended into the reporting activity types of the City's report are presented below:

Component Unit	<b>Brief Description/Inclusion Criteria</b>	Reporting
City of LaGrange Public Properties Corporation	The Corporation is legally separate from the City, but it is reported as if it were part of the City, the primary government, because its sole purpose is to finance the acquisition of City real estate and buildings.	Governmental Fund
Utility Commission of the City of LaGrange, Kentucky	The Commission is operated by a five member board of commissioners which includes four City of LaGrange, Kentucky, residents appointed by the Mayor and approved by the City Council. The fifth member of the board of commissioners is a member of the City Council appointed by and from the membership of the City Council. The Commission is an agency that the City Council created to supervise control and maintain the waterworks and sewer system for the City.	

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Basis of Presentation

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include a statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements display information about the City as a whole. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities of the City. These financial statements include the financial activities of the City except for fiduciary activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fees and charges for support. The government-wide statement of activities reflects costs of government by function for governmental activities and business-type activities. Program revenues include charges paid by recipient for the goods or services offered by the program and grants or contributions that are restricted to the program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate fiscal and accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that is comprised of its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund balance, revenues and expenditures or expenses.

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions are financed. The governmental fund measurement focus is the determination of financial position and budgetary control over revenues and expenditures. Proprietary fund types are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to business enterprises - where intent of the governing body is that costs of providing services are to be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

The following funds are used by the City of LaGrange:

#### Governmental Funds

**General Fund** – The general operating fund of the City is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Most of the essential governmental services such as police and fire protection, community services and general administration are reported in this fund.

**Debt Service Fund** – Accounts for the activities of the City of LaGrange Public Properties Corporation. The Corporation was created as a non-profit, non-stock corporation to acquire, with borrowed funds, real property for use by the city.

**Capital Project Fund** – The Capital Project Fund is used to account for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

#### **Governmental Funds** (continued)

**Parks Board Fund** – Accounts for the activities of the City of LaGrange Foundation, Inc., which was created as a non-profit corporation to receive donations for projects for the betterment of the City of LaGrange and Oldham County.

**Municipal Road Aid Fund** – Special revenue fund that accounts for the money received from the Commonwealth of Kentucky under the gasoline tax distribution program. Amounts received are reserved for road maintenance.

**ABC Fund** – Accounts for the receipts and expenditures related to the regulation of sales of alcoholic beverages in the City.

**Bus Fund** – Accounts for the receipts and expenditures related to the operation of the City buses.

#### Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for the ongoing organizations and activities of the City, which are similar to those found in private business enterprises. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in cash flows.

Enterprise funds are established to account for the acquisition, operations and maintenance of the City's facilities and services which are entirely or predominantly self-supported by user charges or where the City has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The accounts are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. The City's enterprise operations include the following:

**Utility Commission of the City of LaGrange, Kentucky** – Accounts for activities in providing water and sewer services to the residents of the City, the operations of which are financed by user charges.

**Eagle Creek Golf Course** – Accounts for activities in providing golfing facilities to the public and the management of the retail pro-shop.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### D. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the City as a whole. The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for individual funds.

### Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. Their focus is on individual funds rather than reporting funds by type. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet.

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. A period of sixty (60) days is used for property tax revenues. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term debt, are recorded when the liability is incurred.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Operating revenues include charges for service and other income, operating expenses include direct costs and depreciation. All other revenues or expenses are treated as non-operating.

Permits, fines and forfeits, and miscellaneous revenues (except for investment earnings) are recorded as revenues when received because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded when earned since they are measurable and available in all funds.

#### E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and demand deposits, both unrestricted and restricted. Certificates of deposit include all certificates owned by the City. Cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposits are stated at actual cost which approximates fair value. Kentucky Revised Statute 66.480 permits the City to invest in U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. Agency obligations, certain Federal instruments, repurchase agreements, commercial banks' certificates of deposit, savings and loan deposits, Commonwealth of Kentucky investment pool and the Kentucky League of Cities investment pool.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### F. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

#### G. Supplies Inventory

Inventories in the general and proprietary funds consist of expendable supplies that are stated on a first-in, first-out method. They are reported at cost which is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are used. Inventories of the special revenue funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

#### H. Accounts Receivable

Governmental activities accounts receivable consists of property taxes, compensation taxes, occupational license fees, insurance premium taxes, franchise fees, ABC fees, bus fees, service revenues and grant funds which are disbursed on an expenditure-reimbursement plan.

Business-type activities extend credit to substantially all of their customers.

Accounts receivable are stated at face amount, less an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$94,442 in the general fund and \$7,498 in the proprietary funds, which approximates fair market value.

The City maintains allowances for doubtful accounts based on evaluation by management and percentages applied to the various aging periods of accounts receivable. Specific accounts deemed uncollectible are charged to the allowance upon evaluation by management. Evaluation factors include familiarity with the customer, credit history and the age of the unpaid bill. Property taxes not collected within sixty (60) days of year end are fully reserved.

### I. Capital Assets and Depreciation

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars. Improvements are capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### I. Capital Assets and Depreciation (continued)

Transfers of capital assets between funds are recorded at the net book value of the transferred asset at the time of transfer.

All reported capital assets are depreciated with the exception of land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Years
Utility plant and distribution system Buildings and improvements Land improvements Infrastructure	20-50 10-40 10-40 10-25
Machinery and equipment	3-15

#### J. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents grant revenues received but unearned. Revenues are recognized when eligible expenditures are incurred.

#### K. Compensated Absences

Accrued vacation pay vests as of January 1 and must be used by December 31 of each year. Unused vacation pay is payable upon termination of employment. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a current liability.

#### L. Long-Term Debt and Bond Issuance Costs

In the government-wide and proprietary financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as current and long-term liabilities. In accordance with GASB 65, bond issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### M. Fund Balances

In fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into nonspendable and spendable components, if applicable. The City further breaks down both nonspendable and spendable components into the following components:

Nonspendable - amounts that must be maintained intact legally or contractually.

Restricted – amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Council.

Assigned – for all governmental funds, other than the general fund, any remaining positive amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed. For the general fund, amounts constrained, by intent, to be used for a specific purpose by the City or the elected City official given authority to assign amounts.

Unassigned – for the general fund, amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. For all other government funds, amounts expended in excess of resources that are nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned.

For resources considered to be assigned, the City has designated the Mayor to carry the intent of the City Council.

It is the policy of the City to spend restricted funds first when both restricted and unrestricted funds are available. Once restricted funds are spent, the City will use committed funds first, assigned funds second and unassigned funds last.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the City.

#### N. Budgeting

The City follows the procedures established pursuant to Section 91A.030 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Budgeted amounts in the financial statements are as adopted by ordinance of the City and have been revised for amendments authorized during the year.

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### O. Other Accounting Policies

Interfund transactions are reflected as transfers. Transfers occur for various reasons related to the day to day operations of the funds and are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/from other fund" in the fund financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

The City considers all cash, both restricted and unrestricted, including certificates of deposit with an initial maturity of 90 days or less, as cash for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### P. Management's Review of Subsequent Events

The City has evaluated and considered the need to recognize or disclose subsequent events through May 8, 2015 which represents the date these financial statements were available to be issued. Subsequent events past this date, as they pertain to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, have not been evaluated by the City.

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### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2014, the City had deposits in the amount of \$508,132 that were not covered by FDIC insurance or collateralized. The book balance of the City's deposits totaled \$4,502,870 and the bank balances totaled \$4,551,440.

The following is a detail of the City's cash deposit coverage at June 30, 2014:

FDIC insured	\$ 1,255,081
Collateralized by securities held by the bank in the City's name	2,215,747
Collateralized by securities held by the bank but not in the City's name	_
Invested in money market funds	572,480
Uncollateralized	508,132
Total	<u>\$_4,551,440</u>

Restricted assets consist of the following:

3.

Restricted assets consist of the fold	owing.		1 14:124				
	General Fund	Co	Utility ommission	Go	If Course		Total
Cash – Debt service reserve Cash – Bond and interest account Cash – Customer deposits	\$ 411,800 - 	\$	- - 69,978	\$	- 58,187 	\$	411,800 58,187 <u>69,978</u>
Total	<u>\$.411,800</u>	<u>\$</u>	69,978	<u>\$</u>	<u>58,187</u>	<u>\$</u>	539,965
. RECEIVABLES			General Fund	N	onmajor Funds		vernmental nds Total
Governmental Funds: Taxes Licenses and fees Grants Intergovernmental Other		\$	569,799 494,312 - 4,207 19,738	\$	85,521 20,026 15,503	\$	655,320 494,312 20,026 19,710 <u>19,738</u>
Gross receivables Less: allowance for uncollectible	9		1,088,056 (94,442)		121,050 -		1,209,106 (94,442)
Net receivables		<u>\$</u>	993,614	<u>\$</u>	<u>121,050</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,114,664</u>
Proprietary Funds:		Wate	r & Sewer Fund		Course Fund		oprietary Ids Total
Customer accounts Unbilled receivables Other		\$	285,942 88,971 ~	\$	77,100	\$	285,942 88,971 77,100
Gross receivables Less: allowance for uncollectible	)	<u> </u>	374,913 <u>(7,498)</u>		77,100	_	452,013 (7,498)
Net receivables		<u>\$</u>	367,415	<u>\$</u>	77,100	<u>\$</u>	444,515

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# 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital asset activity during the fiscal year follows:

	Balance July 1, 2013	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2014
Governmental Activities	•			
Capital assets not depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$    730,201	\$ - <u>60,536</u>	\$ - 	\$    730,201 <u>        60,536</u>
Totals	730,201	60,536	<b>_</b>	790,737
Capital assets that are depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	2,085,046 2,415,754	152,308	- (41,194)	2,085,046 <u>2,526,868</u>
Totals	4,500,800	152,308	(41,194)	4,611,914
Total non-infrastructure assets	5,231,001	212,844	(41,194)	5,402,651
Infrastructure assets	876,020	161,434	<b>_</b>	1,037,454
Total capital assets	6,107,021	374,278	(41,194)	6,440,105
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	738,593	60,734	-	799,327
Machinery and equipment	1,648,921	181,346	(40,937)	1,789,330
Infrastructure	364,759	<u> </u>		466,410
Totals	2,752,273	343,731	(40,937)	3,055,067
General capital assets, net	<u>\$ 3,354,748</u>	<u>\$ 30,547</u>	<u>\$ (257)</u>	<u>\$ 3,385,038</u>
Business-Type Activities				
Land and easements	\$ 1,709,540	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,709,540
Buildings and improvements	3,204,581	4,775	(16,923)	3,192,433
Water tank	2,941,159	-	-	2,941,159
Mains, hydrants and new water				0 000 050
services	3,817,112	89,138	-	3,906,250
Sewage treatment plant Sewage system lines	5,794,457	4,832,989	(95,093)	10,532,353
and pump stations	10,544,587	-	-	10,544,587
Transportation equipment	240,322	59,297	(32,776)	266,843
Machinery and equipment	593,214	· -	(204,003)	389,211
General office equipment	523,045	19,660	(36,980)	505,725
Construction in progress	2,405,549	2,427,440	(4,832,989)	<del>-</del>
Totals	31,773,566	7,433,299	(5,218,764)	33,988,101
Less: accumulated depreciation		771,302	(365,286)	12,037,165
Business-type capital assets, net	<u>\$ 20,142,417</u>	<u>\$6,661,997</u>	<u>\$ (4,853,478)</u>	<u>\$_21,950,936</u>

\$1,163,775 of golf course land is recorded under a capital lease with no accumulated depreciation.

### 4. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to the Governmental functions as follows:

General government Police Public Works Parks and recreation Infrastructure Bus ABC	\$ 56,202 39,212 103,915 22,490 101,651 14,433 <u>5,828</u>
Total depreciation expense	\$ 343,731

### 5. LONG-TERM DEBT – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

#### Capital Lease Obligation – Kentucky Area Development Districts Financing Trusts

On March 22, 2006, the City entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$1,250,000 with the Kentucky Area Development Districts Financing Trusts for the financing and leasing of a community center and City Hall. The City may prepay principal components of lease rental payments in minimum amounts of \$50,000. The lease is to run for a term of 22 years with payments to be made semiannually. The lease carries a stated interest rate of 4.6% with bank fees of \$500 annually.

The minimum obligations of the above capital lease at June 30, 2014, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	I	Principal		Interest		ank Fee		Total
2015 2016	\$	50,000	\$	45,310	\$	500 500	\$	95,810
2017		55,000 55,000		43,010 40,480		500		98,510 95,980
2018 2019		60,000 60,000		37,950 35,190		500 500		98,450 95,690
2020-2024 2025-2028		355,000 350,000	<del></del>	130,640 <u>41,400</u>		2,500 2,000	<u>.                                    </u>	488,140 393,400
Total	<u>\$</u>	985,000	<u>\$</u>	<u>373,980</u>	<u>\$</u>	7,000	<u>\$</u>	1 <u>,365,980</u>

### 5. LONG-TERM DEBT – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

#### Kentucky Bond Corporation Financing Program Revenue Bonds 2014 First Series C

On June 30, 2014 the City issued \$10,295,000 of general obligation revenue bonds through a pooled financing transaction with the Kentucky Bond Corporation to refinance obligations previously reported on the financial statements of the Oldham-LaGrange Development Authority. The proceeds were used to refund previously issued 2012 Series A General Obligation Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds and advance refund 2005 Series D General Obligation Revenue Notes. The new issue will increase debt service payments by \$71,000 and has a net economic gain of \$660,444. The 2012 Series A General Obligation Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds were redeemed in July 2014. The 2005 Series D General Obligation Revenue Notes in escrow, on June 1, 2015. Payments on the 2014 First Series C bonds are scheduled to be paid over a period of ten years, with the first principal payment scheduled to be made on February 1, 2015. The bonds have a net interest cost of 2.44% over the repayment term.

The minimum obligations of the above bonds at June 30, 2014, are as follows:

	<b>Fiscal Year</b>	F	Principal	Interest		Fees	es T	
	2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020-2024	\$	485,000 950,000 970,000 995,000 1,015,000 5,880,000	\$	132,973 224,450 205,450 186,050 166,150 488,863	\$ 15,835 25,275 22,900 20,475 17,988 50,613	\$	633,808 1,199,725 1,198,350 1,201,525 1,199,138 6,419,476
Total		\$ 1	10,295,000	\$	1,403,936	\$ 153,086	\$	11,852,022

The total governmental activity debt is summarized as follows:

Current portion of revenue bonds Current portion of capital lease obligation	\$	485,000 50,000
Total current portion of long-term obligations	\$	535,000
Accrued compensated absences Unamortized bond premium Long-term portion of revenue bonds Long-term portion of capital lease obligation	\$	67,838 55,635 9,810,000 <u>935,000</u>
Long-term portion of long-term obligations	\$ 1	0,868,473

A summary of changes in general government long-term debt is as follows:

	J	uly 1, 2013	Additions	Payments	Jur	ne 30, 2014
Capital lease obligations	\$	1,035,000	\$-	\$ 50,000	\$	985,000
Revenue bonds		-	10,295,000	-	1	0,295,000
Unamortized bond premium		-	55,635	-		55,635
Accrued compensated absences		70,614	85,814	 88,590		67,838
Total	\$	1,105,614	<u>\$ 10,436,449</u>	\$ 138,590	<u>\$ 1</u>	1,403,473

#### 6. LONG-TERM DEBT – BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

#### Business-Type Activities – Utility Commission

Capital Lease Obligation - PNC Bank

On September 24, 2010, the Commission entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$2,284,645 with PNC Bank for the payoff of previous outstanding debt to the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority (KIA), Kentucky League of Cities and Bedford Loan & Deposit Bank. The principal and interest payments are to be made from the income and revenues of the water and sewer system. PNC Bank shall hold a lien on the system's revenues until such lease and interest payments are paid in full. The lease bears interest at a rate of 3.07% with a maturity date of September 24, 2020.

The minimum obligations of the above lease at June 30, 2014, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Princ	ipal	h	nterest		Total
2015	\$ 222	2,326	\$	43,849	\$	266,175
2016	229	9,248		36,927		266,175
2017	236	6,584		29,591		266,175
2018	244	1,054		22,121		266,175
2019	251	1,760		14,415		266,175
2020	259	9,635		6,540		266,175
2021	66	6,260		284		66,544
Total	\$ 1,509	9,867	\$	153,727	<u>\$</u>	1,663,594

Note Payable to Kentucky Rural Water Finance Corporation

On November 13, 2012, the Commission entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Rural Water Finance Corporation to issue Public Projects Revenue Bonds Series 2012 F for the purpose of providing funds to be used for the expansion of the City's waste water treatment plant. The loan has a rate of interest that varies between 2.3% to 4.3% and is payable in monthly payments to include 1/12 of the outstanding principal and 1/6 of the accrued interest balances to be withdrawn on the 20<sup>th</sup> day of each month for the following months regularly scheduled payment commencing December 20, 2012 for the January 1, 2013 payment. In addition, the loan terms call for an annual fee in the amount of \$450 to be paid to the trustee beginning February 1, 2013.

The minimum obligations of the above revenue bonds at June 30, 2014, are as follows:

<b>Fiscal Year</b>	Principal	Interest	Fees	Total
2015	\$ 132,083	\$ 155,750	\$ 450	\$ 288,283
2016	135,000	152,713	450	288,163
2017	137,083	149,608	450	287,141
2018	142,083	145,871	450	288,404
2019	147,083	143,639	450	291,172
2020-2024	835,037	667,379	2,250	1,504,666
2025-2029	1,014,508	454,147	2,250	1,470,906
2030-2034	1,232,553	236,102	2,250	1,470,906
2035-2037	558,236	23,208	1,350	582,794
Total	\$ 4,333,667	<u>\$ 2,128,418</u>	<u>\$ 10,350</u>	<u>\$ 6,472,435</u>

### 6. LONG-TERM DEBT – BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

#### Business-Type Activities – Utility Commission (continued)

The total business-type – utility commission activities long-term debt is summarized as follows:

Current portion of PNC capital leases	\$ 222,326
Current portion of revenue bonds	<u>132,083</u>
Total current portion of long-term obligations	<u>\$ 354,409</u>
Long-term portion of PNC capital lease	\$ 1,287,541
Long-term portion of revenue bonds	4,201,584
Accrued compensated absences	16,456
Customer deposits	69,978
Total long-term portion of long-term obligations	<u>\$ 5,575,559</u>

A summary of changes in utility long-term debt is as follows:

	July 1, 2013	Additions	Payments	June 30, 2014
Capital lease obligations Revenue bonds	\$ 1,725,390 2,256,413	\$- 2,188,406	\$ 215,523 111,152	
Accrued compensated absences Customer deposits payable	12,626 54,382	16,456 15,596	12,626	
Total	<u>\$ 4,048,811</u>	<u>\$ 2,220,458</u>	<u>\$ 339,301</u>	<u>\$ 5,929,968</u>

#### Business-Type Activities – Golf Course

Capital Lease Obligation - Kentucky Area Development Districts Financing Trusts

On March 28, 2007, the City entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$1,175,000 with the Kentucky Area Development Districts Financing Trusts (KADD) to purchase 80+ acres which includes the back nine holes of the Eagle Creek Golf Course. The principal and interest payments are to be made from the revenues of the golf course. The City is required to pay the extent of the portion of the principal and interest payments that the revenues of the golf course are unable to pay.

The lease is a fixed rate lease and is to run for a term of twenty years with payments to be made monthly. The lease carries a stated interest rate of 4.8% with bank fees of \$500 annually.

The future minimum obligations of the above capital lease at June 30, 2014, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Ser	vice Fee	Total
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	\$ 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 20,000	\$ 52,560 51,840 51,120 50,400 48,720	\$	500 500 500 500 500	\$ 68,060 67,340 66,620 65,900 69,220
2020-2024 2025-2027 Total	500,000 515,000 \$ 1,095,000	\$ 210,000 50,640 515,280	\$	2,500 1,500 6,500	\$ 712,500 567,140

### 6. LONG-TERM DEBT – BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Business-Type Activities – Golf Course (continued)**

Bonds Payable - City of LaGrange General Obligation Bonds of 2010

The City issued bonds dated March 1, 2010 in the amount of \$1,730,000. These bonds were used to pay off a previous bond issue from 2000. The bonds mature annually from March 1, 2010 to March 1, 2020, in various amounts from \$100,000 to \$210,000. Interest at 2-3.5% per annum is payable September 1 and March 1. Bonds maturing after March 1, 2011 are subject to early redemption provisions.

The bonds are payable from, and secured by, a pledge of gross revenues derived from the operation of the golf course. If the revenues from the golf course are not sufficient to cover the annual debt service, the City has agreed to levy and collect, each year that the bonds are outsourcing, a bond tax in an amount sufficient to provide for the full payment of the principal and interest of the bonds.

The minimum obligations of the above bonds at June 30, 2014, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 175,000	\$ 40,710	\$215,710
2016	180,000	35,548	215,548
2017	190,000	29,878	219,878
2018	195,000	23,322	218,322
2019	200,000	16,205	216,205
2020	<u>215,000</u>	8,505	
Total	<u>\$ 1,155,000</u>	<u>\$ 154,168</u>	<u>\$ 1,309,168</u>

The total business-type - golf course activities debt is summarized as follows:

Current portion of capital lease	\$  15,000
Current portion of bond	<u>  175,000</u>
Total current portion of long-term obligations	<u>\$ 190,000</u>
Long-term portion of capital lease	\$ 1,080,000
Long-term portion of bonds	<u>980,000</u>
Total long-term obligations	<u>\$ 2,060,000</u>

A summary of changes in golf course long-term debt is as follows:

		July 1, 2013	Additions	Payments	June 30, 2014
Capital lease Bond issue		\$ 1,110,000 <u>1,325,000</u>	\$ - 	\$  15,000 <u>  170,000</u>	\$ 1,095,000 <u>1,155,000</u>
	Total	<u>\$ 2,435,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 185,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,250,000</u>

### 7. OPERATING LEASE

On January 7, 2013, the golf course entered into an operating lease with PNC Equipment Finance, LLC to lease 58 golf carts. The lease terms call for 24 payments of \$8,526. The payments are made six months at a time from May through October. The future lease obligations at June 30, 2014, are as follows:

#### **Fiscal Year**

2015	\$    51,156
2016	51,156
2017	<u> </u>
Total	<u>\$_136,416</u>

Operating lease expense for the year ended June 30, 2014, totaled \$ 51,156.

#### 8. RETIREMENT PLAN

The City of LaGrange is a participating employer of the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS). Under the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statute 61.645, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems administers the CERS. The plan issues separate financial statements which may be obtained by request from Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601.

Plan Description – CERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in positions of each participating county, city, and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the System. The plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. Cost-of-living (COLA) adjustments are provided at the discretion of state legislature.

Contributions – For the year ended June 30, 2014, plan members were required to contribute 8.00% of wages for hazardous and 5.00% for non-hazardous job classifications. Employees hired after September 2008 are required to contribute an additional 1% to cover the cost of medical insurance that is provided through CERS. Participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 61.565(3), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last proceeding the July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contributions rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial basis adopted by the Board.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, participating employers contributed 35.70% of each hazardous employee's and 18.89% of each non-hazardous employee's wages, which is equal to the actuarially determined rate set by the Board. Administrative costs of Kentucky Retirement System are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings.

The required contribution (employee and employer) and the actual percentage contributed for the City for the current and previous year are as follows:

Year	Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed		
2014	\$ 525,755	100%		
2013	\$ 518,448	100%		
2012	\$ 489,119	100%		

#### 9. PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

Property taxes for fiscal year 2014 were levied in September 2013 on the assessed property located in the City as of the preceding January 1. The assessments are determined by the County Property Valuation Administrator in accordance with Kentucky Revised Statutes. The due date collection periods for all taxes exclusive of vehicle taxes are as follows:

Description	Due Date
<ol> <li>Due date for payment</li> <li>Discount of 2%</li> <li>Face value payment period</li> <li>10% penalty delinquent date</li> </ol>	Upon receipt November 15 December 15 December 16

These taxes are collected by the City Clerk. Vehicle taxes are collected by the County Clerk of Oldham County and are due and collected in the birth month of the licensee.

#### **10. PROPERTY LEASE**

The City and Baptist Healthcare Affiliates, Inc. entered into a lease agreement to park two ambulances at the fire station (Fire Station No. 1), that covered the period of December 3, 2012 through December 3, 2013. The monthly payment for the lease was \$200. The lease was not renewed on December 3, 2013 for an additional year.

### **11. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE**

The Commission purchases water at wholesale from the Oldham County Water District, which in turn is sold to the Commission's customers. The Commission purchased water at a rate of \$1.70 per 1,000 gallons during 2014.

#### 12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. In addition to its general liability insurance, the city also carries commercial insurance for all other risks of loss such as worker's compensation and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### 13. INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE – OLDHAM-LAGRANGE DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

Oldham-LaGrange Development Authority (OLDA) was formed as a non-profit, non-stock corporation as provided by the Local Industrial Development Authority Act under KRS 154.50. The City of LaGrange, Kentucky and the County of Oldham, Kentucky formed the Development Authority under an interlocal Cooperation Agreement. The purpose of the Development Authority is to promote economic development and create jobs within the boundaries of the City and County by financing through the Government Authority the acquisition and development of property.

The City of LaGrange issued General Obligation Lease Revenue Notes, 2005 Series A, 2005 Series B, 2005 Series C, and 2005 Series D dated July 1, 2005 for \$10,000,000 for the purchase of land and infrastructure improvements thereto, by way of the Development Authority. The proceeds were turned over to the Oldham-LaGrange Development Authority. The Lease Revenue Notes are to be paid with the proceeds from the sale and use of property managed by the Development Authority.

On December 1, 2008, OLDA, through the City of LaGrange, issued \$5,215,000 of general obligation lease revenue refunding bonds. The bonds were issued to (1) purchase an escrow scheduled to mature at such times and in such amounts as are necessary and will be adequate, with investment or reinvestment thereof, to meet the currently scheduled interest requirements of the 2005 Series C bonds and (2) pay or refund in advance of maturity, the remaining principal, accrued interest and premium of the City of LaGrange bonds, Series of 2005 A and B, dated August 3, 2005 and (3) pay the bond issuance expenses.

On January 21, 2010, the Oldham-LaGrange Development authority through the City of LaGrange, issued \$7,555,000 of general obligation lease revenue refunding bonds. The bonds were issued to (1) purchase an escrow scheduled to mature at such times and in such amounts as are necessary and will be adequate, with investment or reinvestment thereof, to meet the currently scheduled interest requirements of the 2010 series bonds and (2) pay or refund in advance of maturity, the remaining principal, accrued interest and premium of the City of LaGrange bonds, Series of 2005 C, dated August 3, 2005 and Series 2008 bonds dated December 1, 2008 and (3) pay the bond issuance expenses.

On May 25, 2012, OLDA, through the City, issued \$8,100,000 of 2012 Series A general obligation lease revenue refunding bonds to replace the City 2010 Series A general obligation lease refunding bonds. The bonds were issued to (1) purchase an escrow scheduled to mature at such times and in such amounts as are necessary and will be adequate, with investment or reinvestment thereof, to meet the currently scheduled interest requirements of the 2012 Series bonds and (2) pay or refund in advance of maturity, the remaining principal, accrued interest, and premium of the City 2010 Series A general obligation lease revenue refunding and (3) pay the bond issuance expenses.

On June 30, 2014, the City issued \$10,925,000 of 2014 First Series C general obligation revenue bonds to redeem both the 2012 Series A general obligation lease revenue refunding bonds and the 2005 Series D general obligation lease revenue notes. The 2012 Series A General Obligation Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds were redeemed in July 2014. The 2005 Series D General Obligation Revenue Notes will be redeemed with funds that have been placed in escrow on June 1, 2015. The 2014 First Series C bonds will be reported on the financial statements as a liability of the City and are scheduled to be paid by the City over a period of ten years, with the first principal payment scheduled to be made on February 1, 2015. See footnote 5 for additional information regarding the 2014 First Series C General Obligation Revenue Bonds.

Oldham-LaGrange Development Authority issues separate financial statements available through its administrative office at 412 East Main Street, LaGrange, KY 40031 or by telephone at (502) 225-6420. Summarized totals for the Development Authority for the year ended June 30, 2014, are as follows:

Total assets	\$ 16,423,583
Total liabilities	\$ 2,345,500
Total net position	\$ 14,078,083

### CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

### 13. JOINT VENTURE – OLDHAM-LAGRANGE DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (CONTINUED)

The net equity investment in Oldham-LaGrange Development Authority for the City of LaGrange at June 30, 2014, is \$8,540,481. The net equity is determined by the following:

		OLDA Audit 6/30/2014	City Allocation	County Allocation
Beginning net equity, July 1, 2013 Operating loss before transfers in Principal payments transfers in	\$	3,844,985 (430,509) <u>10,663,607</u>	(\$ 1,698,577) (215,254) <u>10,454,312</u>	\$ 5,543,562 (215,255) <u>209,295</u>
Ending net equity, June 30, 2014	<u>\$</u>	<u>14,078,083</u>	<u>\$ 8,540,481.</u>	<u>\$ 5,537,602</u>

# **14. TRANSFERS**

The purpose of transfers is to move resources between the General Fund and other funds, for budgetary purposes, to the funds that will expend them. During fiscal year 2014 the General Fund transferred \$98,110 to the Debt Service Fund and \$26,000 to the Bus Fund. The Debt Service fund transferred \$5,123 to the General Fund.

### **15. INTERFUND BALANCES**

This table shows interfund balances as of June 30, 2014:

	General Fund		k Sewer und	Road Aid Fund	ABC Fund	Bus Fund	Total Due From
General Fund Water & Sewer Fund	Ŷ	\$ 2	9,834	\$ 440	\$ 69,90	5 \$ 67,699	\$ 167,878
Golf Course	3,041		-	-			3,041
MRA Fund ABC Fund	•		-	-			-
Bus Fund	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	4	<del>_</del>	<del></del>		
Total Due To	<u>\$ 3,041</u>	<u>\$ 2</u>	9,8 <u>34</u>	<u>\$ 440</u>	<u>\$ 69,90</u>	<u>5                                    </u>	<u>\$ 170,919</u>

Interfund balances result from goods and services type transactions that have occurred between individual funds that have resulted in amounts owed between funds.

### CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### 16. CONTINGENCIES AND GASB 68

#### Sick Leave

The City's sick leave policy permits the accumulation of twelve sick days per year up to a maximum of 70 days for full time employees. Employees are not paid for unused sick leave days upon termination of employment. However, if an employee (who was hired after October 5, 1998) retires from the City with 15 years (20 years for the utility commission) or more of service, the City will contribute the employer match percent (currently 18.89% for non-hazardous duty and 35.70% for hazardous duty) of the unused sick days monetary amount to the County Employees Retirement System. The employee does not receive any remuneration for sick time credit upon termination. Accordingly, sick pay is charged to expenditures when taken. The Utility Commission has made a provision and reported in the financial statements a contingent liability associated with employees who have reached 15 years of service. At June 30, 2014, the Commission accrued sick pay of \$5,586 due to employees. The City has made no provision in the financial statements for any contingent liabilities associated with estimated unused sick leave. At June 30, 2014, the City had an unrecorded sick pay liability to its employees of \$246,648. The estimated liability includes required salary related payments.

### **Financial Reporting for Pension Plans**

In June 2012, the GASB approved a pair of related Statements that reflect substantial changes to the accounting and financial reporting of state and local government employers and pension plans. Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, addresses financial reporting for state and local government pension plans. Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, addresses financial reporting for state and local government employers whose employees are provided with pensions through pension plans that are covered under Statement No. 67.

The guidance contained in these Statements will change how governments calculate and report the costs and obligations associated with pensions in important ways. It is designed to improve the decision usefulness of reported pension information and to increase the transparency, consistency, and comparability of pension information across governments. Under the pension standards now in effect, cost-sharing employers have not been required to present actuarial information about pensions. Instead, information has been required to be presented in the pension plan's own financial statements for all of the participating governments combined.

Through its research, the GASB concluded that the needs of users of information regarding cost-sharing employers do not differ significantly from those interested in single and agent employers. Therefore, the GASB believes it is important to give users of the financial statements of cost-sharing employers access to better, more transparent financial information. Consequently, under the new standards the GASB is requiring that cost-sharing governments report a net pension liability, pension expense, and pension related deferred inflows and outflows of resources based on their proportionate share of the collective amounts for all the governments in the plan.

Statement No. 68 will take effect for pension plan employers in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014, (that is, for years ended June 30, 2015, or later). The City is currently evaluating the effects of this statement on its financial statements. The City's potential unfunded liability, based on June 30, 2014 plan financial statements, is estimated to be \$4,316,000. The actual liability for June 30, 2015, could be considerably different due to changes in system assumptions and liabilities.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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REVENUES	Enacted Budget			Amended Budget		Actual		Variance	
TAXES									
General property taxes	\$	1,197,220	\$	1,197,220	\$	1,264,584	\$	67,364	
Bank shared tax		50,400		50,400		52,353		1,953	
Omitted tangibles Motor vehicle taxes		12,000		12,000		14,427		2,427	
Compensation tax		107,300 -		107,300		126,974 1,099,578		19,674 1,099,578	
·						1,033,370		1,039,070	
Total municipal taxation		1,366,920		1,366,920		2,557,915		1,190,996	
LICENSES, PERMITS AND BILLINGS									
Business licenses		297,000		297,000		332,635		35,635	
Insurance premiums		1,395,000		1,395,000		1,405,100		10,100	
Franchise fees		285,200		285,200	<u></u>	347,532		62,332	
Total licenses, permits and billings		1,977,200		1,977,200		2,085,267		108,067	
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES									
Grants		21,000		21,000		12,960		(8,040)	
KLEFPF		39,000		39,000		40,261		1,261	
Federal overtime		12,000		12,000		13,314		1,314	
LGEAF		3,000		3,000		3,161		161	
Total intergovernmental		75,000		75,000		69,696		(5,304)	
CHARGES FOR SERVICE									
Sanitation fees		355,000		355,000		365,216	<del></del>	10,216	
OTHER REVENUE									
Donations		-		-		116,187		116,187	
Interest		2,000		2,000		4,361		2,361	
Penalties		14,000		14,000		2,936		(11,064)	
Encroachment fees		3,200		3,200		4,900		1,700	
Rent Miscellaneous		4,500 64,200		4,500 64,200		5,300 38,651		800 (25 540)	
matenaneous		04,200	······	04,200		30,001		(25,549)	
Total other		87,900		87,900		172,335		84,435	
TOTAL REVENUE	<u>\$</u>	3,862,020	<u>\$</u>	3,862,020	\$	5,250,429	\$	1,388,410	

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	Enacted Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance	
EXPENDITURES					
General Government					
Salaries	\$ 79,215	\$ 79,215	\$ 94,201	\$ 14,986	
Overtime	2,000	2,000	1,203	(797)	
Employee Insurance	33,600	33,600	23,225	(10,375)	
Employer portion FICA	8,635	8,635	9,161	526	
Employer portion Medicare	2,019	2,019	2,147	128	
Mayor/Council	60,480	60,480	60,480	-	
Employer portion retirement	14,884	14,884	13,734	(1,150)	
Unemployment insurance	5,000	5,000	-	(5,000)	
Computer maintenance	25,000	25,000	19,617	(5,383)	
Tax preparation (PVA)	35,000	35,000	35,207	207	
Ordinance codification	5,000	5,000	-	(5,000)	
Workers compensation	5,600	5,600	7,348	1,748	
Property/liability insurance	49,000	49,000	51,511	2,511	
Administration compensation tax	-	-	692	692	
Auditing	22,000	22,000	-	(22,000)	
Gas/electric/telephone	103,000	103,000	100,640	(2,360)	
Legal fees	50,000	50,000	52,156	2,156	
Legal advertisements	7,000	7,000	12,029	5,029	
Legal fees - delinquent taxes	-		(4,867)	(4,867)	
Office supplies	7,000	7,000	7,170	170	
Repair and maintenance	5,000	5,000	1,873	(3,127)	
Seminars/education	6,000	6,000	6,349	349	
Miscellaneous	12,000	12,000	11,275	(725)	
Small equipment purchases	1,000	1,000	3,885	2,885	
Board of adjustments and appeals	1,000	1,000	200	(800)	
Renaissance fund	<u> </u>	-	14,019	14,019	
Total administration	539,433	539,433	523,255	(16,178)	
Police					
Police salaries	586,835	586,835	590,528	3,693	
Overtime salaries	18,000	18,000	26,346	8,346	
Part-time salaries	62,814	62,814	48,618	(14,196)	
KLEFPF	40,300	40,300	42,075	1,775	
Employee insurance	138,659	138,659	118,394	(20,265)	
Employer portion FICA	42,343	42,343	39,273	(3,070)	
Employer portion Medicare	9,904	9,904	9,178	(726)	
Employer portion Retirement	209,473	209,473	229,780	20,307	
Workers compensation	. 33,300	33,300	22,235	(11,065)	
Automobile insurance	28,000	28,000	19,016	(8,984)	
Liability insurance Radio maintenance	44,557 6,000	44,557 6,000	21,576 121	(22,981) (5,879)	
Computer maintenance	16,000	16,000	16,240	(5,879) 240	
Seminars and education	6,000	6,000	7,986	1,986	
Uniform expense	15,000	15,000	14,112	(888)	
Miscellaneous	25,000	25,000	34,126	9,126	
Crime prevention	4,000	4,000	1,698	(2,302)	
Criminal investigations	4,000	4,000	2,218	(1,782)	
Firing range expense	2,500	2,500	4,785	2,285	
Small equipment purchases	4,000	4,000	4,994	994	
Gas and oil	47,000	47,000	60,547	13,547	
Equipment repairs	30,000	30,000	35,875	5,875	
Drug enforcement funds	1,500	1,500	-	(1,500)	
Dry cleaning	2,200	2,200	400	(1,800)	
Telephone/cellular/pagers	7,500	7,500	8,931	1,431	
Oldham County dispatch	12,250	12,250	12,250		
Total police department	1,397,135	1,397,135	1,371,302	(25,833)	

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	Enacted Budget					Actual		Variance	
Public Works									
Salaries	\$	286,810	\$	286,810	\$	282,130	\$	(4,680)	
Overtime salaries		6,000		6,000		8,693		2,693	
Employee insurance		129,950		129,950		94,224		(35,726)	
Employer portion FICA		20,140		20,140		16,504		(3,636)	
Employer portion Medicare		4,710		4,710		3,860		(850)	
Employer portion Retirement		56,439		56,439		53,151		(3,288)	
Workers Compensation		27,500		27,500		19,911		(7,589)	
Vehicle insurance		26,500		26,500		25,382		(1,118)	
Utilities		10,500		10,500		13,243		2,743	
Seminars/Education		1,000		1,000		326		(674)	
Uniforms		6,000		6,000		6,796		796	
Small equipment purchases		2,500		2,500		5,985		3,485	
Gas and oil		18,000		18,000		21,754		3,754	
Equipment/vehicle repairs		14,000		14,000		17,040		3,040	
Computer maintenance		1,000		1,000		625		(375)	
Crushed rock		1,000		1,000		1,481		481	
Signs and posts		6,000		6,000		2,081		(3,919)	
Sidewalks		3,000		3,000		512		(2,488)	
Drainage		3,000		3,000		(417)		(2,400) (3,417)	
Paving material		2,500		2,500		1,534		(3,417) (966)	
		2,000		2,000		1,534			
Street paint		2,000		2,000 5,000		3,102		(63)	
Snow removal								(1,898)	
Grounds maintenance		10,000		10,000		3,112		(6,888)	
Building maintenance		6,000		6,000		2,656		(3,344)	
Equipment rental		2,000		2,000		1,574		(426)	
Tires and batteries		2,500		2,500		3,095		595	
Miscellaneous		2,000		2,000		1,492		(508)	
CDL license		1,000		1,000		440		(560)	
Contract help		26,000		26,000		-		(26,000)	
Safety		2,000		2,000		1,373		(627)	
Street lighting		2,000		2,000		773		(1,227)	
Total public works		687,049		687,049		594,369	·	(92,680)	
Sanitation		324,000		324,000		329,889	<u> </u>	5,889	
Parks and Recreation		245,000		245,000		177,050		(67,950)	
Community Development									
Main street		5,000		5,000		4,575		(425)	
Discover downtown LaGrange		28,000		28,000		37,250		9,250	
Economic development, OLDA		419,657		419,657	1	10,823,565	1	0,403,908	
Historic preservation		2,500		2,500		1,894		(606)	
Tree replacement		1,500		1,500		-		(1,500)	
Elementary school - library		2,000		2,000		2,000		-	
Festivals - Christmas, OC Day		3,000		3,000		1,502		(1,498)	
HDB bus transportation		26,000		26,000				(26,000)	
Total special appropriations		487,657		487,657	1	10,870,786	1	0,383,129	

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	-			Amended Budget	Actual		Variance	
Public Properties								
Salaries	\$	25,675	\$	25,675	\$	22,957	\$	(2,718)
Overtime		1,030		1,030		-		(1,030)
Employer portion FICA		1,580		1,580		1,282		(298)
Employer portion Medicare		370		370		300		(70)
Employer portion Retirement		4,982		4,982		4,293		(689)
Health insurance		6,600		6,600		9,844		3,244
Workers compensation		2,100		2,100		2,718		618
Tools and equipment		2,500		2,500		929		(1,571)
Gas and oil		2,100		2,100		2,368		268
Truck repairs		2,000		2,000		562		(1,438)
Repairs/maintenance on blue house		2,000		2,000		838		(1,162)
Electric/telephone on blue house		3,500		3,500		3,026		(474)
Repairs/maintenance 208/210 Main St		3,000		3,000		543		(2,457)
Total public properties		57,437	<u> </u>	57,437		49,660	<u> </u>	(7,777)
Capital Outlay								
General - equipment		3,200		3,200		54,900		51,700
Police - equipment		13,000		13,000		9,001		(3,999)
Police - construction in progress		-		300,000		60,536		(239,464)
Public works - equipment		10,000		10,000		10,813		813
Total capital outlay		26,200		326,200		135,250		(190,950)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>\$</u>	<u>3,763,910</u>	<u>\$</u>	4,063,910	<u>\$ 1</u> 4	4,051,561	<u>\$</u>	9,987,651

## CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY SUPPLEMENTARY BUDGETARY COMPARISON OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS for the year ended June 30, 2014

	Enacted Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance		
MUNICIPAL ROAD AID FUND REVENUES						
Fund Payments	\$ 120,000	\$ 120,000	\$ 189,042	\$ 69,042		
Interest Carryover	- 102,000	- 102,000	551 -	551		
Canyover	102,000	102,000		(102,000)		
TOTAL REVENUE	\$ 222,000	\$ 222,000	<u>\$ 189,593</u>	<u>\$ (32,407</u> )		
EXPENDITURES						
Street repair and maintenance	<u>\$</u> 222,000	\$ 222,000	<u>\$ 161,434</u>	\$ (60,566)		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 222,000	\$ 222,000	<u>\$ 161,434</u>	\$ (60,566)		
DEBT SERVICE FUND						
REVENUES						
Interest	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5	\$ 5		
Transfers in	98,110	98,110	92,987	(5,123)		
TOTAL REVENUE	<u>\$ 98,110</u>	<u>\$ 98,110</u>	<u>\$ 92,992</u>	<u>\$ (5,118</u> )		
EXPENDITURES						
Debt service	<u>\$ 98,110</u>	<u>\$ 98,110</u>	\$ 98,110	<u>\$</u>		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>\$ 98,110</u>	<u>\$ 98,110</u>	<u>\$ 98,110</u>	<u>\$</u>		
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND						
REVENUES						
Interest Transfers in	\$-	\$-	\$ 3	\$ 3		
TOTAL REVENUE	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$3</u>	<u>\$3</u>		
EXPENDITURES						
Capital outlay	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-		
Debt service	-	-	-	-		
Transfers out						
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>		
PARKS BOARD FUND						
REVENUES						
Other revenues	\$-	\$ -	\$ 56	\$ 56		
Transfers in	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u></u> ,	<u> </u>		
TOTAL REVENUE	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$56</u>	<u>\$56</u>		
EXPENDITURES						
Capital outlay	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$.</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>		

# CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY SUPPLEMENTARY BUDGETARY COMPARISON OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS for the year ended June 30, 2014

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ABC FUND	Enacted Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES Licenses and permits	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$     320,159</u>	\$ 320,159
TOTAL REVENUE	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 320,159</u>	<u>\$ 320,159</u>
EXPENDITURES ABC	<u>\$251,599</u>	<u>\$    251,599</u>	<u>\$ 146,833</u>	<u>\$ (104,766</u> )
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>\$251,599</u>	<u>\$251,599</u>	<u>\$ 146,833</u>	<u>\$ (104,766</u> )
BUS FUND REVENUES				
Intergovernmental revenues	<u>\$ 171,670</u>	<u>\$ 171,670</u>	<u>\$ 129,252</u>	<u>\$ (42,418</u> )
TOTAL REVENUE	<u>\$ 171,670</u>	<u>\$ 171,670</u>	<u>\$ 129,252</u>	<u>\$ (42,418)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
General & Administrative	\$ 33,140	\$ 33,140	\$ 30,872	\$ (2,268)
Salaries and wages	103,230	103,230	81,935	(21,295)
Repairs and maintainence	8,300	8,300	6,526	(1,774)
Fuel	19,000	19,000	17,546	(1,454)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>\$ 163,670</u>	<u>\$ 163,670</u>	<u>\$ 136,879</u>	<u>\$ (26,791</u> )

# CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2014

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ASSETS	Municipal Road Aid Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Foundations and Parks Fund	ABC Fund	Bus Fund	Total
Assets Cash Accounts receivable Due from other fund	\$ 311,650 15,503	\$	\$ 64,429 _ 	\$ 39,074 - -	\$    217,887 85,521 	\$    91,046 20,026 	\$ 724,086 121,050 
Total assets	<u>\$_327,153</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 64,429</u>	<u>\$ 39,074</u>	\$ 303,408	<u>\$ 111,072</u>	<u>\$845,136</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Due to other fund	440	<u>-</u>			69,905	67,699	138,044
Total liabilities	440	-	-	-	69,905	67,699	138,044
Fund balance	326,713		64,429	39,074	233,503	43,373	707,092
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 327,153</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 64,429</u>	<u>\$ 39,074</u>	<u>\$ 303,408</u>	<u>\$ 111,072</u>	<u>\$ 845,136</u>

# CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS for the year ended June 30, 2014

	Municipal Road Aid Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Foundations and Parks Fund	ABC Fund	Bus Fund	Total
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 189,042	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 129,252	\$ 318,294
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	320,159	-	320,159
Other revenues	551	5	3	56		<u> </u>	615
Total revenues	189,593	5	3	56	320,159	129,252	639,068
EXPENDITURES							
ABC	-	-	-	-	117,692	-	117,692
Bus	-	-	-	-	-	136,879	136,879
Capital outlay	161,434	-	-	-	29,141	-	190,575
Debt service		98,110					98,110
Total expenditures	161,434	98,110			146,833	136,879	543,256
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures before other sources (uses)	28,159	(98,105)	3	56	173,326	(7,627)	95,812
Other financing sources Transfers in (out)	_	92,987	_	-	_	26,000	118,987
							110,001
Total other financing sources		92,987				26,000	118,987
Excess revenues and other sources over (under)							
expenditures	28,159	(5,118)	3	56	173,326	18,373	214,799
Fund balances, July 1, 2013	298,554	5,118	64,426	39,018	60,177	25,000	492,293
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30, 2014	<u>\$ 326,713</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ 64,429</u>	<u>\$ 39,074</u>	<u>\$ 233,503</u>	<u>\$ 43,373</u>	<u>\$ 707,092</u>

The Ray, Foley, Hensley & Company, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Mayor and City Council City of LaGrange, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of LaGrange, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of LaGrange, Kentucky's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 8, 2015. Our opinion on the financial statements and this report, insofar as they relate to the Utility Commission of the City of LaGrange are based solely on the report of other auditors.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of LaGrange, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of LaGrange, Kentucky's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of LaGrange, Kentucky's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified a deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness and we identified certain deficiencies that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency (2014-001) described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies (2014-002 and 2014-003) described in the accompany schedule of findings and responses to be significant deficiencies.

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of LaGrange, Kentucky's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### The City of LaGrange, Kentucky's Response to Findings

The City of LaGrange, Kentucky's responses to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City of LaGrange, Kentucky's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Day, Foley, Hensley and Company

Ray, Foley, Hensley and Company, PLLC May 8, 2015

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## CITY OF LAGRANGE, KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES June 30, 2014

### 2014-001 (Entity-wide)

Criteria: The City is required to have internal controls in place that enable it to apply generally accepted accounting principles to its transactions. Specifically, this includes interfund transactions, payments-on-behalf of the City, accounting for property taxes and year-end accrual transactions.

Cause: The City executes basic and routine transactions throughout the year, however, the City does not apply generally accepted accounting principles to certain non-routine transactions recorded during the year and in making its year-end accruals.

Effect: Management relied on the auditor's year-end adjustments to bring the City's accounting records into compliance with generally accepted accounting principles. Management reviewed, approved and accepted responsibility for the adjusting journal entries prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

Recommendation: We recommend management review the costs and benefits involved to retain a consultant with the required expertise to advise the City during the year concerning non-routine transactions and to assist the City with its year-end close so that the City's accounting records will be in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Management's Response: This is an ongoing finding. Management has determined that it is more cost effective to continue to rely on the auditor's adjustments to bring the City's accounting records into compliance with generally accepted accounting principles.

#### 2014-002 (Entity-wide)

Criteria: The City is required to have internal controls in place that enable it to prepare complete financial statements, including note disclosures, in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Cause: The City lacks personnel with the expertise to apply generally accepted accounting principles in preparing its financial statements including note disclosures and thus, does not have the internal control procedures required to draft the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Effect: Management engaged the auditor to prepare draft financial statements, including the related notes to the financial statements. Management reviewed, approved and accepted responsibility for the financial statements prior to their issuance.

Recommendation: We recommend management review the costs and benefits involved to retain a consultant with the required expertise to prepare the financial statements or review the financial statements as prepared by the auditor for compliance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Management's Response: This is an ongoing finding. Management has determined that it is more cost effective to continue to engage the auditor to draft the financial statements and related notes.

# 2014-003 (Utility Commission)

Criteria: Significant accounts in the general ledger should be reconciled.

Cause: A proper reconciliation was not performed.

Effect: The general ledger was adjusted to the proper balances upon completion of the annual audit.

Recommendation: The general ledger should be reconciled on a monthly basis to the checking account transactions.

Management's Response: We concur with this recommendation.